## **Reliable Environment for Secure Police** Dirk.Grunwald@Colorado.edu \* Operations and NetworkS Sangtae.Ha@Colorado.edu \* Eric.Wustrow@Colorado.edu <sup>◊</sup> University of Colorado **†** Dept. of Computer Science Boulder ♦ Electrical, Computer & Energy Eng. Interdisciplinary Telecom Program The Problem In many first-response scenarios, it is common for multiple departments and jurisdictions to need to cooperate with POLICE one another, introducing complex communication challenges: **Reliable**: Communications must be robust against network fragmentation and disruption **Distributed**: The decentralized nature of operations requires devices to e: Hartlepool College, Creative Commons directly communicate with one another

Example: "Active shooter" scenario requires reliable, distributed, and secure communication

- in the temporary absence of a central controller
- Secure: Communications must be protected from eavesdropping and active interference

between police, fire & medical first responders.

Responders must be able to temporarily share information such as maps, photos and messages without significant pre-planning

## Objectives

The goals of **Respons** are to build a robust and reliable software framework that simplifies the construction of advanced public safety applications in disconnected or intermittently connected environments.

Our approach builds on emerging *Information Centric Network* and *Fog Computing* concepts while using proven technologies adopted in data center applications to minimize risk.

## Approach

We plan to use existing commodity software where possible, and leverage technology that already tackles similar reliability and decentralized challenges in a different context.



We propose to use technology widely deployed in **modern datacenters**, and apply them to disconnected mobile communication.

Technologies such as etcd offer



## Impacts

The **Respons** software environment should simplify agency-specific software development for information gathering & dissemination in field operations.



distributed consensus, while remaining robust in the face of intermittent disconnection





Proven machine learning techniques for network occupancy will infer LTE, WiFi performance, allowing informed selection of multiple wireless links

We will use standard network tools like **multipath TCP** for robust communication over multiple links.



We plan to use **opportunistic encryption** between devices to protect against passive eavesdroppers, and an optional certificate authority.