# NIST Latent Workshop vendor panels Sagem Sécurité

#### First Session (19 March) - Lights-Out Latent Processing.

Topics for AFIS vendors:

- 1a Image-only latent matching
- 1b Automated match determinations for image-only or feature-based latent matching
- 1c Using increased automation and business practices to make more effective use of latent examiners

#### Second Session (20 March) - Feature-Based Latent Processing

Topics for AFIS vendors:

- 2a The CDEFFS extended feature set specification
- 2b Interoperable latent AFIS feature sets, in light of the National Academies Recommendation #12
- 2c How to test extended feature sets for latent fingerprint matching
- 2d Latent matching of palms and lower joints: differences with latent fingerprint AFIS

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# **1a - Image Only Latent Searching**

• See http://www.itl.nist.gov/iad/894.03/latent/workshop/proc/P12\_JCFondeur\_NIST\_LT\_Lights\_Out\_1.1.pdf

- Accuracy with automated feature extraction has improved since then ...
  - ... but so has accuracy with manual features (feature+image search)
- $\Rightarrow$  Accuracy is still 10 to 20% lower with image only search
  - Accuracy with automated feature extraction on 2009 AFIS is equivalent to accuracy with manual feature extraction on AFIS designed « several » years ago



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# 1b - Automated match determinations

- Automated match determination (FAR=1%) is 5 to 15% lower than rank 1 accuracy
  - With automated feature extraction or manual features
  - For Latent to TP search and TP to unsolved latent searches



Accuracy typically decreases by <u>5 % to 15%</u> when threshold is set for 1% verification (depending on latent quality)

Test results on 1350 latents Background database 1 million fingers

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# 1c - Using increased automation and business practices to make more effective use of latent examiners

Suggestion 1a: <u>Process more latents with same expert workload</u> All latents are not processed today, although some are good enough for AFIS

⇒Fully automated search could be launched on these latents More hits with little extra work/cost

Suggestion 1b: <u>Systematic search on surrounding states' AFIS, National</u> <u>AFIS or international AFIS</u>

> New service to be provided by states or national AFIS systems ? More hits with little extra work/cost

> > Technology available today < Business processes to be defined

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## 1c - Using increased automation and business practices to make more effective use of latent examiners

Suggestion 2a: Immediate feedback to investigator on Scene of Crime ⇒When fast feedback is needed, automatic search can be launched first Manual process may be launched too (=> no loss of accuracy) Improved efficiency in investigation Enables "suspect elimination" on Scene of Crime

Suggestion 2b: Immediate first response on new cases  $\Rightarrow$  Work around to the "backlog" problem ("quick wins" on new cases )



# 1c - Using increased automation and business practices to make more effective use of latent examiners

Suggestion 3 : Automatically process good quality latents

- Clear fingerprint marks with lots of visible minutiae
- Large-area latents
- Needs further study to improve Latent Quality Measurement
- => The expert could concentrate on more difficult latents<sup>1</sup>

Issue = reliable latent quality estimation.

Suggestion 4 : Bulk latent submission (e.g., paper archive, duplicate search with other states)

- "Bulk" scan by non expert operators or electronic submission
- Automatic minutiae encoding and Selective threshold
- Very few verifications to perform, mostly hits.

Technology available today < Business processes to be defined

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Not recommended

today

2b - Interoperable latent AFIS feature sets,

## in light of the National Academies Recommendation #12

## How to achieve improved AFIS interoperability: by relying on (Image + Feature) search

#### Features can be

- Minutiae (ANSI/NIST, ISO, M1, ...)
- and/or any subset of Extended Feature Data format Draft
  ex: minutiae confidence and uncertainty, quality map, ridge flow, ...

### Features can be used:

- As features directly in matching
- To guide the feature extract on the latent image

## Benefit:

- Improved matching AND feature extraction
- Reduced dependency to "between expert" variability
- Technology might be imperfect but is available today
  - Standards exist or are being developed (NIST/ITL, ISO, M1, EFS, WSQ)
  - AFIS systems can achieve good accuracy with image+feature search

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# 2c - How to test extended feature sets for latent fingerprint matching

- Some suggestions/comments
  - 1. Test (feature + image) search (on latent side) versus proprietary template (on TP side)
  - 2. Test features independently (one by one) or simultaneously?
  - 3. Test impact on CMC (Rk 1) and DET (Candidate list reduction) since extended features can improve both
    - And measure impact on resources needed (CPU, template size)
  - 4. Test on same data set for all features (e.g., no dedicated dataset for pores, creases, ..)
    - Real life scenario, takes into account probability of occurrence of each feature
    - Enables comparison of benefits.
    - But requires dataset to be large enough to contain enough data with each feature

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