





# **Building Information Modelling**

An overview of BIM from the Dutch perspective

- Dick Schmidt
- Director Built Environment at TNO









The current status of technical support for Integrated Design Solutions (IDS) is not strong or ubiquitous. Only limited forms of integration are offered through the BIM-based approaches offered by major CAD vendors. These approaches are typically vendor specific and tie together a small number of design tools (in comparison to the thousands that are available in the marketplace). The set of software tools available through any one CAD system are unlikely to be the set required by any particular grouping of professionals involved in a construction project, creating an immediate barrier to the IDS goal.







The Real Estate & Construction Cluster is a highly fragmented industry where most projects are based on low-bid contracts. This leads usually to ad-hoc project teams where most participants focus on minimizing costs and are not interested in developing new collaboration methods or adding value to other participants. However, all project participants have to collaborate and share information. This situation creates a significant challenge to companies who want to be in the leading edge.

Arto Kiviniemi, Olof Granlund Oy, Finland CIB IDS 2009, 10–12 June
First International Conference on Improving Construction and Use through Integrated Design Solutions







# Technologies: Recommended Actions from CIB IDS 2009 Workshop

#### Short Term

# •Develop toolkits to allow for experimentation

- Identify appropriate standards
- •Develop technology and demand for it in parallel
- Simulation and experimentation
- Product model

#### Medium Term

- Develop modular tools
- Share standards
- •Standard data models and interfaces
- Solutions for flexible and adaptable architecture
- Shared model

#### Long Term

- •Develop a holistic framework supporting flexible processes and modular tools (plug &do)
- •Development of technology that interacts with the user
- Develop interfaces to standards
- Information models for the Build Environment will support the full integrated decision making over the full lifecycle
- Open BIM

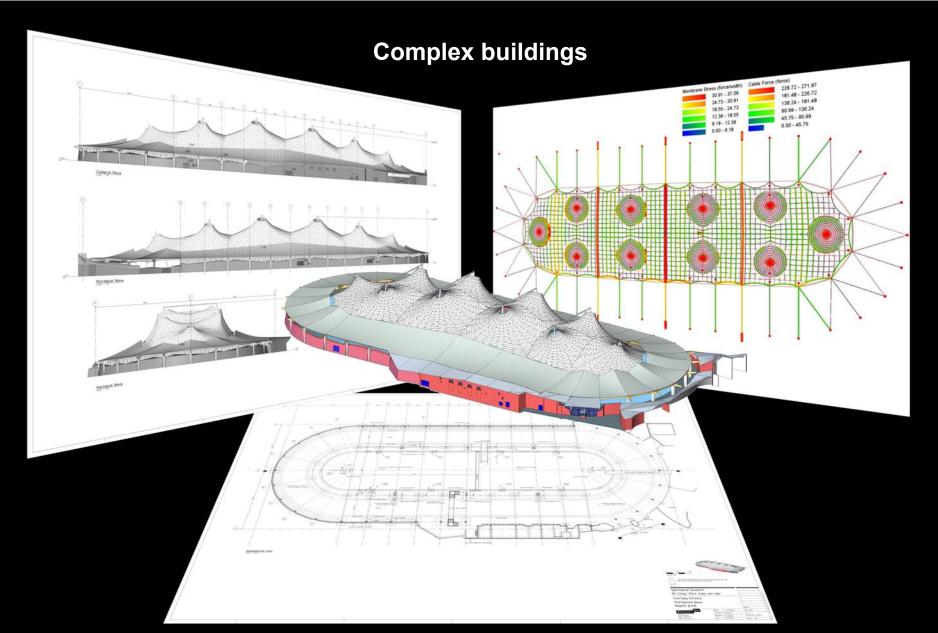
Possible Barriers: personal interests of different vendors, too many standards, too much focus on technology and not construction, short term business relationships, licensing conditions, cost and time of developments, acceptance of open source, legacy solutions

Required Enablers: critical mass, demanding client, regulation, structuring and categorising already accumulated needs into rules and functions, collaboration between different stakeholders, convergence of standards, interfaces to standards, experimentalists



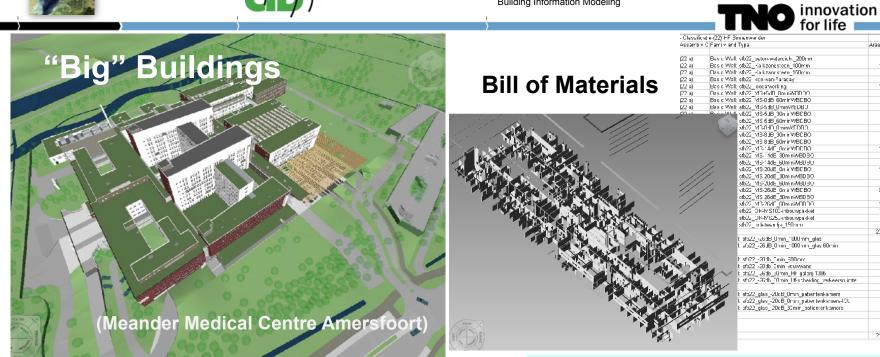


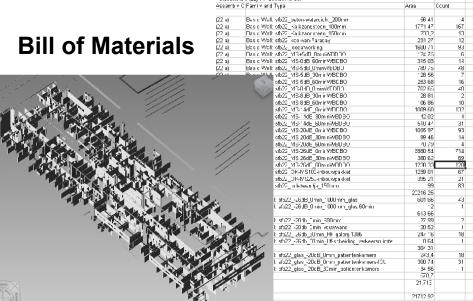


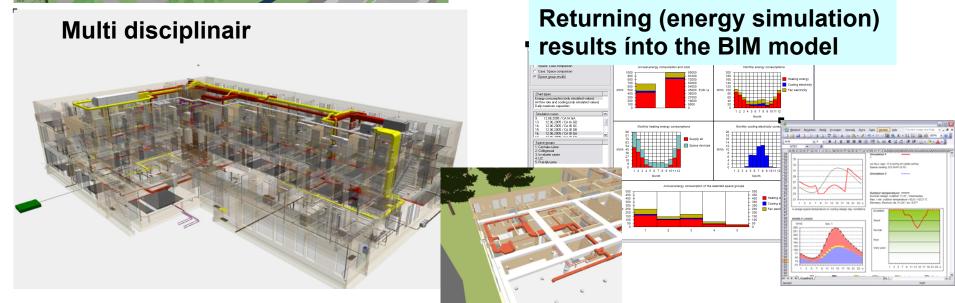


















#### **BIM Definition**

A digital description of all aspects of a physical building / construction / infrastructure supportive for the whole lifecycle.

#### **Three Worlds:**

- 1. BIM for buildings / constructions
- 2. BIM for (civil) Infrastructures
- 3. BIM for Districts / Sites => "GIS"

#### Five related concepts:

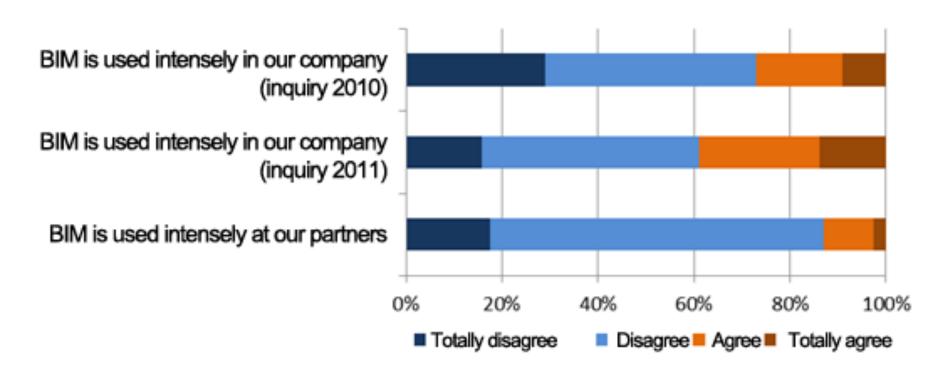
- 1. Business Process Modelling (BPM)
- 2. Workflow Management (WfM)
- 3. Systems Engineering (SE)
  - Modeling and Management of <u>new</u> buildings / constructions
- 4. Asset Management (AM)
  - Modeling and Management of <u>existing</u> buildings / constructions
- 5. Geografical Information Systems (GIS)







### "State of the BIM"

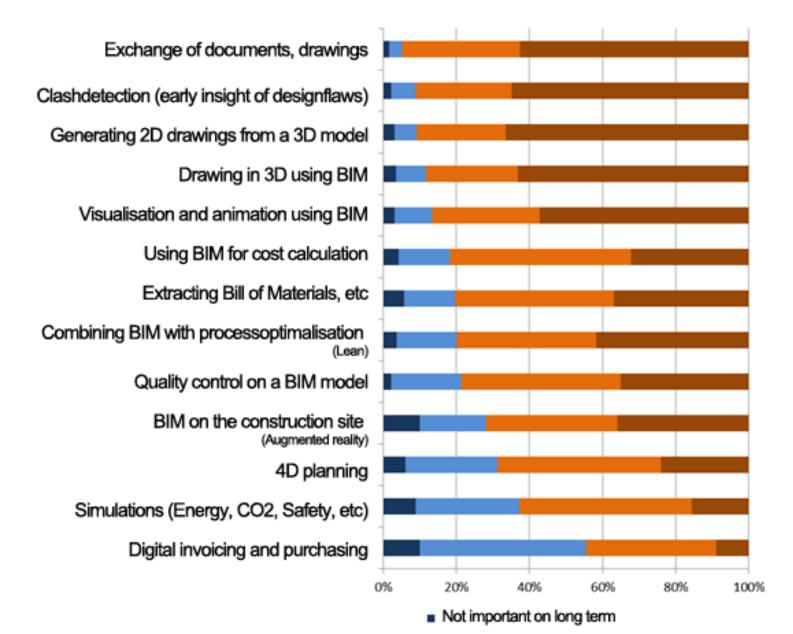


source: Balance&Result BIM inquiry, December 2011





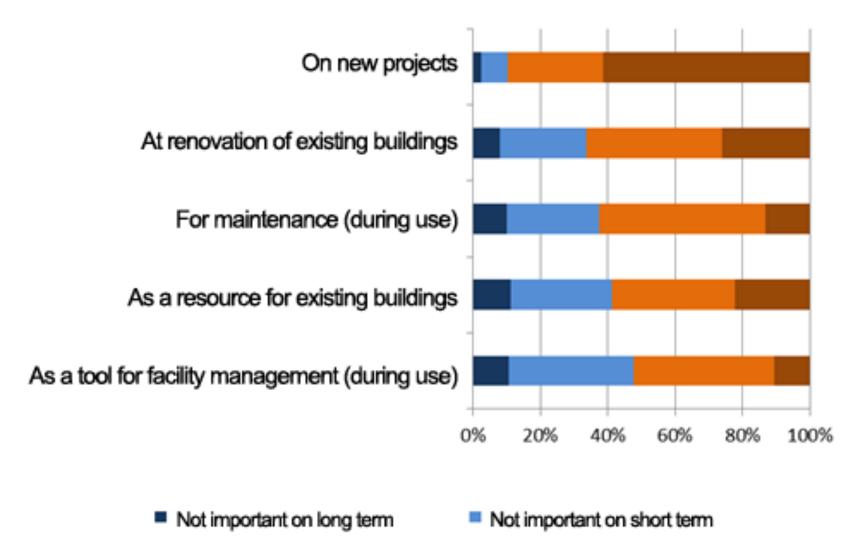












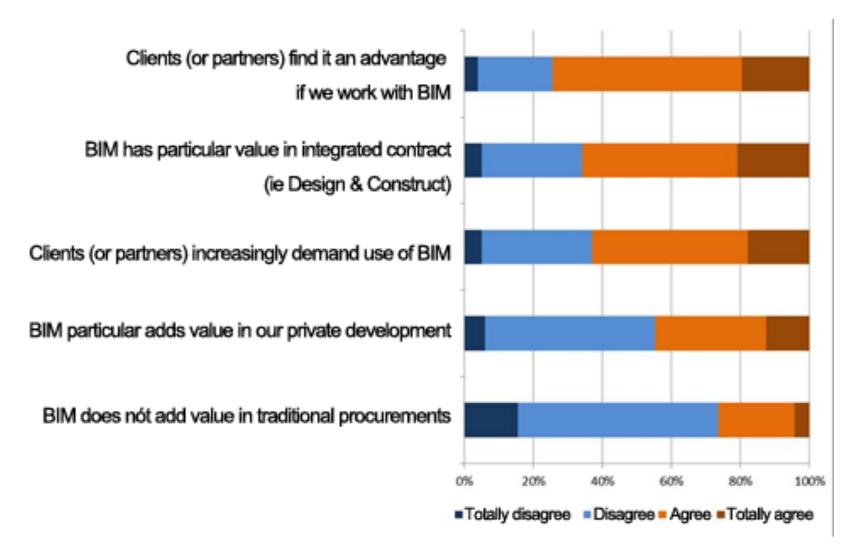
Becomes important in 1-2 years

Is already important today









source: Balance&Result BIM inquiry, December 2011







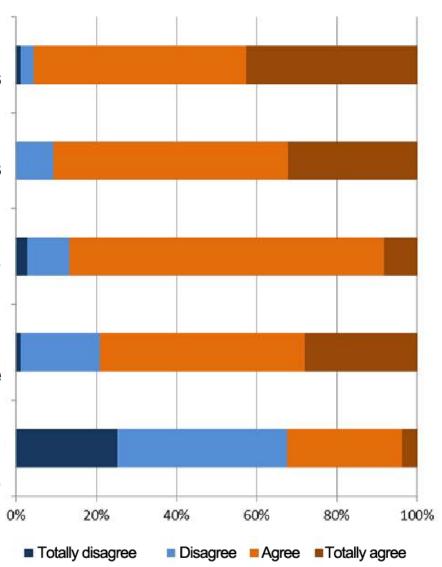
Projectpartners should better align the information exchange process

Projectpartners should secure (in a contract) their information exchange process

The number of available objectlibriaries, BIM standards and -methodologies is increasing.

Projectpartners should inform each other of project methodology,data and results without the need or obligation to use prescribed software

Industry partners should prescibe specific software tools to each other, in order to enhance information exchange.









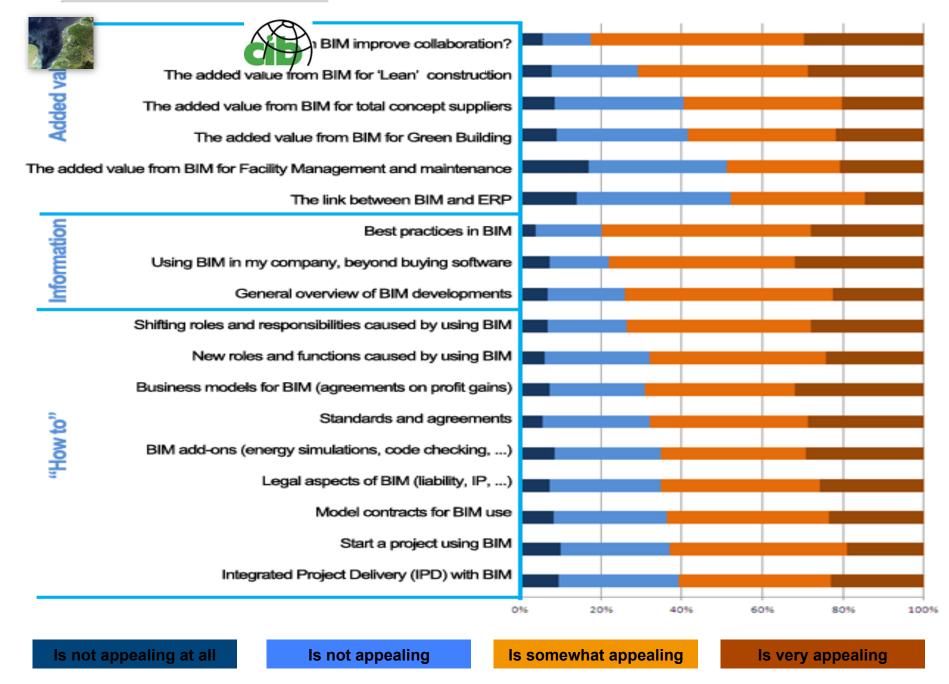
# What is the most popular software among architects in Europe

Top 3 names of CAD software (in % of respondents that use CAD software. N=1099)

			<u>(5)</u>		
AutoCAD (50%)	ArchiCAD/ Nemetschek (18%)	AutoCAD (34%)	AutoCAD (64%)	AutoCAD (61%)	AutoCAD (27%)
ArchiCAD (10%)	AutoCAD (16%)	ArchiCAD (22%)	ALLPLAN (8%)	ArchiCAD (10%)	ARKEY (18%)
Vectorworks (7%)	Vectorworks (10%)	ALLPLAN (13%)	Autodesk (2%)	Autodesk (5%)	REVIT (13%)
Do not know (15%)	Do not know (11%)	Do not know (10%)	Do not know (11%)	Do not know (6%)	Do not know (7%)

In 2009 the highest awareness and experience with BIM was observed among Dutch architects. In 2011, the architects in the Netherlands are still the biggest group who works with and knows BIM.

Source: Arch-Vision





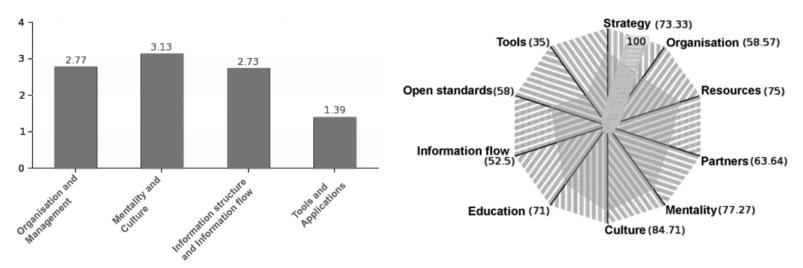




www.bimquickscan.nl

### **BIM Quickscan**

- 45 Questions about different aspects of BIM
- Results on: 4 chapters, 7 aspects



- Goal: show where BIM improvements are possible
- > TNO Goal: Benchmark for BIM level in the Netherlands
- Certified consultant

#### Some first results:

- MEP engineers & construction engineers are frontiers
- Strong focus on strategic issues and process/workflow
- · Lots of potential in application and tools





#### HoeSlimIsUwBIM?

- > => HowSmartIsYourBIM?
- BIM Model of the year Yearly contest
- Goal: Showing the market what is already possible today!
   (and encouraging them into action)
- Teams (BIG BIM!) send in BIM models + process description
- Jury (3 or 4 members) decide winner
- Jury uses Quickscan score
- Might be an international contest in 2012 (!)





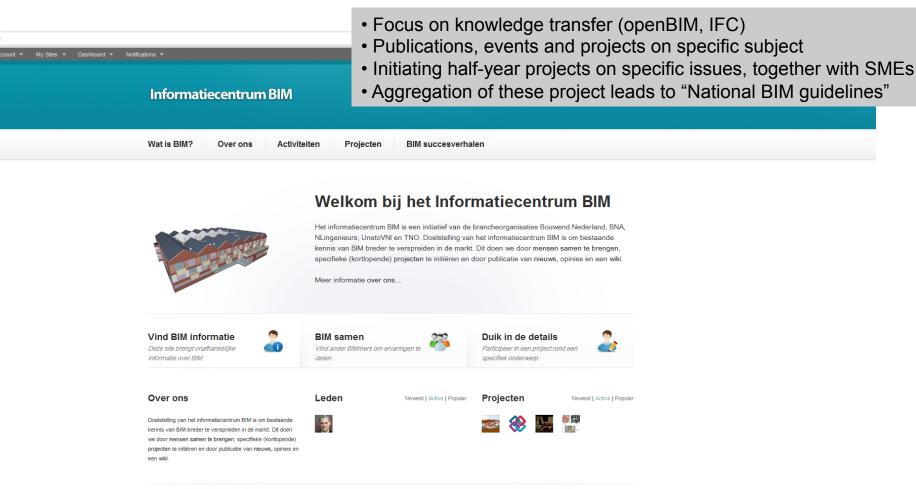




BIM succesverhalen



### **National Information centre BIM**



(C) Samenwerkende brancheorganisaties en TNO

Source: ibim.nl 2012







# Biggest building on smallest site in the Netherlands:

Max. 185.000 m2 !!

Est. 7.000 rooms (?)

delivery East: 2012-Q4

delivery West: 2017-Q1

Fixed completion dates: 2012-Q4 2017-Q1



## Endusers as driving forces

- Layout designers work with online programming tool dRofus
- Engineers checking drawings with requirements
- Users can check their inventory (new and re-use)
- Owner will research effect and value of open BIM process
  - "Increasing trust and control"
  - "Irreversible to irresistable process"
- Using a Model server....the next step?
- Small steps where the key to succes!!!













Rijksgebouwendienst Ministerie van Binnenlandse Zaken en Koninkrijksrelaties

# Rgd BIM Norm

Source: RGD 2011











### RWS Roadmap towards 20% BIM in 2014

#### Targets 2011:

- Consolidate BIM ambitions at board level
- Consolidate BIM ambitions at organisational level
- Create BIM awareness and collaboration mindset
- Initiate BIM-approach and information platform
- Gain experiences with BIM in projects
- Start legal integration (NL + EU)
- Define pilot projects (and start rws.bimlab.nl)

#### 3 tracks of activities:

- Consolidate BIM within RWS
- Develop RWS BIM documentation
- Upscale BIM, along with the industry



Rijkswaterstaat 9/22/2011

Source: TNO, RWS, 2011









#### Information criteria to BIM



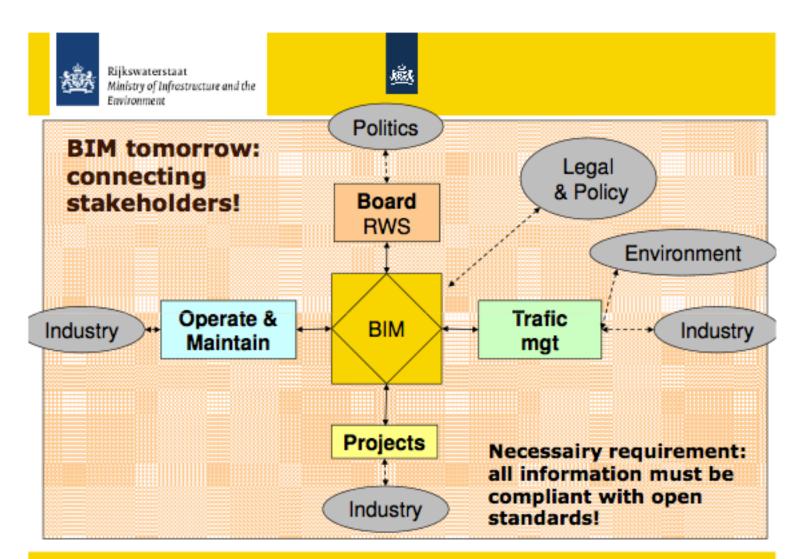
- <u>Usefull</u>: relevant, valuable and usefull information for RWS processes and decision making including software tools.
- <u>Complete</u>: contain all information required to serve all stakeholders in every discipline in every lifecycle fase.
- <u>Reliable</u>: information must be correct, unified and up-to-date
- <u>Uniform</u>: follow agreed on information structures en open formats
- <u>Transparant</u>: management-information (who, when, why was information created or changed)

Rijkswaterstaat 9/22/2011









Rijkswaterstaat

9/22/2011







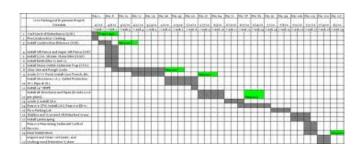
#### Government service administrations RGD & RWS

- The Government Buildings Agency (RGD)
  - Intent: all major project to use IFC
  - By November 1<sup>st</sup>, 2011 RGD mandates IFC for DBFMO & DBM
  - Ambition to extend/improve
  - At delivery of the building the BIM and related files must be permanently updated and permanently within reach of the endusers. RGD will set requirements for the IT environment enabling this.





# From routine or incident-driven maintenance and repair...





.. towards interfaces with information for planned, knowledge-based prevention by the infrastructure

operator.



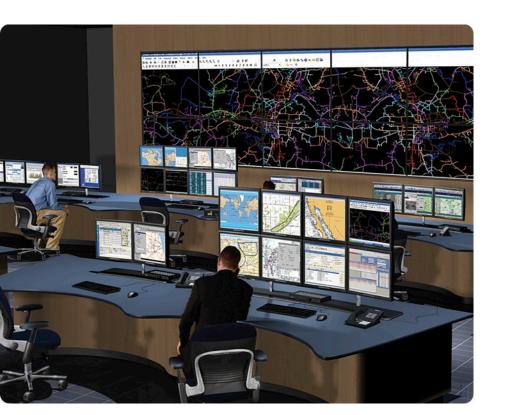


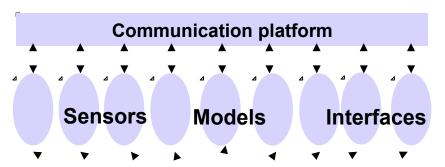


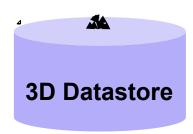
### The ambition \*)

Starting with how-built info, update, integrate, enrich, share and use information to enable

knowledge-based asset management by the infrastructure operator











## with improved maintenance toolbox!

#### Site specific residual capacity assessment

Repair materials & methods, e.g.

capture chloride & release inhibitor

short term electrochemical techniques



Improved existing technology, e.g.

cathodic protection (25+ year life!)
preventive measures (hydrophobic treatment)





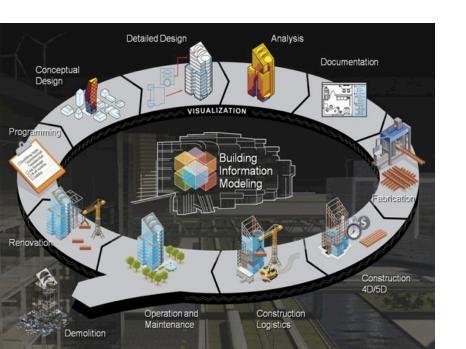


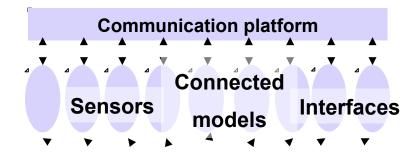


# Is the ultimate ambition

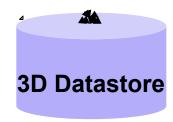
## Collect, integrate, enrich, share and use information to optimise:

- > design phase (constructional safety, fire safety, sustainablity, noise&vibration, clash detection, practicability, cost, ...)
- > building phase (work planning, logistics, mismatch-with-design detection,...)
- > operational phase (how-built info as basis for maintenance)





Feedback from sensing Interactive usage









#### Practical use of BIM in the Netherlands:

- Very high level
- Very detailled
- Very wide range of applications/use
- Very different kind of buildingtypes/projects
- > Safe to say:
  - Almost all complex projects are engineered using BIM
  - Experienced BIM users almost only use BIM (for every project)
  - Increasing gap between leading group and peloton