# Fingerprint Capture Challenges and Opportunities

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#### **Presentation Overview**

- ☐ Importance of Fingerprint Quality
  - Impacts on identification system
- □ Fingerprint Capture Challenges
  - Factors that will affect/impact fingerprint capture process
- □ Fingerprint Capture Opportunities
  - Possible approaches/solutions to enhance fingerprint capture quality





## Importance of Fingerprint Quality in an AFIS System

- □ Fingerprint Quality Impact on AFIS
  - NIST studies have shown that image quality has a direct impact on identification match accuracy
- □ Poor Fingerprint Image Quality Can Have the Following Negative Impacts in an AFIS System such as US-VISIT
  - ➤ Potential missed identification/verification of a subject
  - **►** Additional secondary workload process
  - >Additional fingerprint examiner workload





### **Factors of Poor Fingerprint Quality**

Physiological	<ul> <li>Dry fingers due to natural aging process</li> <li>Worn ridge structure due to occupation</li> <li>Finer ridge structure specific to a demographic group</li> </ul>	
Behavioral	<ul><li>Uncooperative subject</li><li>Nervous Subject</li></ul>	
Environmental	<ul> <li>Humidity / Temperature</li> <li>Seasonal Change</li> <li>Ambient Light</li> </ul>	
Operational	<ul> <li>High Throughput/ Reduced Capture Time</li> <li>Unclean Scanner Platen</li> </ul>	
Technological	<ul> <li>Application Graphical User Interface (GUI)</li> <li>Ease of Scanner Use / Interaction</li> </ul>	





#### **Poor Quality Image Illustrations**



**Dry Finger Light Print** 



**Moist Finger Dark Print** 



Poor Finger Placement



Worn Ridge Structure





#### **Image Quality – User Demographics**

- Male Female
  - Female subjects have worse image quality
- □ Right Hand Left Hand
  - Left hand fingerprint quality is worse than right hand

**41,000** Subjects **24,000** Males **17,000** Females

- □ By Age of Subject
  - Image Quality worsens as subject age increases





# Image Quality Assurance Monitoring/Reporting

1	Application	Identifies if there is an application-specific image quality issue - scanner, fingerprint capture GUI etc.	
2	Site/Terminal	Identifies if there is a site/terminal/operator-specific image quality issue within the application.	
3	Capture device	Identifies if there is a specific scanner-related image quality issue.	
4	First time or repeat visit	Identifies if there is a user-scanner learning curve impacting image quality	
5	Finger	Identifies if there is a finger-specific image quality from installation ergonomics.	

Identify fingerprint capture deficiencies and work with Client stakeholders to correct them.





# Image Quality Assurance Best Fingerprint Capture Practices

Process Step #	Process Description	Recommended Procedures
1	Capturing raw fingerprint image from the scanner	<ul> <li>Proper use of vendor's fingerprint capture functions.</li> <li>Proper use of vendor's "scanner initialize" function if it supports scanner background mask function (without finger presence) for enhanced finger image capture.</li> </ul>
2	Centering and cropping raw image for real-time feature extraction/quality check	<ul> <li>Use fingerprint core centering/cropping function (not geometric centering/cropping) to ensure the capture of optimum finger image area.</li> </ul>
3	Using Image Quality Assessment software	<ul> <li>Use certified Fingerprint Image Quality Assessment software to ensure image quality.</li> </ul>
4	Using Graphical User Interface (GUI) for fingerprint capture	<ul> <li>Use of sufficiently large image capture window during live capture to assist operator.</li> <li>Real-time image quality feedback to improve capture.</li> <li>Persistent display of poor quality capture status to operator.</li> </ul>
5	Using Fingerprint Capture Mode	<ul> <li>Use Manual or Auto Capture Mode that best fits the application environment.</li> </ul>
6	Compressing image for transfer to the HOST Server	<ul> <li>Use FBI Certified WSQ Image Compression software using the recommended compression settings.</li> </ul>





### Image Quality Assurance Use of New Tools / Standards

- □ Development of Automated Image Quality Analysis Tool for Poor Quality Images
  - Fully automated analysis tool to analyze captured poor quality images by gray scale contents, image contrast, useful image area, etc. to identify fingerprint capture related deficiencies
  - Feedback given by problem categories/percentages for remedial action
- □ Use of Biometric Standards (BioAPI) for Fingerprint Capture
  - Provides flexibility and modularity
  - > Enables faster scanner technology interchange capability
  - > Enables fingerprint scanner technology refresh
    - New technology scanner (ultrasound, touchless, etc.) to improve quality





### Image Quality Assurance Problems/Solutions

#	Capture Problem Description	Potential Solution
1	Incorrect Finger Placement	<ul><li>Operator Training</li><li>Fingerprint Capture GUI Enhancement</li></ul>
2	Dry Finger - Light Prints	<ul> <li>Finger preparation before capture</li> <li>Scanner Silicon Membrane/Coating (?)</li> <li>Enhance Scanner Driver software with improved finger conformance characteristics</li> </ul>
3	Dark images from wet or perspiring fingers	<ul><li>Finger preparation</li><li>Scanner with Moisture Eliminator Optics</li></ul>
4	Degraded or worn ridge structure	<ul> <li>Finger Preparation (?)</li> <li>New Technology Scanners (ultrasound, touchless)</li> </ul>





#### **Image Quality Assurance Summary**

- Real-time image quality monitoring and reporting
- Real-time identification/resolution of capture-related problems when possible
- Use of best fingerprint capture practices
- Use of automated analysis of captured poor quality image analysis for feedback and problem resolution
- Use of biometric standards for enabling technology interchange/refresh to improve quality



