

OSAC Preferred Terms

Term	Definition
Administrative	An evaluation of the report and supporting documentation for
Review	consistency with organizational policies and for editorial correctness.
Authentication,	Process of assessing a level of confidence in identify or identification.
Biometric	
Bias, Statistical	A systematic tendency for estimates or measurements to be above or
	below their true values.
	Note 1: Statistical bias arises from systematic as opposed to random
	error.
	Note 2: Statistical bias can occur in the absence of prejudice, partiality,
	or discriminatory intent.
Chain of custody	Chronological record of the handling and storage of an item from its
	point of collection to its final return or disposal.
Cognitive bias	A set of influences that may affect the reliability and validity of one's
	observations and conclusions.
Confirmation	The tendency to search for data or interpret information in a manner
Bias	that supports one's preconceptions, expectations or desires.
Contextual Bias	A deviation in human judgment caused by exposure to information that
	is either irrelevant to the judgmental task or inappropriate for
	consideration.
Control	Material of established origin used to evaluate the performance of a
	test or comparison. Or a test performed to demonstrate that a test
	method works correctly and to ensure that data are valid. Positive
	controls confirm that the procedure will produce the expected result.
	Negative controls confirm that the procedure does not produce an
	unintended result.
CSI effect	Perception of the near infallibility of forensic science in response to
	popular media.
Forensic	Related to methods, techniques and processes used to establish
	conclusions and/or opinions, facts and findings which can be used for
	legal proceedings.

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Forensic Science	The application of scientific principles and techniques to matters of criminal justice especially as relating to the collection, examination and analysis of physical evidence.
Interlaboratory Comparison	Organization, performance, and evaluation of measurements or tests on the same or similar items by two or more laboratories in accordance with predetermined conditions.
Interpretation	Explanations for the observations, data and calculations.
Intralaboratory comparison	Organization, performance, and evaluation of measurements or tests on the same or similar items within the same laboratory in accordance with predetermined conditions.
Observation	Recognizing and noting an occurrence.
Opinion	View, judgment, belief – takes into consideration other information in addition to observations, data, calculations and interpretations.
Peer review	An independent evaluation of a scientific, professional, or academic manuscript or publication by a qualified second party to evaluate the claims, methods, interpretations, and conclusions.
Reliability, Evidentiary/Legal	Credibility and trustworthiness of proffered evidence.
Reliability, Statistical	Consistency of results as demonstrated by reproducibility or repeatability.
Result	The product of the forensic service provider. This term is broad and includes observations, data, calculations, interpretations and opinions.
Technical Review	A qualified second party's evaluation of reports, notes, data and other documentation to ensure there is appropriate and sufficient support for the actions, results, conclusions, opinions and interpretations.
Validation	A process of evaluating a system, method or component to determine that requirements for an intended use or application have been fulfilled.
Verification, Analytical	Performing subsequent testing to ascertain if the results are concordant.

For a complete list of forensic science terms organized by discipline, please visit the <u>OSAC</u> <u>Lexicon</u>.

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