

Precision Engineering of Biomolecular Function with Massively Multiplexed Genotype-Phenotype Measurements and Machine Learning

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Goals

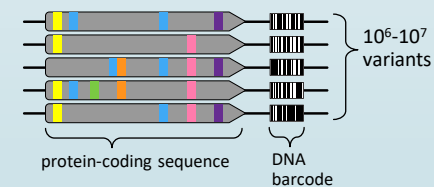
- Help turn engineering biology into a mature, quantitative engineering discipline
- Create an engineering workflow for precision, made-to-specification biomolecules for use in larger engineering projects
- Replace and/or supplement directed evolution with something better
- Create a synthetic biology design-build-test-learn framework that can scale to millions of designs simultaneously

What do we want to engineer?

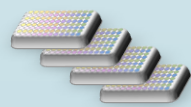
- Living Measurement Systems: cells engineered to sense their environment, make decisions, and respond

Approach

1. Create barcoded libraries of mutated variants of sensor proteins



3. Test every variant over a range of ligand concentrations



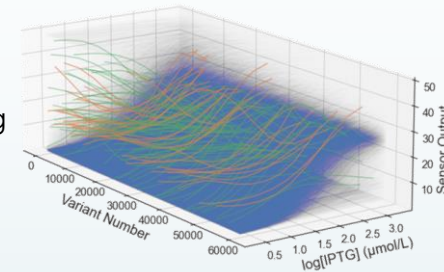
2. Transform sensor libraries into bacteria and link cell growth rate to sensor output



4. Short-read (barcode) sequencing to measure dose-response (phenotype); long-read sequencing to measure matching genotype

Results: Two Routes to Precision Engineering

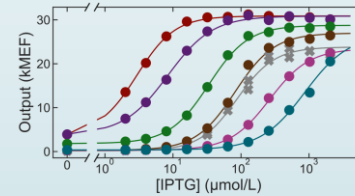
Quantitatively measure phenotype (dose-response) and matching genotype for every variant in large library



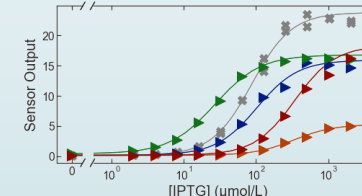
Results published in *Molecular Systems Biology*, DOI: 10.15252/msb.202010179

1. **In silico selection:** Identify DNA sequences from measured library with desired dose-response

Precision EC₅₀: 1.25-fold accuracy over 3 orders of magnitude



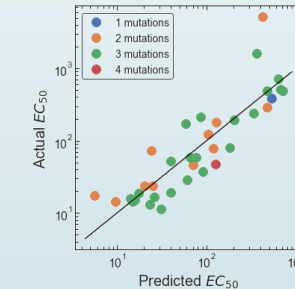
Multi-objective engineering: Select EC₅₀ and G_∞ independently



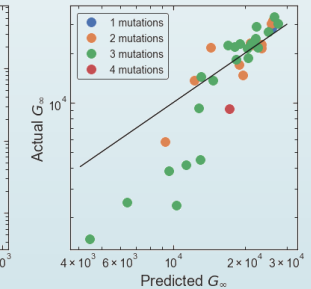
2. **Forward Engineering:** Learn design rules from large-scale data (ML, biophysical models); predict new DNA sequences

High-accuracy, interpretable ML model of genotype-phenotype landscape [Poster #112]

2.1-fold RMSE

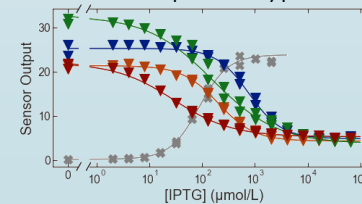


1.6-fold RMSE

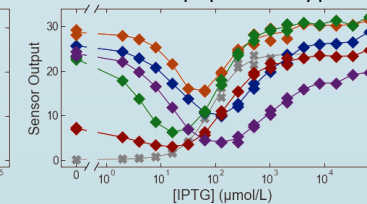


Find rare dose-response phenotypes

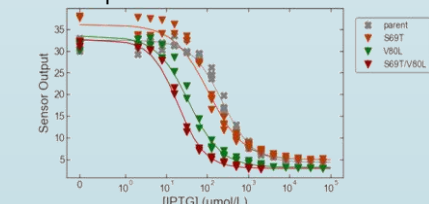
Genetically diverse inverted phenotypes



Completely novel band-stop phenotypes



Extrapolative Engineering: Improved Inverted Sensors



We have postdoctoral positions available and are also seeking collaborators interested in applying this measurement approach to other protein engineering projects; contact: david.ross@nist.gov