



### **Open-Source Simulation Platform for Public Safety**

OLICE

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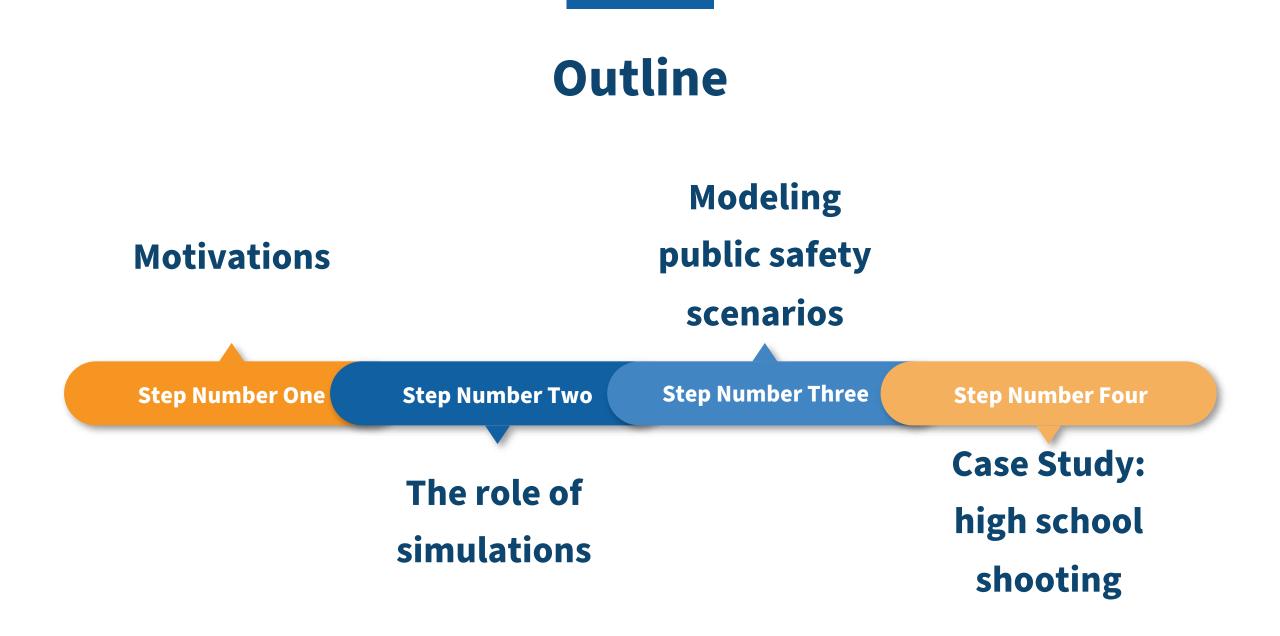
**#PSCR2019** 

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\*Please note, unless mentioned in reference to a NIST Publication, all information and data presented is preliminary/in-progress and subject to change



#### **Motivations**

# Advancing Public Safety Communications R&D

Develop widely accessible tools

Leverage existing open source projects

Leverage collaboration with other researchers

### Dissemination

→ C 
<sup>a</sup> https://apps.nsnam.org

All Apps Categories

Routing

MANET

LTE Public Safety

ILINS-3 App Store

Underwater Acoustic Networks

**Beinforcement Learning** 

Transport Protocols

E .

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#### ns-3 extensions of common benefit are contributed back to the ns-3 mainline repository

The ns-3 PSC module is maintained as an extension in the ns-3 App Store

**Newest Releases** 

QUIC

SIGNET IETF QUIC for ns-3

An ns-3 native implementation of

mmWave Cellular Networ

A millimeter wave module that can

be used to evaluate cross-lave

OUIC

Search the App Store

ns3-gym: OpenAl Gym

The Playground for Reinforcement

Learning in Networking Research

integration

🖖 GitLab Projects Gro	ups Snippets Help	Search or jump	to Q 😯	Sign in / Register
ns-3-dev	🔐 nsnam 🤉 🥔 ns-3-dev 🔹 Details			
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Details	Project ID: 7128405			
Activity	💀 GNU GPLv2 🗠 14,238 Commits	🎾 1 Branch 🛷 76 Tags 🕒 128.6 MB Files		
Releases	ns-3 development repository			
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#### https://gitlab.com/nsnam/ns-3-dev

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### **The Role of Simulations**

Increasing realism Increasing cost and complexity

#### Spreadsheets

 First-order assessment of throughput, capacity, performance, etc.

#### Simulations

- Varying levels of abstraction
- Can be largescale
- Reproducible and easily shared

#### Testbeds

- Study actual implementation performance and limitations
- Typically smallscale scenarios

Can be combined!

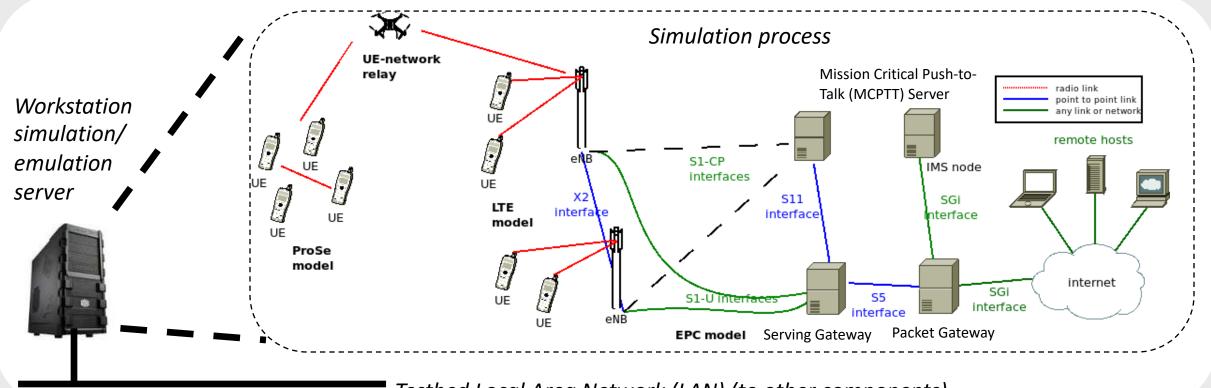
#### Live networks

 Highest realism but tests are very expensive (preparation time, personnel)

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### **Variations on Simulation**

"Network-in-a-box" could be connected to a testbed Radio Access Network (RAN) or Evolved Packet Core (EPC)/IP Multimedia Subsystem (IMS) components



Testbed Local Area Network (LAN) (to other components)

- Typical use case is to run the entire process as a simulation
- Alternatively, when run in real-time mode, the simulation process can interact with internal Linux containers or with external testbed equipment

### **Technical Approach**

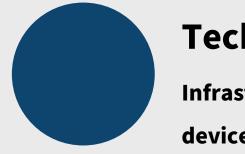
- Build a reasonably complete set of public safety-oriented models and example scenarios to be further refined by future researchers
- Modeling choices should be driven by known or anticipated *research questions* that are amenable to simulation study
- Example research questions for simulation:
  - How does MCPTT-enabled core network performance differ from 'overthe-top' MCPTT deployment?
  - How do network capacity requirements change as a scenario evolves?
  - How to design a resource scheduler supporting a UE-to-network relay?
  - What are performance implications of different discovery pool size allocations?

### Major Components of a Simulation Scenario



#### **Environment**

Location, terrain, building information; Interference; propagation.



#### Technology

Infrastructure and user devices; Application models

### Behavior

models

Human and machine drivers of network traffic; Mobility

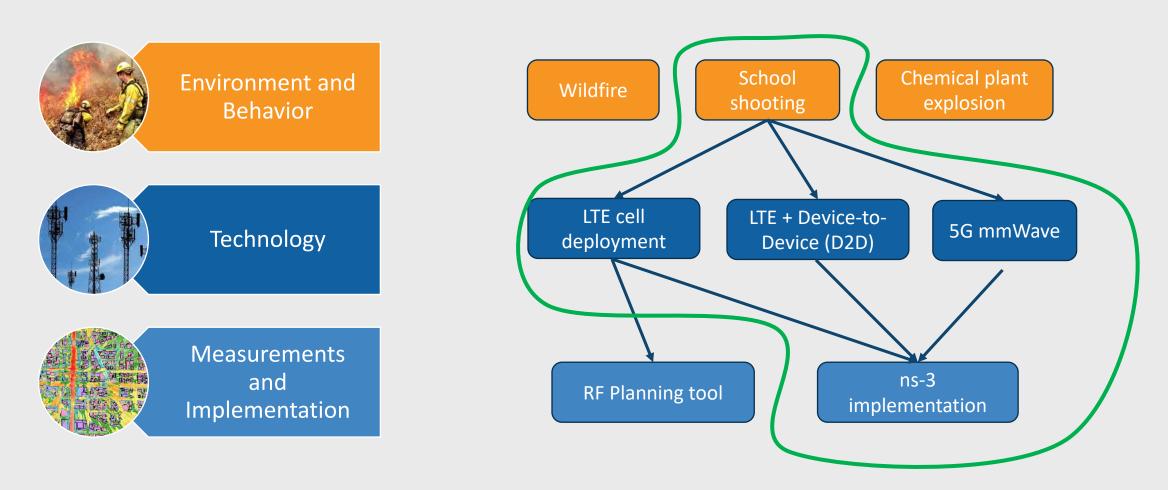


#### Measurements

Information to be provided by the output of the simulation.

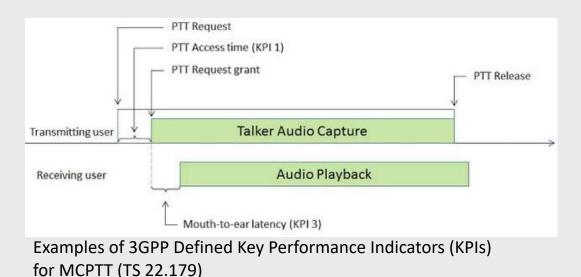
### **Modeling Public Safety Scenarios**

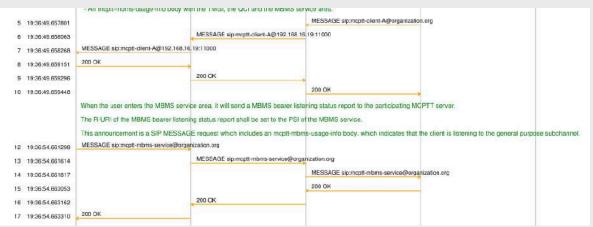
#### **Examples of incidents**



**MCPTT Application** 

 Detailed study of key performance parameters (e.g. tail distributions of mouthto-ear latency) require higher fidelity models of the LTE control plane and application (MCPTT) dynamics



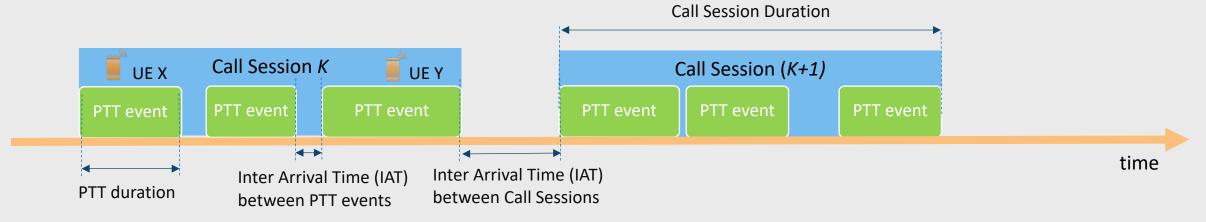


Examples of Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) messages exchanged during on network call setup (https://www.nemergent.com/traces/03/)

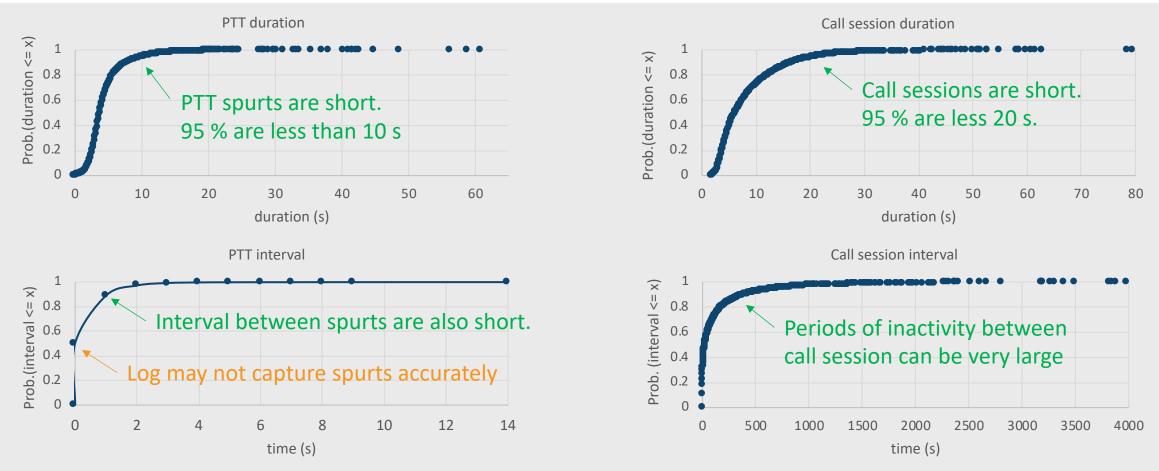
- → Off-network implementation has been completed
- $\rightarrow$  On-network implementation is on-going

**MCPTT Application Usage** 

- Using call logs from existing Land Mobile Radio (LMR)/P25 systems, we can derive models characterizing the application usage
  - Frequency and duration of first responders push-to-talk (PTT) spurts
  - Variations of activities during special events

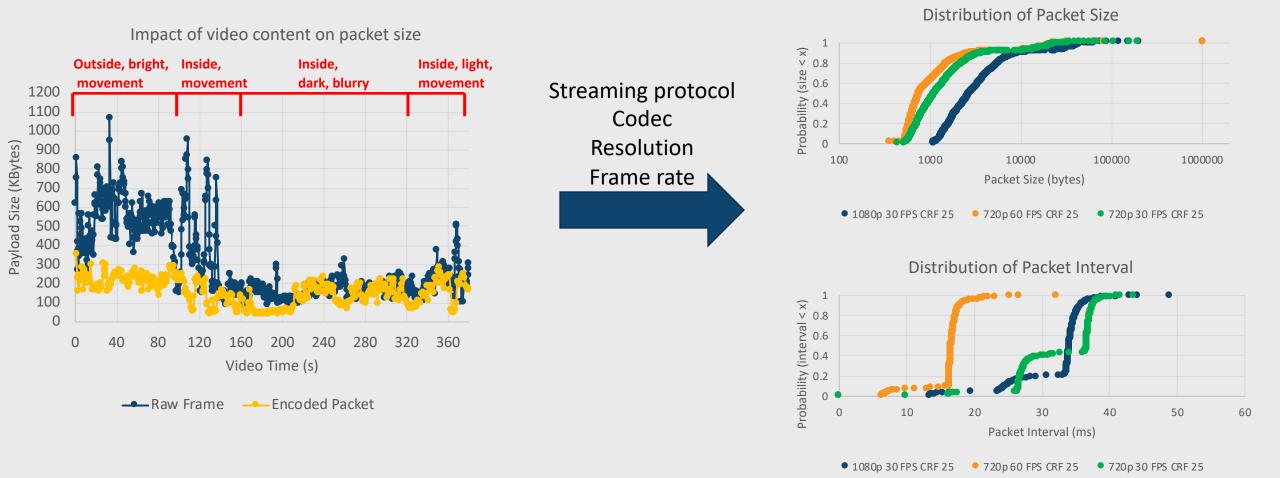


#### **MCPTT Application Usage – Example**



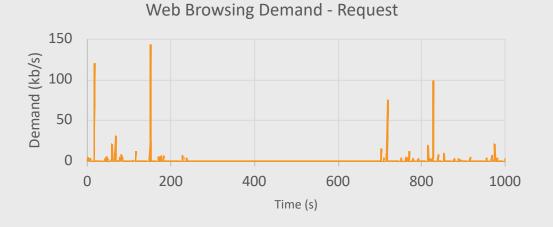
→ PSCR geolocation project will be used to collect more accurate data and derive models for different locations, for both on network and direct mode

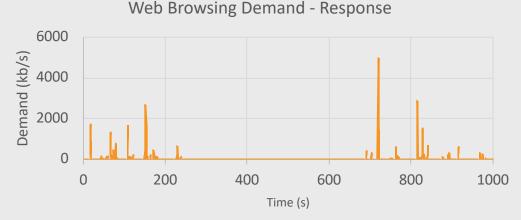
#### **Video Applications**



#### **HTTP Applications**

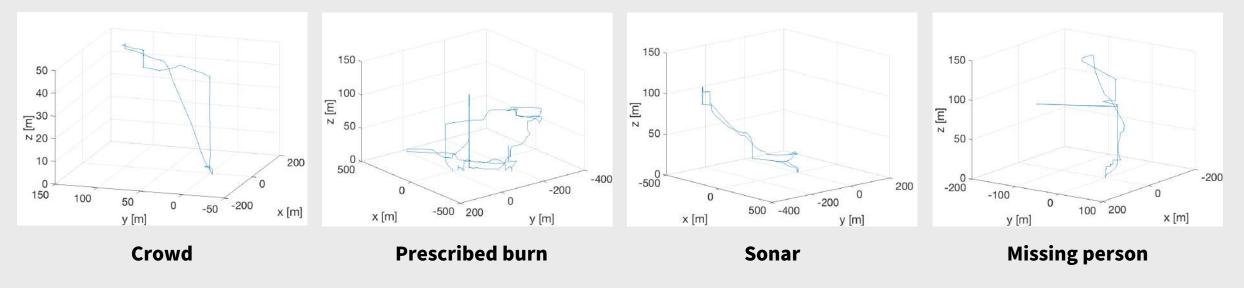
- PSCR implemented an ns-3 model based on Intel whitepaper "A New Traffic Model For Current User Web Browsing Behavior".
- It implements request/response models taking into account the number of objects in the web pages (i.e. script, images, etc...)
- It also includes
  - Modeling of server response time
  - Implementation of client-side cache
- The model allows to collect various statistics
  - Connection establishment latency
  - Page loading time





#### **Mobility Models**

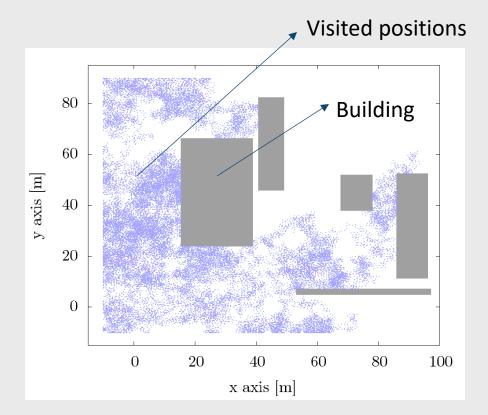
- The mobility of the users in the simulation impacts, among others, the
  - Signal to Interference + Noise Ratio (SINR)
  - Throughput
  - Network procedures (e.g., handovers)
- Models can be improved using real traces



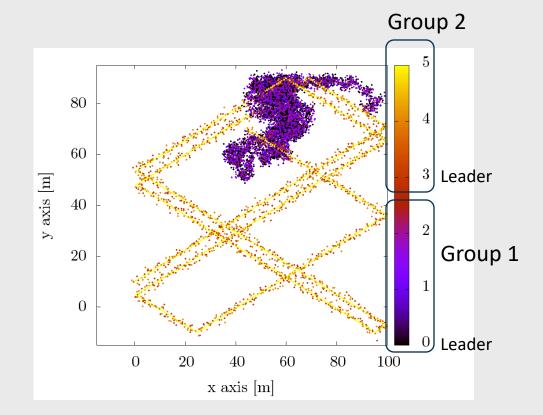
Traces from Unmanned Aerial Vehicle (UAV) missions of the Austin Fire Department

#### **Mobility Models**

Synthetic models can also be improved to reflect reality

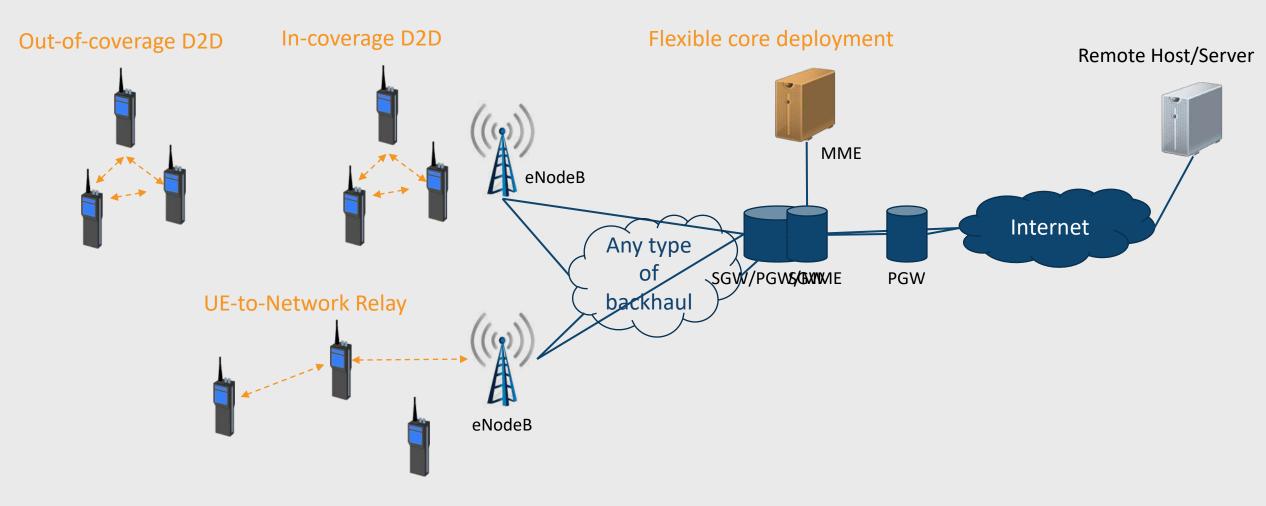


### Random walk that avoids buildings and obstacles



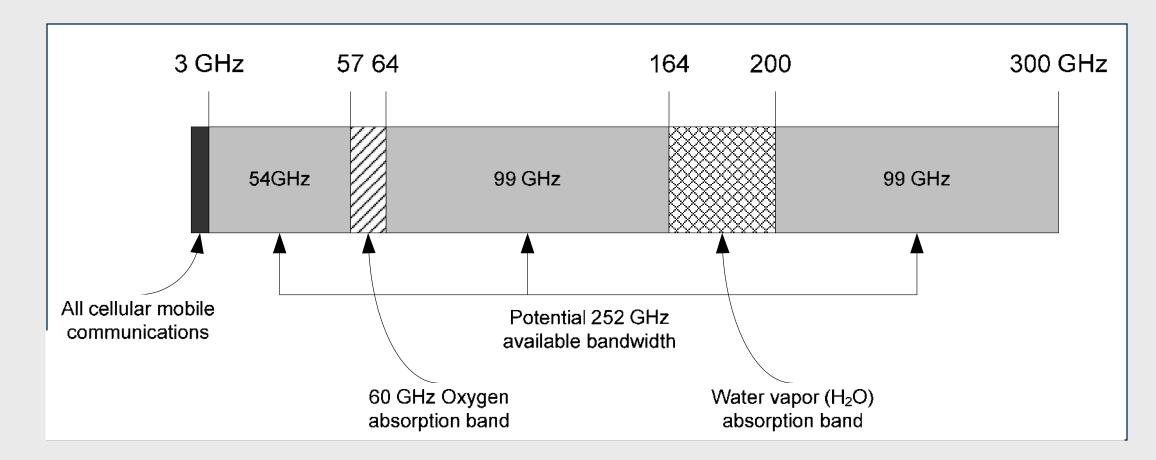
#### Group mobility models

#### LTE Technology



#### **New Models**

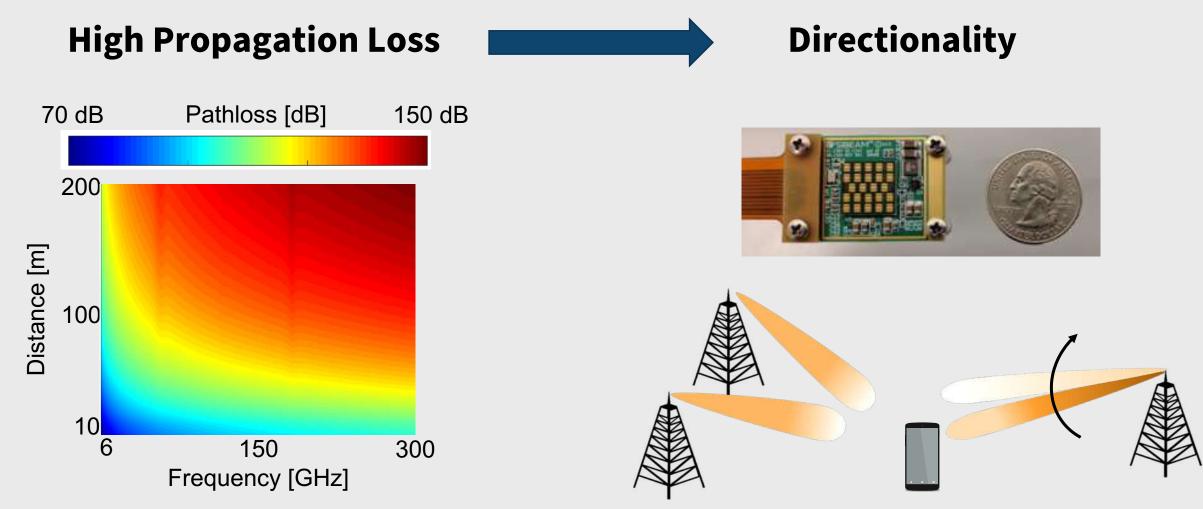
#### mmWave for PSC: The benefits of high bandwidth



Z. Pi and F. Khan, "An introduction to millimeter-wave mobile broadband systems," in *IEEE Communications Magazine*, vol. 49, no. 6, pp. 101-107, June 2011.

#### **New Models**

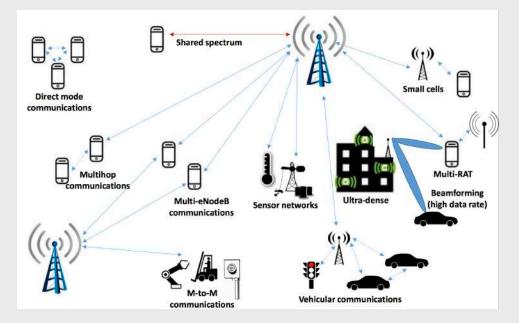
mmWave challenges of directionality and reliability



#### **New Models**

Use cases for mmWave in PSC

- Real-time high quality video
- AR/VR content
- Different kind of sensors (e.g., LIDAR)
- Low latency communications
- Remote control
- Research areas
  - Channel sounding in PSC scenarios
  - Software defined radios for mmWaves experimentation
  - End-to-end network simulation



Tracy McElvaney, "5G: From a Public Safety Perspective," 2015

### Performance Evaluation of Next-Gen Networks

### Same scenarios

## Enhanced Communication

#### **LTE Macro Cell Deployment**

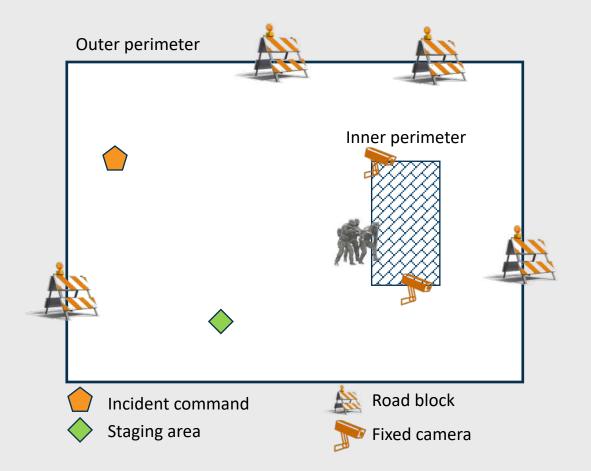
#### **LTE D2D and ProSe**

#### **mmWave Communications**

### **High School Shooting Incident**

#### Scenario overview

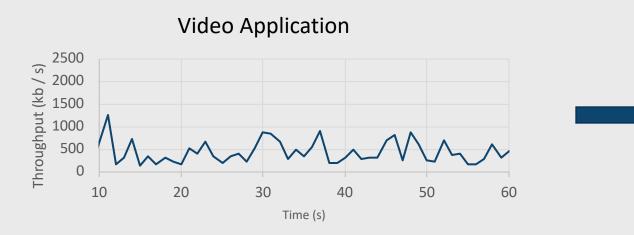
- Report of an active shooter at a large high school and involves casualties
- More than 100 public safety responders representing:
  - Strike teams (SWAT)
  - Law Enforcement (for perimeter security)
  - Emergency Medical Service (EMS)
  - Firefighter
  - Incident Command / Unified Command (IC/UC)
- First responders use a mix of real-time streaming video, telemetry, biometrics, pre-plans, and other applications (more than 20 different applications in total)



Note: scenario inspired by M. Navolio, "Minnesota Department of Public Safety, Public Safety Wireless Data Network Requirements Project Needs Assessment Report," May 27, 2011.

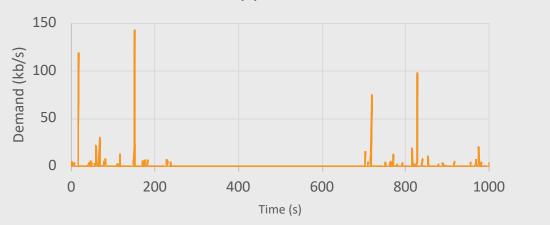
### **High School Shooting Incident**

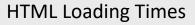
#### **Evaluating Detailed Behaviors**

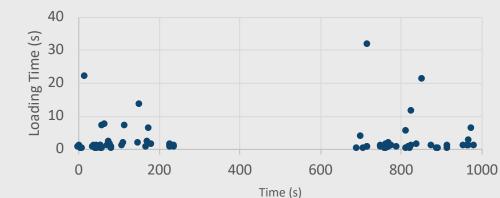








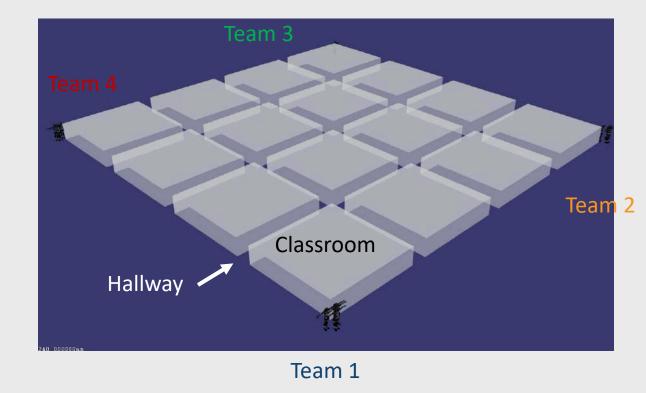




### **D2D in High School Shooting Scenario**

#### **Scenario Description**

- Focus on indoor use case
  - SWAT team strike in the building
  - Group mobility model
  - Coverage considerations
- 4 SWAT teams
  - 4 officers each
- Using MCPTT or video traffic over ProSe



### **D2D in High School Shooting Scenario**

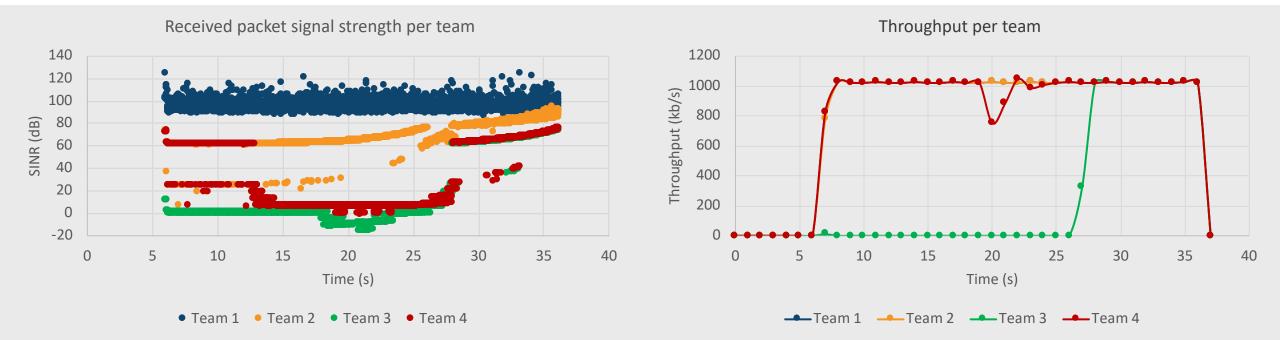
#### **Performance using MCPTT**

Throughput per team Received packet signal strength per team Throughput (kb/s) SINR (dB) -20 Time (s) Time (s) • Team 1 • Team 2 • Team 3 • Team 4 -Team 1 - Team 2 - Team 3 - Team 4

- LTE Prose can provide indoor voice coverage for first responders
- Some degradation may occur due to obstacles

### **D2D in High School Shooting Scenario**

#### **Performance using Video Traffic**

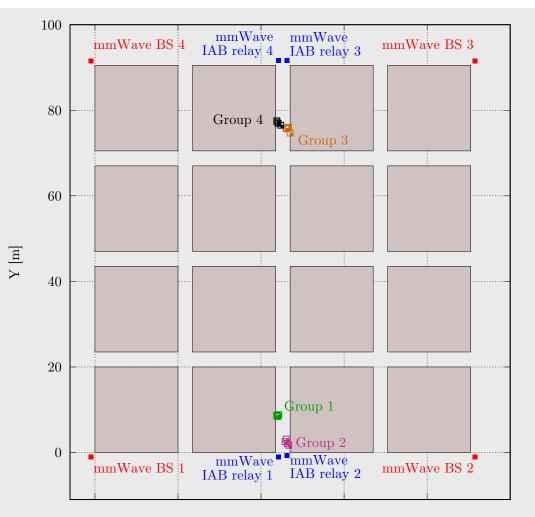


- When considering higher data rates, LTE Prose provides limited coverage
- $\rightarrow$  Need to investigate other solutions

### mmWave in High School Shooting Scenario

Develop a reference scenario and run a preliminary evaluation

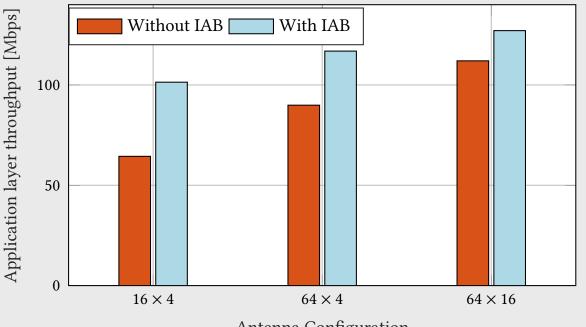
- Same scenario as for D2D
- 4 mmWave base stations at the corners (close to the accessible entrances)
- Mobile relays (IAB) or not
- Video streaming
  - Each officer streams video from head/body cam to IC station



### mmWave in High School Shooting Scenario

Develop a reference scenario and run a preliminary evaluation

- Mobile relays (IAB) or not
- Impact of different antenna arrays
- Metric: application layer throughput



Antenna Configuration

### Take Aways

- Realist public safety scenarios are complex
  - Can involves hundreds of users
  - Organization in units
  - Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs), i.e. less random events
  - Applications of first responders are different than commercial users
- Realistic inputs are needed
- Channel models for realistic and PS-specific environments (i.e. fire, smoke, crowd)
- Simulations can provide a performance assessment in scenarios where testbeds or real deployments are not feasible
- Simulators are becoming more capable of reporting QoE metrics

### **Future Priorities**

- Scenario development
  - Build collection of incidents
- Application models
- New technologies
  - 3GPP New Radio (NR)
  - NR Vehicle-to-Anything (V2X)
  - mmWave
  - Unmanned Aerial Vehicle (UAV)
- Measurement-based channel models

# COME SOLVE WITH

Input is needed from the public safety:

- Scenarios of interest from first responders
- Application information from App developers and vendors
- Deployment information and log from operators

#### **Contact Us**





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https://github.com/usnistgov/psc-ns3 https://github.com/nyuwireless-unipd/ns3-mmwave https://github.com/signetlabdei/mmwave-psc-scenarios https://github.com/signetlabdei/ns3-mmwave-iab

https://apps.nsnam.org/







# THANK YOU

### **#PSCR2019**

Break for Lunch BACK AT 1:00PM