

# NIST/EPA Gas Phase Infrared Library (in "JCAMP-DX" Format)

Users' Guide

The NIST Mass Spectrometry Data Center:

Carol Clifton Jean Gallagher Abdullah Shamin<sup>\*</sup> Stephen Stein Hussein Zohdi<sup>\*</sup>

\*Guest scientist at NIST

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#### INTRODUCTION

This data collection contains 5,228 gas phase infrared spectra of different compounds along with chemical structures for most of them. Spectra are provided on a CD-ROM or in a 'zip' file in JCAMP-DX (Joint Committee for Atomic and Molecular Physical Data "Data Exchange") format [1]. Chemical structures are provided in the MOL-file format [2]. The IR data originated from two sources, from the so-called "EPA Vapor-Phase IR Library" and from NIST laboratories. The data have been sub-divided in two ways, 1) as concatenated JCAMP and SDF files (concatenated MOL-files) and 2) in individual files where each spectrum and structure is provided in a separate JCAMP and MOL file, using file names containing the CAS registry number of the compound.

The data originally derived from the EPA Vapor-Phase IR Library itself (3,108 spectra) and the spectra measured at NIST (2,120 spectra) are provided in separate directories. All spectra are given as normalized absorbance and empirical formulas and CAS Registry Numbers are given for all compounds. About 80% of these compounds (and nearly all in the NIST collection) have mass spectra included in the NIST/EPA/NIH Mass Spectral Database [3].

The EPA-IR collection has already been widely distributed [4] and now exists in a number of differently edited versions on a variety of commercial data systems. The original EPA-IR collection contained 3,300 spectra measured by GC-IR under EPA contract [5]. These were obtained at 4 cm<sup>-1</sup> resolution from 450 to 4000 cm<sup>-1</sup>, although values below 500 cm<sup>-1</sup> and above 3900 cm<sup>-1</sup> often show extraneous signals. The sequence number of each spectrum in the original EPA-IR Database is provided. Each spectrum was inspected at NIST and, where possible, compared to published spectra [6] or to spectra generated at NIST. 145 erroneous or low quality spectra were excluded and 47 spectra were replaced by spectra of higher quality obtained at NIST. A complete original set of "header" information has not been located, so analytical conditions are not given. Further, we cannot be certain of the correctness of the absolute values of absorbance.

NIST spectra were obtained on an integrated capillary GC-MS-IR instrument [7] at 8 cm<sup>-1</sup> resolution, most between 550 and 4,000 cm<sup>-1</sup>. Maximum percent transmittance generally fell between 85% and 96%. Approximately 400 spectra present in the EPA file were remeasured at NIST; agreement was excellent in all cases. When spectra were equivalent in quality, the EPA spectrum was selected for inclusion. In all cases where a single GC run generated acceptable IR and Mass Spectra, the identification number (NIST/EPA spectrum number) of the compound in the NIST/EPA/NIH Mass Spectral Database was assigned.

Spectra included in the NIST/EPA IR data file have been baseline corrected using a single algorithm for all spectra and all have been converted to exact  $8.0 \text{ cm}^{-1}$  resolution. This was done to ensure homogeneity of the data. EPA spectra are given in the range 450 - 3966 cm<sup>-1</sup>, and NIST spectra were acquired from 550 - 3846 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

It is important to note that measurements by GC/IR do not provide molar absorbance values, so this data cannot be used for quantitative purposes. They are intended for use in compound identification as a source of relative absorbance information at different wavelengths for a given substance. Note also the gas phase spectra contained in this collection are generally quite different from condensed phase spectra.

#### **CD Contents**

cas-index.txt formula-index.txt name-index.txt	List of spectra sorted by CAS reg. no. List of spectra sorted by chemical formula List of spectra sorted by species name		
IR \Combined File	e	Data folder	
—		· +>+	
• = =	epa_ir_jcamp_dx.txt		
nist_ir_jcamp_dx.txt			
	_struct.sdf		
nist_ir_	_struct.sdf		
\Individual_Files	;		
\EPA		EPA spectra (* = CAS rn)	
	\DX	contains 3108 *.DX files	
	\MOL	contains 3055 *.MOL files	
NIST		NIST spectra	
	\DX	contains 2120 *.DX files	
		contains 2120DX mes	
	INOL	Contains 2104 .MOL mes	

The spectra and structures are provided in two ways, as individual files and as combined files. The individual files contain one spectrum or structure per file, The combined files contain the same information except that multiple spectra or structures have been combined into a single file.

The individual spectra (.DX) and structure (.MOL) files have names based on the species' CAS registry number. Index files sorted by CAS registry number, chemical formula, and species name are provided to help identify the data contained in individual files. The index files are plain text files which information about the species and the relevant spectra and structure file names.

#### REFERENCES

1] R.S. McDonald and P.A. Wilks, Jr., A Standard Form for Exchange of Infrared Spectra in Computer Readable Form, Applied Spectroscopy, Vol. **42** (1988), 151-162

[2] Dalby A., Nourse J.G., Hounshell W.D., Gushurst A.K.I., Grier D.L., Leland B.A., Laufer J., Description Of Several Chemical-Structure File Formats Used By Computer-Programs Developed At Molecular Design Limited, Journal Of Chemical Information And Computer Sciences 32 (3): 244-255 May-Jun 1992

[3] http://www.nist.gov/srd/nist1a.htm

[4] M.D. Erickson, Applied Spectroscopy, Vol. 35, 181 (1981).

[5] EPA-commissioned spectra were obtained at Sadtler Research Laboratories on Digilab Instruments.<sup> $\dagger$ </sup>

[6] "The Aldrich Library of FT-IR Spectra, Vol. **3**, Vapor Phase", Charles J. Pouchert, editor, The Aldrich Chemical Company (1989).

[7] All NIST spectra were obtained on a Hewlett-Packard FT-IR (IRD-5965).†

<sup>†</sup>References to these instruments are not to be construed as an endorsement for the products by NIST or by the Standard Reference Data Program.

#### Appendix A

#### FILE IN JCAMP-DX FORMAT

## Appendix **B**

### CONTACTS

If you have any questions or comments, the Standard Reference Data Program would like to hear from you. Please contact:

Joan Sauerwein National Institute of Standards and Technology Standard Reference Data Mail Stop 2300 Gaithersburg, MD 20899-2300 Phone: (301) 975-2208 FAX: (301) 926-0416 Internet: http://srdata.nist.gov/contact/contact http://www.nist.gov/srd/nist35.htm