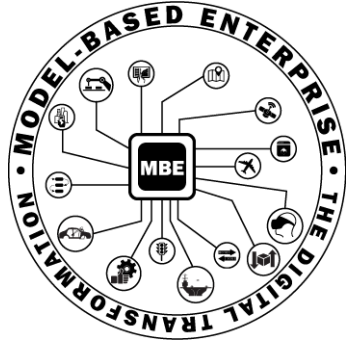


# NIST



**NIST MBE Summit 2019**  
Gaithersburg, MD  
April 1-4, 2019



# Why QIF Matters

A Roadmap for Digital Manufacturing

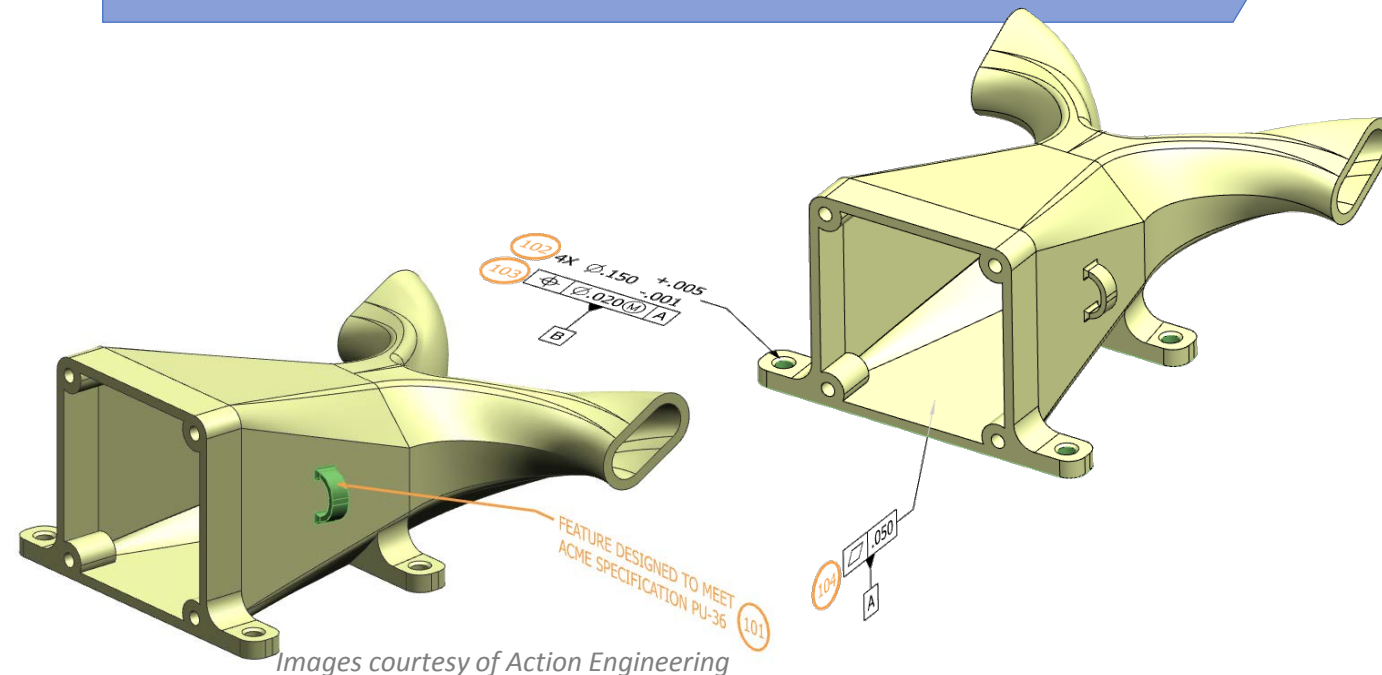
# Digital Transformation of Industry



[www.QIFStandards.org](http://www.QIFStandards.org)

These are all about using DATA to solve business problems  
*(Data, not software)*  
It's all about **Digital Transformation**

**Model Based Definition (MBD)**  
**Model Based Enterprise (MBE)**  
**Industry 4.0**  
**Digital Enterprise**  
**Advanced Manufacturing Enterprise**  
**Digital Twin**  
**Digital Thread**  
**Digital Tapestry**



Images courtesy of Action Engineering

*Not all data is created equal. Consider:*

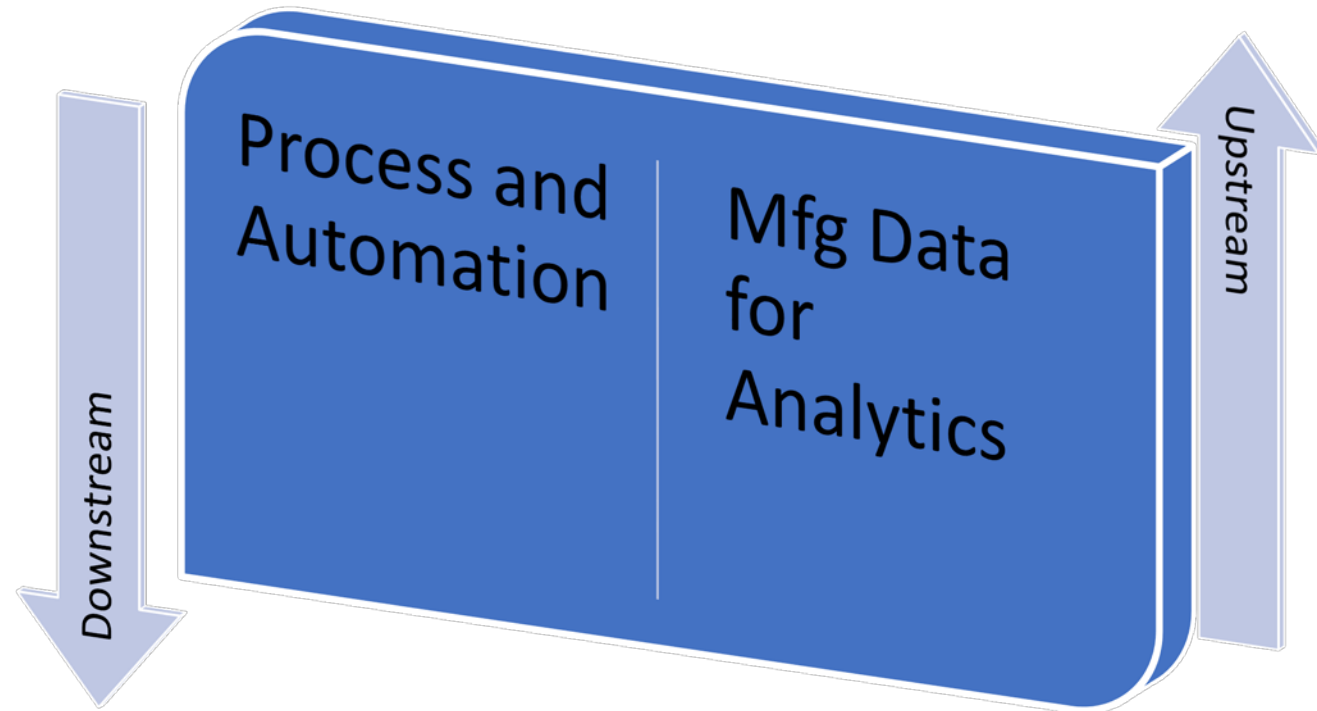
dat txt tif csv xls  
pdf xml prt stp jt

# Looking to the Future: What is the Value of MBD?



[www.QIFStandards.org](http://www.QIFStandards.org)

*Model Based Definition provides a source of value in the downstream direction from design, and in the upstream direction from operations and deployment*



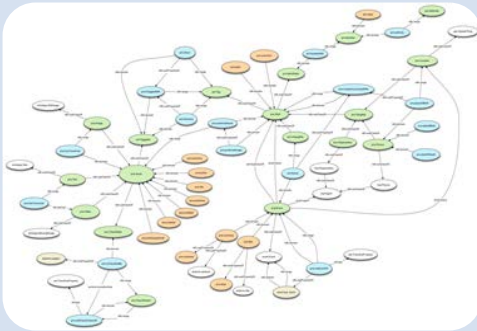
*This approach is embodied through QIF*



# What is the QIF?



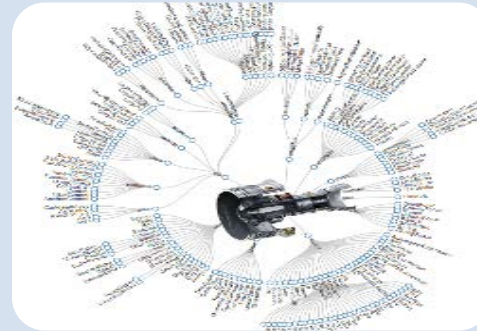
[www.QIFStandards.org](http://www.QIFStandards.org)



Feature-Based  
Ontology of  
Manufacturing  
Quality  
Metadata



XML Technology:  
Simple  
Implementation  
and Built-In  
Code Validation



Information  
Semantically  
Linked to Model  
for Full Data  
Traceability to  
MBD



Approved ANSI  
Interoperability  
Standard

Harvesting by  
ISO/TC 184/SC 4

# Process, and Process Automation



[www.QIFStandards.org](http://www.QIFStandards.org)



## Process over Personnel

Avoiding the a “human-in-the-loop” is always preferred in modern manufacturing

- Heavy human intervention means that the creativity and adaptability of the human mind is required to resolve a given step in the manufacturing process.
- Relying on human creativity, rather than rigorous corporate process, means a less repeatable outcome and higher risk.



## Automation

When a business process can be adequately defined, automation becomes possible

- Increases speed of task completion
- Lowers costs due to decreased labor requirements
- Frees up valuable personnel for other tasks more suited for the human mind
- Automated processes are extremely repeatable and low in risk compared to relying on human involvement

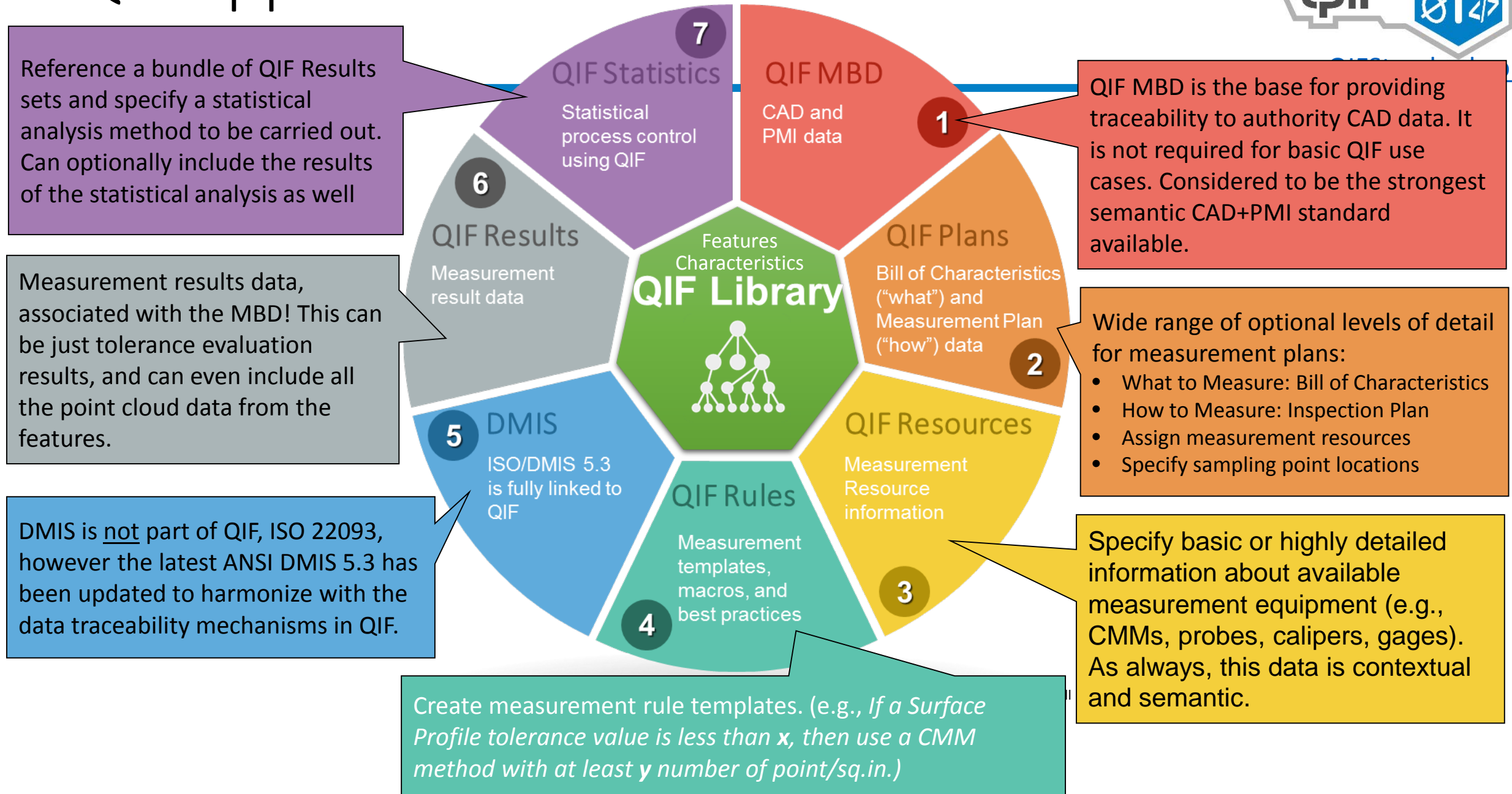
# QIF Application Areas



[www.QIFStandards.org](http://www.QIFStandards.org)

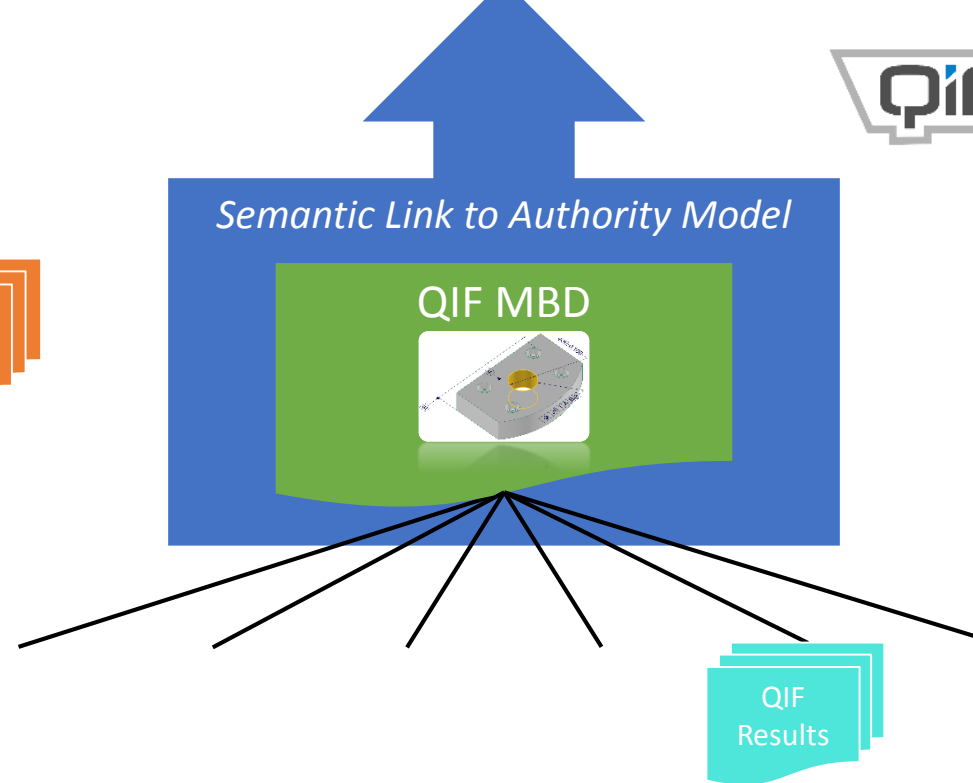


# QIF Application Areas



# Workflow Example

**Process Stage 3:** Generated throughout the entire process is linked to the authority model. Generating the Bill of Characteristics (BoC) for the right tool for the right job. The BoC is a list of measurement tasks. This list of tasks is called a Bill of Characteristics



Form 3 Characteristic Accountability, Verification and Dev					
Characteristic Accountability		Meas	Ver	Dev	Results
Meas	Ver	Meas	Ver	Meas	Ver
LINEAR	ANGUZE BLUE PER XYZ-AG	in	3.750	0.750	0.24
LINEAR	7.50x.020	in	3.750	0.750	0.24
LINEAR	200x.020	in	3.750	0.750	0.24
LINEAR	618x.020	in	3.538	0.538	0.02
ANGULAR	335x.020	in	0.548	0.300	0.02
PROFILE OF A SURFACE	48.5x	deg	48.50	47.50	48.54

**Identify Measurement Tasks (Bill of Characteristics)**





# Value of Manufacturing Data

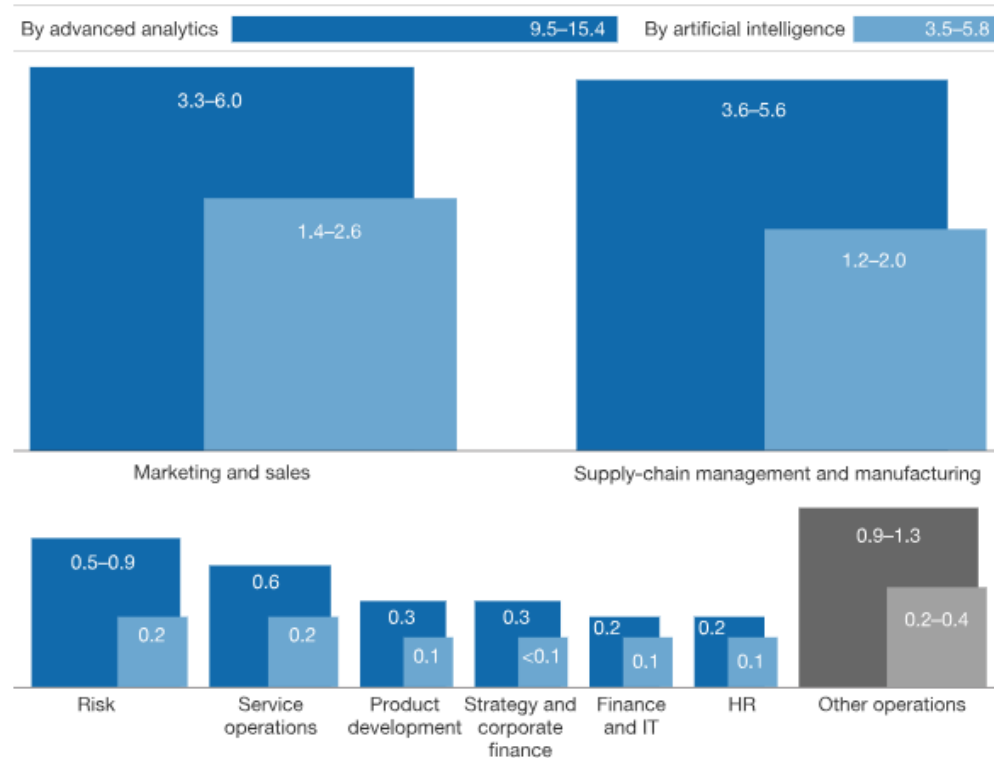


[www.QIFStandards.org](http://www.QIFStandards.org)

- Currently, manufacturing data is not fully exploited because of lack of structure
- [A study by McKinsey & Company](#) states:  
*We estimate that the AI techniques we cite in this briefing together have the potential to create between \$3.5 trillion and \$5.8 trillion in value annually across nine business functions in 19 industries*
- The second largest growth area for AI and Big Data is Supply-chain management and manufacturing
- Providing structure and data traceability is required to unlock this potential

Artificial intelligence's impact is likely to be most substantial in marketing and sales as well as supply-chain management and manufacturing, based on our use cases.

Value unlocked, \$ trillion



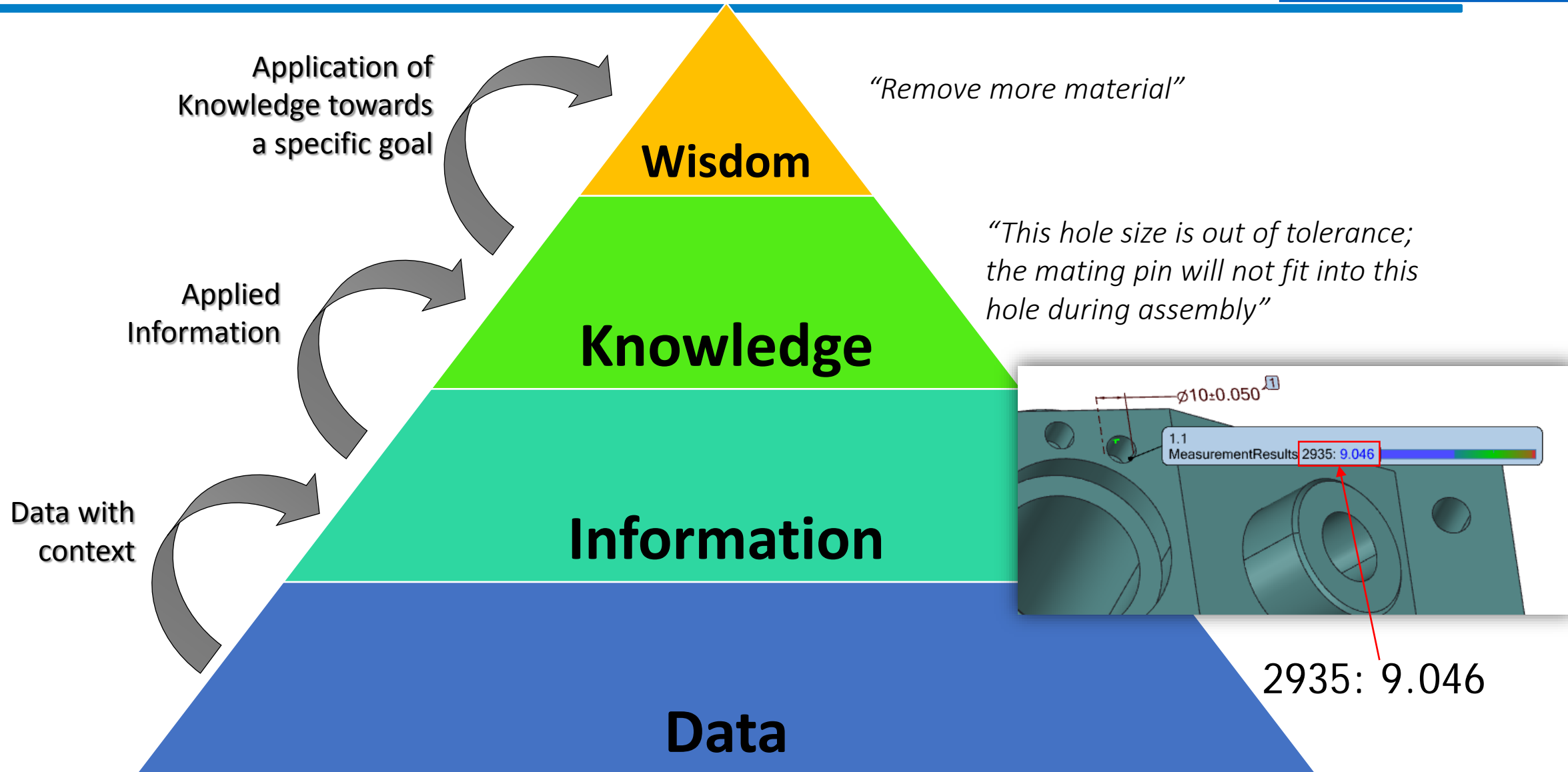
Note: Figures may not sum to 100%, because of rounding.

McKinsey&Company | Source: McKinsey Global Institute analysis

# DIKW Pyramid & QIF



[www.QIFStandards.org](http://www.QIFStandards.org)



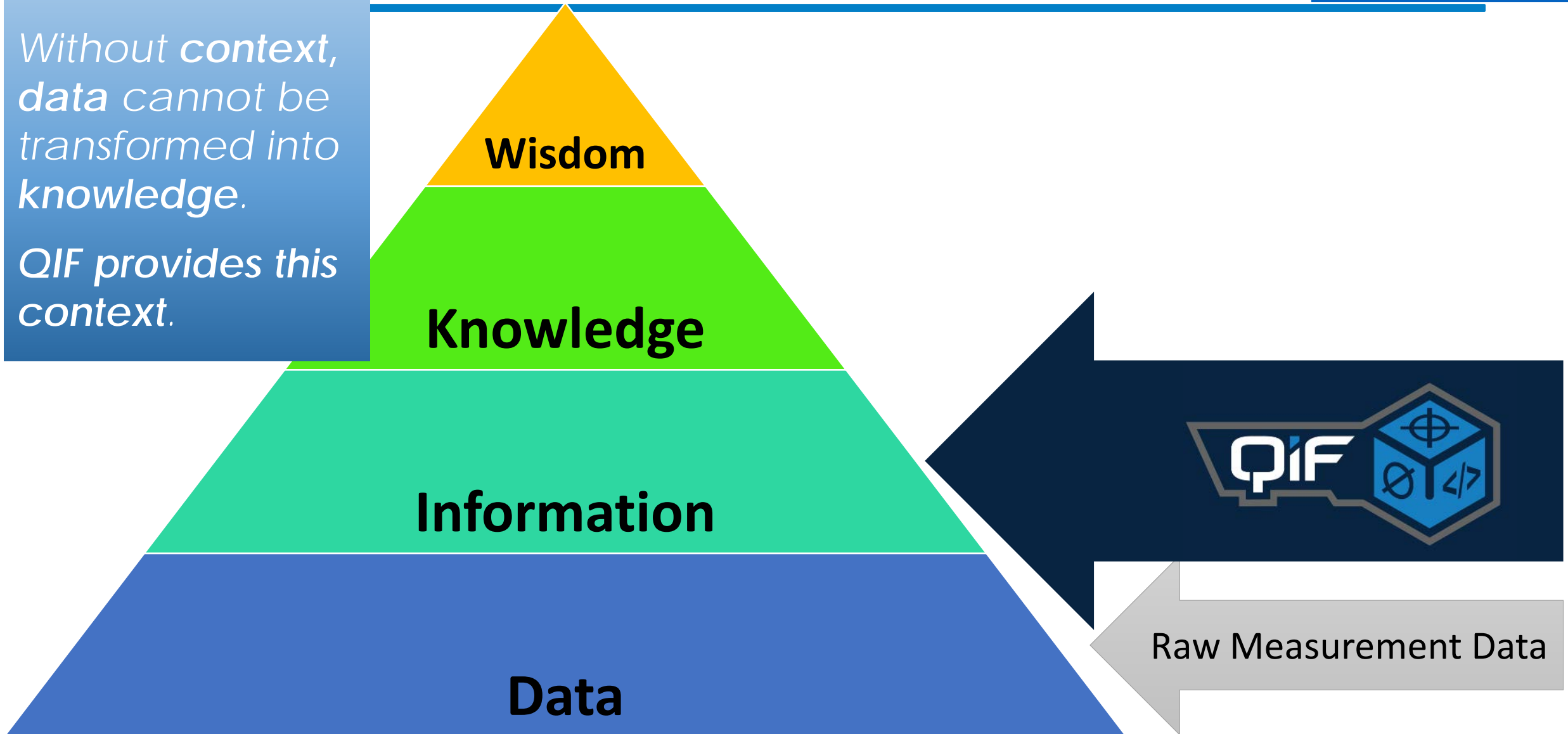
# DIKW Pyramid & QIF



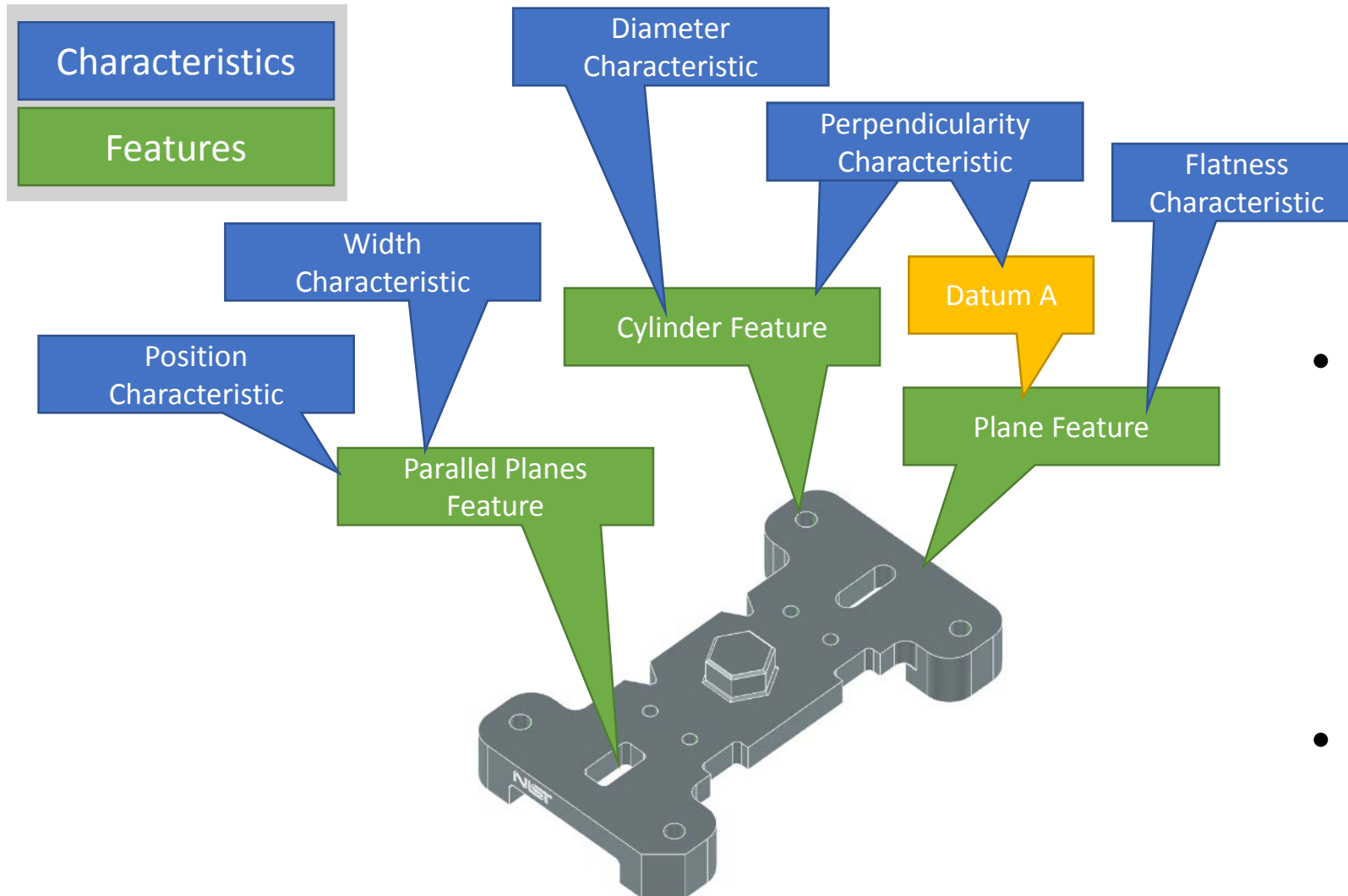
[www.QIFstandards.org](http://www.QIFstandards.org)

*Without context,  
data cannot be  
transformed into  
knowledge.*

*QIF provides this  
context.*



# Features & Characteristics



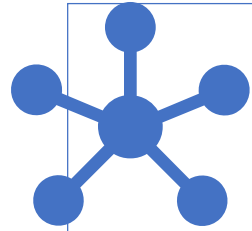
The fundamental constructs behind QIF:  
**Features & Characteristics**

- CAD geometry is wrapped by **Features**
  - Different concept from CAD features!
  - Sometimes referred to as:
    - Tolerance Features
    - Metrology Features
    - Measurement Features
- Features are referenced by **Characteristics**
  - Usually, these are GD&T

# Roadmap for Success



[www.QIFstandards.org](http://www.QIFstandards.org)



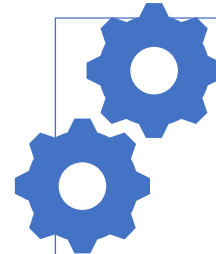
Active Schema  
Development



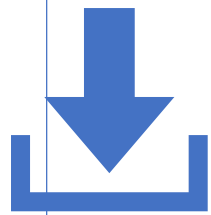
Data Integrity



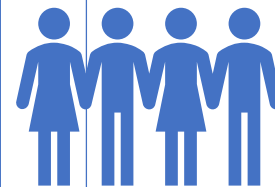
Standardization  
Efforts



Facilitate software  
development



Free Open Source  
Tools



QIF Community

# DMSC Members



[www.QIFstandards.org](http://www.QIFstandards.org)



Thanks!



[www.QIFStandards.org](http://www.QIFStandards.org)

## DMSC Board of Directors

<b>Curtis Brown</b> Honeywell FM&T	<b>Jennifer Herron</b> Action Engineering
<b>Daniel Campbell</b> Capvidia	<b>Robert Brown</b> Mitutoyo America Corporation
<b>Cory Leland</b> Deere & Co.	<b>Ray Stahl</b> KOTEM



**[Download the Standard at: www.QIFStandards.org](http://www.QIFStandards.org)**