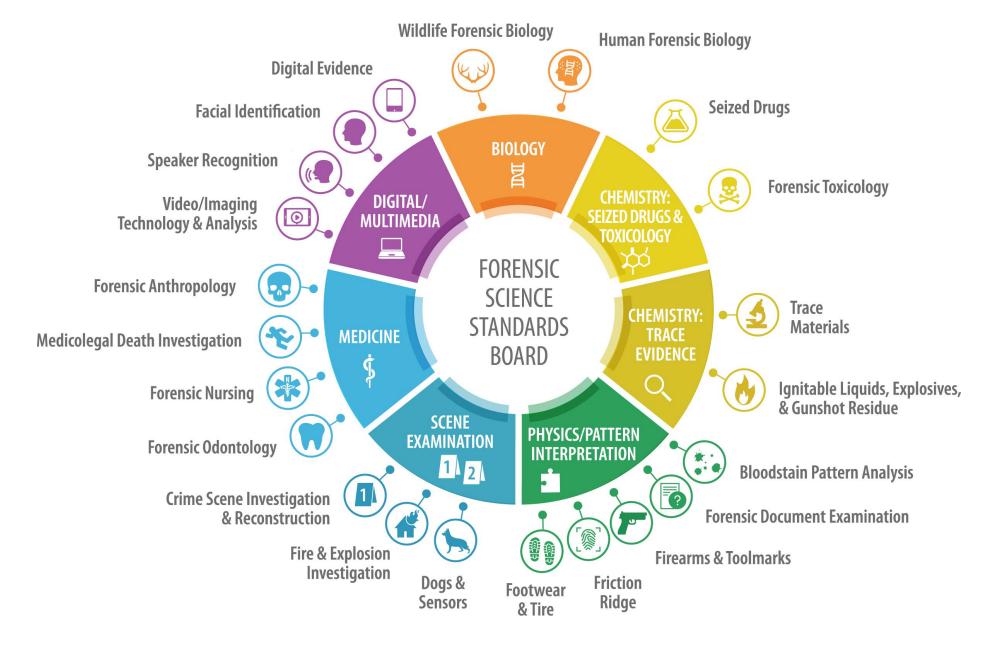


Video/Imaging Technology and Analysis (VITAL) Subcommittee

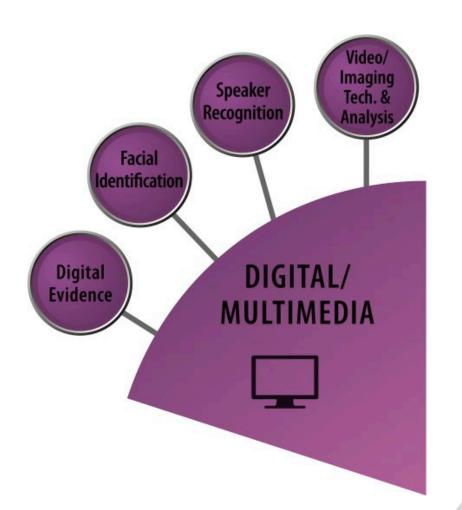
Christina Malone, Chair



Who we are...







Video/Imaging Technology and Analysis (VITAL)

Focuses on standards and guidelines related to the application of methods and technologies to analyze information related to forensic imagery from a variety of systems.

This encompasses aspects of capture, storage, processing, archiving, quality assurance and training.

Task Groups:

Image Analysis

Photography

Video Analysis

Exploratory Task Group on Gait Analysis





Officers

Christina Malone, Subcommittee Chair, Defense Forensic Science Center (including USACIL)

Marla Carroll, Subcommittee Vice Chair, Forensic Video & Audio Associates, Inc.

Patricia Mullaney, Subcommittee Executive Secretary, Virginia Department of Forensic Science

Members

Mike Baker, Sacramento District Attorney's Office

John Ellis, Law Offices of John C. Ellis, Jr. INC. (<u>Legal Task Group</u> representative)

Brandon Epstein, Middlesex County Prosecutor's Office

Jordan Graves, Federal Bureau of Investigation

Neil Johnson, Pacific Northwest National Laboratory

Spencer Ledesma, Houston Forensic Science Center

Abhyuday Mandal, University of Georgia (<u>Statistics Task</u> <u>Group</u> representative)

Aaron Matson, Wisconsin State Crime Laboratory

Kimberly Meline, Federal Bureau of Investigation

Michelle Montonera, Travis County Medical Examiner

Jackeline Moral, Houston Forensic Science Center (<u>Quality Task Group</u> representative) Michael Piper, Target Corporation

(<u>Human Factors Task</u> <u>Group representative</u>)

Matthew Steiner, New York Police Department

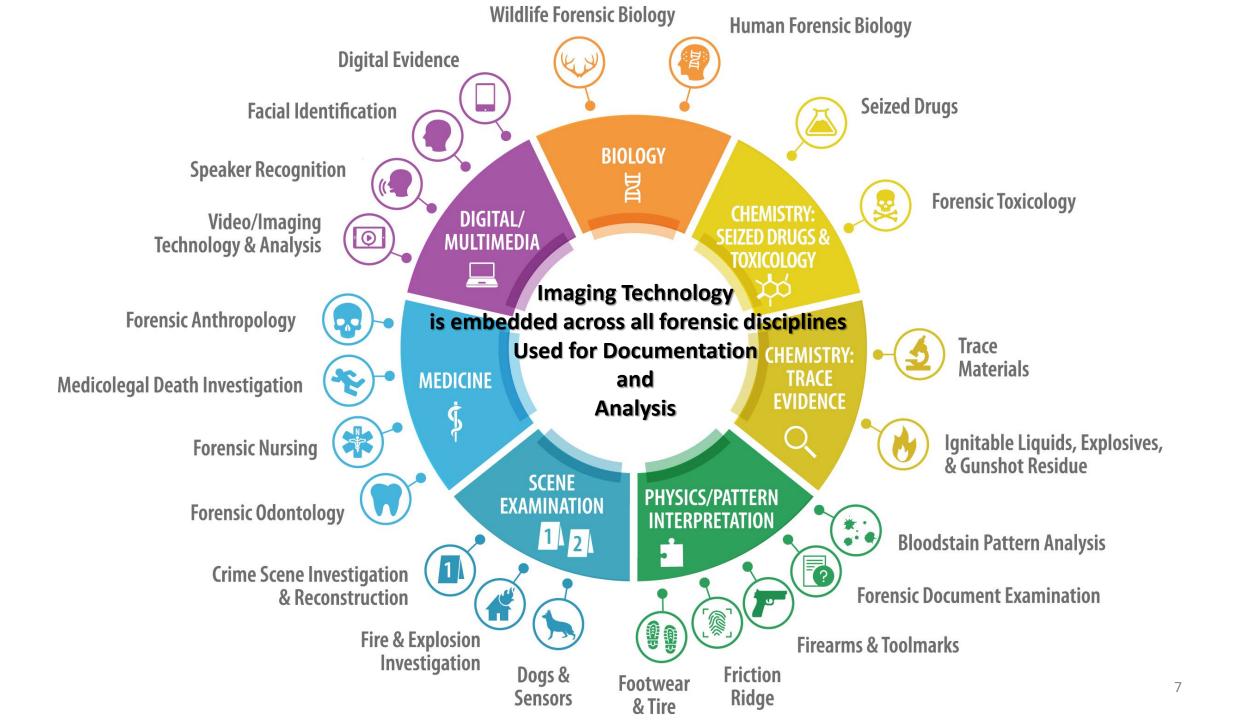
Rand Swartz, Anne Arundel County
Police Department

Andrew D. Taravella, Houston Police Department

John Twomey, U.S. Secret Service

Jesus R. Valenzuela, Seattle Police Department





What we're doing...

Standards - VITAL

 Related to the application of methods and technologies to analyze information related to forensic imagery from a variety of systems



Published Standards

- ASTM E2916-19e1 Standard Terminology for Digital and Multimedia Evidence Examination
 (drafted in collaboration with OSAC's Digital Evidence, Facial Identification, and VITAL Subcommittees and added to the Registry July 7, 2020).
- ASTM E3235-21

 <u>Standard Practice for Latent Print Evidence Imaging Resolution</u> (added June 7, 2022).

OSAC Proposed Standards

- OSAC 2021-S-0013, Standard Guide for Post Mortem Examination Photography (added March 1, 2022 and sent to an SDO for further development and publication).
- OSAC 2021-S-0027, Standard Guide for Laboratory Photography (added July 5, 2022 and sent to an SDO for further development and publication).







OSAC Work Products - VITAL

- Lexicon
- Research Needs
- Technical Guidance Documents
- References
- Webinars, Presentations & Training Videos
- Discipline-Specific Bibliographies and Bibliographic References



How we're doing it...



OSAC subcommittee drafts a new standard or revises an existing one.



Stakeholders are invited to comment on the standard during a 30-day open comment period.



FSSB Resource Task Groups (RTGs) review and provide comments on the draft.



If applicable, a Scientific & Technical Review Panel (STRP) reviews the draft OSAC Proposed Standard.

*NOTE: The public comment period, RTG review and STRP evaluation occur simultaneously.



Subcommittee reviews comments from the public, RTGs, and STRP. Feedback from the public open comment period is adjudicated.



FSSB has an opportunity to review and petition adding the OSAC Proposed Standard to the Registry.





SDO published standard replaces the OSAC Proposed standard on the Registry.



FSSB has another opportunity to petition adding the SDO published standard to the Registry.



Subcommittee approves adding the SDO published standard to the Registry.



osac Proposed Standard is sent to an SDO to be further developed and published following the specific SDO's processes.

SDO

PROCESS



If no opposition, the OSAC Proposed Standard is listed on the Registry.



Scientific and Technical Review Panels (STRP)



STRP convenes to review, discuss, and clarify

(Kickoff – Day 30)

Phase 2

(Day 31 – Day 60)

 SC reviews the initial STRP feedback and considers updates

Phase 3

(Day 61 - Day 90)

 STRP reviews the updated draft standard and develops the STRP final report



Who we're working with...

OSAC SWGDE ASTM VITAL OSAC Organization of Scie

Partnerships

SSO and SDOs

 SSO – Standards Setting Organization

 SDO – Standards Developing Organization Home / About Us

About Us

Over 12,000 ASTM standards operate globally. Defined and set by us, they improve the lives of millions every day. Combined with our innovative business services, they enhance performance and help everyone have confidence in the things they buy and use.

Helping our world work better.



SWGDE

NEW!!! Subscribe to our new meeting announcement email distro under the Subscribe menu link!

on Digital Evidence

Scientific Working Group



The **Scientific Working Group on Digital Evidence (SWGDE)** brings together organizations actively engaged in the field of digital and multimedia evidence to foster communication and cooperation as well as to ensure quality and consistency within the forensic community.

Next scheduled in-person meeting will be held September 19-22, 2022 at the NCFTA in Pittsburgh, PA

See the **Events** page for more information!

Where we're at...

Standards on the Registry - Published

- ASTM E2916-19e1 Standard Terminology for Digital and Multimedia Examinations
 - Drafted in collaborations with OSAC's Digital Evidence, Facial Identification, and VITAL Subcommittees
 - Compilation of terms and definitions used in the examination of digital and multimedia evidence





Standards on the Registry - Published

- ASTM E3235-21 Standard Practice for Latent Print Evidence Imaging Resolution
 - Provides recommendations on the resolving power standards that enables recording of level 3 details of latent print evidence that are suitable for comparison purposes using a digital camera, a flatbed scanner, or other image capture device





Standards on the Registry – OSAC Proposed

- OSAC 2021-S-0013 Standard Guide for Post Mortem Examination Photography
 - provides procedures describing specific photography and lighting techniques for documenting postmortem examinations





Standards on the Registry – OSAC Proposed

- OSAC 2021-S-0027 Standard Guide for Laboratory Photography
 - Provides guidelines for the photographic documentation of evidence in the laboratory or another controlled environment





At STRP

- OSAC 2021-S-0037 Standard Guide for Photogrammetry
 - Provides basic information on conducting photogrammetric examinations as a part of forensic analysis

At STRP

- OSAC 2021-S-0036 Standard Guide for Image Authentication
 - Provides information on the evidentiary value, methodology, and limitations when conducting an image authentication examination as a part of forensic analysis

Draft complete

- OSAC 2022-S-0031 Standard Guide for Forensic Digital Video Examination Workflow
 - Provides a generalized workflow suitable for all digital video examinations performed to address forensic questions
 - Includes the assessment, processing, and analysis of video

Draft complete

- Standard Practice for Training in the Areas of Video Analysis, Image Analysis, and Photography
 - Describes the minimum criteria for training-to-competency programs in technical topics related to the disciplines of forensic video analysis, image analysis, and photography

In draft

- Standard Guide for Photographing Scars, Marks, and Tattoos
 - Outlines best practices for photographing scars, marks, and tattoos on living or deceased persons to achieve high quality images and optimize database searches and manual comparisons

Collaborations

- OSAC 2022-S-0001 Standard Guide for Image Comparison Conclusions/Opinions
 - Defines conclusion/opinion categories that shall be reached by a practitioner performing comparisons of people, objects, or scenes captured in images (e.g., faces, vehicles, clothing, skin details), regardless of the process by which opinions are reached

Collaborations

- Standard Guide on Process Based Quality Assurance Criteria for Digital and Multimedia Evidence
 - Outlines minimum quality assurance and control requirements specific to examining digital and multimedia evidence (DME); which may include assessing, processing and analyzing items

Standards in Progress – at SDO



 Standard Practice for Data Retrieval from Digital CCTV Systems (WK61709)

 Standard Guide for Crime Scene Photography

 ASTM E2825-21 Standard Guide for Forensic Digital Image Processing



AT SWGDE



www.swgde.org

- SWGDE Best Practices for Image Content Analysis
- SWGDE Requirements for Report Writing in Digital and Multimedia Forensics
- SWGDE Best Practices for Archiving Digital and Multimedia Evidence
- SWGDE Guidelines for Validation Testing
- SWGDE Best Practices for Photographic Comparison for All Disciplines

OSAC

Research Needs

Video/Imaging Technology & Analysis

- Authentication of PDF Documents
- Detecting Deepfakes
- Determination of the Size of the Smallest Detail Required for Tire and/or Shoe Comparisons
- Factors Affecting Image Quality When Extracting a Still from Video
- Software Validation Repository
- Vehicle Comparison Black Box and White Box Study
- Vehicle Year, Make and Model Analysis Black Box and White Box Study



Other Work Products

References

Guidance on Non-routine Offsite Forensic Examination of Digital/Multimedia Evidence.

Webinars, Presentations & Training Videos

- <u>Video/Imaging Technology and Analysis (VITAL) Subcommittee Updates</u>, American Academy of Forensic Sciences (AAFS)
 Annual Scientific Meeting, February 2021.
- <u>Video/Imaging Technology and Analysis (VITAL) Subcommittee Updates</u>, AAFS Annual Scientific Meeting, February 2020.
- <u>Video/Imaging Technology and Analysis (VITAL) Subcommittee Updates</u>, International Association for Identification (IAI)
 Conference, August 2019.
- Video/Imaging Technology and Analysis (VITAL) Subcommittee, IAI Conference, August 2018.



Get Involved:

- Apply to join OSAC
 - https://www.nist.gov
 - Designate VITAL
- Apply to join ASTM
- Apply to join SWGDE

THE ORGANIZATION OF SCIENTIFIC AREA COMMITTEES FOR FORENSIC SCIENCE

OSAC Newsroom

Organizational Structure

Registry

Implementation Plan

Standards Approval Process

Charter, Bylaws and Terms of Reference

Lexicon

Research and Development Needs

Catalog of External Standards and Guidelines

Access to Standards

Standards and Documents: Category Descriptions

Apply to Join OSAC <---

Interdisciplinary Activities



OSAC Standards Bulletin, August Read the Summer Edition of the 2019 Now Available OSAC Newsletter!



In Case You Missed It - Check Out the Video and Presentations from OSAC's June Public Update & Discussions Meeting

The Organization of Scientific Area Committees (OSAC) for Forensic Science works to strengthen the nation's use of forensic science by facilitating the development of technically sound forensic science standards and by promoting the adoption of those standards by the forensic science community.

OSAC NEWSLET

These standards are written documents that define minimum requirements, best practices, standard protocols, and other guidance to help ensure that the results of forensic analysis are reliable and reproducible.

OSAC is administered by the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST), but the great majority of its more than 550 members are from other government agencies, academic institutions, and the private sector. These members have expertise in twenty-five specific forensic disciplines, as well as general expertise in scientific research, measurement science, statistics, law, and policy.

OSAC members work together to develop and evaluate forensic science standards via a transparent, consensus-based process that allows for participation and comment by all stakeholders.

What kind of standards does OSAC work on? Here's a recent example: <u>Standard for Sampling Seized Drugs Approved for OSAC Registry.</u>





Thank you

https://www.nist.gov/topics/organization-scientific-area-committees-forensic-science