

*NIST: Request for Information
Relating to Cybersecurity Frameworks*

A Foundation Response

by

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Cyber Secure Framework

- Can't exist without a proper foundation
- Current Foundation
 - Spaghetti code
 - “if – then – else”
 - “case – switch”
 - Not organized
 - Not structured
 - Artistic
 - Approach will not be as secure as it could be

Foundation Definition

- Foundation – the architecture that software uses as the core structure for organizing human written or machine generated code. Currently writing or generating code is an artistic endeavor without an engineering structure.

In practice a software engineered foundation does not exist.

Framework Definition

- Framework – the collection of software designed to provide services built on a nonexistent foundation. Frameworks are often combined into application specific libraries or collections.

Software Engineering Practices

- Foundation
 - Lacking a foundation architecture
 - Lacking an engineering discipline
 - Coding is artistic
 - Requirements – Specifications – Models
 - All depend on the foundation
 - Implementations drift away from original design documentation
 - Synchronization requires manual effort
- Frameworks are built sans foundation

From CMU-SEI

- www.sei.cmu.edu/solutions/softwaredev/
- “The quality of a system is influenced by the quality of the process used to acquire, develop, and maintain it, the analysis and forethought that goes into an architecture...”

CMU –SEI (cont'd)

- “Using proven methods for progress and product quality, software success is predictable and achievable, and failure is avoidable.”

CMU – SEI (cont'd)

- “Once coding starts, teams trained in mature **software engineering** processes can remove defects early, when defect removal is 10 to 100 times less costly than it is during test.”

Requirements

- SEI alludes to failures due to lack of requirements.
- SEI requirements don't correlate to the application over time.
- SEI requirements are documents that fail to stay in sync over time.
- SEI approach not as good as it could be. A good idea poorly implemented.

No CMU-SEI Foundation Definition

- Big money is in process consulting
 - CMU-SEI sells what it knows
 - Doesn't understand lacking foundation
- No solution to spaghetti code
 - Process Management
 - Often referred to as “Software Engineering”
- Without a good foundation success is difficult at best.
- CMU-SEI – room for improvement

SEI Template

- SEI uses a template to collect information
 - It's a fill in form approach
 - State information
 - Action information
 - Provides documentation
- Template becomes throwaway
- The template will not stay in sync
- Good idea – poorly implemented

Herding Cats is the Standard

- Programmers want to be engineers
 - An engineering foundation is missing
- “if-then-else” and “case-switch” statements:
 - Are the cause of spaghetti code
 - Create logic that is overly complex
 - No support for temporal control flow
 - Required for correlation

Temporal Software Engineering

- Similar to CMU-SEI template based logic
- Integrated into the application
- Uses Vector State Machine
 - Correlates to
 - Requirements
 - Specification
- Model Driven Architecture
 - Maps to IDEF ++ process
 - Improved IDEF0 & IDEF1
- Provides a solid organized foundation

CMU-SEI Example Template

- SEI-TSP/PSP
 - Rule
 - State
 - Action
- Mixed Modes
- Does **not** correlate with solution
- Software Engineers DON'T sync this document!

Student J. Developer Date 10/27
 Program LogIn Program # _____
 Instructor Humphrey Language C++

State Name	Description	
Start	Start condition for system	
CheckD	The state of the system after a user ID is requested	
CheckPW	The state of the system after a user password is requested	
End	The final state: LogIn either logs in or cuts off the user.	
Function/Parameter	Description	
ID	User identification: ID is Valid or !Valid	
PW	User password: PW is Valid or !Valid	
n	Integer count of ID and password errors	
nMax	Maximum value of ID and password errors: n >= nMax is rejected.	
Fail	Error count or timeout error indicator: Fail = true is failure, Fail = false is ok.	
States/Next States	Transition Condition	Action
Start		
Start	No transitions from Start to Start	
CheckID	True	Get ID, n := 0; ID and PW !Valid
CheckPW	No transitions from Start to CheckPW	
End	No transitions from Start to End	
CheckID		
Start	No transitions from CheckID to Start	
CheckID	No transitions from CheckID to CheckID	
CheckPW	Valid ID	Get password
CheckPW	!Valid ID	Get password
End	Timeout	Fail := true
CheckPW		
Start	No transitions from CheckPW to Start	
CheckID	(!Valid PW \vee !Valid ID) \wedge n < nMax \wedge !Timeout	Get ID, n := n + 1
CheckPW	No transitions from CheckPW to CheckPW	
End	Valid PW \wedge Valid ID	Fail := false, login user
End	(n >= nMax \vee Timeout) \wedge (!Valid PW \vee !Valid ID)	Fail := true, cut off user
End		
	No transitions from End to any state	

CMU-SEI - Stopwatch Example

- Work is not part of implementation
- Must be **converted** to if/else or switch-case logic

State Name	Description	
Zero	Start condition for system	
Running	Stopwatch running and displaying	
On-hold	Stopwatch running with display on hold	
Stopped	Stopwatch stopped	
States/Next States	Transition Condition	Action
Zero		
Zero	reset \vee hold	Stop clock, reset clock, clear display
Running	start/stop	Start clock, display clock
Running		
Zero	reset	Stop clock, reset clock, clear display
On-hold	hold	Hold display
Stopped	start/stop	Stop clock, hold display
On-hold		
Zero	reset	Stop clock, reset clock, clear display
Running	hold	Start clock, display clock
Stopped	start/stop	Stop clock, hold display
Stopped		
Zero	reset	Stop clock, reset clock, clear display
Running	start/stop	Start clock, display clock
Stopped	hold	Stop clock, hold display

Proposed Foundation

- COSA – based on US Patent 6,345,387
 - Free of License – Free of License!
 - Template based executable logic table
 - Table based Vector State Machine (VSM)
- Temporal Engineering – the use of COSA, correlating all aspects of the software development life cycle.
- Temporal Engineering – improves the CMU-SEI management paradigm
 - Everything stays in sync!!!
- This is a good idea – good implementation

SEI vs. COSA

- Work going into the SEI template is not directly used, i.e. it's wasted.
- Work put into a COSA table is used
 - The table is a logic template
 - The table is executed with COSA Engine
 - Testable with populated member functions or stubs
 - Does one thing and does it well
 - Includes trace debugging

No Foundation vs. Foundation

- No Foundation Today
 - Bucket-of-Bolts
 - Spaghetti code
- Foundation – COSA
 - An Engineering Discipline
 - Not an artistic approach
 - Not just writing code
 - Organized
 - Standardized
- COSA
 - No License required
 - Patent definition open disclosure
 - Book available on Amazon.com



What's Missing

- “**Software engineering**” mentioned on slide 8 does not refer to a foundation architecture.
- It refers to the process in which the code is developed.
- The fundamental “if-then-else” structure i.e. “spaghetti” code that SEI teaches.
- Compare the next two slides...

Traditional Software

What Is Wanted

- Engineering Discipline
- Uniformity
- Consistency
- Preemptability
- Single Point Logic Testing
- Trace - True
 - True Behavior Logic
 - True Logic Trace
 - True Logic Temporal Path
- Trace - False
 - False Behavior Logic
 - False Logic Trace
 - False Logic Temporal Path
- Well Defined
 - Rules
 - Specification
 - Analysis
- Orthogonal
 - Logic
 - Data

What is Delivered

- Authors that are like Herding Cats
- The style of the author
- Inconsistent development styles
- Control and Preemptability an after thought
- Multiple if-then-else logic dispersed everywhere
- Spaghetti Logic
- Trace - True
 - Numerously inserted trace logic
- NONE
- Trace – False
 - Numerously inserted trace logic
- Spaghetti Logic
- NONE
- NONE
- Rarely Well Defined
 - No Rules
 - Independent Specification
 - Inconsistent Analysis
- Never Orthogonal
 - Spaghetti Logic
 - Spaghetti Data

COSA Engineering

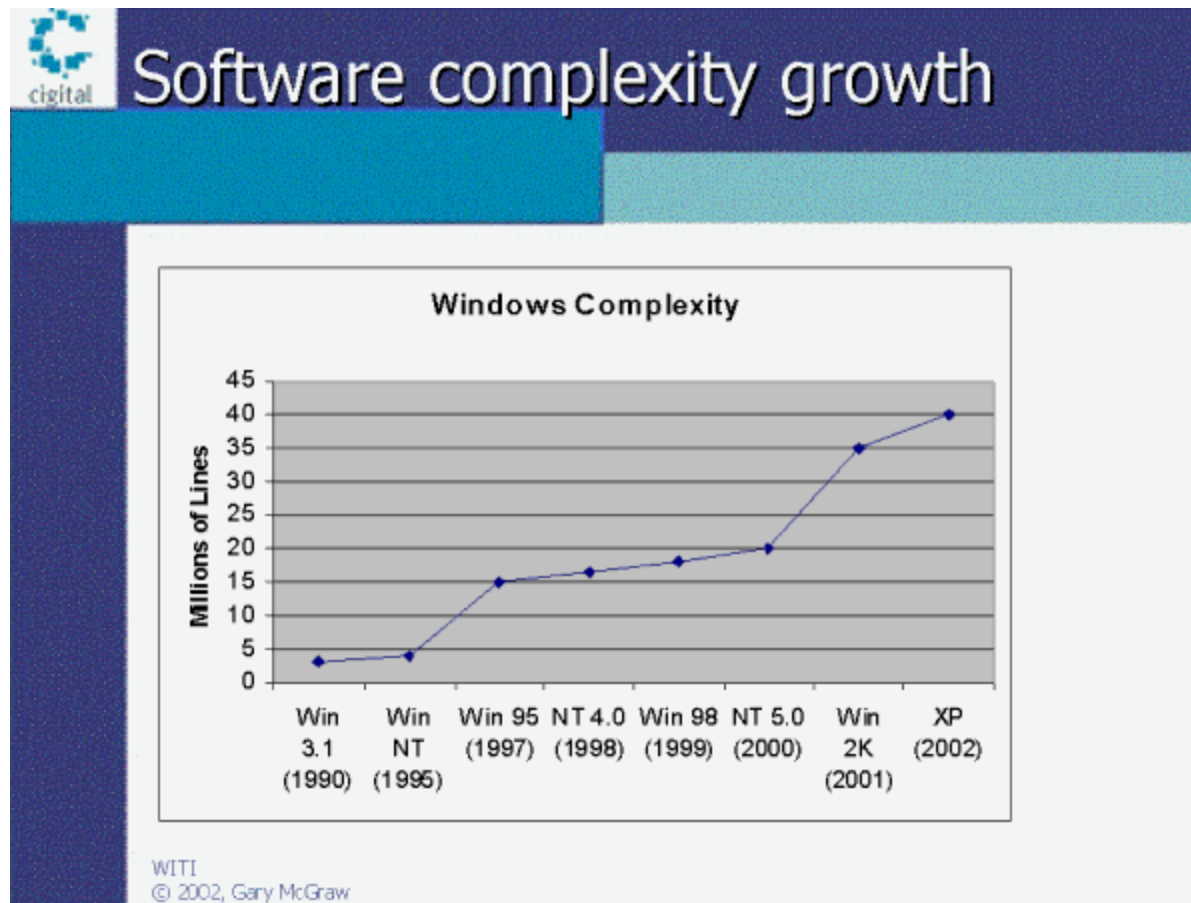
What Is Wanted

- Engineering Discipline
- Uniformity
- Consistency
- Preemptability
- Single Point Logic Testing
- Trace - True
 - True Behavior Logic
 - True Logic Trace
 - True Logic Temporal Path
- Trace - False
 - False Behavior Logic
 - False Logic Trace
 - False Logic Temporal Path
- Well Defined
 - Rules
 - Specification
 - Analysis
- Orthogonal
 - Logic
 - Data

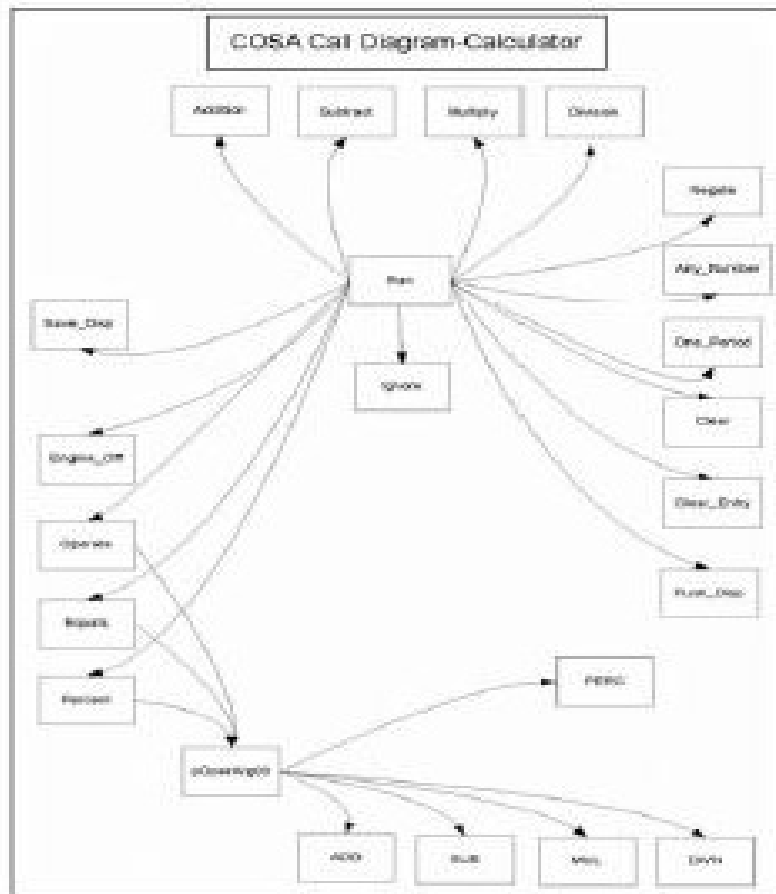
COSA Delivers

- Engineering Discipline
- Uniformity
- Consistency
- Preemptability
- Single Point Logic Testing
- Trace - True
 - Static Document Trace
 - Dynamic Logic Trace
- Trace – False
 - Static Document Trace
 - Dynamic Logic Trace
- Well Defined
 - Template Rules
 - Specification
 - Traced Spec to Application
- Orthogonal
 - Logic
 - Data

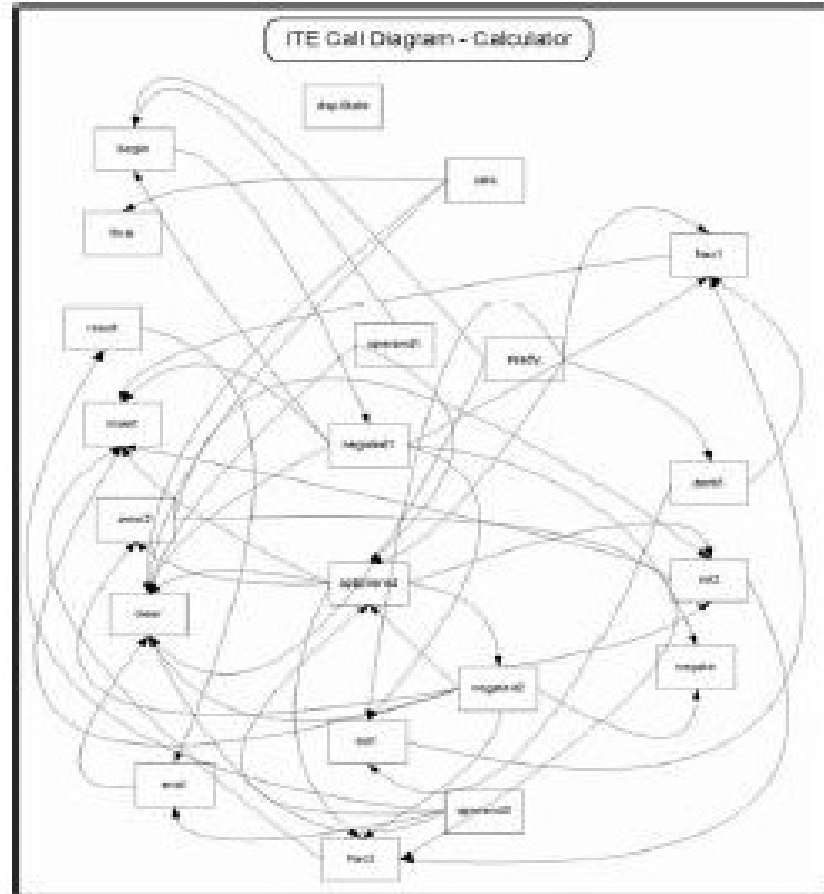
Complexity is out of control



Compare Complexity

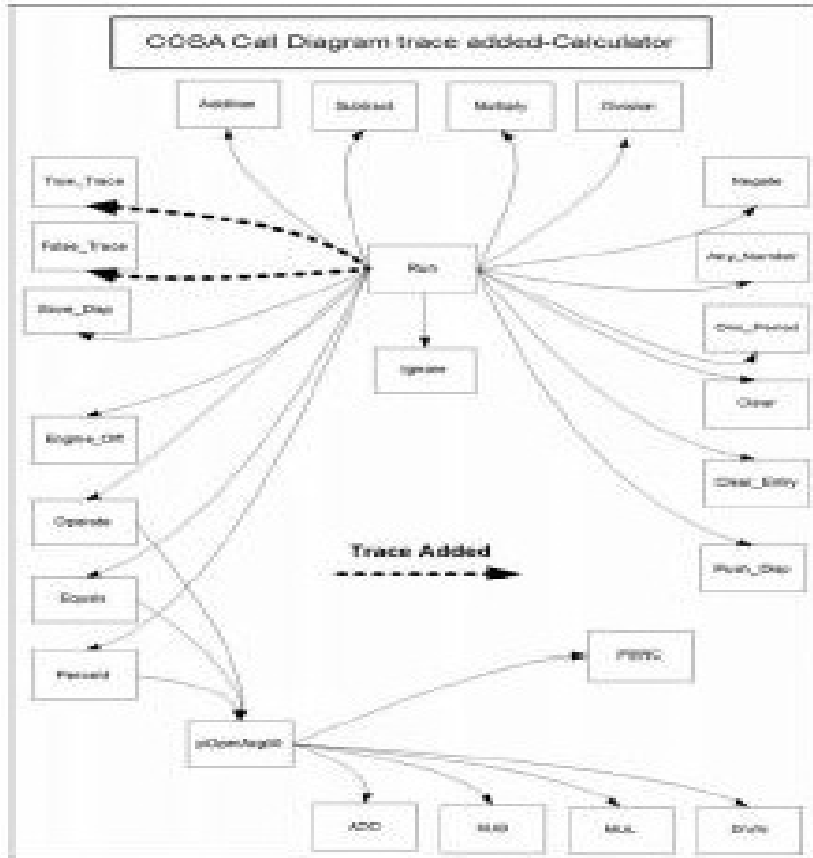


COSA Temporal Engineering

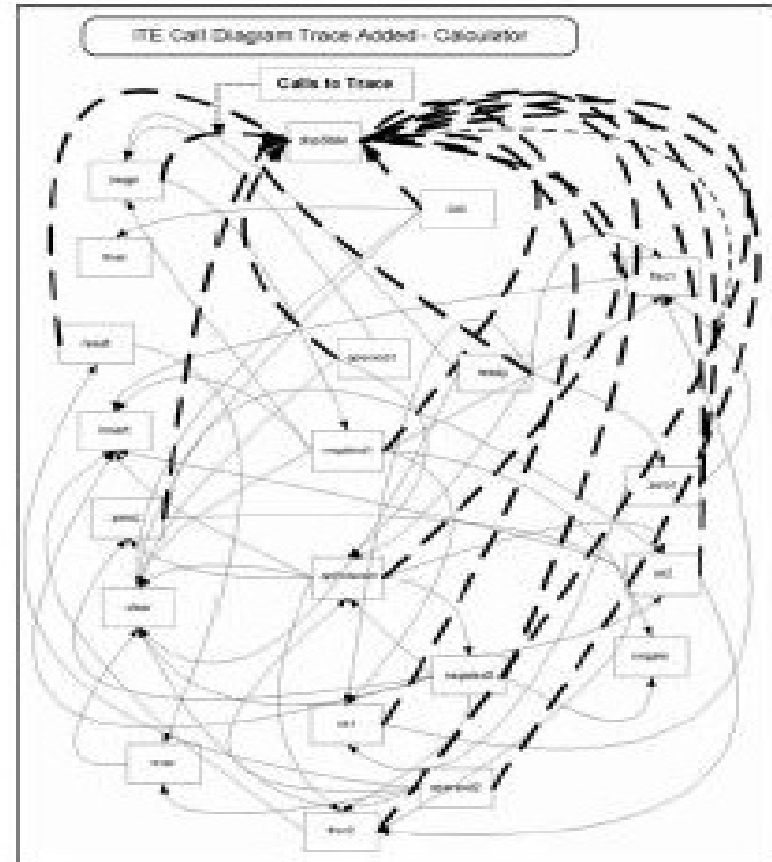


ITE Spatial Engineering

Now with Trace



**COSA Temporal Engineering
With Trace**



**ITE Spatial Engineering
With Trace**

ITE Trace Complexity

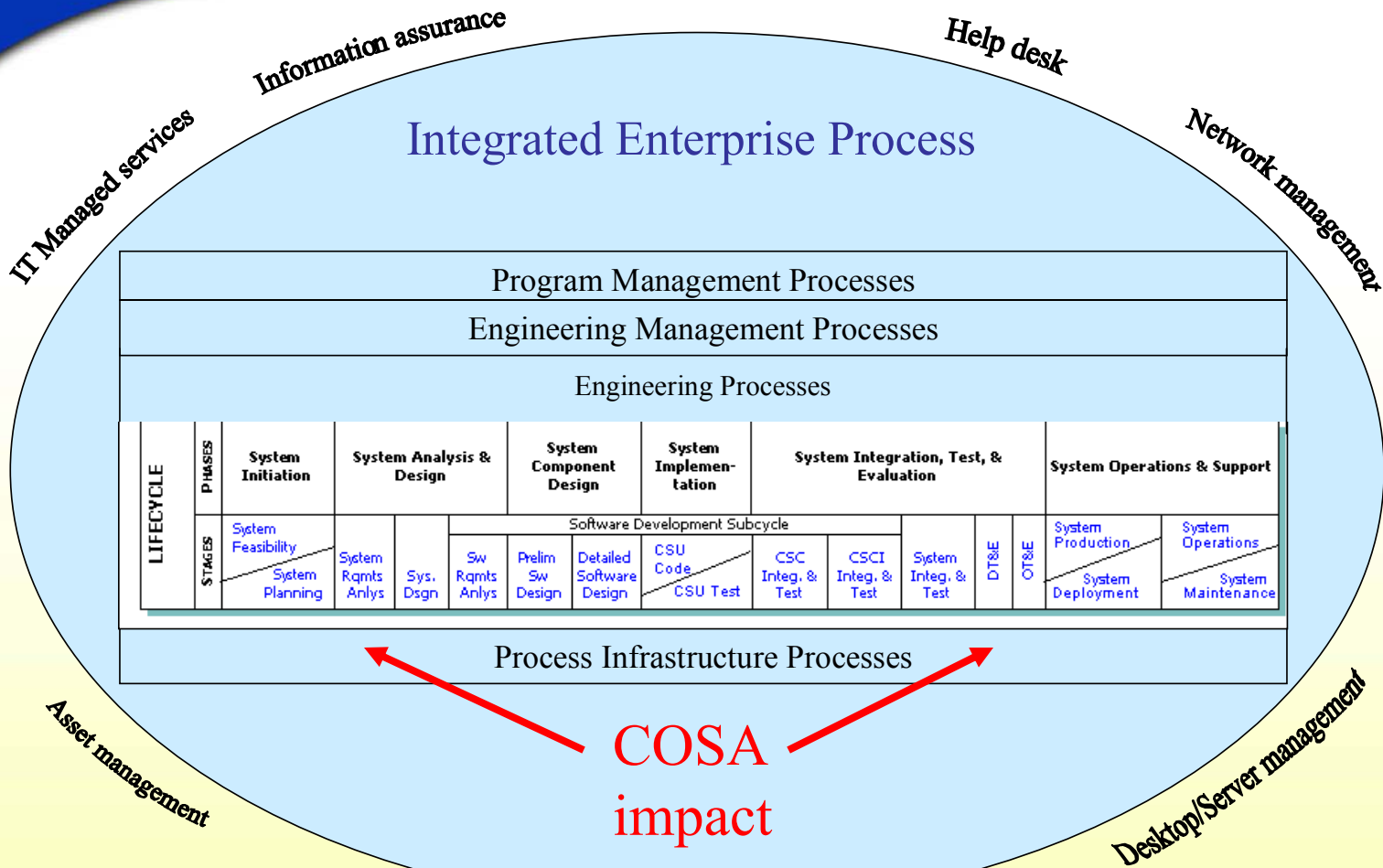
- 3 columns of trace
 - 4 columns info in each
- Little info
- Embedded throughout program
- Side effects
- 107 states

State	Routine	Sig	Value	State	Routine	Sig	Value	State	Routine	Sig	Value
1	calc	0	0	37	frac1	2	0	72	int2	1101	-3.14159
2	calc	0	0	38	frac1			73	frac2	0	-3.14159
3	calc	1	0	39	frac1	1	0	74	int2	0	-3.14159
4	ready	0	0	40	frac1	1010	0	75	int2	3	-3.14159
5	ready	2	0	41	frac1	1010	0	76	frac2	2	-3.14159
6	ready			42	frac1	1010	0	77	frac2		
7	ready	1	0	43	frac1	1010	0	78	frac2	1	-3.14159
8	begin	0	0	44	frac1	1010	0	79	frac2	1010	-3.14159
9	begin	2	0	45	frac1	1107	0	80	frac2	1010	-3.14159
10	begin			46	operand1	1107	0	81	frac2	1010	-3.14159
11	begin	1	0	47	frac1	3	-3.14159	82	frac2	1010	-3.14159
12	begin	1107	0	48	opEntered	0	-3.14159	83	frac2	1010	-3.14159
13	negaged1	0	0	49	operand1	0	-3.14159	84	frac2	1102	-3.14159
14	begin	0	0	50	operand1	3	-3.14159	85	operand2	1102	-3.14159
15	calc	0	0	51	opEntered	2	-3.14159	86	frac2	3	-3.14159
16	begin	3	0	52	opEntered			87	result	0	0
17	ready	3	0	53	opEntered	1	-3.14159	88	operand2	0	-3.14159
18	ready	0	0	54	opEntered	1107	-3.14159	89	ready	0	0
19	negaged1	2	0	55	negated2	0	-3.14159	90	calc	0	0
20	negated1			56	opEntered	0	-3.14159	91	operand2	3	-3.14159
21	negaged1	1	0	57	opEntered	3	-3.14159	92	ready	2	0
22	negaged1	1010	0	58	negated2	2	-3.14159	93	ready		
23	int1	0	0	59	negated2			94	result	2	0
24	negaged1	0	0	60	negated2	1	-3.14159	95	result		
25	operand1	0	0	61	negated2	1010	-3.14159	96	eval	1104	0
26	calc	0	0	62	int2	0	-3.14159	97	result	1	-1
27	negaged1	3	0	63	negated2	0	-3.14159	98	result	100	-1
28	operand1	2	0	64	operand2	0	-3.14159	99	ready	100	-1
29	operand1			65	calc	0	0	100	calc	100	-1
30	int1	2	0	66	negated2	3	-3.14159	101	result	3	-1
31	int1			67	operand2	2	-3.14159	102	ready	3	-1
32	int1	1	0	68	operand2			103	final	0	-1
33	int1	1101	0	69	int2	2	-3.14159	104	calc	0	-1
34	frac1	0	0	70	int2			105	calc	3	-1
35	int1	0	0	71	int2	1	-3.14159	106	final	2	-1
36	int1	3	0					107	final	1	-1

COSA Trace More Information

- 1 Column Trace
– 8 Columns Info
- Reduced Complexity
- More Information
- Dynamic On-Off
- Minimal side effects
- 30 states vs. 107

<u>Count</u>	<u>Step</u>	<u>Trace</u>	<u>Eng</u>	<u>Static</u>	<u>Dynamic</u>	<u>Behavior</u>	<u>Value</u>
1	+T= 0;	100	Off;	44;	44;	Negate;	N= -
2	+T= 1;	101	Off;	1;	1;	Any_Number;	N= -3
3	GF= 1;	101	On;	1;	59;	Ignore;	N=
4	+T= 2;	102	Off;	59;	59;	One_Period;	N= -3.
5	+T= 3;	103	Off;	1;	1;	Any_Number;	N= -3.1
6	+T= 3;	103	Off;	1;	1;	Any_Number;	N= -3.14
7	+T= 3;	103	Off;	1;	1;	Any_Number;	N= -3.141
8	+T= 3;	103	Off;	1;	1;	Any_Number;	N= -3.1415
9	+T= 3;	103	Off;	1;	1;	Any_Number;	N= -3.14159
10	GF= 3;	103	On;	1;	44;	Ignore;	N=
11	GF= 4;	104	On;	12;	44;	Ignore;	N=
12	GF= 5;	105	On;	11;	44;	Ignore;	N=
13	GF= 6;	106	On;	1;	44;	Push_Disp;	N=
14	GF= 7;	500	On;	43;	44;	Ignore;	N=
15	+T= 8;	501	On;	44;	1;	Subtraction;	N= -3.14159
16	+T= 12;	700	Off;	1;	1;	Engine_Off;	N= -3.14159
17	+T= 13;	701	Off;	44;	44;	Negate;	N= -
18	+T= 14;	702	Off;	1;	1;	Any_Number;	N= -2
19	GF= 14;	702	Off;	1;	59;	Ignore;	N=
20	+T= 15;	703	Off;	59;	59;	One_Period;	N= -2.
21	+T= 16;	704	Off;	1;	1;	Any_Number;	N= -2.1
22	+T= 16;	704	Off;	1;	1;	Any_Number;	N= -2.14
23	+T= 16;	704	Off;	1;	1;	Any_Number;	N= -2.141
24	+T= 16;	704	Off;	1;	1;	Any_Number;	N= -2.1415
25	+T= 16;	704	Off;	1;	1;	Any_Number;	N= -2.14159
26	GF= 16;	705	On;	1;	13;	Ignore;	N=
27	GF= 18;	706	On;	12;	13;	Ignore;	N=
28	GF= 17;	707	On;	1;	13;	Save_Disp;	N=
29	GF= 19;	900	On;	11;	13;	Ignore;	N=
30	+T= 20;	901	Off;	13;	13;	Equals;	N= -1



A 4 Step COSA Solution

1) Well Defined Core Foundation

- COSA – Table Drive Vector State Machine
 - Temporal Software Engineering

2) Model Driven Architecture

- WYSIWYG BNF model to application
- Rules / Logic can be tested on boundary values

3) Re-manufactured Applications

- Legacy Integrated Forward Engineering (LIFE)
- Replaces & Reduces Maintenance Costs

4) System Level Integration

- Focus on top-down organization
- Reduce failures, improve quality, reduce costs

The End