

## Supplemental Quantitative Analysis Training

*Updated: November 2024*



# Inside Each Kit

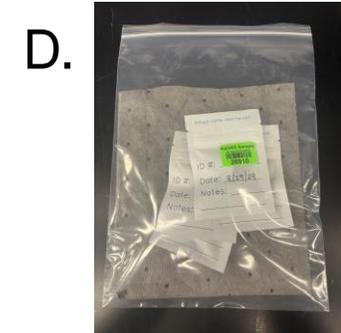
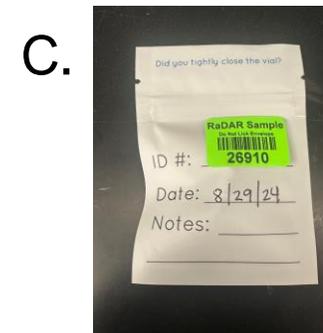
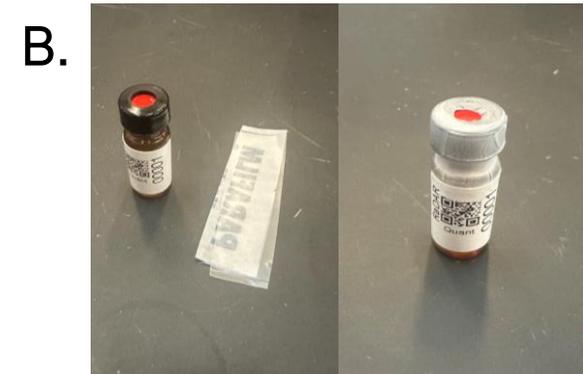


White shipping boxes are also provided as a way to ship samples to NIST.

# Sample Collection

## How to Sample:

1. Wear gloves to minimize cross-contamination and prevent exposure.
2. Using provided microscoop, transfer 1 or 2 scoops of material from original container into a barcoded vial. **(A.)**
3. Tightly cap the vial. Use a strip of precut parafilm to wrap around cap and top of vial. **(B.)**
4. Fill out the desired information on the plastic envelope with a corresponding barcode. Place the vial in the plastic envelope and zip the plastic enveloped closed. **(C.)**
5. Place multiple envelopes containing vials into one of the larger clear bags containing sorbent material. Ensure the large plastic bag is zipped closed. **(D.)**
6. Place the large plastic bag containing samples into a rigid box and ship to NIST for analysis.



# Shipping Samples

- To ship, place large plastic bag containing samples into the provided white shipping boxes or another rigid box.
  - *Note: NIST does not provide mailing materials or cover shipping charges.*
- Please ship plastic vial box back to NIST once all vials are used.
- Mailing address:  
National Institute of Standards and Technology  
Edward Sisco, RaDAR  
100 Bureau Drive  
Building 217, Room B253  
Gaithersburg, MD 20899

## DO NOT SEND:

Paraphernalia.

Anything with visible blood or bodily fluid.  
Drug product NOT in a barcoded vial that has been capped, parafilmmed, and stored in a plastic envelope.

# Sample Receipt & Analysis

- Intake
  - Information from envelope is recorded in database.
  - *Any personal identifiable information on envelope will not be recorded.*
- DART-MS Analysis
  - Qualitative analysis of sample completed using DART-MS.
  - *See RaDAR Qualitative Training.*
- Sample Preparation for Quantitation
  - Solvent evaporated from vial and vial is weighed to obtain weight of powder.
  - Sample diluted with methanol containing internal standard.
- LC-MS/MS Analysis
  - Sample analyzed by LC-MS/MS for a target compound panel.
  - Percent of total weight calculated for panel compounds.
- Reporting
  - Quantitative results are reported back within 1 to 2 weeks after sample receipt, using an Excel sheet.

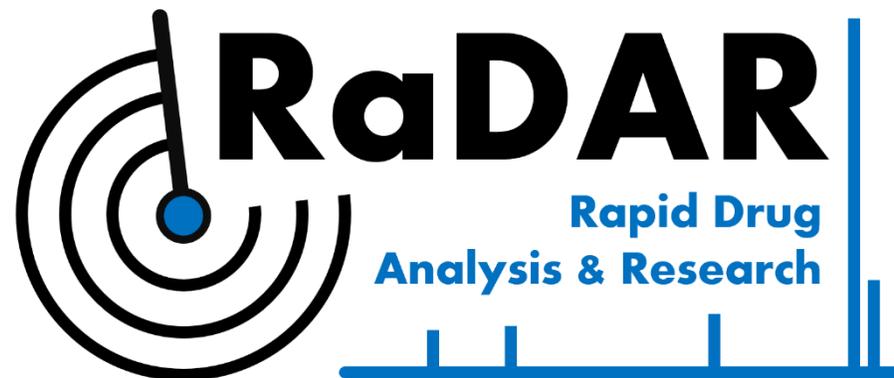
## Current Quant Panel:

- 4-ANPP
- BTMP
- Cocaine
- Fentanyl
- *p*-Fluorofentanyl
- Heroin
- Lidocaine
- Medetomidine
- Methamphetamine
- Phenethyl 4-ANPP
- Tetracaine
- Xylazine

# Reporting Results

Agency	NIST_ID	4-ANPP	BTMPS	Cocaine	Fentanyl	Fluorofentanyl	Heroin	Lidocaine	Medetomidine	Methamphetamine	Phenethyl 4-ANPP	Tetracaine	Xylazine
CA-PWL	10001	NA	NA	45.0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	15.3	NA
CA-PWL	10002	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	80.0	NA	NA	NA
CA-PWL	10003	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	85.4	NA	NA	NA
CA-PWL	10004	<LOQ	15.6	NA	5.2	NA	NA	NA	5.6	NA	<LOQ	NA	NA
CA-PWL	10005	NA	NA	NA	4.8	1.2	NA	NA	NA	NA	<LOQ	NA	NA
CA-PWL	10006	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	40.0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
CA-PWL	10007	NA	NA	36.4	NA	NA	NA	15.4	NA	NA	NA	11.2	NA
CA-PWL	10008	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	87.9	NA	NA	NA
CA-PWL	10009	NA	11.2	NA	10.3	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
CA-PWL	10010	1.2	NA	NA	4.5	2.3	NA	NA	NA	NA	<LOQ	NA	15.6

- Key points in Excel sheet:
  - Values reported are mass percent (The sample contains X% fentanyl).
  - Abbreviation “<LOQ” indicates compound was detected but the amount present was below limit of quantification.
    - Limit of quantitation is compound dependent.
    - The minimum mass percent detectable will be dependent on the amount of material received.
  - Abbreviation “NA” indicates compound was not detected (either it was not present or was below the limit of detection of the instrument).
  - Samples with new results will be highlighted in green.
- Note: the reported values are the free base form of the compound and do not include corrections for salt form.



*Please reach out with questions & suggestions!*

[RaDAR@nist.gov](mailto:RaDAR@nist.gov)



RaDAR Page