

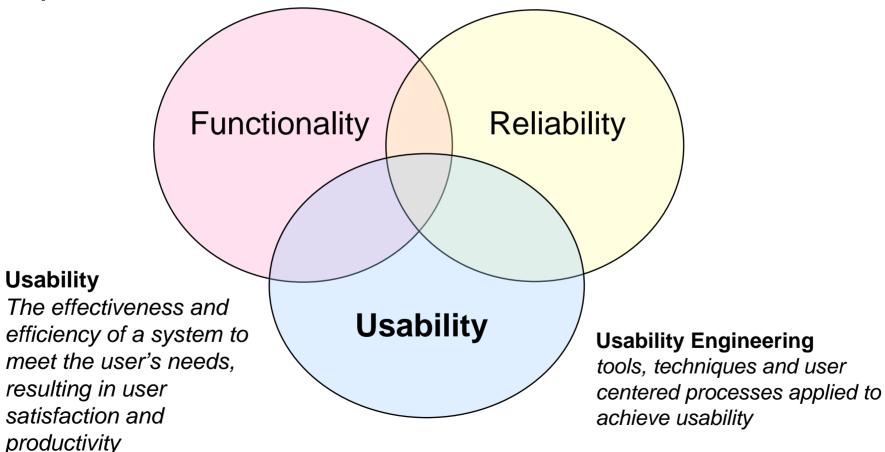
Mary Theofanos
Ross Micheals

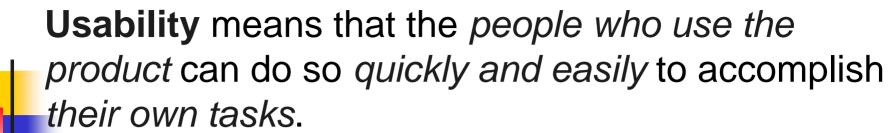


### What is Usability?



### Usability is part of a successful product





Usability is a combination of factors that affect the user's experience including

- Effectiveness—a measure of user productivity, how well a user can perform his job accurately and completely.
- Efficiency a measure of how quickly a user can perform work, the resources expended to accomplish the task.
- Satisfaction The degree to which users like the product: a subjective response in terms of ease of use, frustration, and usefulness.

#### Why does Usability matter?



### Usability Problems are Uncontrolled Overhead

A large, invisible source of **uncontrolled overhead** results when **end-users** find their tools :

- confusing to comprehend
- time-consuming
- error prone
- inconsistent
- require excessive training, & frequent informal retraining

This undermines business benefits and expected ROI

### The Value of Usability



#### Examples of savings include

#### Maximizing throughput

- Standardizing the counter height of the scanner
- Saves an average of 1.1 seconds per scan (4.6% in time savings)
- Increases operational throughput capacity from 40,000 to 41,800 captures/day

#### ◆ Improved biometric system accuracy

- recognize the affects of age and gender
- recognize the affects of feedback

#### Minimize training and errors

- 10 print capture is computationally more complex
- early observational data indicates that subjects tend to remove their hands too quickly
- recovery will add at least 10% to the total capture time

### Goals of the effort:

The development and testing of a set of usability guidelines for biometric systems that:

- enhance performance
- improve user satisfaction/ acceptance
- provide consistency across biometric system user interfaces

# Guidelines must address

- Users
  - Subjects, operators, examiners, users with special needs
- Context
  - Environment, motivation, cognitive load
- Tasks
  - Acquisition/capture, training, tools
- Usability metrics
  - Throughput, accuracy, satisfaction

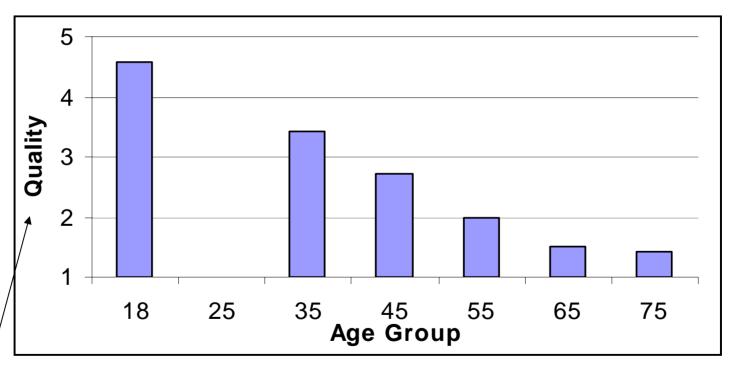
## Consider for example 3 questions:

Does habituation affect user's performance and the acquisition of quality prints?

- How does feedback affect habituation and image quality?
- Does the height of the scanner affect user's performance?



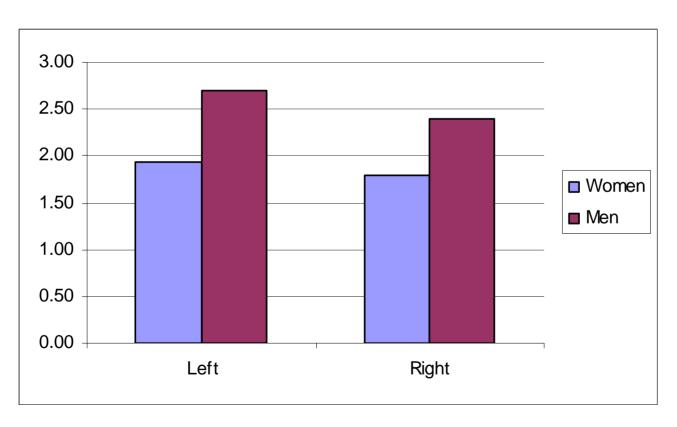
# Younger subjects submit higher quality prints than older subjects



Quality of fingerprints by age group



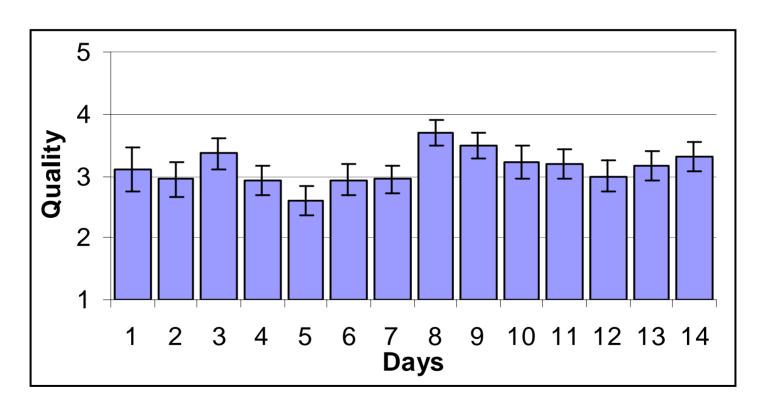
# Women's fingerprints, on average, are of poorer quality than men's



Quality of fingerprints by gender



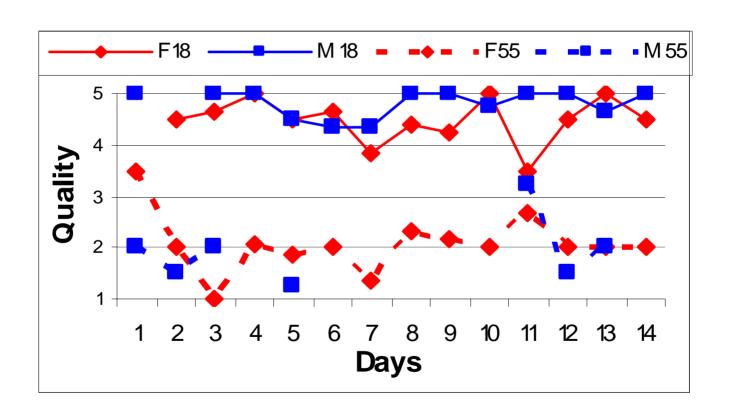
# Without feedback, habituation has no affect on image quality



Quality of finger prints over time



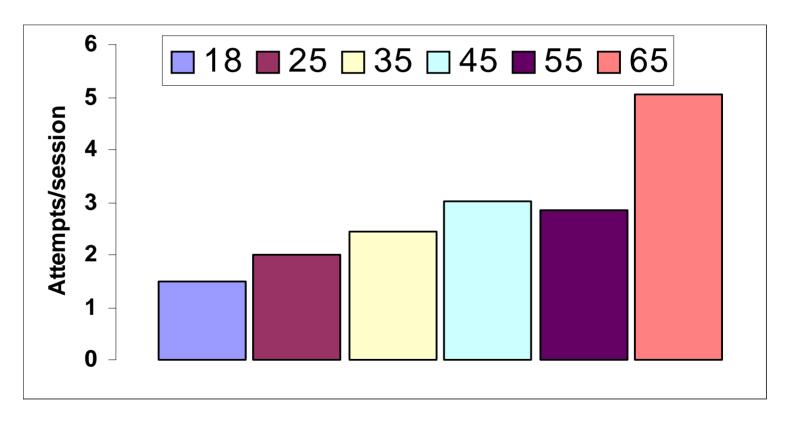
# Daily Variability was observed, but no overlap of 2 groups



Quality of finger prints over time for 18-25 and 55-65 age groups



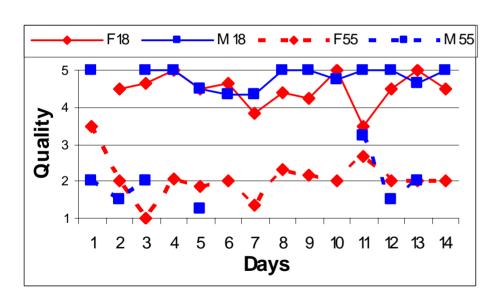
# When feedback was introduced older participants tried more times

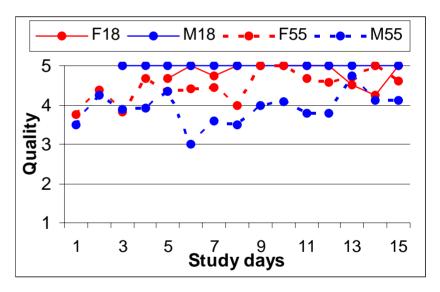


Attempts by age group

# With feedback older subjects produced prints that were of higher quality over time

Quality of finger prints over time for 18-25 and 55-65 age groups.





Phase 1 (no feedback)

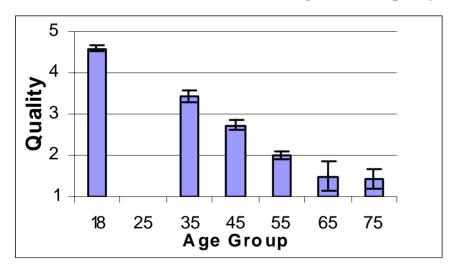
Phase 2 (with feedback)



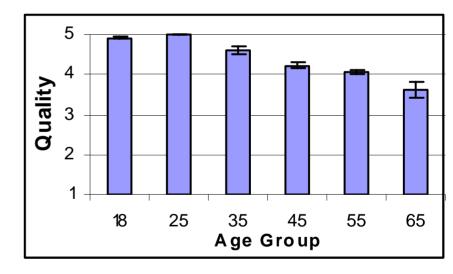
# Younger subjects still submit higher quality prints

#### But older subjects did improve

#### Quality of fingerprints by age group

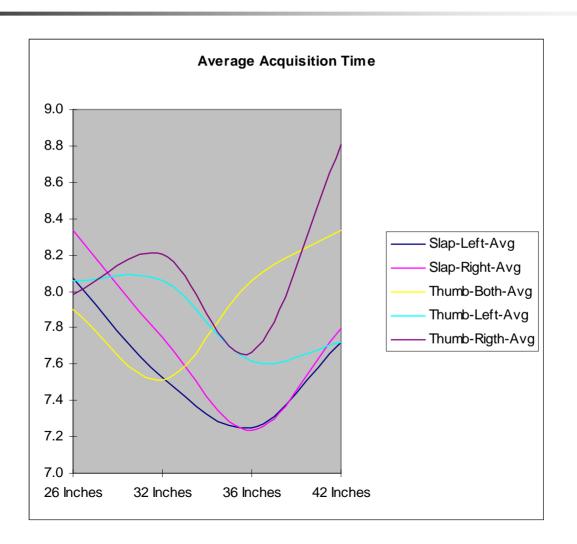




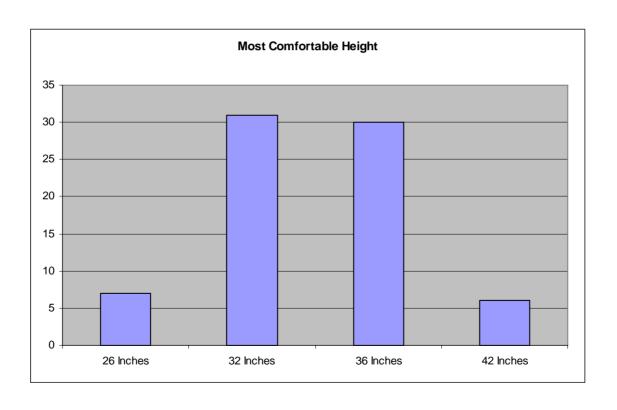


Phase 2 (with feedback)

### Height does affect acquisition times



### **Users prefer**



# Recommended guidelines from these studies would include:

- Habituation without feedback cannot be expected to significantly effect print quality.
- Habituation with feedback can translate into improvement of quality—subjects can produce higher quality prints with fewer attempts.
- The nature of the feedback provided needs more investigation; determining the optimal feedback remains an open problem
- Users are both most comfortable and are fastest when using fingerprint scanners at standard counter height

# Future Work

- Complete analysis of height study
- Design a study to examine approaches to feedback
- 10-print user timing study
- 10-print user instruction study



#### **Contact Information**

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