

OSAC Registry Approved Standards

FY 2017



The Organization of Scientific Area Committees (OSAC) for Forensic Science Registry serves as a trusted repository of high-quality, science-based standards and guidelines that address discipline-specific forensic science needs. Documents posted on the OSAC Registry have been developed using a consensus-based process that allows participation and comment from all relevant stakeholders and have been assessed to be sound by forensic science practitioners, academic researchers, measurement scientists and statisticians.

The following **eight** documents were effective on the OSAC Registry at the end of fiscal year 2017 (ending September 30, 2017):

Fire and Explosion Investigation

- NFPA 1033:2014 Standard for Professional Qualifications for Fire Investigator (*effective December 22, 2016*).
- NFPA 921 Guide for Fire and Explosion Investigation, 2014 Edition (*effective September 20, 2016*).

Materials (Trace)

- ASTM E2926-17 Standard Test Method for Forensic Comparison of Glass Using Micro X-ray Fluorescence (μ -XRF) Spectrometry (*effective July 31, 2017*).

Seized Drugs

- ASTM E2548-11e1 Standard Guide for Sampling Seized Drugs for Qualitative and Quantitative Analysis (*effective April 3, 2017*).
- ASTM E2329-14 Standard Practice for Identification of Seized Drugs (*effective January 27, 2016*).

Interdisciplinary

- ANSI/NIST ITL-1:2011 (Update 2013) Data Format for the Interchange of Fingerprint, Facial & Other Biometric Information (*effective July 13, 2017*).
- ISO/IEC 17020:2012 Conformity Assessment – Requirements for the Operation of Various Types of Bodies Performing Inspection (*effective April 18, 2017*).
- ISO/IEC 17025:2005 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories (*effective September 27, 2016*).

