



**NIST**



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# Physical Components of Secondary Pump Condition-based Monitoring System

**Katie Behnert**



# Physical Portion



Katie Behnert

# Digital Portion



Abdullah Weiss



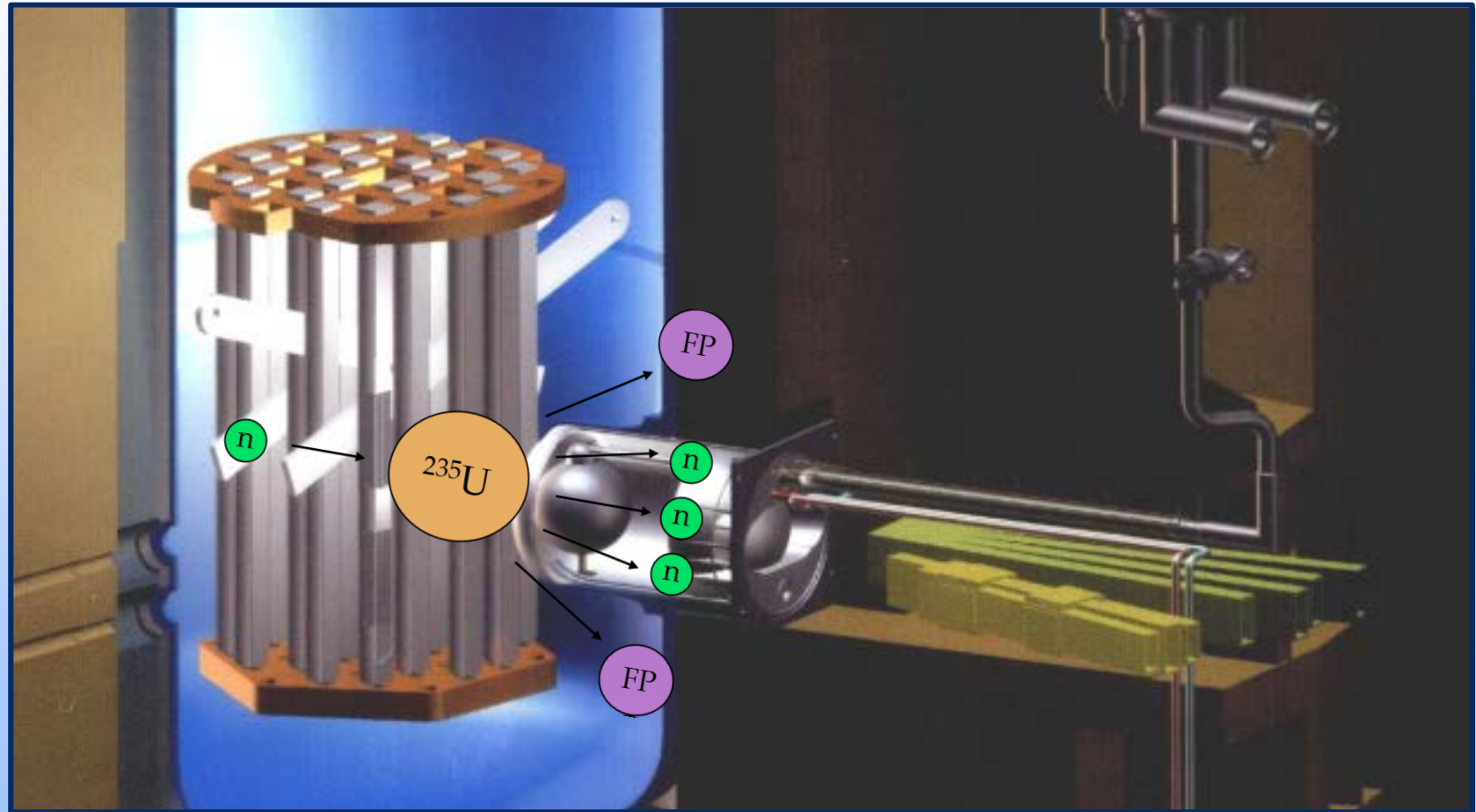
# Outline

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- ▶ Setting the Stage
- ▶ Techniques Used
  - ▶ Vibration Analysis
  - ▶ Temperature Analysis
- ▶ Conclusions
- ▶ Future Work/  
Additional Applications



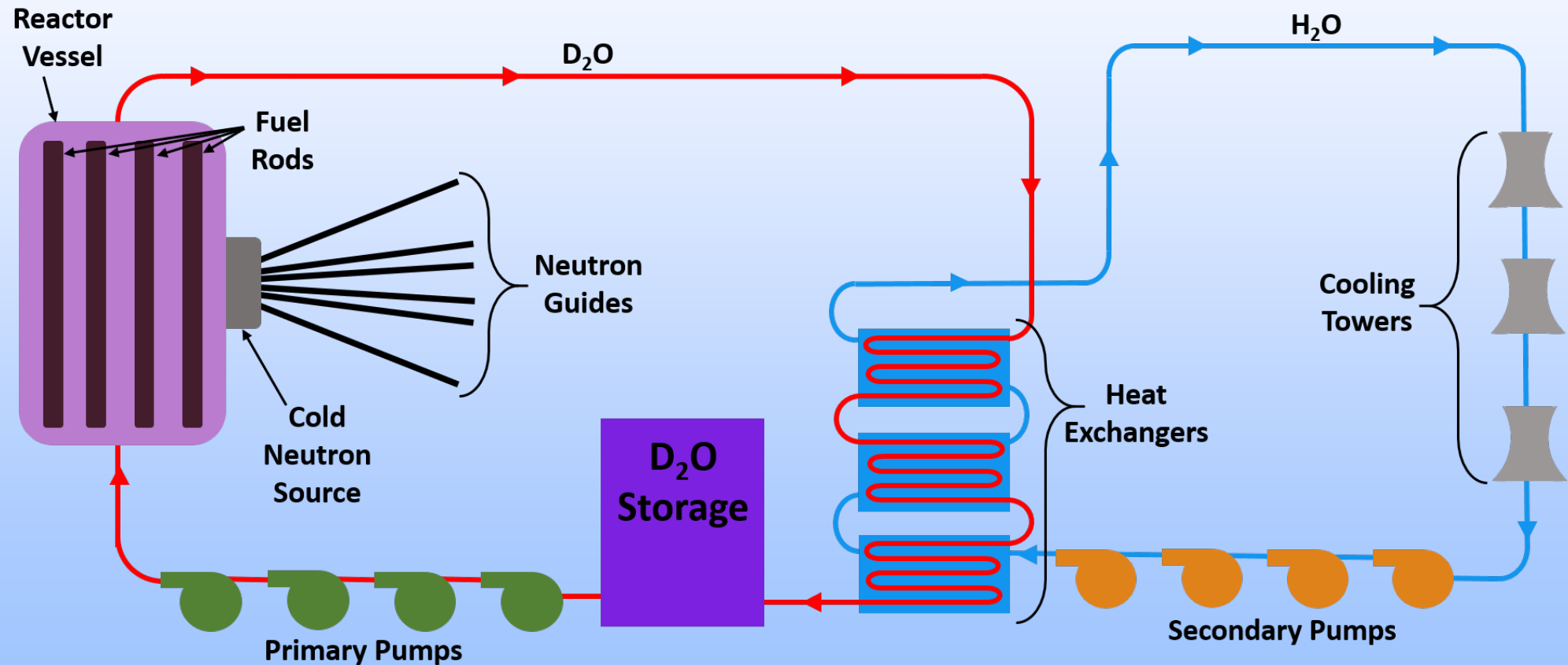
The National Bureau of Standards Reactor (NBSR) is a heavy water reactor used for creating neutrons needed for research.



[[https://www.ncnr.nist.gov/summerschool/ss07/bob\\_williams.pdf](https://www.ncnr.nist.gov/summerschool/ss07/bob_williams.pdf)]



Secondary pumps circulate regular water that cools the heavy water leaving the reactor via external cooling towers.



Condition-based Monitoring (CBM) is a type of predictive maintenance that looks at the pump's current status.



The designed CBM system consists of two techniques:  
vibration and temperature analysis.

Vibration Analysis



Temperature Analysis



[<http://www.go4b.com/usa/datasheets/milli-temp-bearing-temperature-sensor.pdf>]





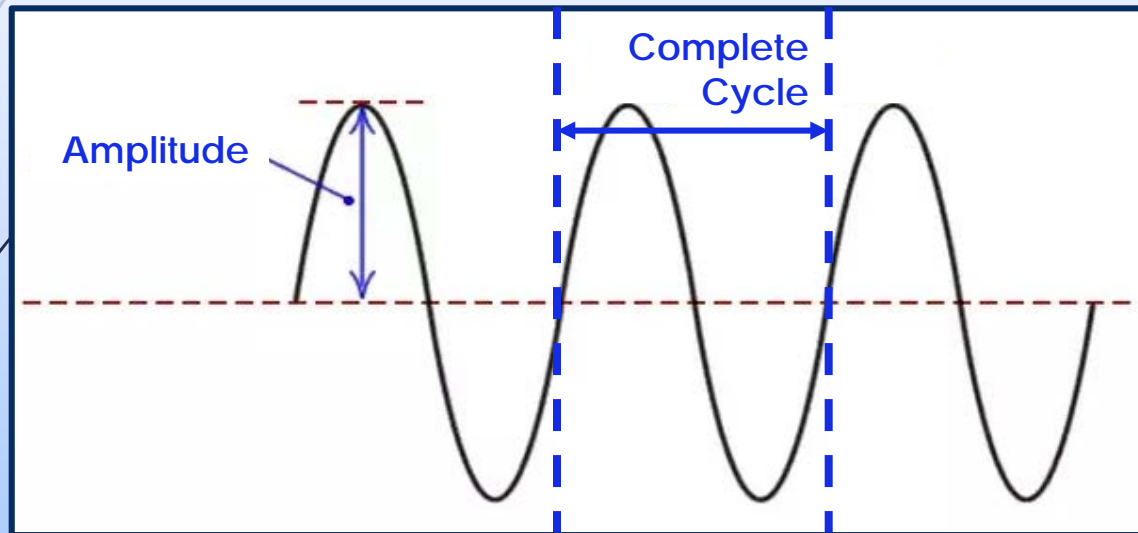
# Vibration Analysis Explanation

How it works

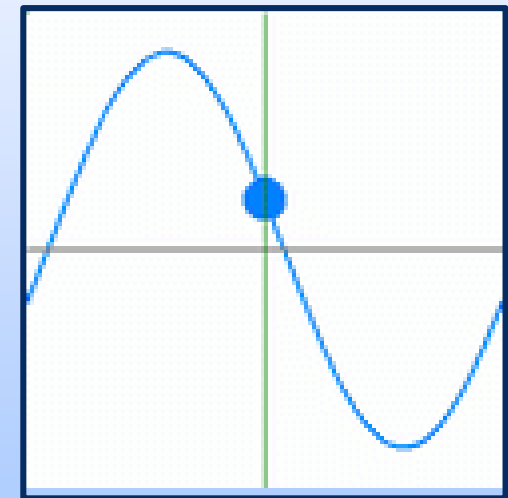




Vibration analysis data is recorded in the form of sine waves; these waves are defined using *amplitude* and *frequency*.



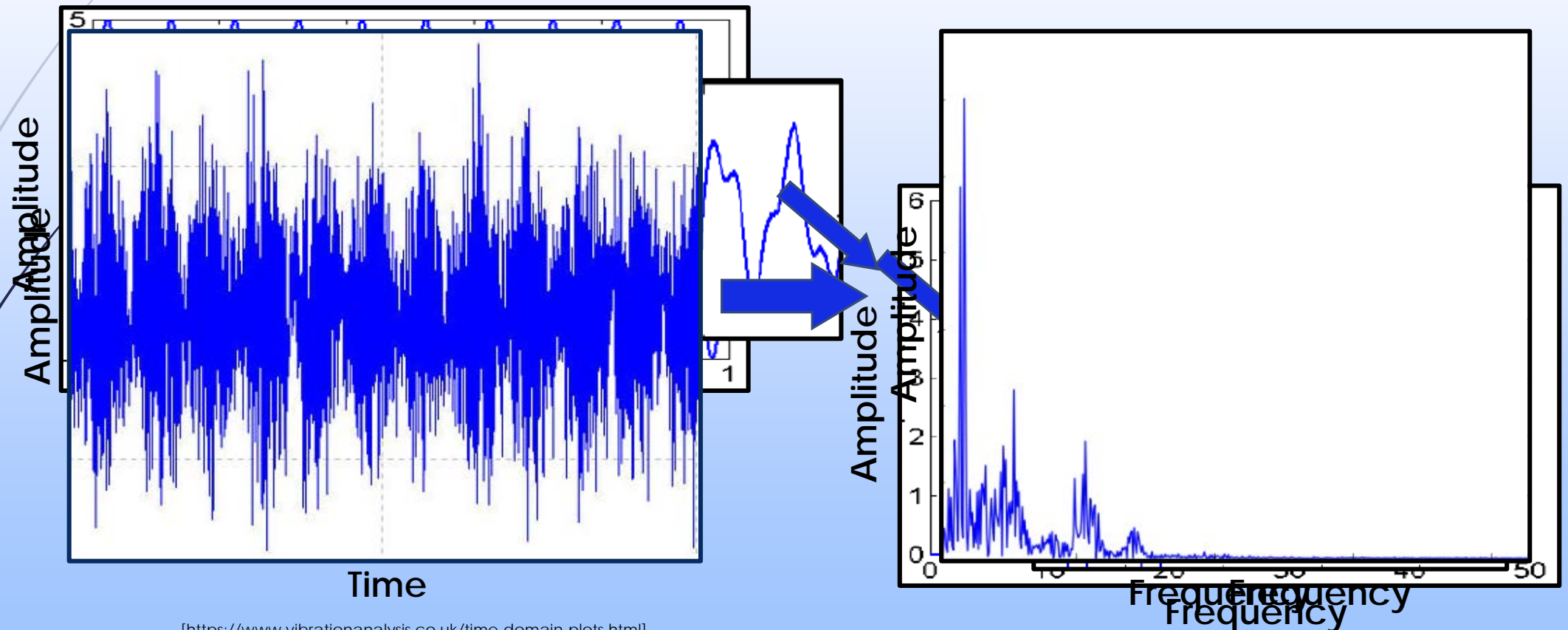
[<https://www.quora.com/What-is-the-amplitude-of-a-light-wave>]



[<https://commons.wikimedia.org/w/index.php?curid=14994157>]



The recorded data is graphed on a frequency plot, instead of a time plot, because it is filtered using *Fast Fourier Transform* (FFT).

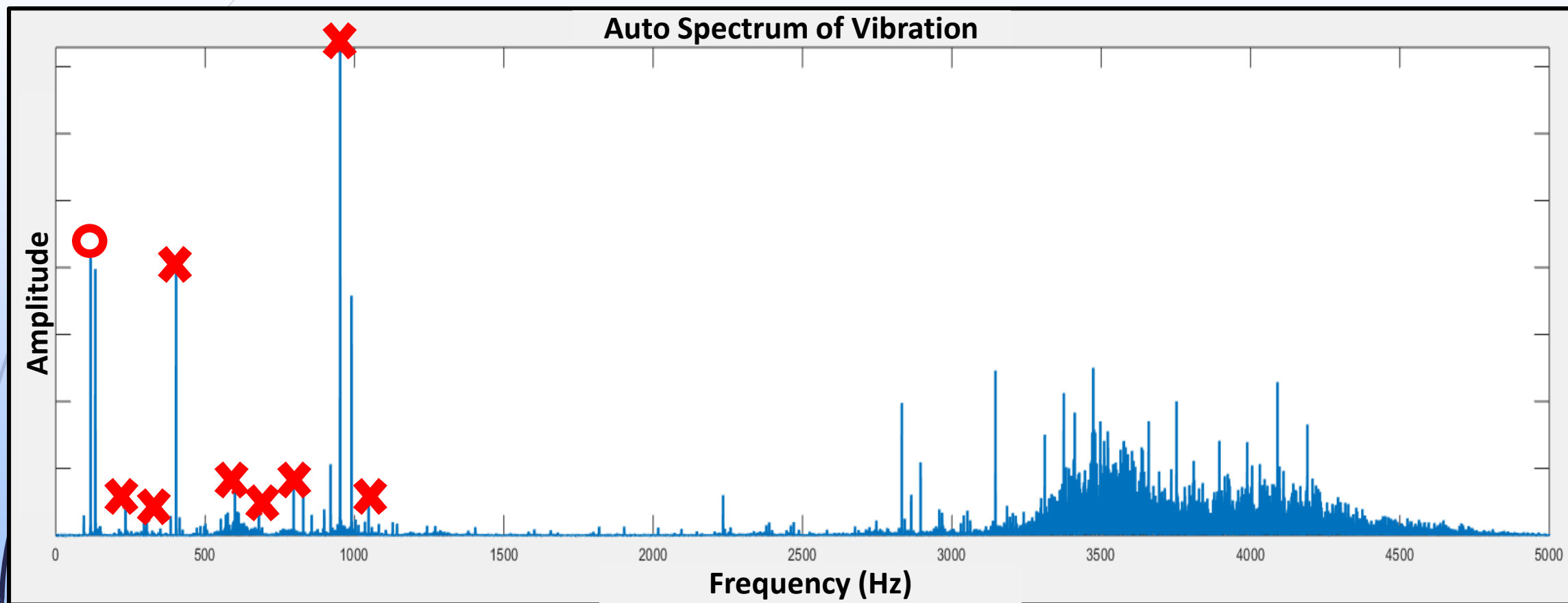


[<https://www.vibrationanalysis.co.uk/time-domain-plots.html>]

[<https://ham.stackexchange.com/questions/5052/losing-low-frequencies-in-am-transmission>]



The filtered data must be analyzed for it to be useful: this is done by picking peaks at important frequencies.



○ = VPF

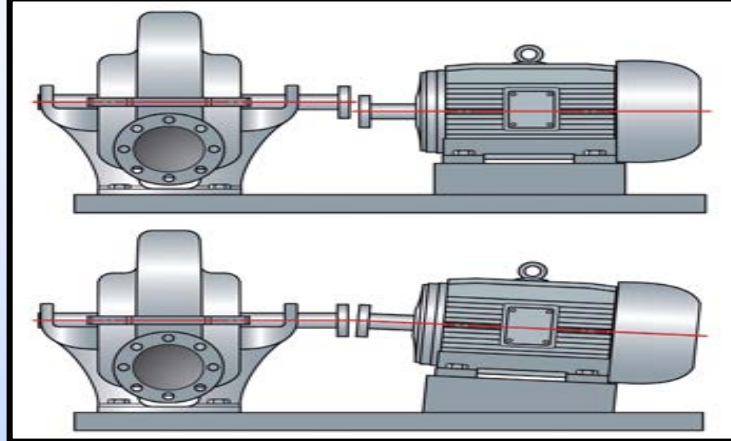
× = Multiples

$$VPF = (\text{Operating Speed}) \times (\text{Number of Vanes})$$



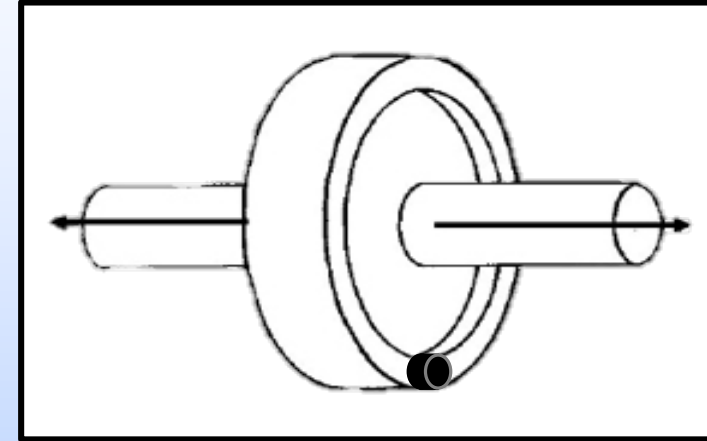
The important peak(s) correspond to different faults that could be affecting the pumps.

### Misalignment



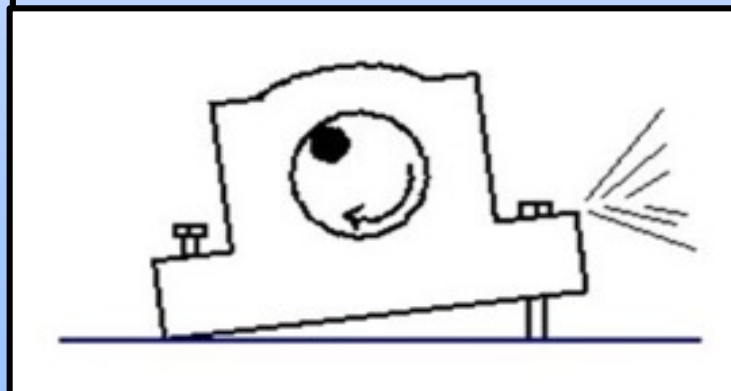
[<https://www.flowcontrolnetwork.com/the-importance-of-shaft-alignment/>]

### Unbalance



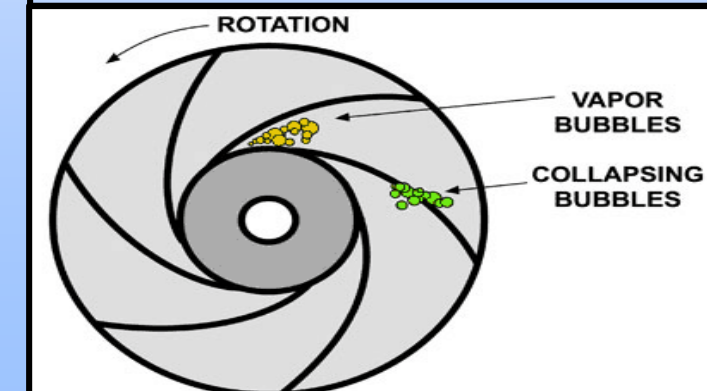
[<https://www.pumpsandsystems.com/topics/pumps/centrifugal-pumps/>]

### Looseness



[<http://www.rotor.zone/vibrationanalysis/styled-7/photos/index.html>]

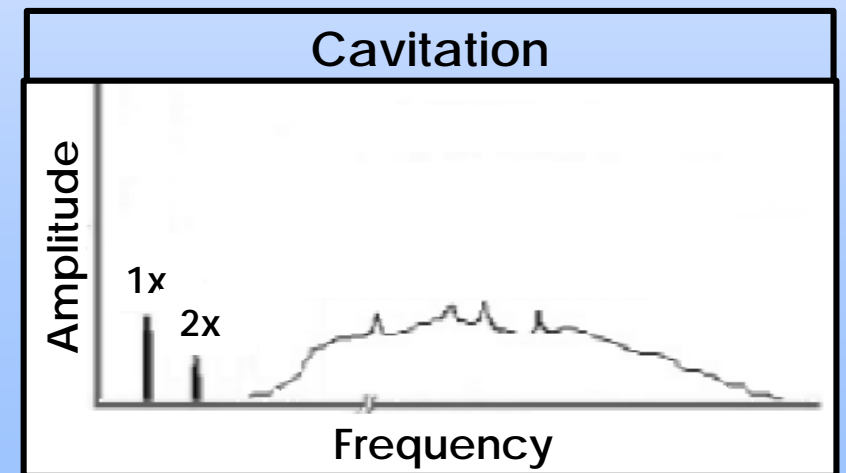
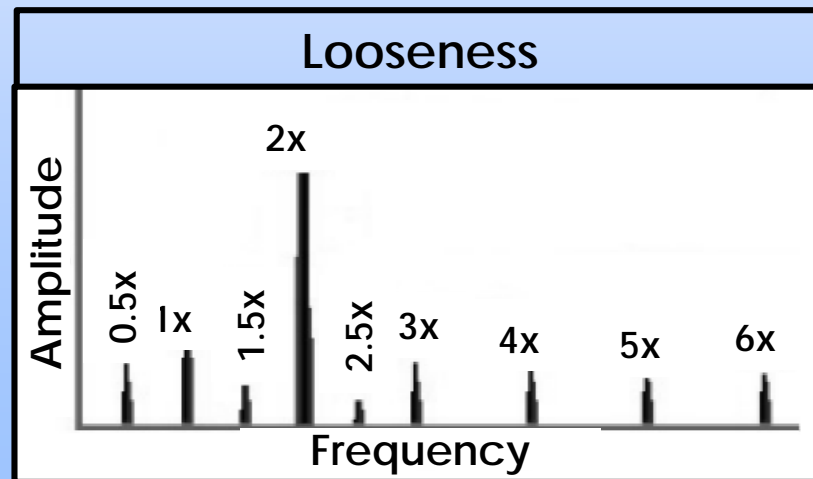
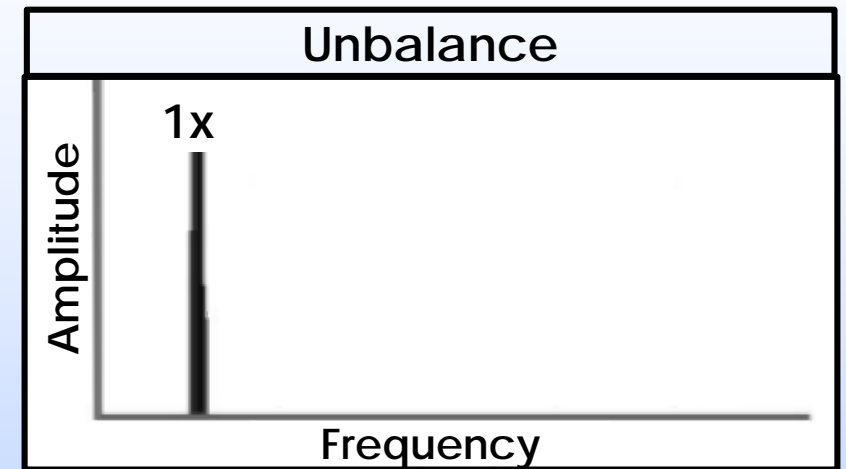
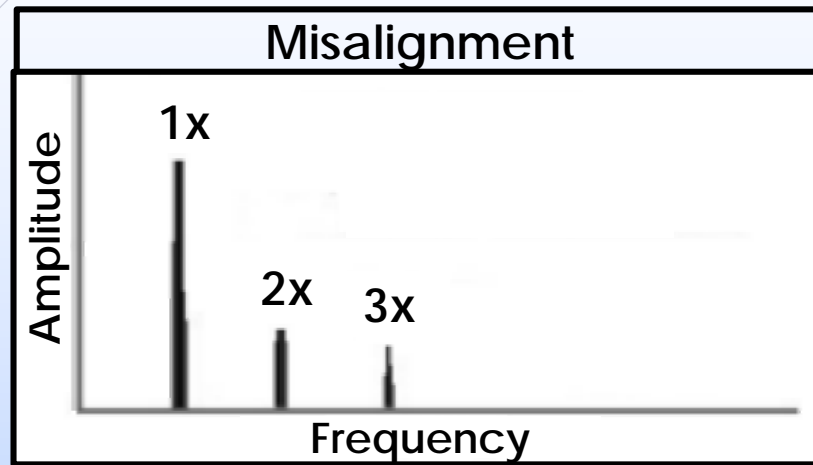
### Cavitation



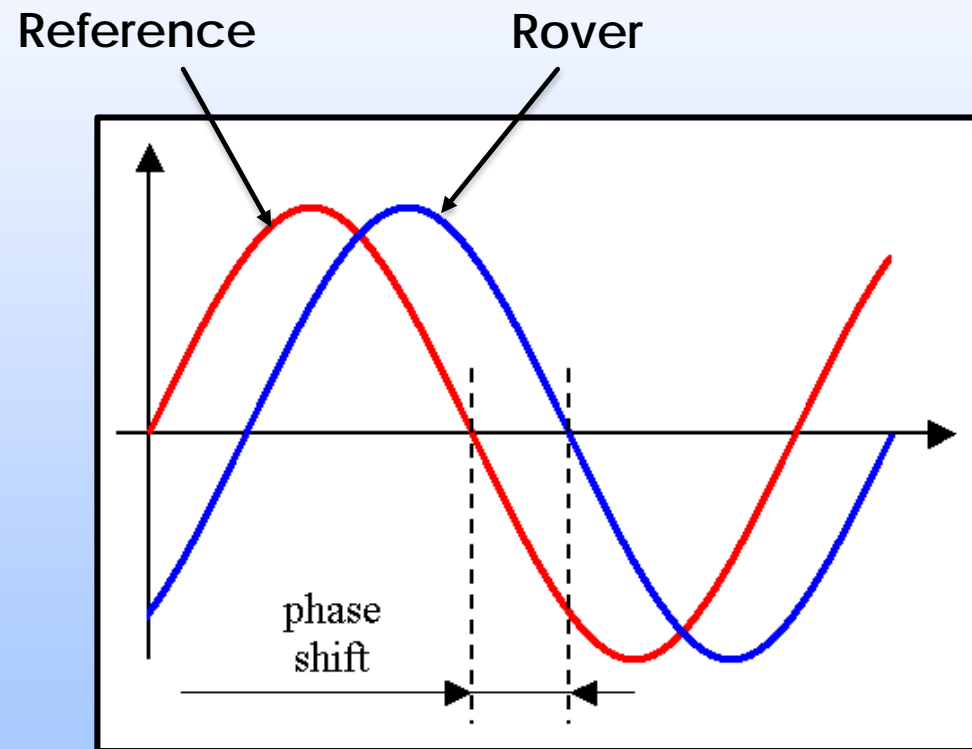
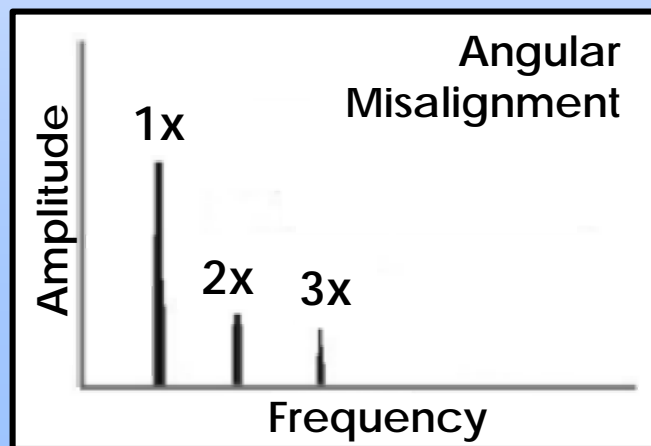
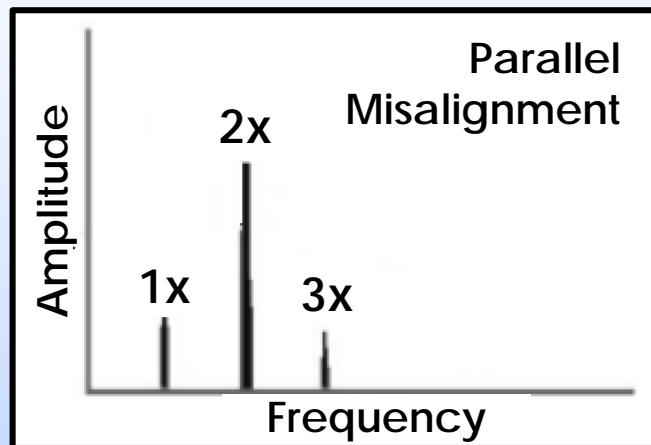
[<https://www.nuclear-power.net/nuclear-engineering/fluid-dynamics/centrifugal-pumps/cavitation/suction-cavitation/>]



The faults are identified by their spectra that consist of a specific combination of peaks at certain frequencies.



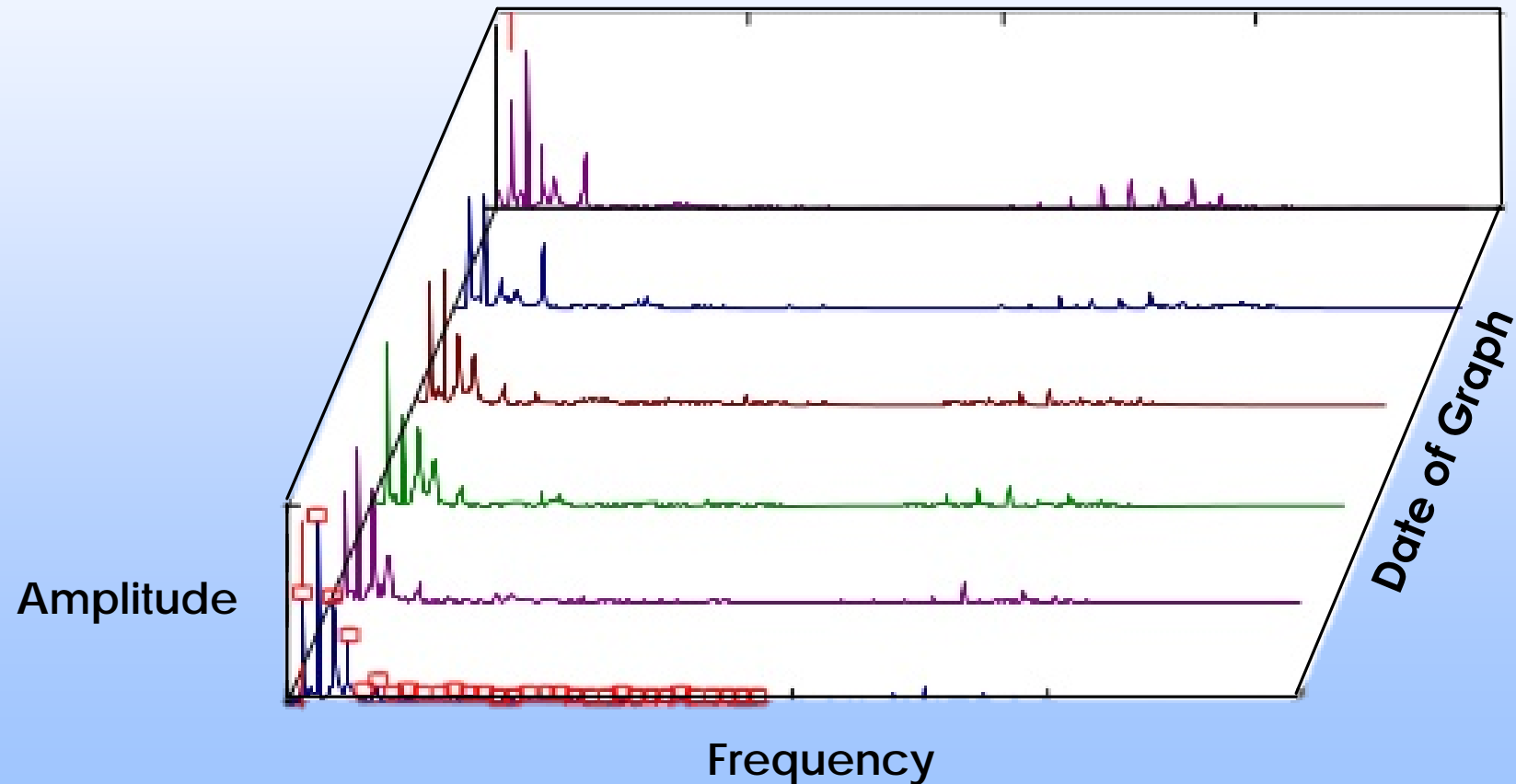
The graphs of some faults look similar, so *phase analysis* is employed to confirm the pump's diagnosis.



[[https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Phase\\_shift.png](https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Phase_shift.png)]



Once possible faults are identified readings are taken, over time, and compared to the machine's known vibration signature.





# Vibration Analysis Equipment

Physical Sensors

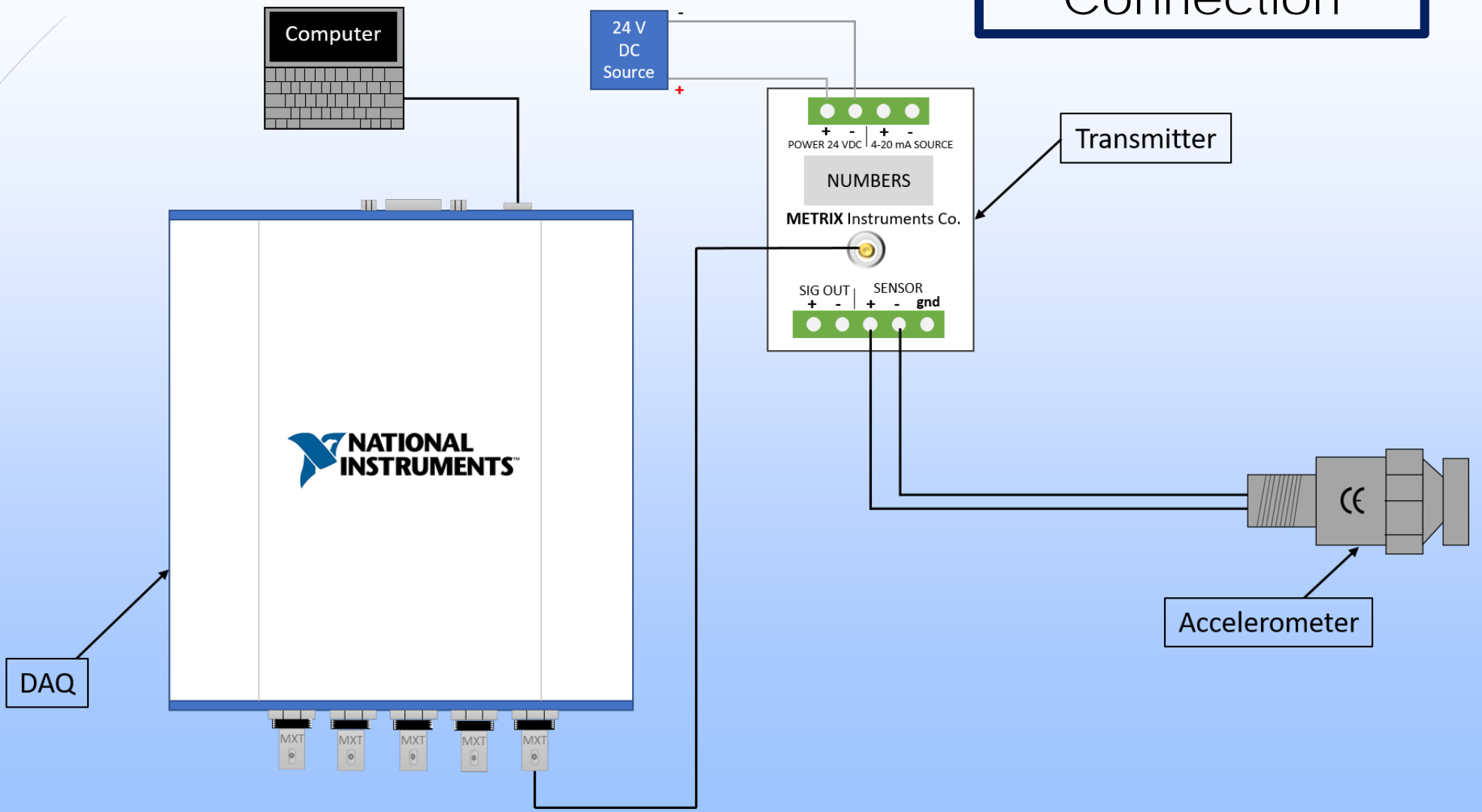




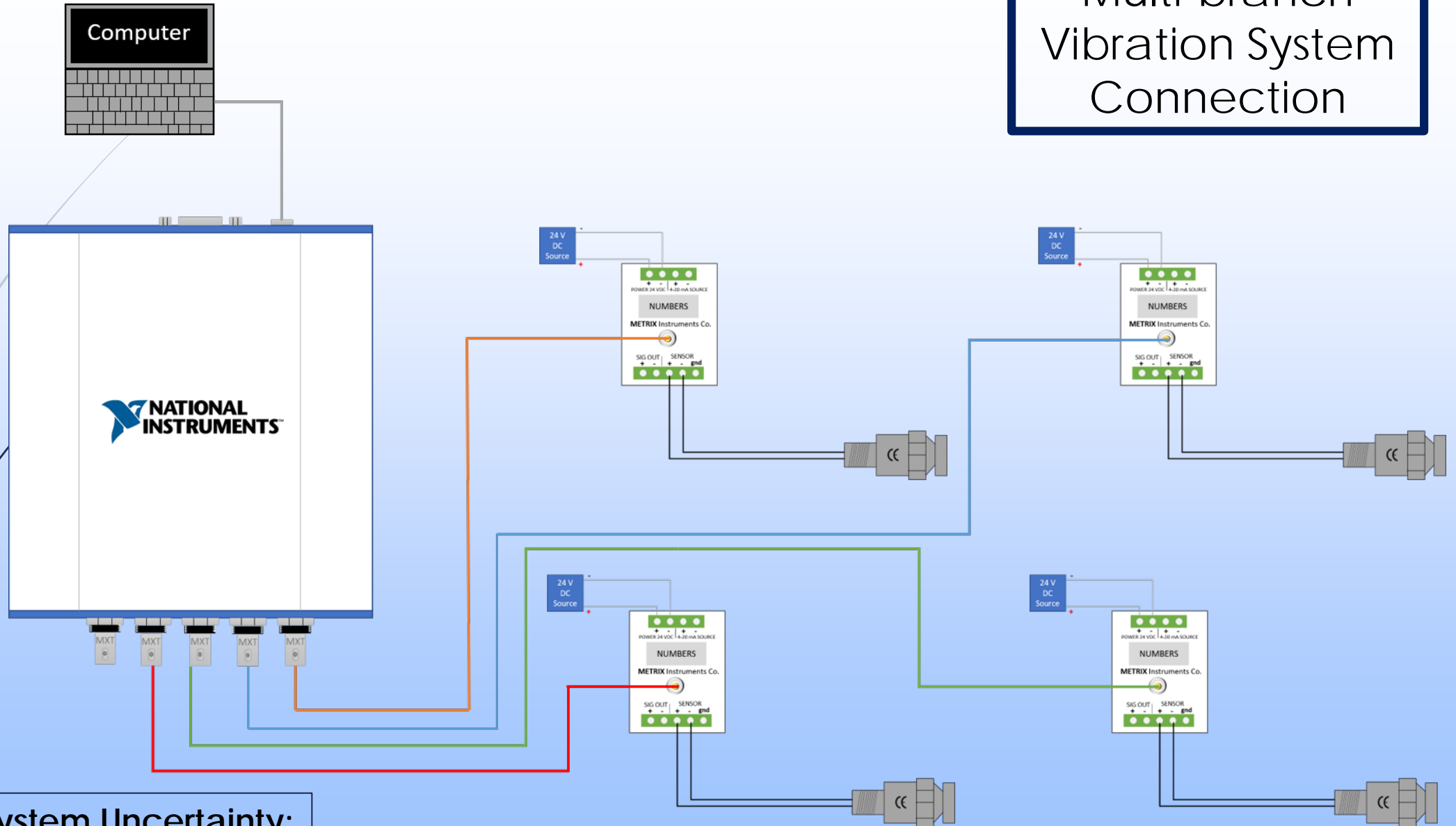
The vibration analysis system consists of accelerometers, transmitter, and a Data Acquisition Device (DAQ).



# Single Branch Vibration System Connection



# Multi-branch Vibration System Connection



System Uncertainty:  
6.4236%

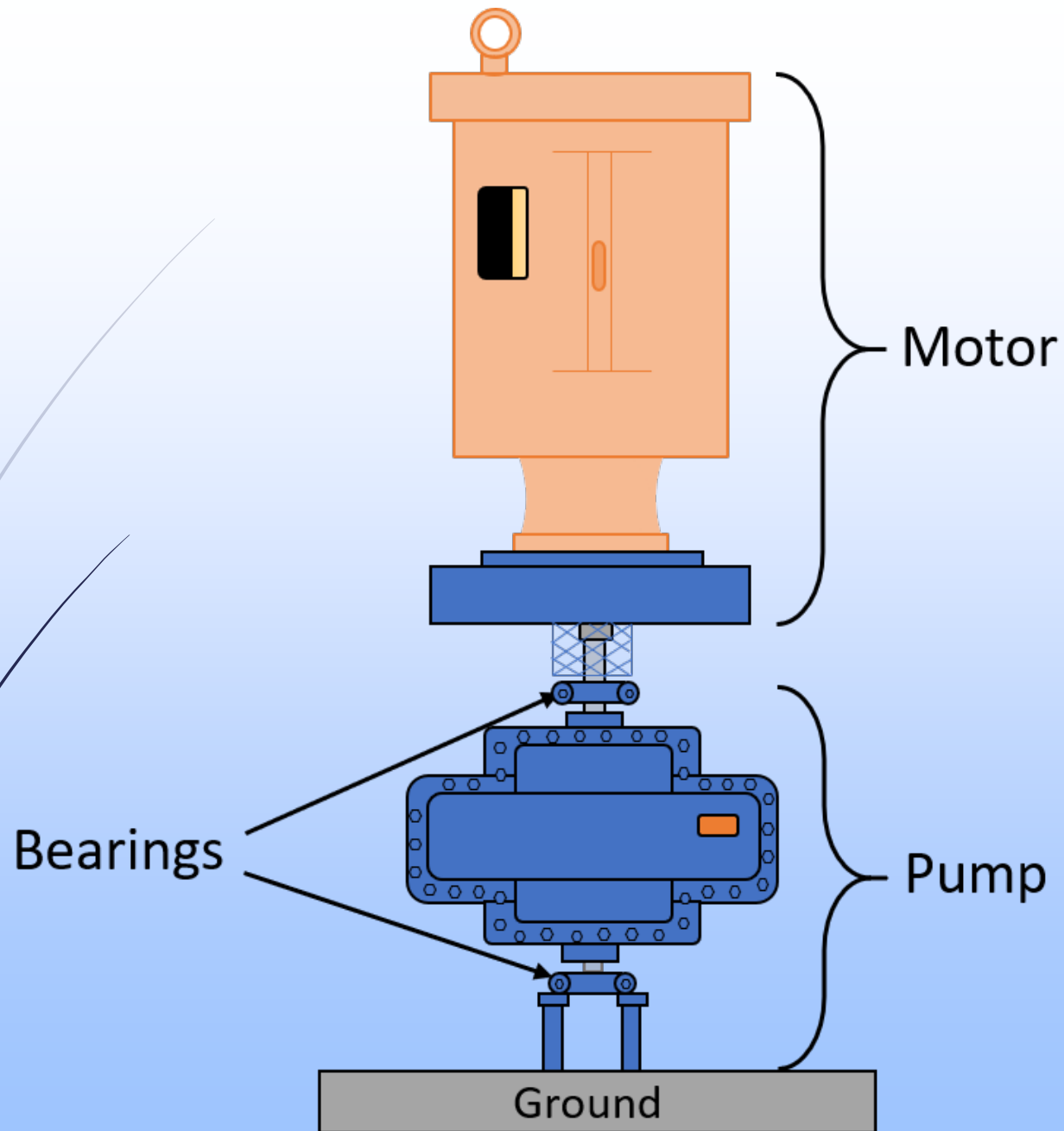




# Vibration Analysis Application

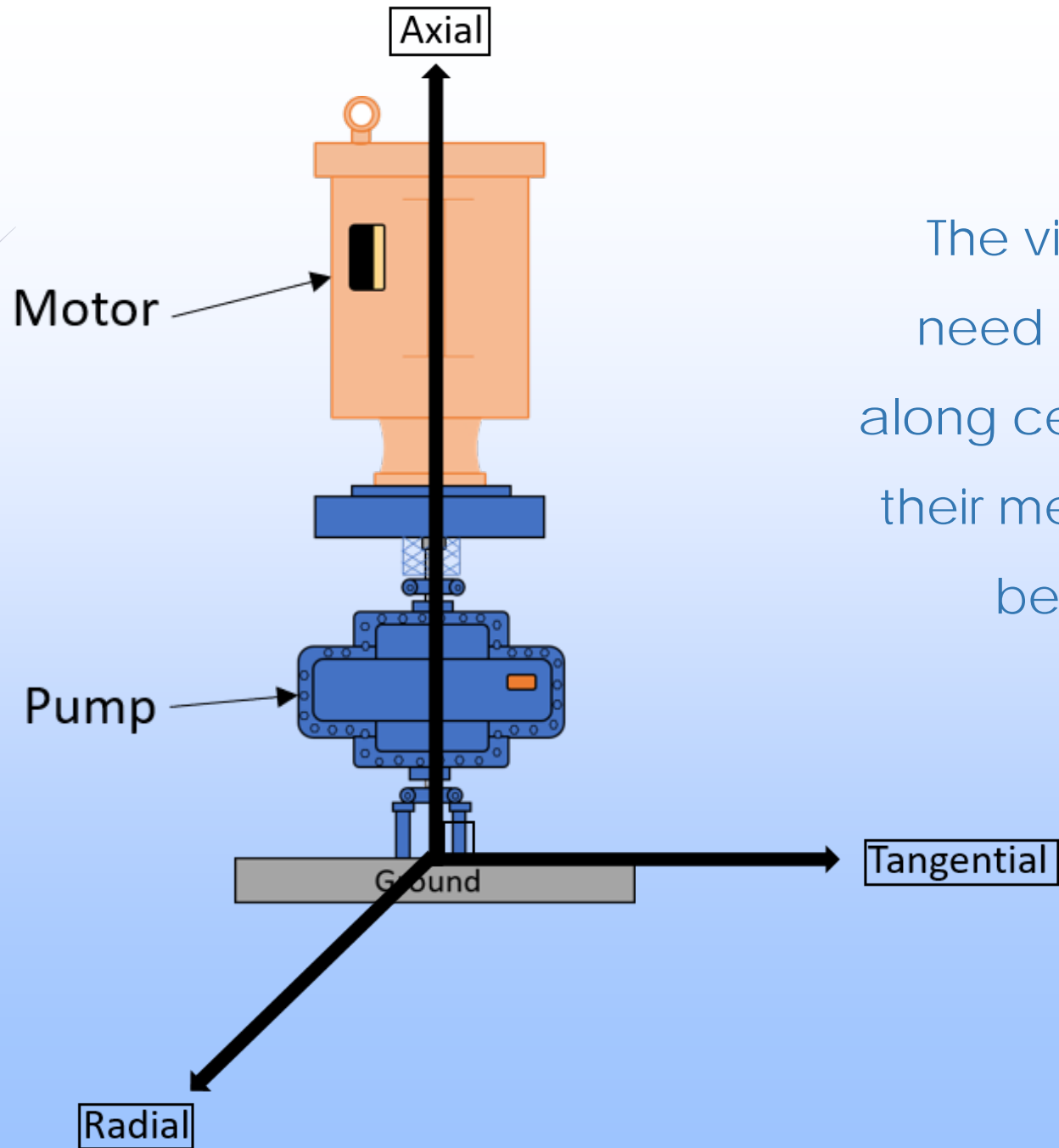
Mounting the sensors & recording data





All of the sensors used get mounted onto a secondary pump, which is part of a pump-motor setup.





The vibration sensors need to be mounted along certain axes so that their measurements can be compared.



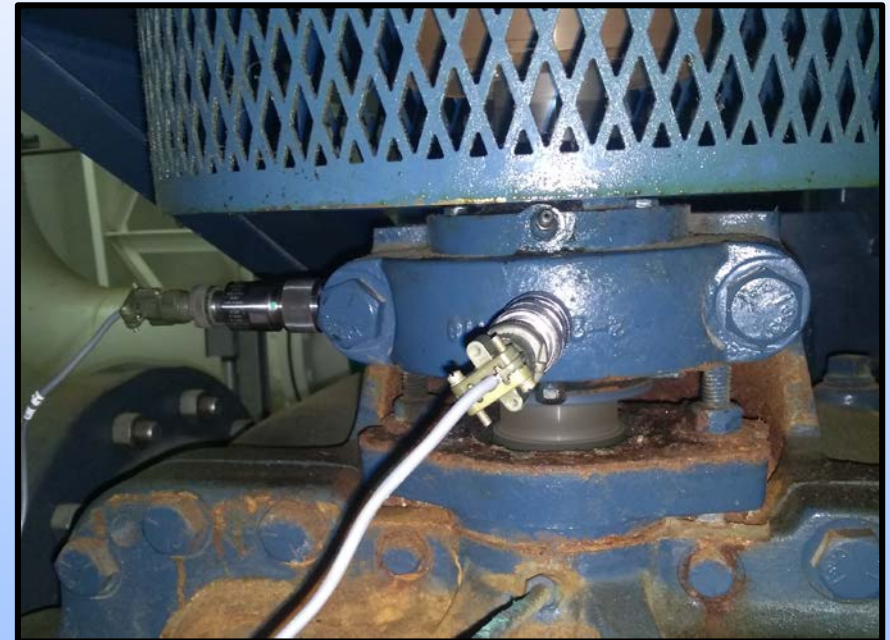
Specific locations to mount the sensors onto must be carefully chosen to follow strict criteria.

### Position Criteria

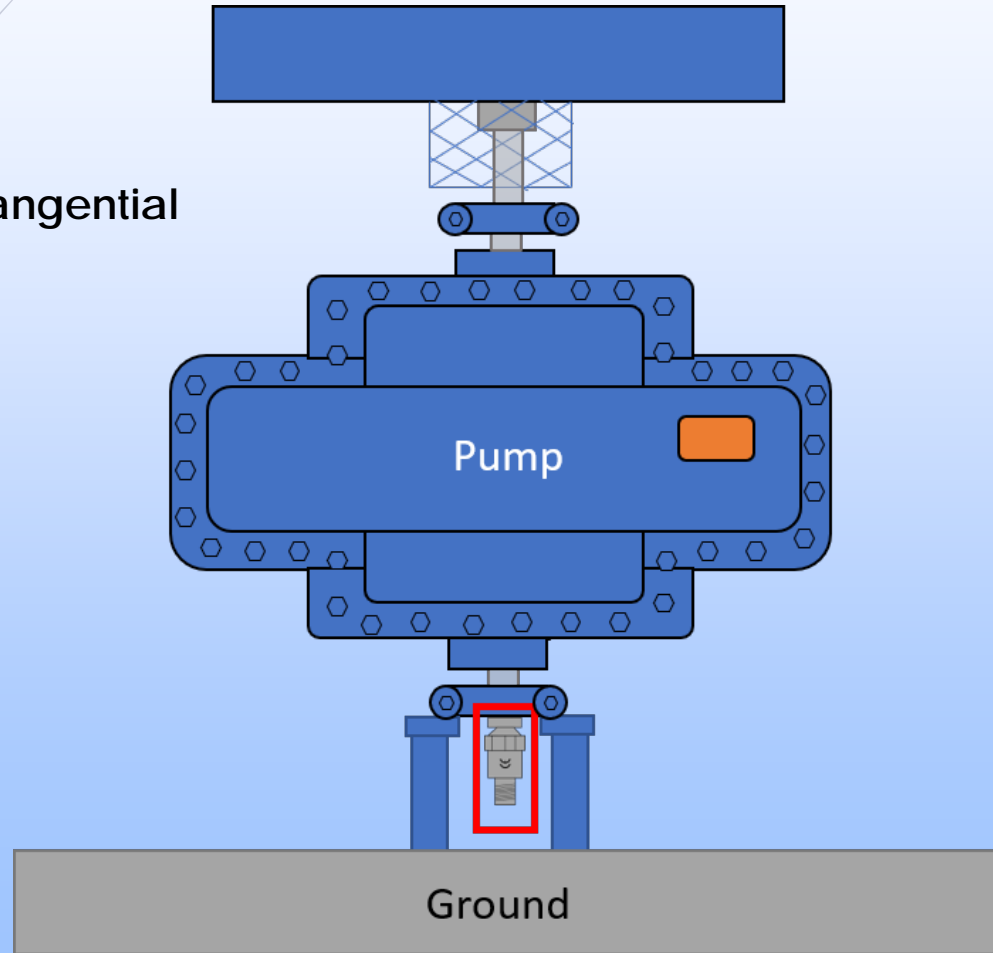
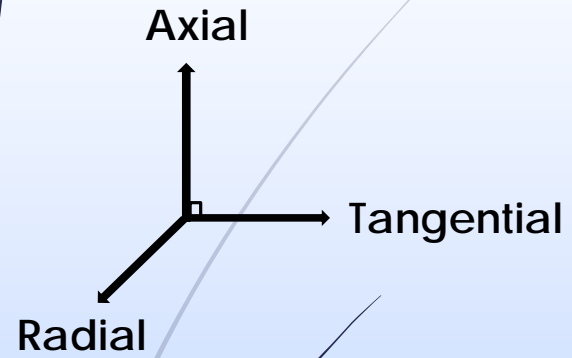
- Close to the vibration source

### Surface Criteria

- Clean
- Relatively smooth
- Wider than the sensor
- Flat (for flat magnets)

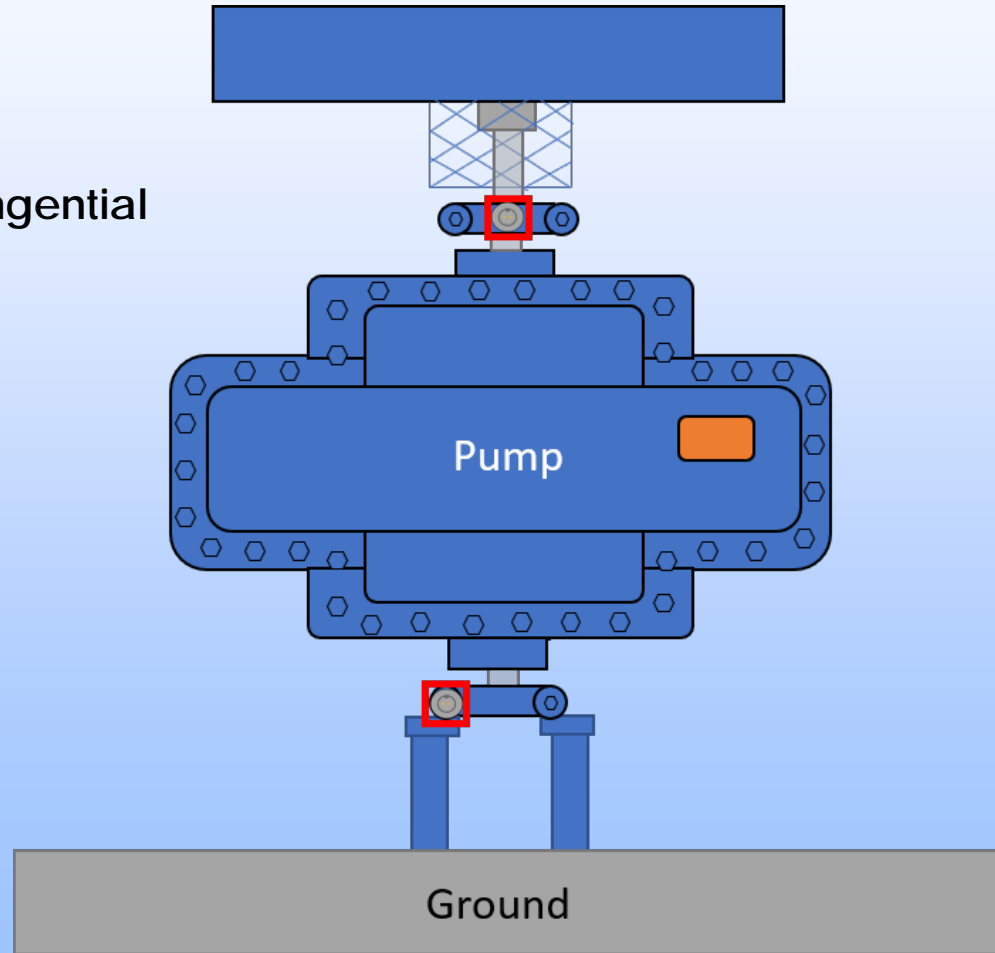
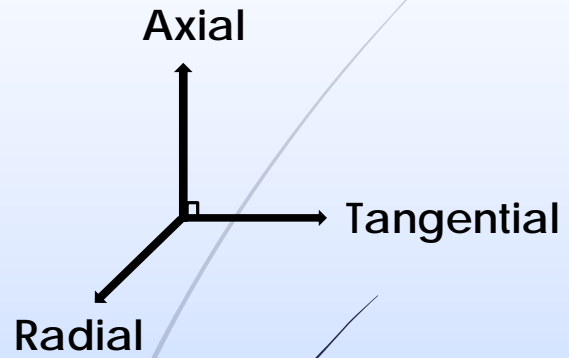


# Sensor Mounting in the Axial Direction

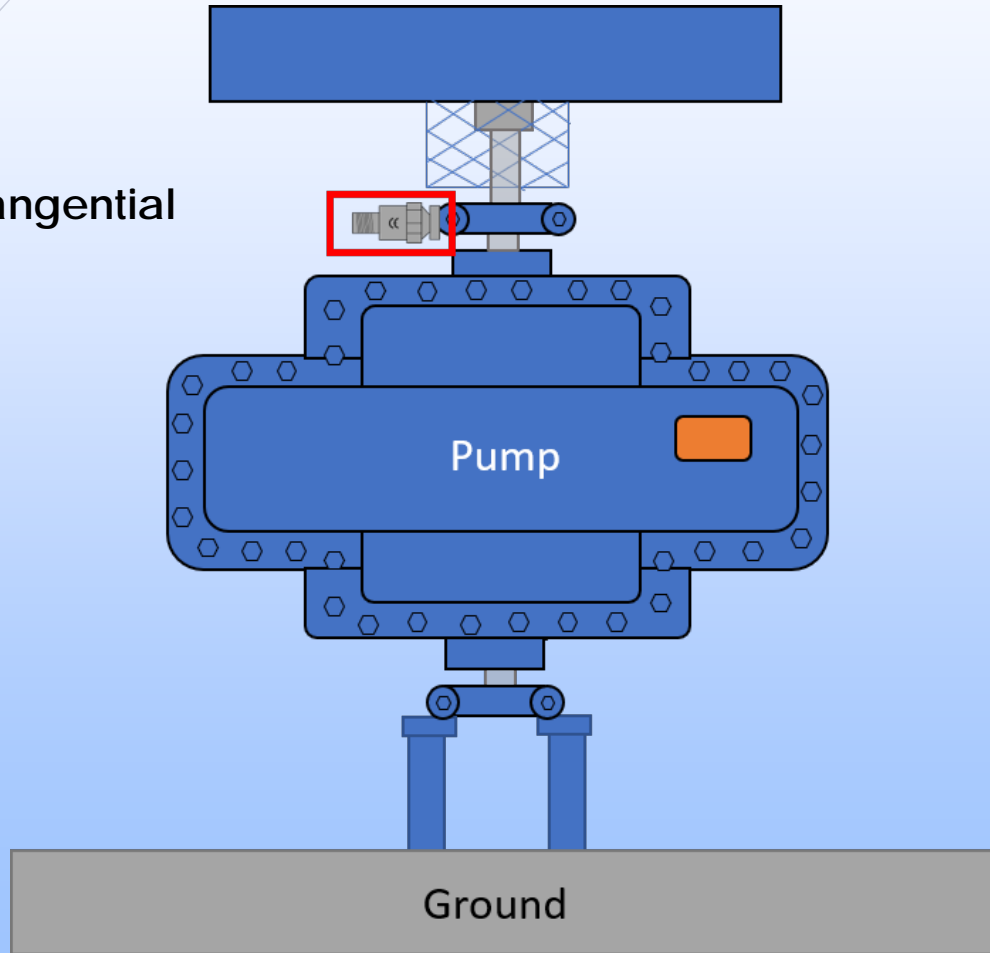
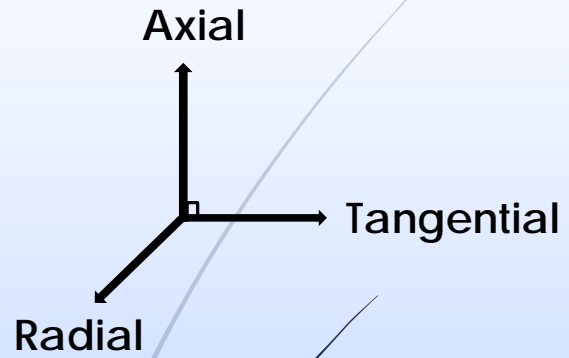




# Sensor Mounting in the Radial Direction



# Sensor Mounting in the Tangential Direction

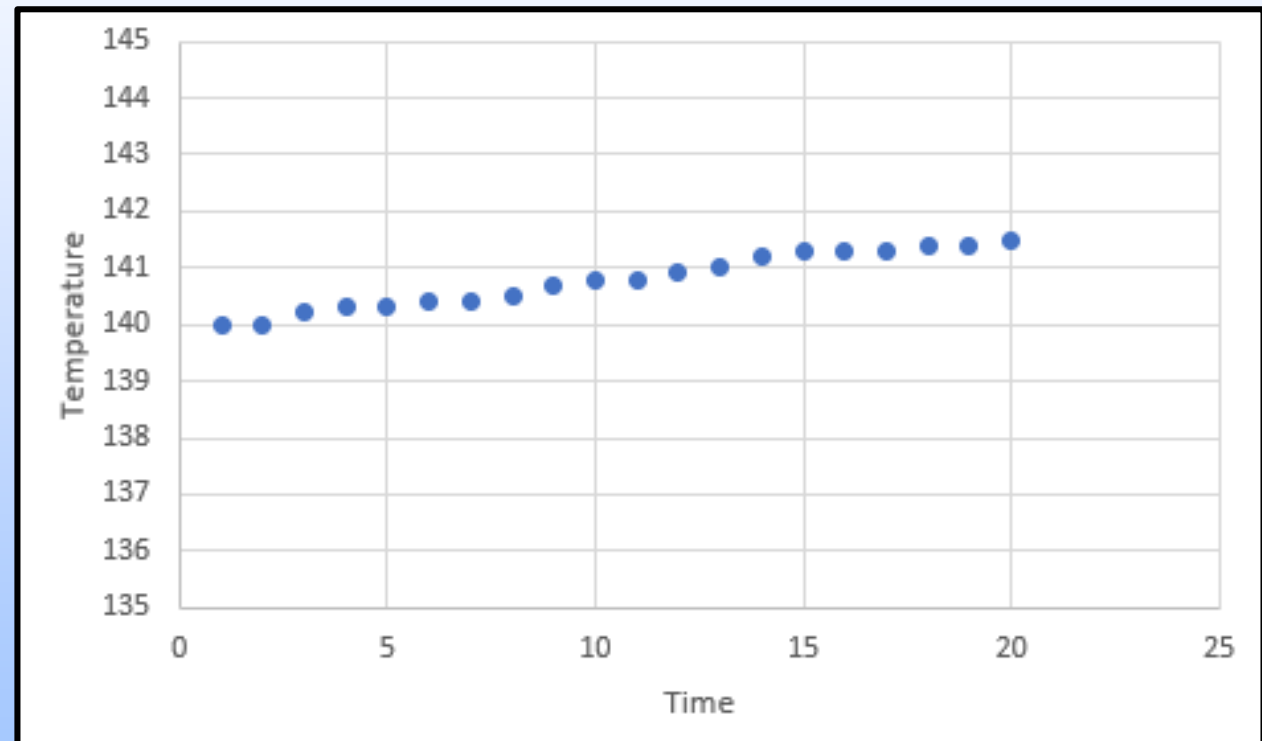




# Temperature Analysis

Overview

Temperature analysis records temperature, over a long period of time, to watch for any trends.



Temperature dependence on time



Temperature inside the bearings is used because bearing oil temperature increases as they wear.



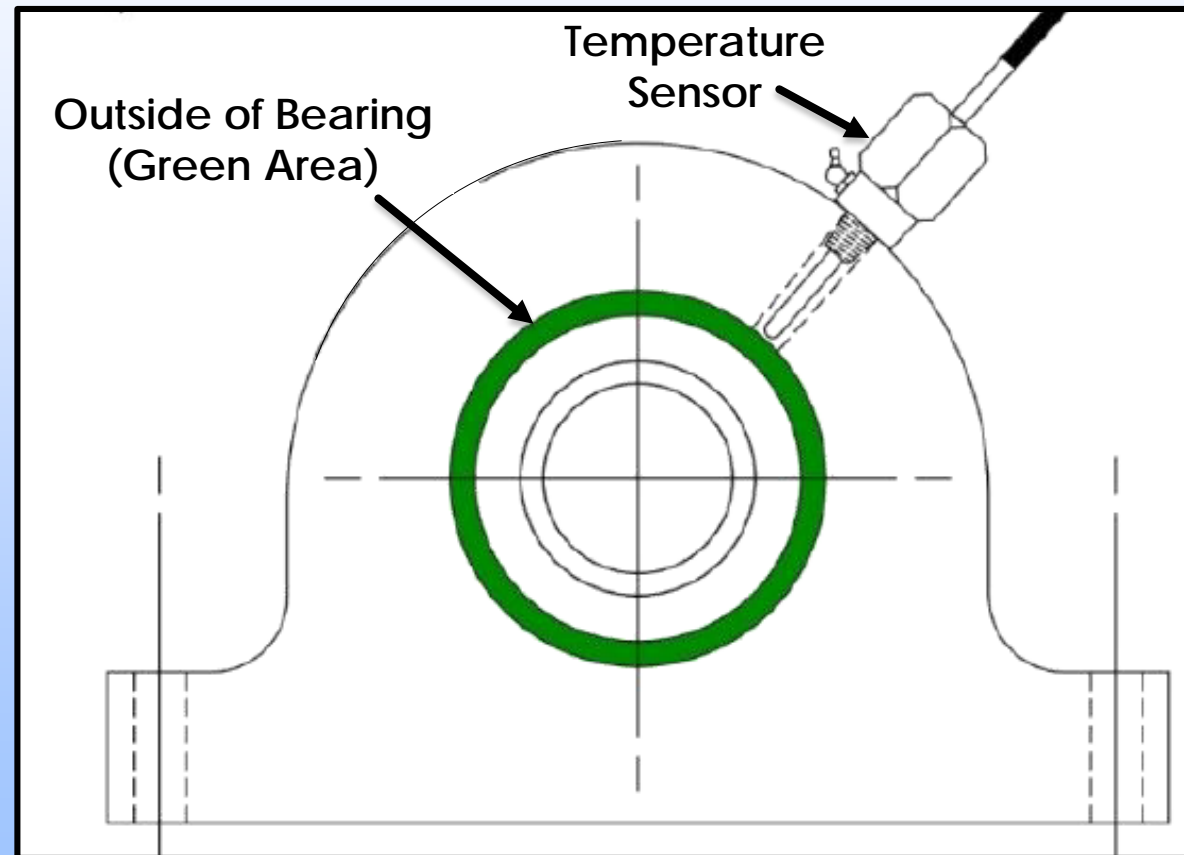
[<http://www.go4b.com/usa/datasheets/milli-temp-bearing-temperature-sensor.pdf>]



[<http://www.go4b.com/usa/datasheets/milli-temp-bearing-temperature-sensor.pdf>]



The temperature sensor is inserted into the grease zerk of the bearing to take internal temperature readings.



[<http://www.go4b.com/usa/datasheets/milli-temp-bearing-temperature-sensor.pdf>]



The temperature analysis system consists of a temperature sensor, called a Resistance Temperature Detector (RTD), and a DAQ.

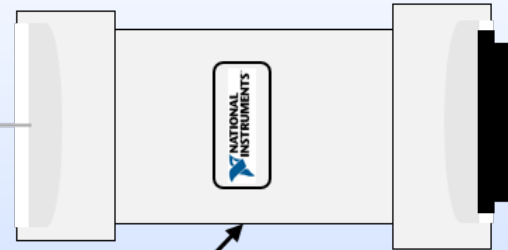
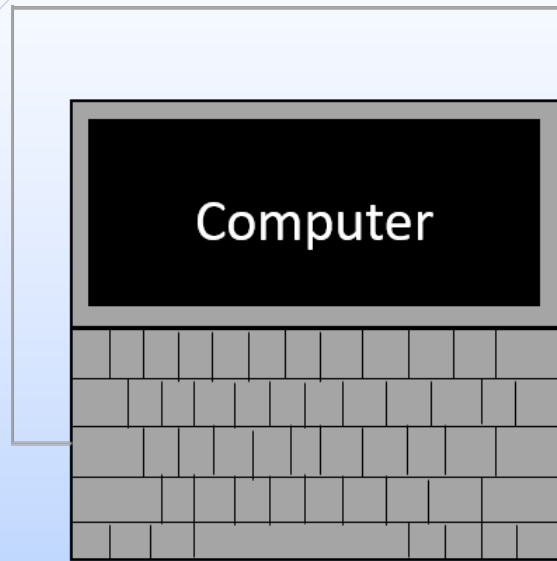


Temperature Sensor



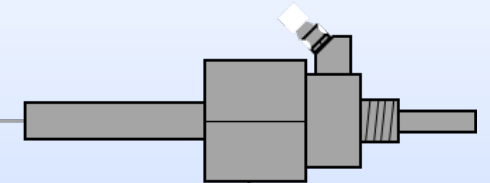
Data Acquisition Device





DAQ

Temperature  
System  
Connection



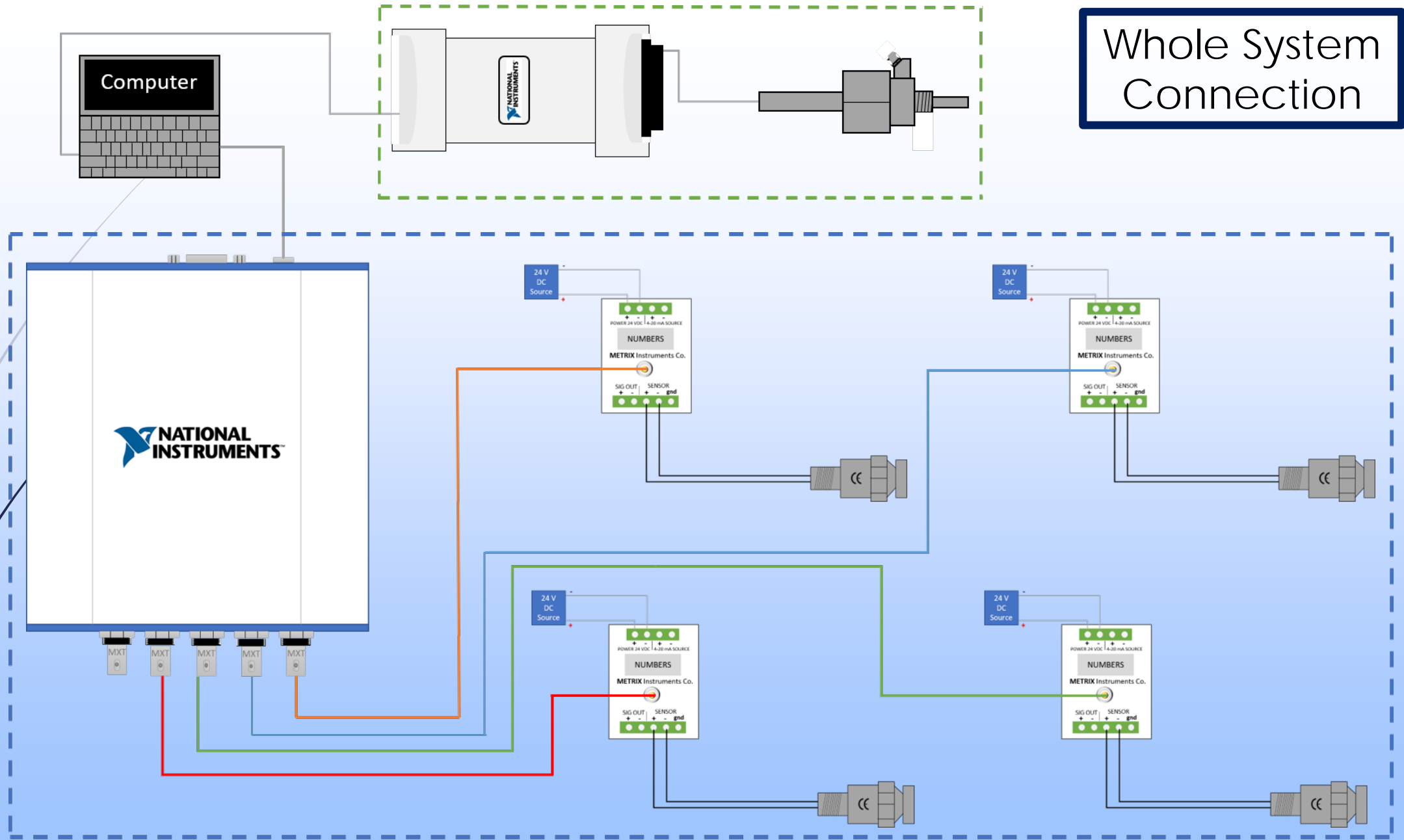
Temperature  
Sensor

System Uncertainty:  
1.3457%

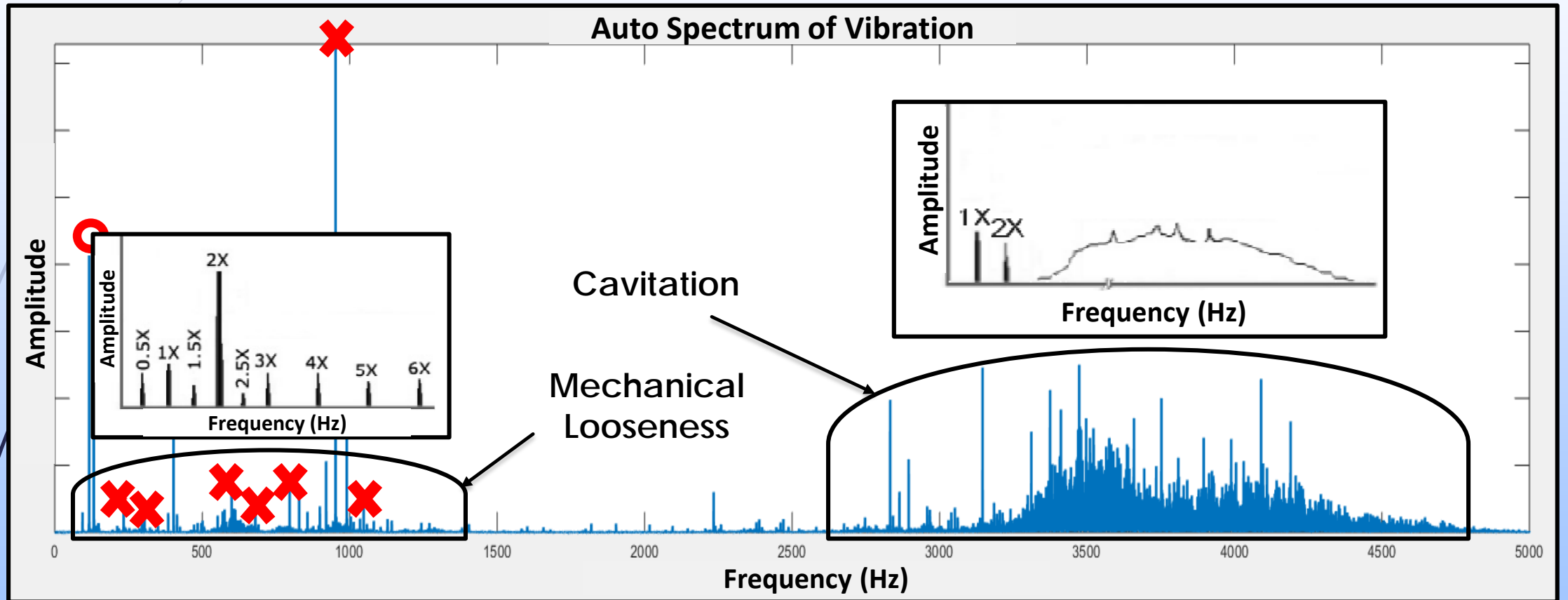




# Whole System Connection



# Conclusions





# Future Work/ Additional Applications



Vibration analysis can be used in a variety of other applications, such as crack detection in reactor vessels.

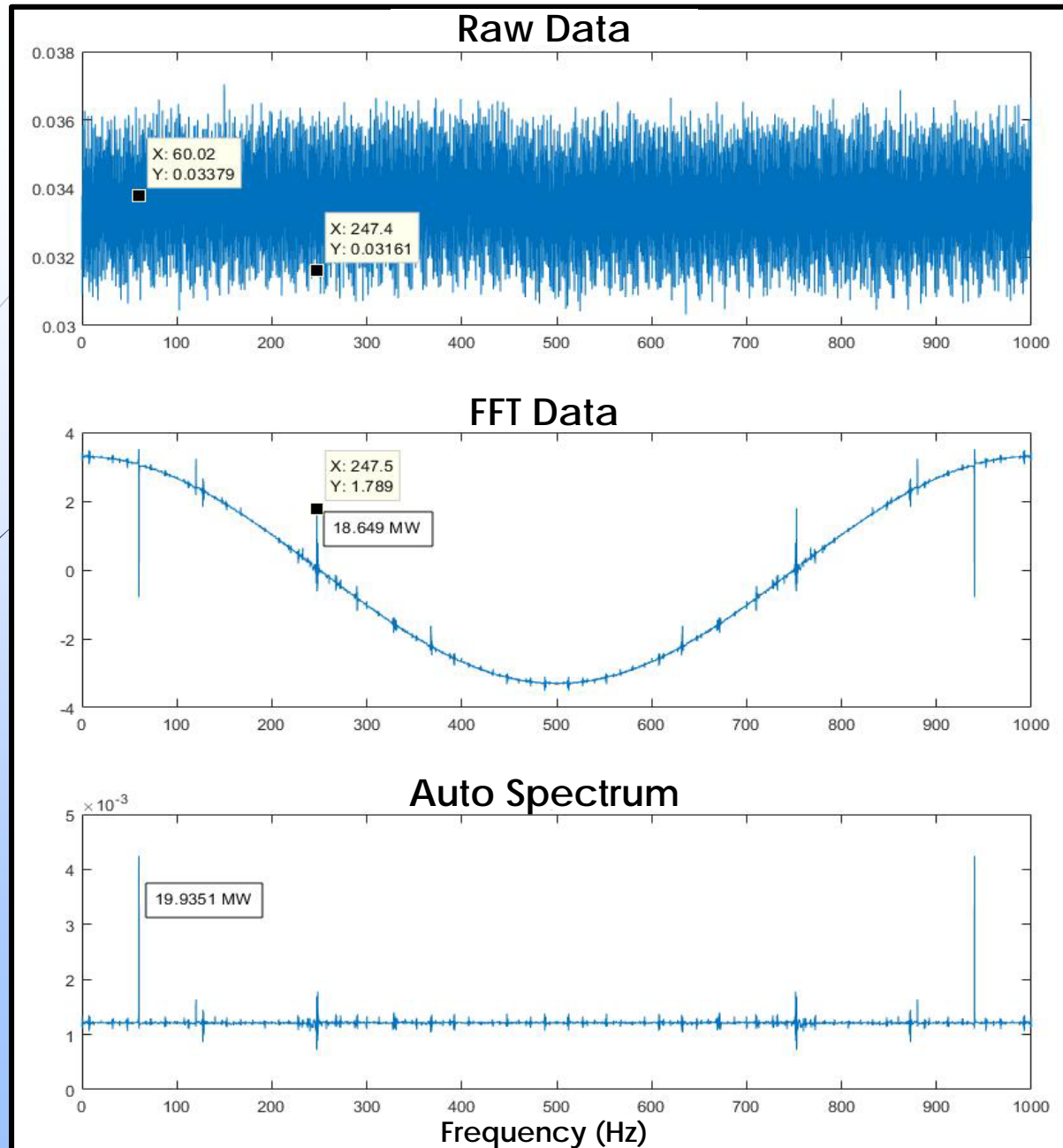


[<https://www.indiamart.com/proddetail/reactor-vessel-3093578291.html>]



[<http://blog.onlinemetals.com/weldability-of-stainless-steel/>]





Future work includes using FFT and auto spectrum to filter power data from nuclear channels.



# Acknowledgements



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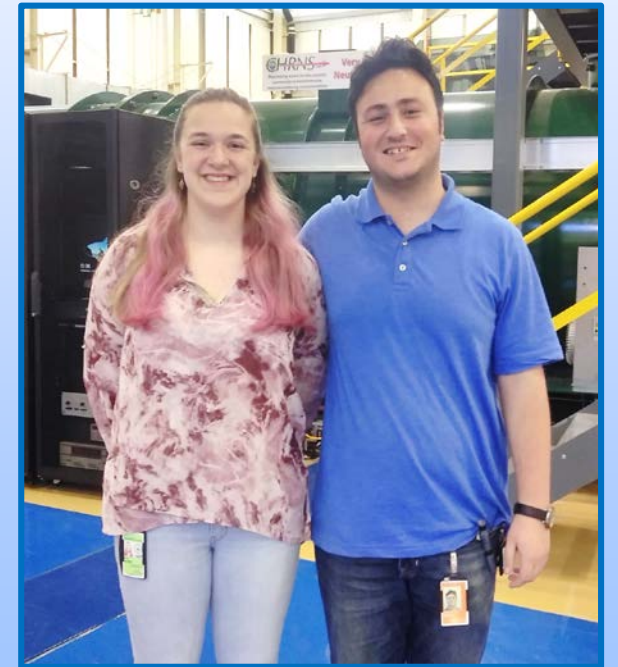
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**Abdullah Weiss, EIT**





# Questions

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