OSAC RESEARCH NEEDS ASSESSMENT FORM



Title of research need: Fiber Population Studies

Describe the need:

Research on the variability of fiber types and colors present within different regions of the US and seasonally with the purpose to better understand background fiber types and colors, the potential for similar fibers to be found, and differences across the US

Keyword(s): Fibers, population study, random match

Submitting subcommittee(s): Trace Materials Date Approved: 6/12/2025

Background Information:

1. Does this research need address a gap(s) in a current or planned standard? (ex.: Field identification system for on scene opioid detection and confirmation)

Yes, we need better information on fiber populations within and across the US to aid examiner understanding of the distribution of fiber types when evaluating evidence. Research on this topic has been conducted in Europe and these studies would be helpful to understand random match probabilities for fibers, as well as offer the potential for statistical analyses to complement a comparison of fiber evidence of possible source analysis to better interpret the evidence within its relevant background population.

2. Are you aware of any ongoing research that may address this research need that has not yet been published (e.g., research presented in conference proceedings, studies that you or a colleague have participated in but have yet to be published)?

Not in the U.S.

- 3. Key bibliographic references relating to this research need: (ex.: Toll, L., Standifer, K. M., Massotte, D., eds. (2019). Current Topics in Opioid Research. Lausanne: Frontiers Media SA. doi: 10.3389/978-2-88963-180-3)
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- M.C. Grieve, J. Dunlop, P. Haddock, An assessment of the value of blue, red, and black cotton fibers as target fibers in forensic-science investigations, J. Forensic Sci. 33 (1988) 1332–1344.
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- R. Palmer, V. Chinherende, A target fiber study using cinema and car seats as recipient items, J. Forensic Sci. 41 (1996) 802–803.
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- W. Fong, S.H. Inami, Results of a study to determine the probability of chance match occurrences between fibers known to be from different sources, J. Forensic Sci. 31 (1986) 11859J.

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- M.C. Grieve, T. Biermann, M. Davignon, The occurrence and individuality of orange and green cotton fibres, Sci. Justice J. Forensic Sci. Soc. 43 (2003) 5–22
- K. Wiggins, P. Drummond, T.H. Champod, A study in relation to the random distribution of four fibre types on clothing (incorporating a review of previous target fibre studies), Sci. Justice J. Forensic Sci. Soc. 44 (2004) 141–148.
- 4. Review the annual operational/research needs published by the National Institute of Justice (NIJ) at https://nij.ojp.gov/topics/articles/forensic-science-research-and-development-technology-working-group-operational#latest? Is your research need identified by NIJ?

No

5. In what ways would the research results improve current laboratory capabilities?

These studies would aid the interpretation of fiber associations and the understanding of potential random matches from the background fiber populations.

6. In what ways would the research results improve understanding of the scientific basis for the subcommittee(s)?

This research would improve fiber examiners' understanding of how common various fiber types and colors may be within the population.

7. In what ways would the research results improve services to the criminal justice system?

This research would be useful to fiber examiners writing reports and testifying in court so as to not overstate potential rarity of a fiber.

This research need has been identified by one or more subcommittees of OSAC and is being provided as an informational resource to the community.