

An Overview of Healthcare Associated Infections and Their Impact

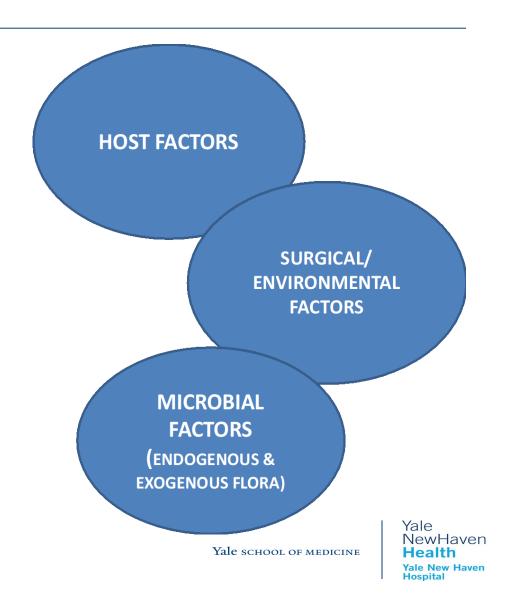
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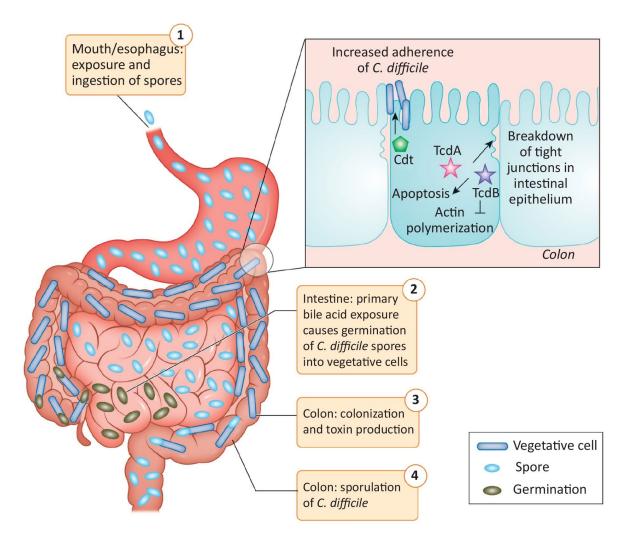
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Definition: Infections which are not initially present or incubating when healthcare is initiated but subsequently develop in relation to the healthcare "exposure"

Surgical site infection (SSI)



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- Central line associated bloodstream infection (CLABSI)

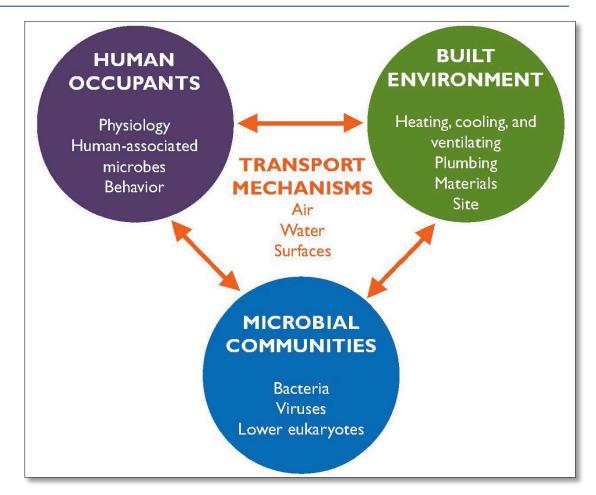


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- Catheter associated urinary tract infection (CAUTI)



Human microbiome & built environment

- Persons entering new environments acquire new microbes into their microbiome, contaminate their environment with their microbiome
- Patients entering the hospital environment acquire and share their fecal flora with the environment
- Can acquire potentially pathogenic bacteria
 - May be resistant to antibiotics
 - May exchange less virulent for more virulent organisms



http://nas-sites.org/builtmicrobiome/

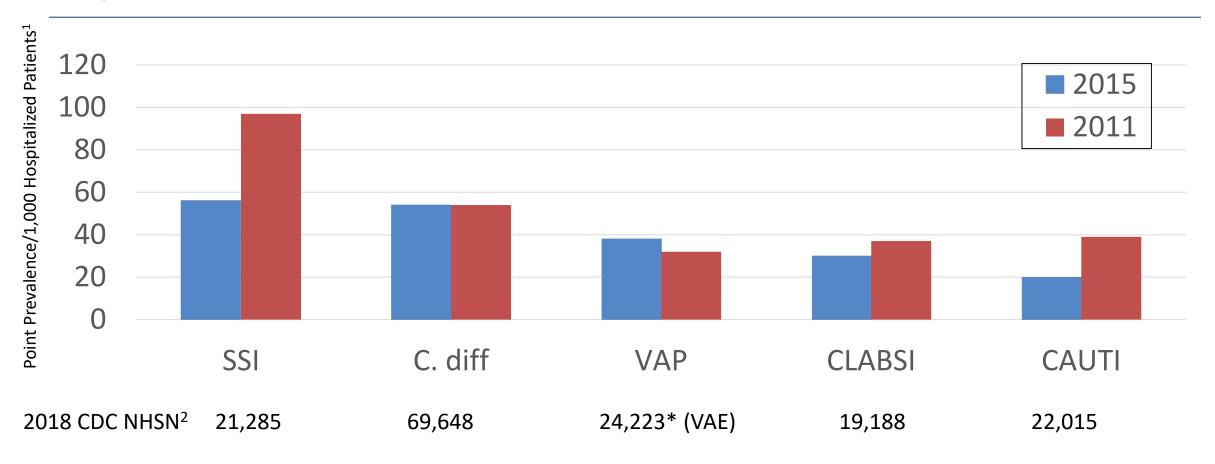
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Brooks B, et al. *Nature Communications* 2017;18:1814.

National Academy of Sciences. *Microbiomes of the Built Environment*. 2017

Impact of Healthcare Associated Infections



- 1. Magill SS, et al. *N Engl J Med* 2018;379:1732-44.
- 2. CDC National Healthcare Safety Network 2018 National and State HAI Progress Report https://www.cdc.gov/hai/data/portal/progress-report.html?CDC AA refVal=https%3A%2F%2Fwww.cdc.gov%2Fhai%2Fsurveillance%2Fprogress-report%2Findex.html



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 Multiple factors det patient may acquire a associated infection

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 The control of microbial contan, nation of the healthcare environment, hand hygiene and other factors can prevent most healthcare associated infections

