HALON & CFC DESTRUCTION, RECOVERY, RECYCLING, AND RECLAMATION TECHNOLOGIES

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ABSTRACT

The presentation outlines the latest issues associated with halon and chlorofluorocarbon (CFC) and recovery, recycling, reclamation, and destruction technologies. The results of a recently completed market survey of available equipment are also presented. The survey was conducted, under United States Air Force sponsorship, **to** identify commercially available equipment and services for recovery of chlorofluorocarbons (CFCs), halons, and related alternative materials. The results have been documented in a report which included (1)name, address, and telephone number for vendors; (2) price and a description **d** the systems; (3) performance data such **as** discharge and recharge rates, weight, dimensions, and compatible halocarbons; (4) description of the halocarbon purification systems, what contaminants can be removed, and how punty can be verified; (5) training availability and adequacy of operation and maintenance documentation; and (6) data indicating system maturity and reliability including historical data on number of systems in use. The report **also** included an evaluation of the available manufacturers, equipment, and the issues related to halocarbon recovery, recycling, and reclaiming with recommendations. Thirty four companies offering 54 different pieces of equipment and/or services were documented.

LAWS AFFECTING CFCs and HALONS

- Montreal Protocol -Then
 - Now
- Clean Air Act 1990 Title VI
- OMNIBUS Budget Reconciliation Act of 1989
- DoD Action
 - Defense Authorization Act for FYs 90/91 Sec 356
 - DoD Directive 6050.9
 - AFR 19-15
- SARA Title III

MONTREAL PROTOCOL

- Negotiated by United Nations in Sep 87 Senate ratified Dec 88 • Entered into Effect Jan 89
- Controls Production/Consumption of Ozone Depleting Compounds (ODCs)
- Periodic Reassessments Based on scientific, environmental, technical and economic information. Committees formed and reports published
 - 1989 Complete 1991 In process
- Renegotiated June 1990 in London

110

CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES

- CFCs-11, -12, -113, -114, & -115
- Halons 1211,1301,2402
- Carbon tetrachloride (CC-10)
- Methyl chloroform (HCFC-140a)
- All fully halogenated fluorocarbons
- HCFCs (several alteratives to current CFCs)

CLEAN AIR ACT 1990 Title VI

- CHEMICALS AND PHASEOUT SCHEDUI ES MATCH OR EXCEED CURRENT PROTOCOL
- MAKES EXEMP

i Safety (cal Devices, lational Security, Developing Countries, Fire [] si & Explosion Pr(Generally regarded as "essential uses."

- REQUIRES PROE :T LABELIN
 - TES NONESSENTIAL USES
- ONTROLS EMISSI((RECOVERY/RECYLE)

CAA 1990 • TITLE VI

NATIONAL RECYCLING AND EMISSION REDUCTION PROGRAM

- <u>Jan 1992</u> Requires Certified MAC service techs to use "approved" R/R equipment for Class I & II Sub.
- Julv 1992 Regulations restricting service and disposal of Class I Substances to "Lowest Achievable Emissions Level" also requires R/R
- <u>July 1992</u> Venting Class I & II Substances used **as** refrigerant during appliance service, repair, or disposal prohibited.
- <u>Jan 1995</u> Regulations for use and disposal of Class II Substances.
- <u>Jan 1995</u> Venting Class I & II Substances and their substitutes prohibited; mandatory R/R/R or destruction.

OMNIBUS BUDGET RECONCILIATION ACT OF 1989

- New Taxes on CFCs and Halons (gov. not exempt)
- CFCs: 1990/91 \$1.37/lb XODP 1992 • \$1.67/lb X ODP 1993/94 • \$2.65/lb X ODP 1995 and beyond add \$0.45/lbxODP/yr
- Halons: 1991-93 \$0.25/lb X ODP 1991 add \$2.65/lbxODP H 1211⁻ \$ 8.00/lb H 1301- \$26.50/lb 1995 and beyond add \$0.45/lbxODP: H 1211- \$1.35/lb/yr H 1301- \$4.50/lb/yr





STATE LEGISLATION SUMMARY

| State | Foam | CFC <u>Mobile</u> | R/R Fixed | AC Ban | Container Ban |
|---------------|------|----------------------|--------------|--------|---------------|
| CA | | Х | X | | x |
| CN | Х | Х | Х | | Х |
| CO | | | Х | | |
| Ш | | Х | Х | | X |
| IA | X | | | | |
| IL | | Х | Х | | |
| \mathbf{FL} | | х | | | |
| LS | | х | х | | |
| ΜE | х | х | | х | Х |
| ΜN | | Х | | | Х |
| MO | х | | | | |
| NY | | х | х | | Х |
| NC | Х | | | | |
| RI | | | | | Х |
| OR | х | х | | | Х |
| VT | | х | х | х | Х |
| WI | | х | х | х | Х |

SEARCH FOR ALTERNATIVES

- UNEP (United Nations Environment Program
 6 technical reports, reassessment in process)
- PAFTT (Program for Alternative Fluorocarbon Toxicity Testing I, II, **III, & IV**)
- AFEAS (Alternative Fluorocarbon Environmental Studies 14 Companies)
- ICOLP (Industry Cooperative for Ozone Layer Protection **11** companies **7** cleaning projects)
- DOD, EPA, INDUSTRY (Reviewing MILSPECS and MILSTDS. Numerous alternative chemicals research programs)
- ASHRAE, ARI, EPA, SAE, and DOE (Reviewing existing systems, guidelines, and impacts.)

MILSPECS and MILSTDS

- $20 \cdot Halons$
- **118 -** Refrigerants
- 178 Solvents
 - 1- Foams
 - 7 Propellants
 - 1- Medical

RESEARCH OBJECTIVES

- Identify Commercially Available Equipment and Services
- Document Existing Information
- Discuss Applicable Issues
- Summarize Technologies and Provide Recommendations

ODC USES EVALUATED

- Refrigeration and Air Conditioning
 - •• C FCs 11, 12, 113, 114, 115, 500, and 502
 - •• HCFCs (new alternatives)
 - •• Mobile and Fixed Systems
- Halon Fire Extinguishants
 - •• Halons 1011,1211,1301, and 2402
 - •• Portable Extinguishers and Total Flood Systems
- Solvents
 - •• CFCs 113, 10, 140a
 - •• HCFCs (new alternatives)
 - •• Batch and Continuous Systems

| Application | Usage,% | Usage Adjusted for ODP,% |
|--------------------|---------|--------------------------|
| Refrigeration | 34 | 21 |
| Auto AC | 13 | 19 |
| Foam Products | 18 | 26 |
| Solvent | 16 | 19 |
| Polymer | 11 | 2 |
| Medical | 2 | 3 |
| Aerosol | 2 | 3 |
| Fire Extinguishant | s 4 | 7 |

ESTIMATED GLOBAL ODCs CONTRIBUTION TO OZONE DEPLETION BY APPLICATION

DEFINITIONS



DEFINITIONS (Continued)



DEFINITIONS (Continued)

Remanufacture:



DEFINITIONS (Concluded)

Destruction:



REGULATIONS, STANDARDS, SPE(ICATIONS, **IND GUIDELINES FOR R** R

- ARI
 - K-1990 Container standard for recovered CFCs
 - ... 700-88 · Specifications for fluorocarbon refrigerants
- ASHRAE •
 - Guideline 3-1990 for reducing CFC emissions **
- SAE
 - 1989 Recommended service procedures for MACs
 - ** ••
 - **1990 R/R** Equipment for mobile air conditioners **1991 -** Purity standards lor mobile air conditioner systems
- UL •
 - **1963** Refrigerant recovery, recycle, and reclaiming equipment for MACS 2006 Halon **121** recovery, recycle, and reclaiming equipment
 - ••

R/R/R MARKET SURVEY

- Contaminants Include
 - •• Particles •• Moisture
 - •• Oils •• Acids
 - •• Non-Condensible Gases
- Types of R/R/R Equipment and Services •

 - Fixed Usually Reclaim Technology
 Portable Recovery and Recycle Technology

| <u>Catego^{r i} g</u> | Eauipment | <u>UL Listed</u> | In Process | <u>Services</u> |
|-------------------------------|-------------|------------------|------------|-----------------|
| CFCs Holons | 51 (32 Co) | 24 | 4 | $5 \\ 2$ |
| Solvents | >10 (10 Co) | - | - | 5 |

CONCERNS

- General
 - **Cross Contamination of Chemicals** ••
 - **Reliability of Equipment** ...
 - **Purity Requirements** ...
 - **Specification Attainment** ...
- Industry •
 - **Refrigeration and Air Conditioning** ...
 - ... Foam
 - **Aerosol and Sterilants** ...
 - **Solvents** ...
 - **Fire Protection** ...
- Safety Issues
- Residue Issues
- QA/QC Issues

DESTRUCTION TECHNOLOGIES

ESTABLISHED

- <u>Incineration</u> High fuel consumption, costs, and emissions.
- <u>Biodegradation</u> Slow.

EMERGING

- <u>Steam Reforming</u> Low emissions and cost; commercial unit available for testing.
- <u>Plasma Pyrolysis</u> Low emissions; prototype commercial unit available for testing.
- <u>Ozonolvsis</u> Prototype commercial unit available for testing.

DESTRUCTION TECHNOLOGIES (Cont.)

POTENTIAL

- Supercritical Water Oxidation LANL
- Hydrolysis
- Catalytic Dehydrohalogenation
- Electron Beams and Water LANL
- Microwave
- Destruction using Quicklime (?)

CONCLUSIONS

R/R/R

- Comercial Equipment & Services Are Available
- Many Factors Influence Purchase Decisions
- Traditional Methods Require Significant Change
- Determine Purity Requirements
- Assess Impact on Organization (Budget Requirements)

DESTRUCTION

- High Costs
 Loss of Valuable Resource
- Emerging Technologies Require Additional Research

DEVELOP WORLDWIDE, NATIONAL, & COMPANY BANK MANAGEMENT PROGRAMS