

Panel Discussion

International Metrology Cooperation in support of Energy & Environment

III Ministerial Meeting of the Energy and Climate Partnership of the Americas (ECPA)

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MINISTÉRIO DA
INDÚSTRIA, COMÉRCIO
EXTERIOR E SERVIÇOS



Measurement Challenges for Smart Grids in the Americas

Inter-American System of Metrology (SIM)

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Energy and Environment

- Energy conversion
- Energy T & D
- Energy and Materials Recovery
- Renewable Energy
- Efficient use of energy
- Risk and life time technology
- Clean Tech and environmental management



Sensing – a key issue for the Smart Grid

- **Smart grids** – Sensing, embedded processing and digital communications to enable the electricity grid to be
- **observable** (able to measure the states of all grid elements),
- **controllable** (able to affect the state of any grid element),
- **automated** (able to adapt and self-heal) and
- fully **integrated** (fully interoperable with existing systems and have the capacity to incorporate a diversity of energy sources)

Synchrophasor Measurement

Synchrophasors are precise grid measurements available from monitors called Phasor Measurement Units (PMUs).

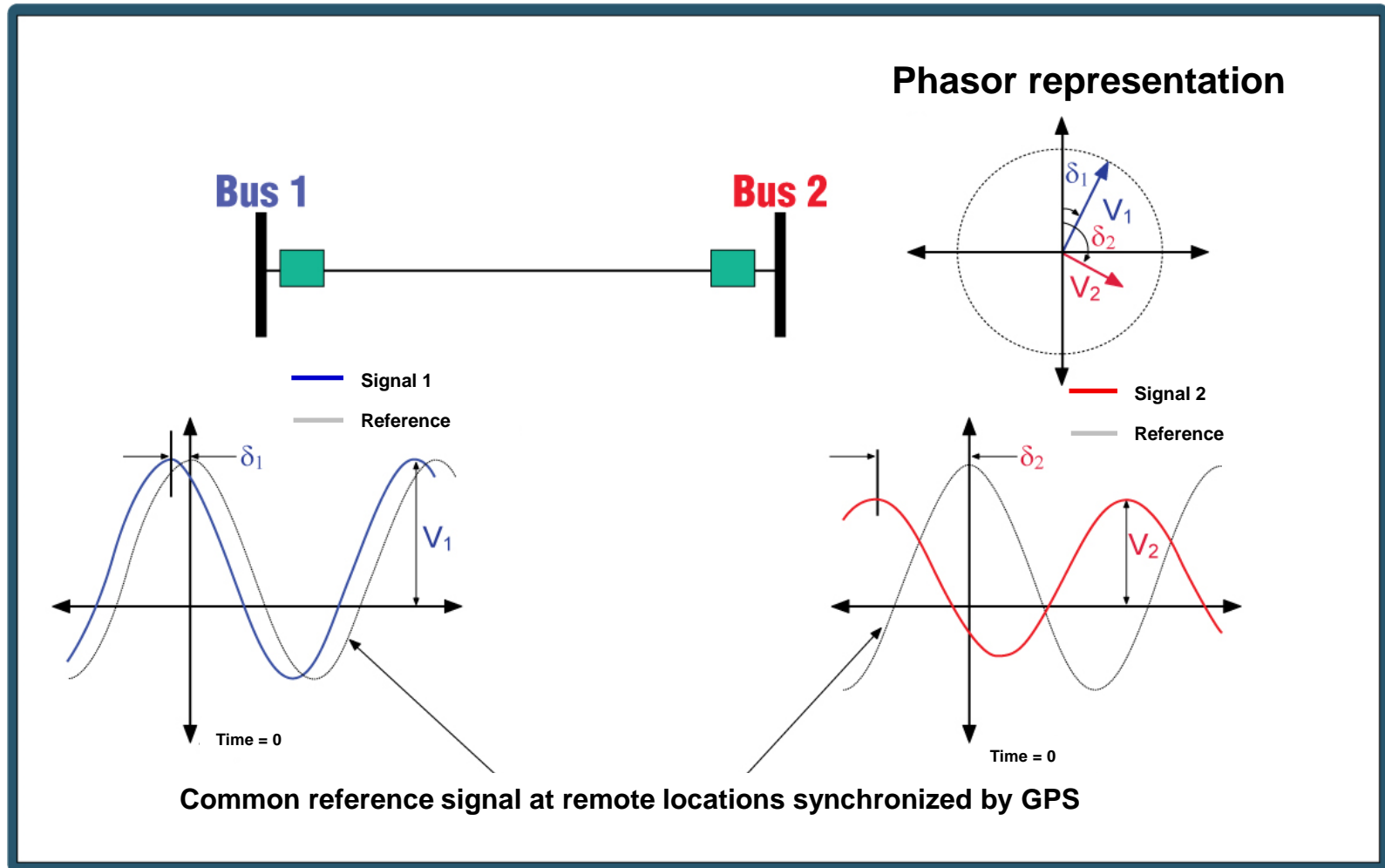
PMU measurements are taken at high speed (typically 30 observations per second, over 100 times faster than conventional SCADA technology).

Each measurement is time-stamped according to a common time reference such as GPS.

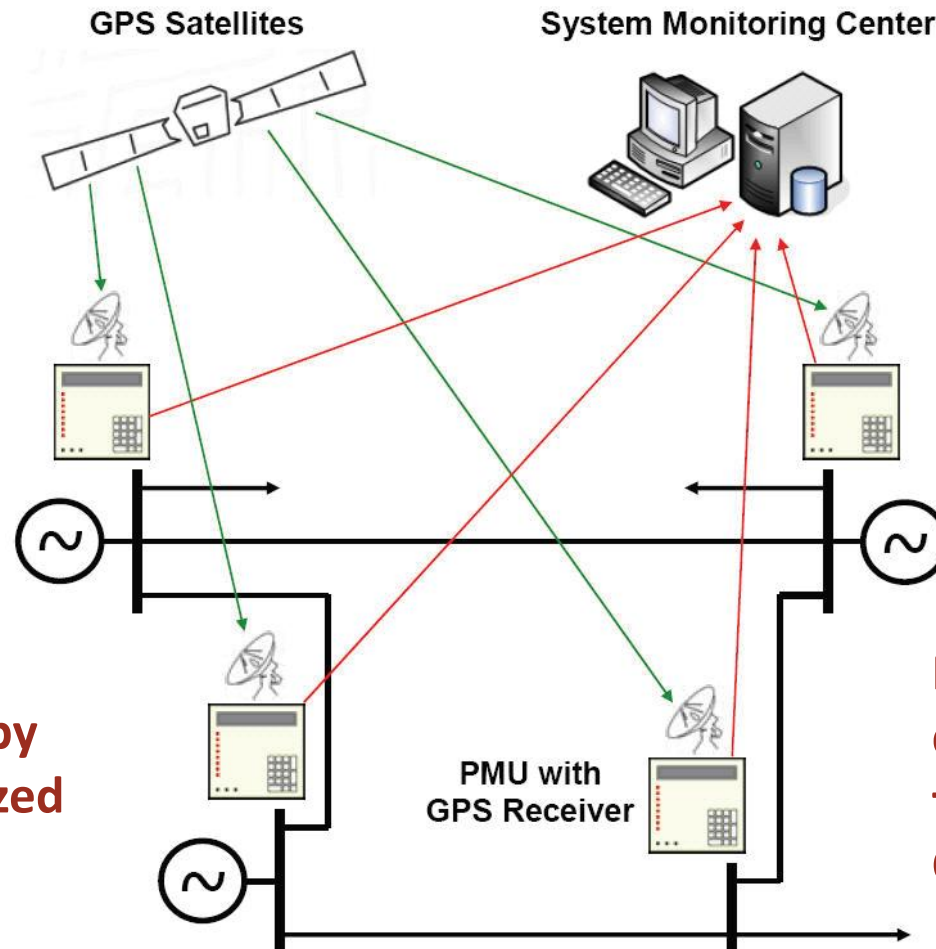
Time-stamping allows measurements from different locations and utilities to be time-aligned (synchronized) and combined together providing a precise and comprehensive view of the entire interconnection.

Synchrophasor measurements can be used to indicate grid stress, and can be used to trigger corrective actions to maintain reliability.

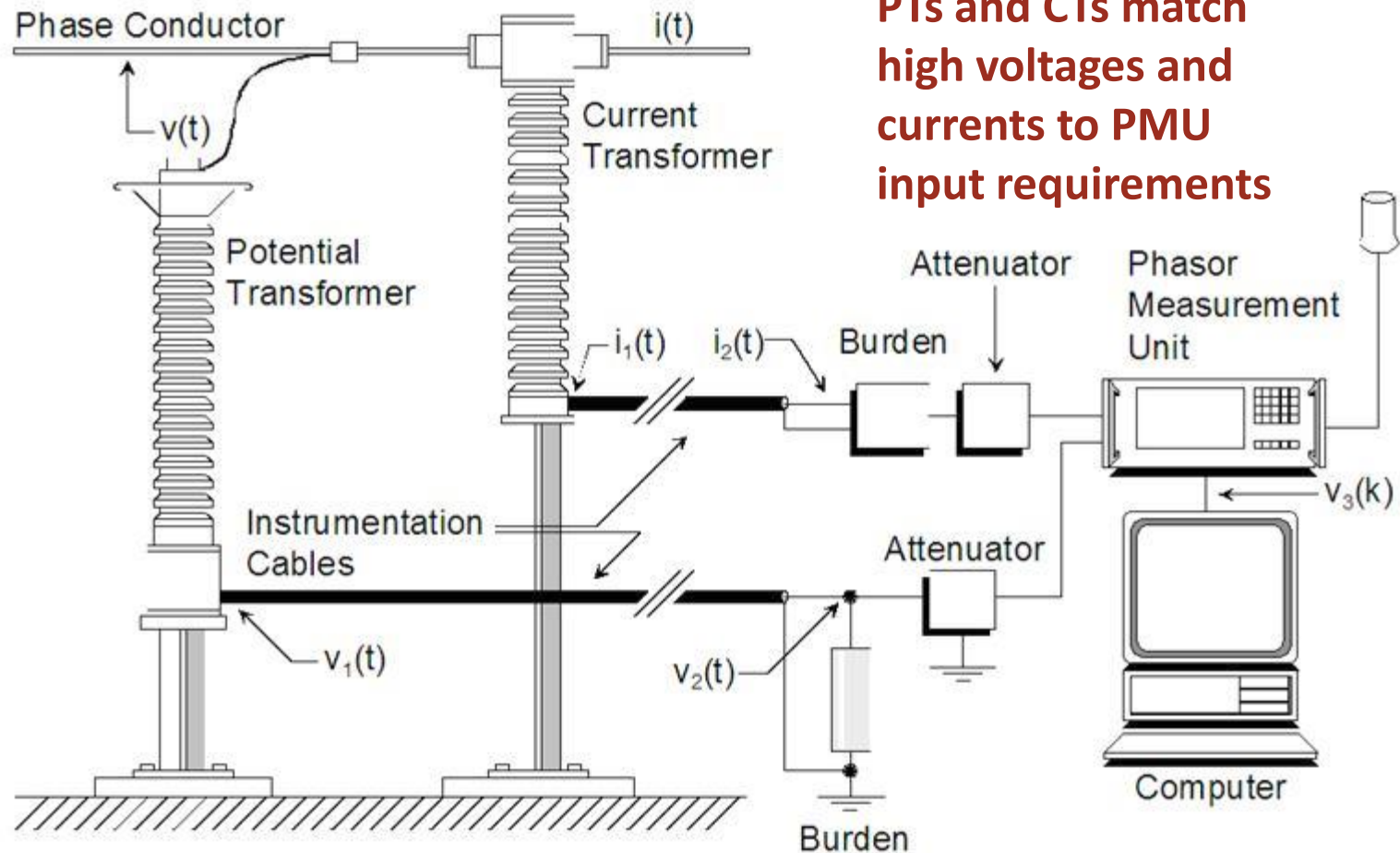
Synchrophasor Measurement



Synchrophasor Measurement System (SPMS)

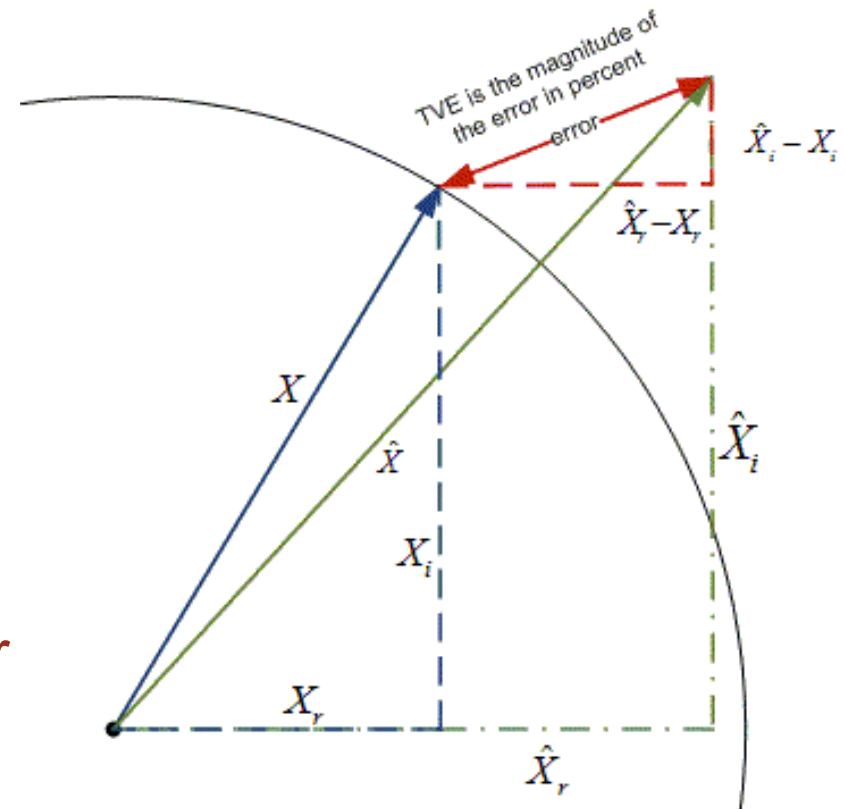


Phasor Measurement Unit (PMU)



Synchrophasor Measurement Accuracy

- Voltage measurements - 1%
- Current measurements - 10%
- TVE (Total Vector Error) - 1%
- Such accuracies encompass the whole chain, including PMU, Potential Transformers, Current Transformers and other transducers



Measurement Traceability



Josephson Standard
 volt 1.10^{-8}

Voltage source
 5.10^{-7}

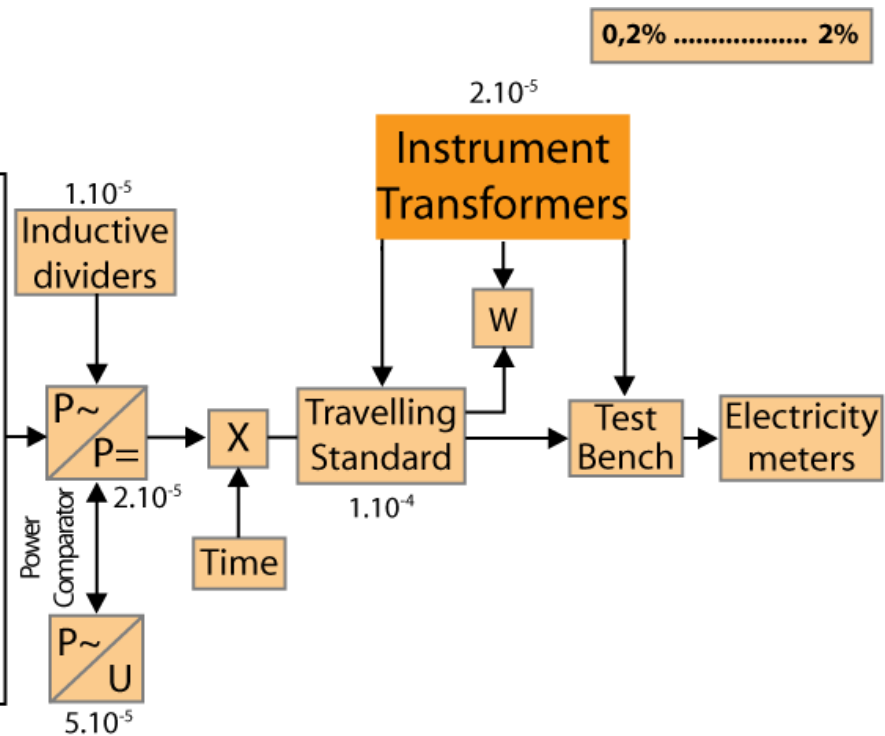
Quantum Standards



Quantum Hall Effect
 ohm 5.10^{-8}

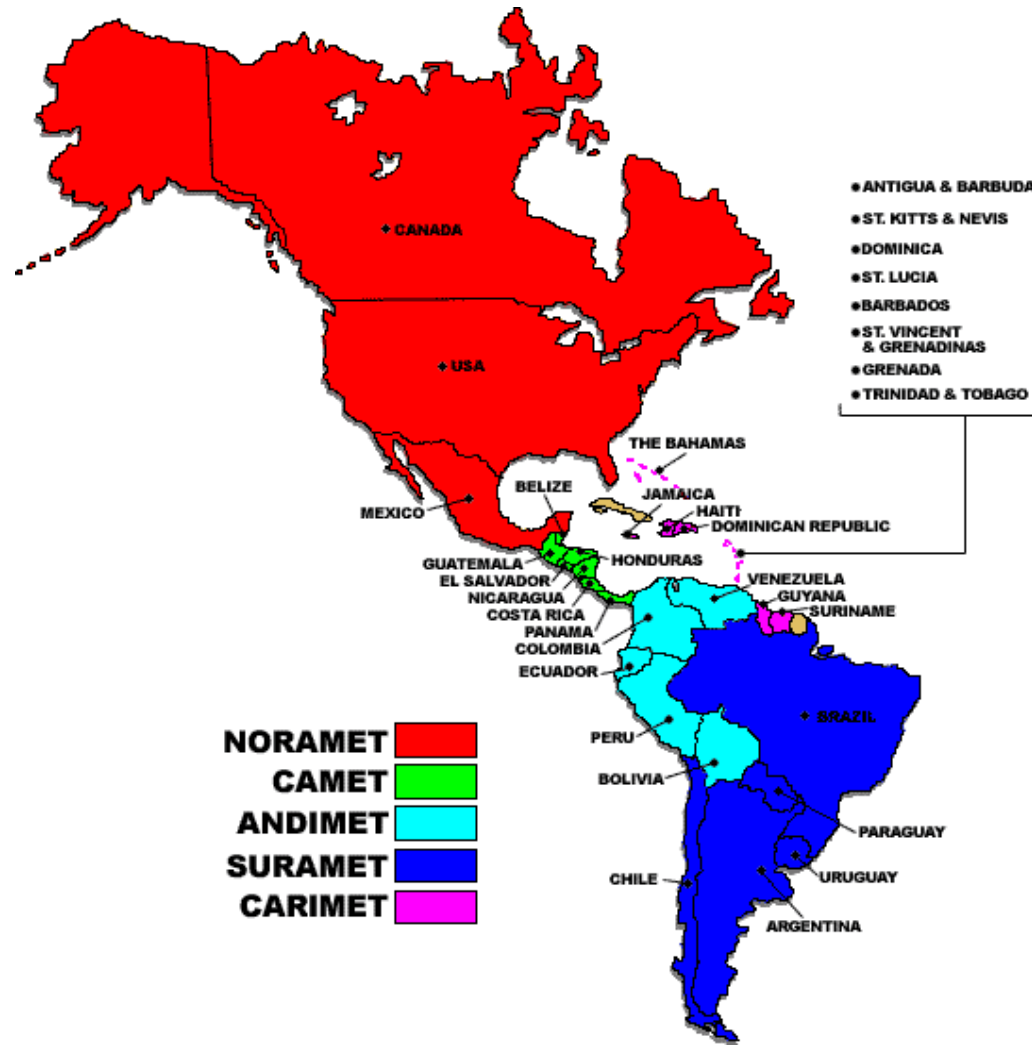
Standard resistors
 5.10^{-8}

Secondary resistors
 5.10^{-7}



An unbroken chain of comparisons all having stated measurement uncertainties

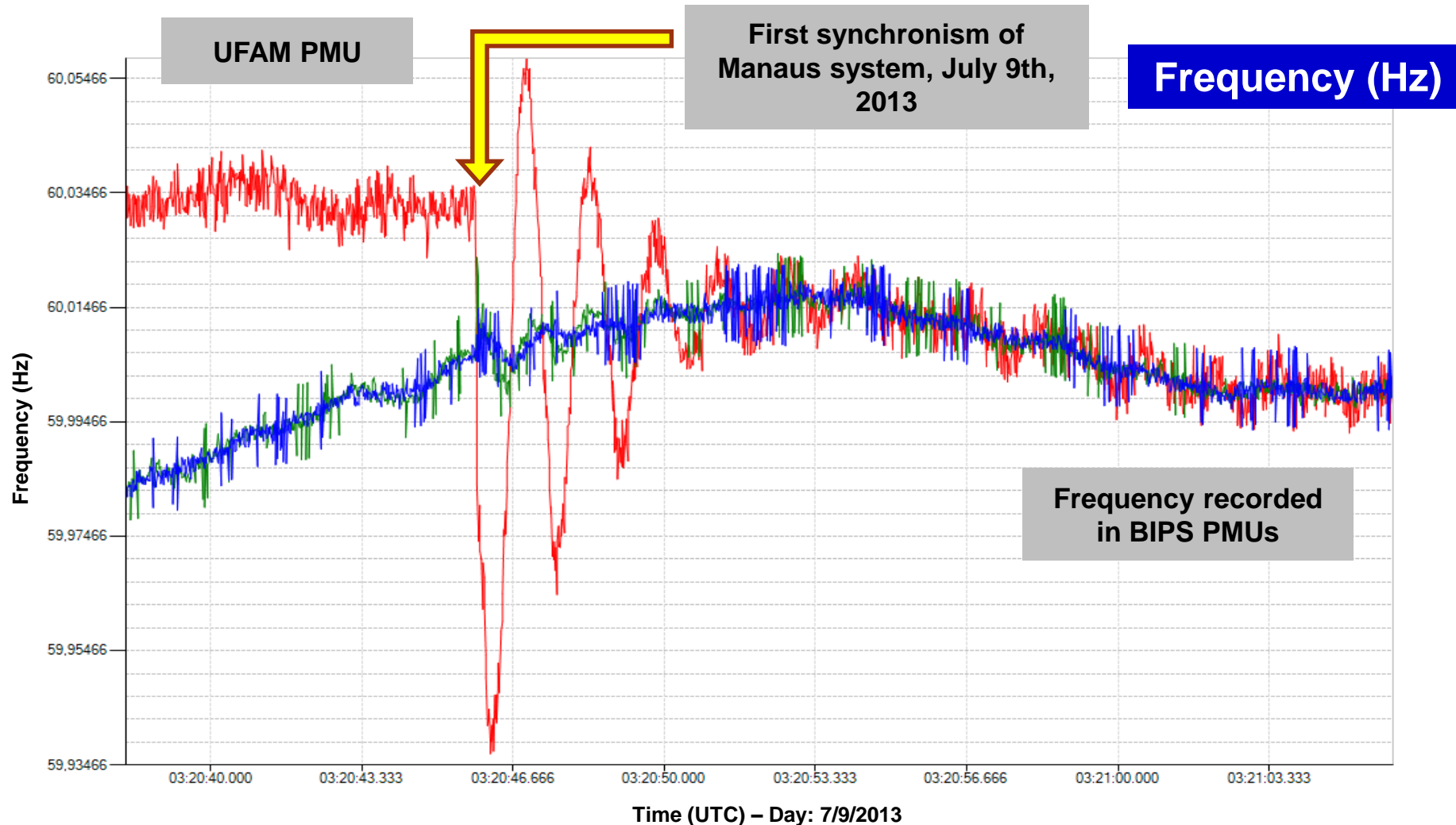
Inter-American System of Metrology (SIM)



PMU Applications for Wide Area Monitoring, Analysis and Control

Monitoring	Analysis	Control
Frequency	Post Event Analysis	Adaptive Islanding
Voltage	Model Validation	Adaptive Relaying
Oscillation Detection	State Estimation	Power System Stabilizing / Power Oscillation Dampers
Wide-area Visualization		Black-start Restoration
Operator Decision Support		Automated Remedial Action Schemes
State Estimation (hybrid or linear state estimation / state measurement)		
Renewables Integration		

Connecting Isolated system to Interconnected System



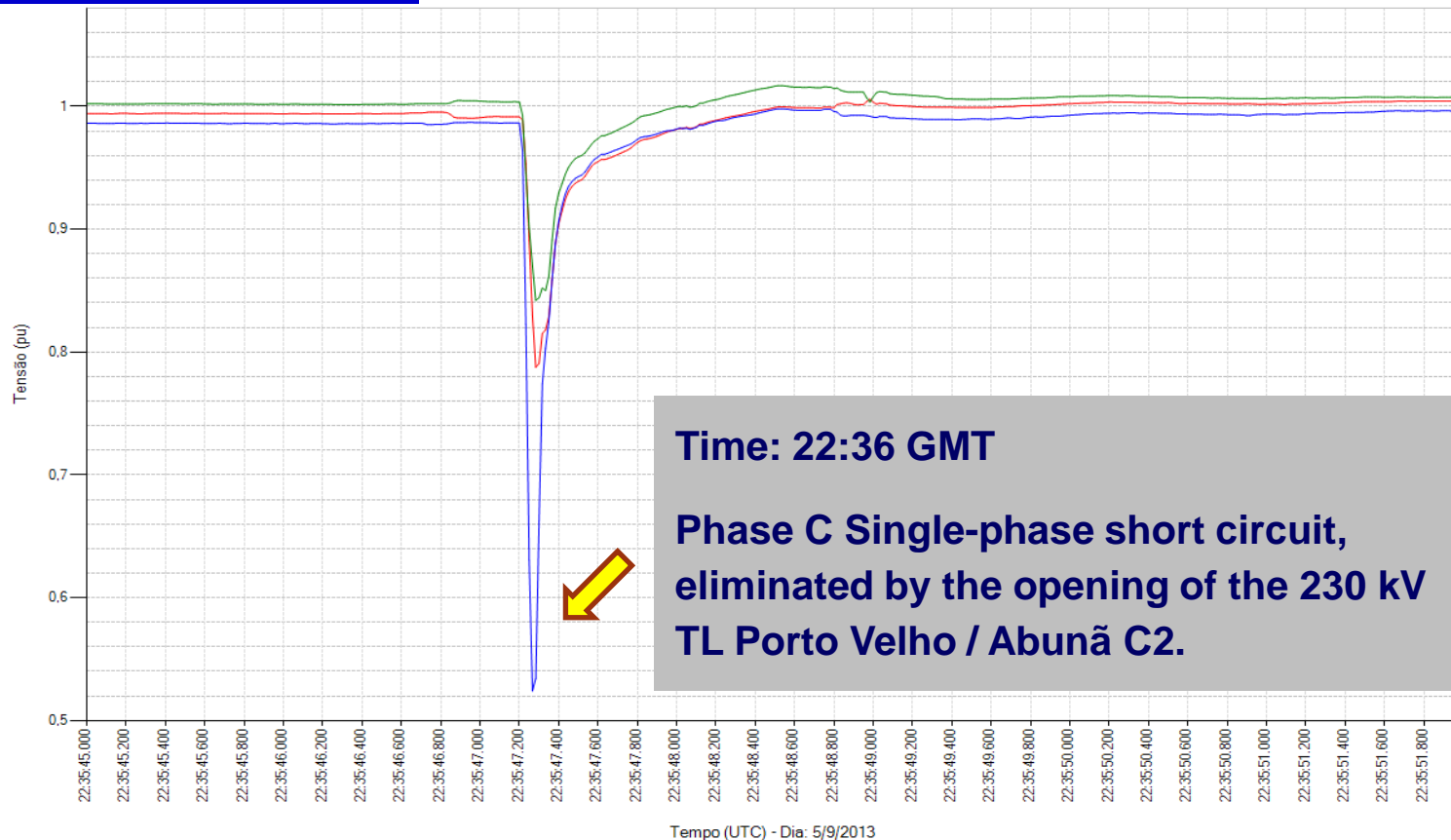
Detecting Electric Faults

**Voltage (pu) at
phases A, B and C**

Módulo da Tensão - UNIR - 60 fasores/s

UNIR PMU

— Fase A — Fase B — Fase C



Synchrophasor Measurement in North America

- NASPI is a voluntary collaboration between the electric bulk power system community (industry, vendors, academics, consultants), North American Electric Reliability Corporation (NERC) and DOE to advance the deployment and use of synchrophasor technology

<https://www.naspi.org/>

- NASPI priorities are set and executed by industry volunteers
- NERC funds the NASPI meetings, and Grid Protection Alliance work on phasor infrastructure development
- DOE funds phasor research projects and support to NASPI Task Teams by National Lab staff and Consortium for Electric Reliability Technology Solutions (CERTS) program contractors

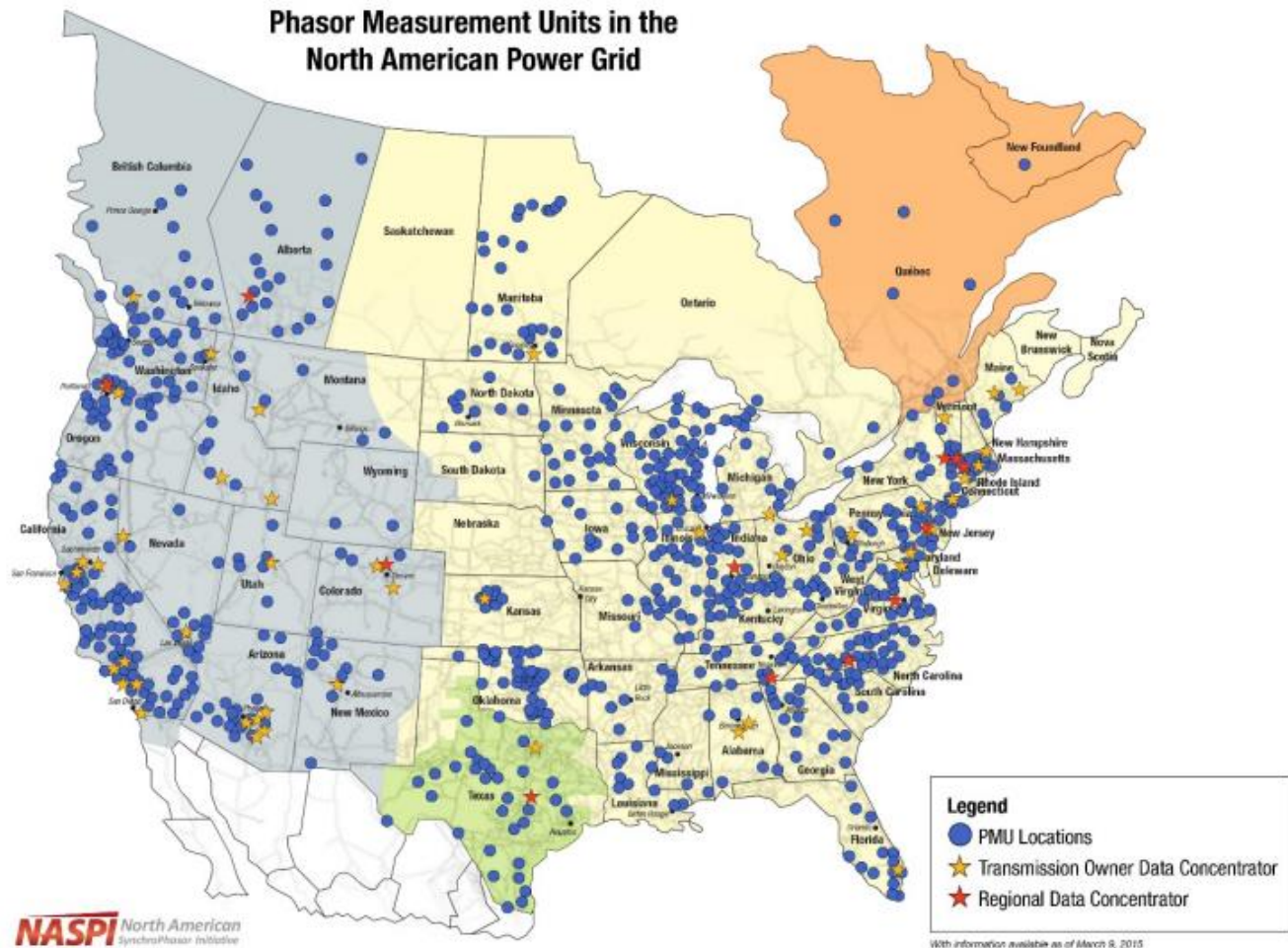
National Research Council
Universities

National Grid Operator
Electrical Utilities

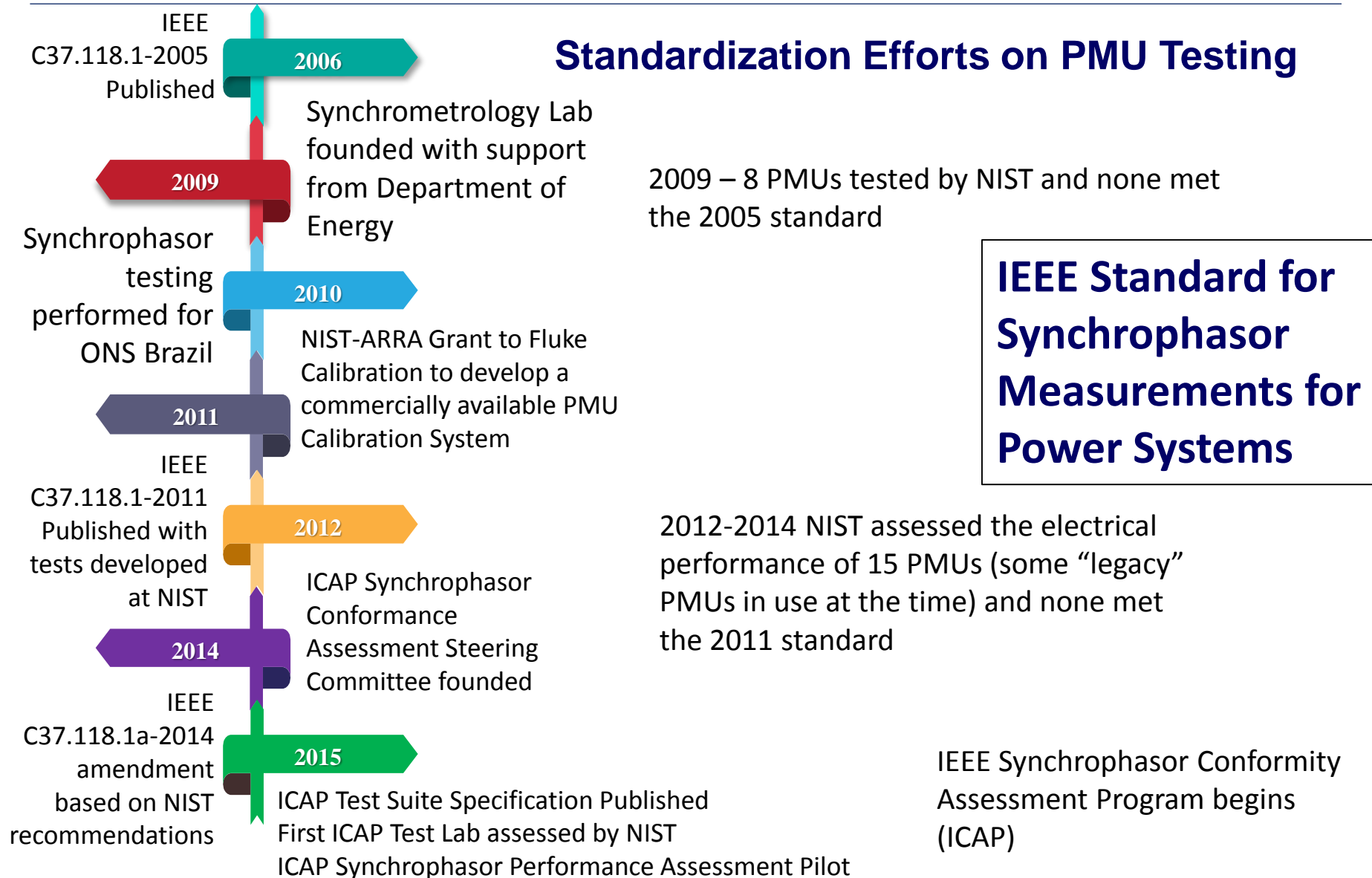
National Metrology Institute
Electrical Industry

Synchrophasor Measurement in North America

Almost 1800
PMUs were
installed
across North
America in
2015



Courtesy of the North American Synchrophasor Initiative () and the U.S. Department of Energy.

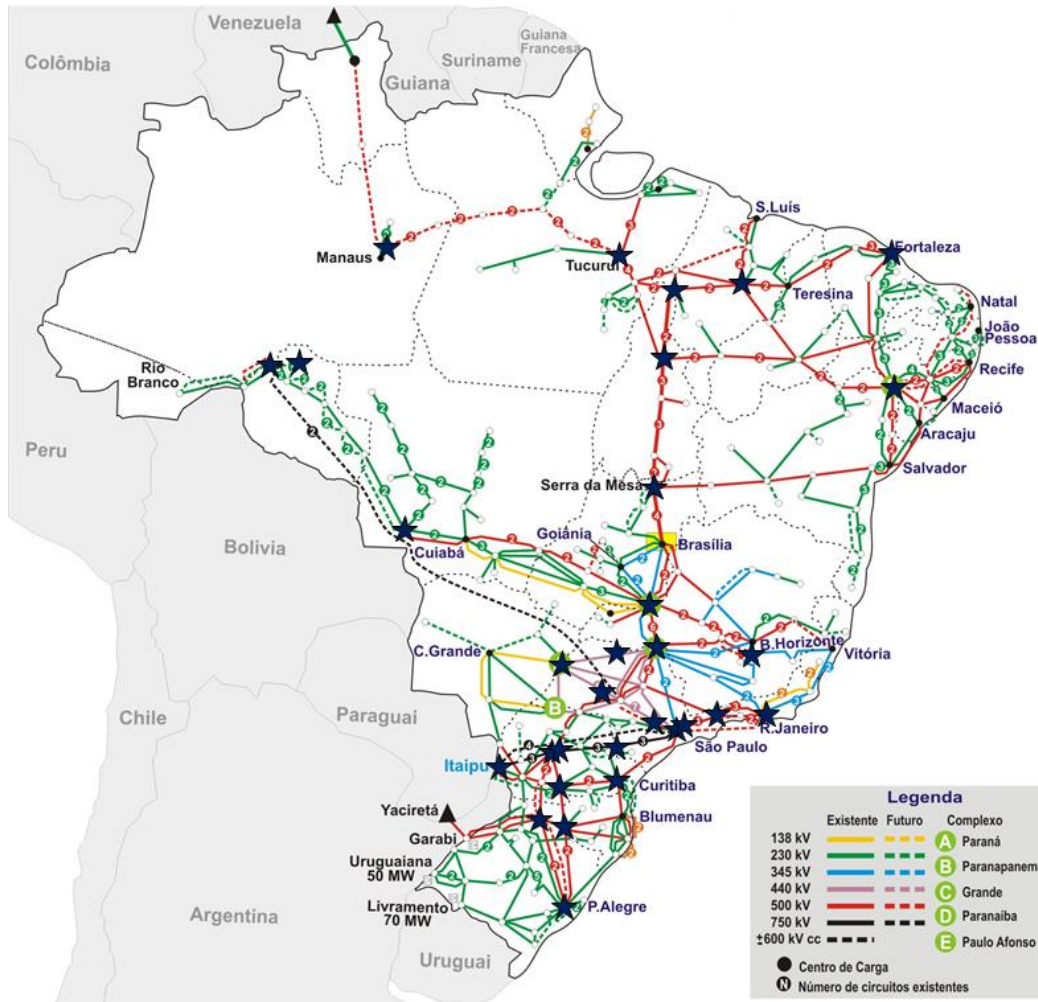


NIST-SIM Engagement Opportunity

- 4th cycle of support for NIST-SIM collaborations
- This program is aimed at strengthening the metrology infrastructure within SIM and is limited to staff of SIM National Metrology Institutes and Designated Institutes
- In 2017 Brazilian NMI (Inmetro) and Argentinian NMI (INTI) sent experts to be trained on PMU calibration and testing at NIST. They will be also exposed to the IEEE Synchrophasor Conformity Assessment Program

We now present the initiatives of these two countries concerning the PMU technology

Synchrophasor Measurement System in Brazil



31 Substations
181 Line Terminals

Synchrophasor Measurement in Brazil

Year	Brazilian National Grid Operator (ONS) Activity
2005	Technical Studies for PMU Location
2006/2007	Synchronized Phasor Measurement System Technical Specification
2008	Technical Studies for Application of Phasor Measurements Technology for Real-time Decision Making
2009	PMU Certification Process (ONS contracted NIST to test 8 PMUs and none passed the tests)
2011	Partnership with Universidade Federal de Santa Catarina (UFSC)
2012	MME / IBRD understandings for funding SPMS
2013	Telecommunication Technical Specification
2014	PDC Infrastructure / Applications Acquisition
2015	PDC Contracting and Applications
2016/2017	Beginning of Operation

Synchrophasor Measurement in Brazil

MedFasee: the Brazilian Low-Voltage WAMS Current Configuration: Characteristics

➤ Project scope:

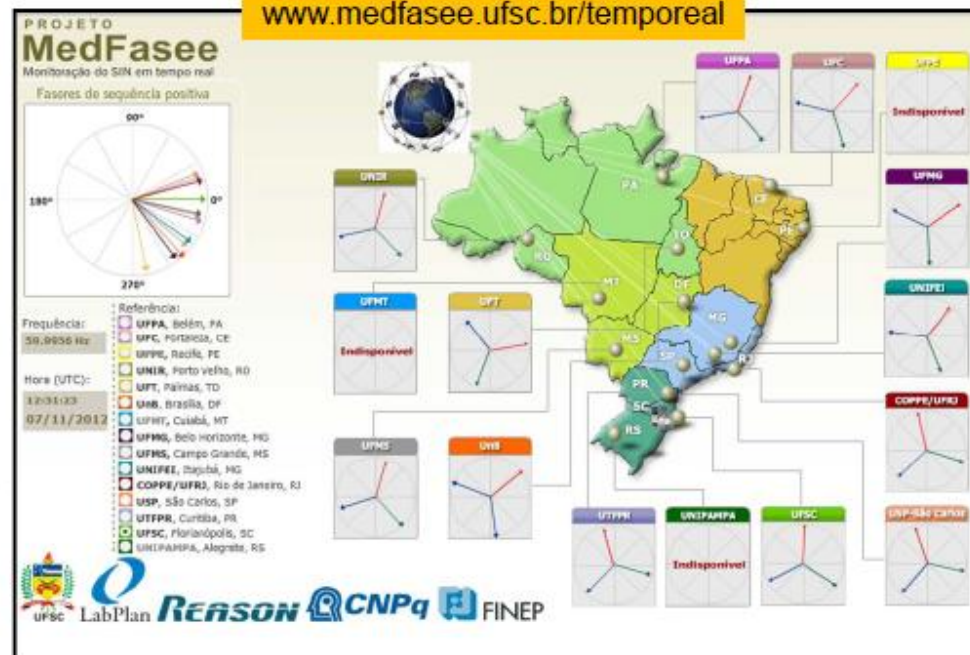
- ✓ 15 universities participate in the project, covering the 5 geographical regions of the country

➤ Main objective:

- ✓ Development, dissemination and educational use of the SPMS technology

➤ Additional benefits:

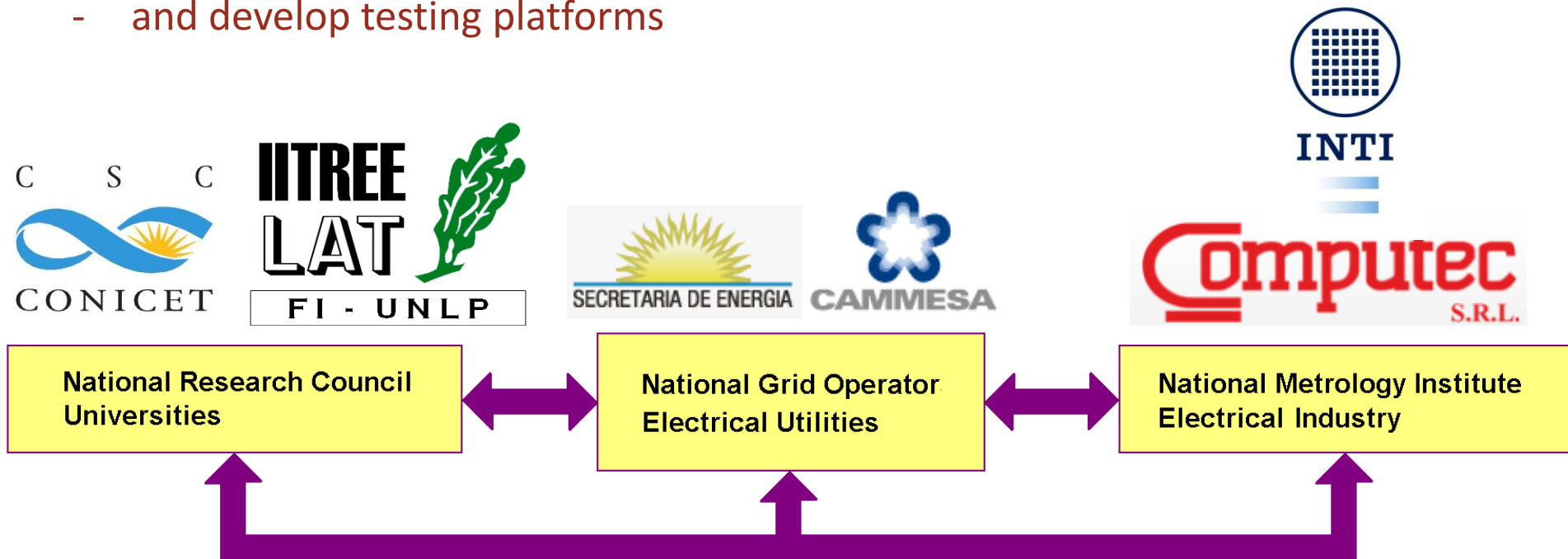
- ✓ 2011 – Beginning of an official partnership between UFSC and the National Operator of the Brazilian Power System (ONS) to access the data base of the MedFasee Project



Synchrophasor Measurement in Argentina

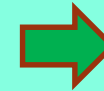
An **Argentinian project** to

- develop a Synchrophasor Measurement System for direct application in the Argentinian Interconnected Power System (SADI),
- establish the basis for its serial production,
- and develop testing platforms



Argentinian Project Activities

Activity 1. Development of a commercial IEEE C37.118.1-2011 - compliant PMU



Component 1: Testing and selection of
algorithms for synchrophasor estimation



Component 2: Development of voltage and
current transducers to reduce signal
magnitudes to PMU input requirements



Component 3: Development of PMU
communication module

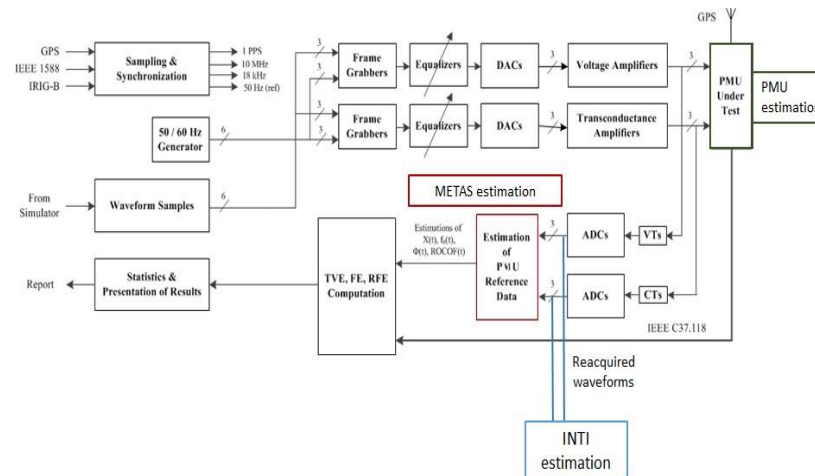


Component 4: Implementation of PMU
electronics and embedded software



Argentinian Project Activities

Activity 2. Development of PMU testing platform according to IEEE C37.118.1-2011 and IEC 61000



Component 1: Development of reference system for calibrating PMUs

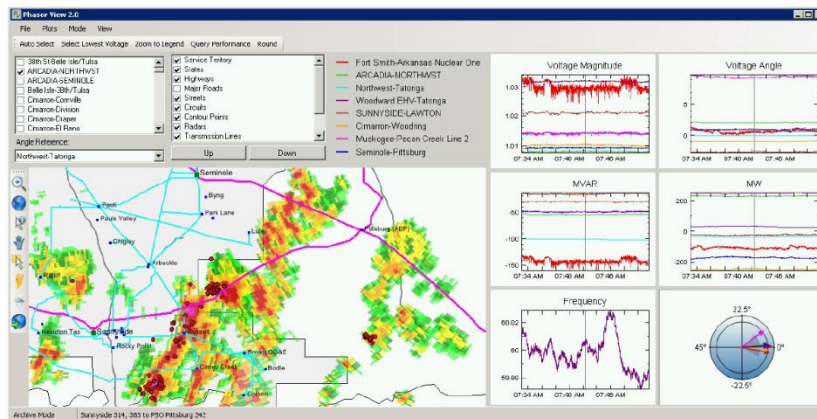


Component 2: Implementation of Electromagnetic Compatibility and Electric Safety Testing



Argentinian Project Activities

Activity 3. Development of software tools for synchrophasor data processing & analysis.
Grid analysis tools are useful for decision & diagnostic based on PMU network data.



Component 1: Development and implementation of software for synchrophasor data processing and analysis



Component 2: Optimization of the sensing network



Sharing experience, insights and knowledge



What National
Metrology
Institutes know
in their context

Creating what's
possible together

**Wise Measurements
for Smart Grids**

'a smart grid is never smarter
than the quality of its measurements'



What we
both know



What National Grid
Operators know in
their context