



Towards Viable Information Infrastructures for Trustworthy Networking

Random, General Thoughts Illustrated with Frustrations from Robust Interdomain Routing

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Open Knowledge Network ?

OKN-KISMET

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- Outline research agenda.
- The goal is to start thinking aboutsomething with "transformative impact".

What are others thinking?

- The State of Open Data 2019
 - <u>https://digitalscience.figshare.com/articles/The_State_of_Open_Data_Report_2019/9980783</u>
- FAIR Findable, Accessible, Interoperable, Reusable
 - <u>https://www.go-fair.org/fair-principles/</u>
- Internet of FAIR Data & Services
 - https://www.go-fair.org/resources/internet-fair-data-services/
- Creating Value From Open Data
 - https://www.europeandataportal.eu/sites/default/files/edp_creating_value_through_open_data_0.pdf
- Open Government Data Act
 - https://www.data.gov/open-gov/



iq**share** fiq

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G F/IR - Findable, Accessible, Interoperable, Reusable

https://www.go-fair.org/fair-principles/

• Findable

The first step in (re)using data is to find them. Metadata and data should be easy to find for both humans and computers. Machine-readable metadata are essential for automatic discovery of datasets and services.

- (Meta)data are assigned a globally unique and persistent identifier
- Data are described with rich metadata
- Metadata clearly and explicitly include the identifier of the data they describe
- (Meta)data are registered or indexed in a searchable resource

Accessible

Once the user finds the required data, she/he needs to know how can they be accessed, possibly including authentication and authorization.

- (Meta)data are retrievable by their identifier using a standardised communications protocol
- The protocol is open, free, and universally implementable
- The protocol allows for an authentication and authorisation procedure, where necessary
- Metadata are accessible, even when the data are no longer available

Interoperable

The data usually need to be integrated with other data. In addition, the data need to interoperate with applications or workflows for analysis, storage, and processing.

- (Meta)data use a formal, accessible, shared, and broadly applicable language for knowledge representation.
- (Meta)data use vocabularies that follow FAIR principles
- (Meta)data include qualified references to other (meta)data

• <u>R</u>eusable

The ultimate goal is to optimize the reuse of data. To achieve this, metadata and data should be well-described so that they can be replicated and/or combined in different settings.

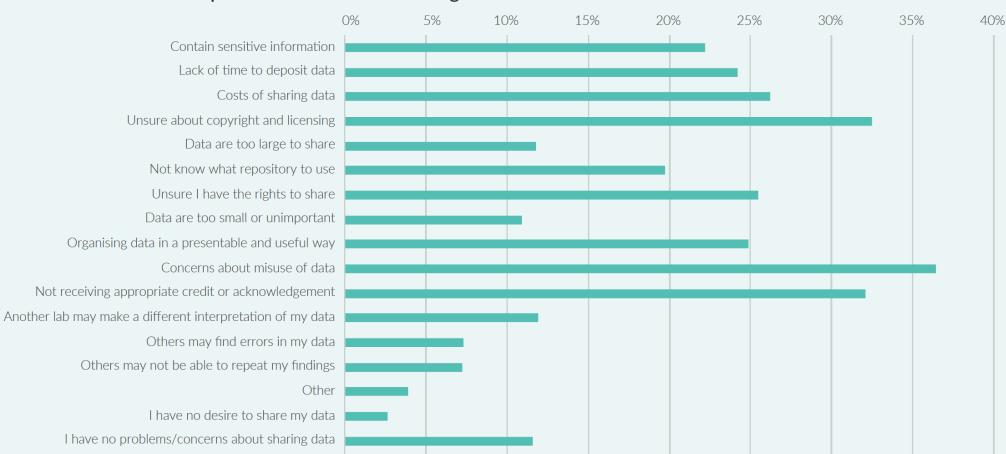
- Meta(data) are richly described with a plurality of accurate and relevant attributes
- (Meta)data are released with a clear and accessible data usage license
- (Meta)data are associated with detailed provenance
- (Meta)data meet domain-relevant community standards





Barriers to Open Knowledge Networks?

Problems/concerns respondents have with sharing datasets



https://digitalscience.figshare.com/articles/The State of Open Data Report 2019/9980783

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BGP "Robustness Data" and OKNs?





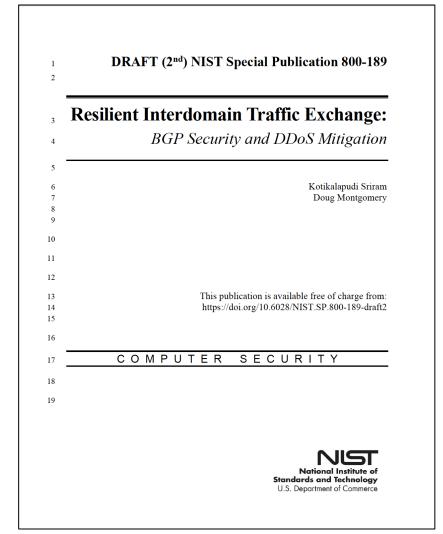
Data Sets to address BGP Robustness Issues

BGP Robustness Issues

- Unauthorized originations (hijacks)
- BGP AS-Path manipulations to misdirect traffic, undermine origin validation.
- Detecting and mitigating "route leaks".
 - <u>https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7908</u>
- Enabling Source Address Validation (SAV) in the data plane.
 - Anti-spoofing techniques.

What data sets are necessary?

• To design, test, and implement viable solutions?





Info Infrastructure for Trustworthy BGP

Producers

- Declarative
 - Whois, RPKI, IRR
- Measured
 - Routeviews, RIS

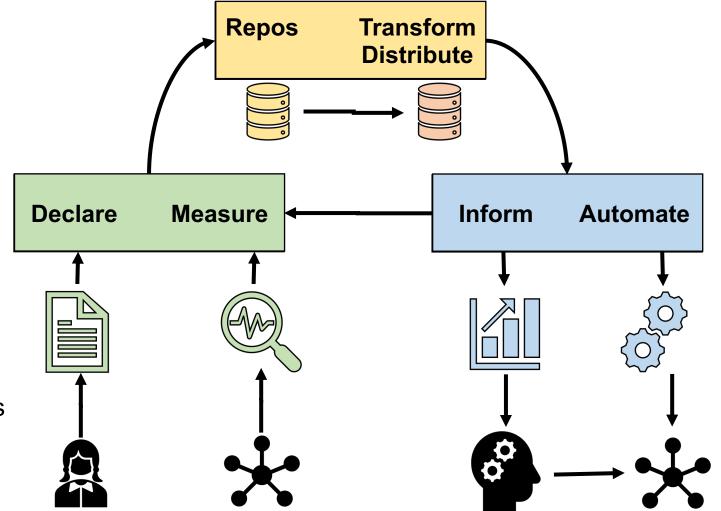
Data

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- Repositories
 - RPKI, Routeviews
- Intermediaries

Consumers

- Informative
 - Publications, Anomaly Detectors
- Automation
 - BGP Route Filters, SAV

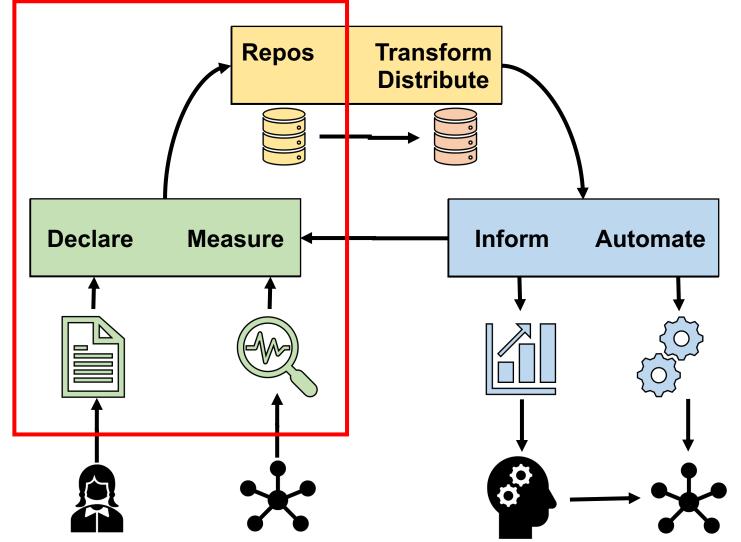






Producers

- Access control & Authentication
 - Who / what provides input
 - How do you verify above?
- Information Quality
 - Correctness
 - Completeness
 - Uncertainty
- Responsiveness / Liveness
 - Input stimulus to repository
 - Purging stale data



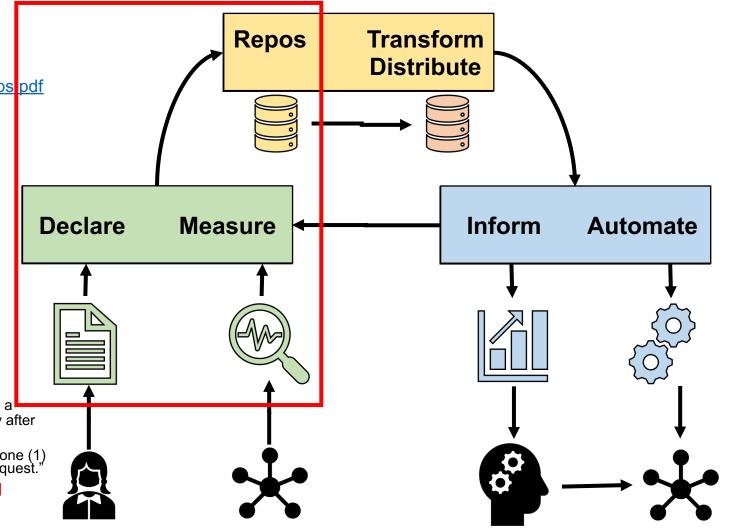
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Information Infrastructure Properties

BGP Producers

- CPS Certificate Practice Statement
 - <u>https://www.arin.net/resources/manage/rpki/cps pdf</u>
- RPKI
 - Strong Access control & Authentication Model
 - ARIN constrained by implications of RSA.
- Information Quality
 - · Mechanisms to help users avoid input errors.
 - Informal efforts to scrub RPKI data with measurement data.
- Measurement data is ground truth?
 - How do we know that BGP data sent to collector is not malicious?
- Responsiveness / Liveness
 - CPS a vague SLA?
 - Designed for resource assignment & transfer.
 - "ARIN expects to issue a certificate attesting to a resource allocation within one (1) business day after approval of the allocation."
 - "ARIN will process a revocation request within one (1) business day of receipt and validation of the request."
 - Need data on measured performance of RPKI production system.

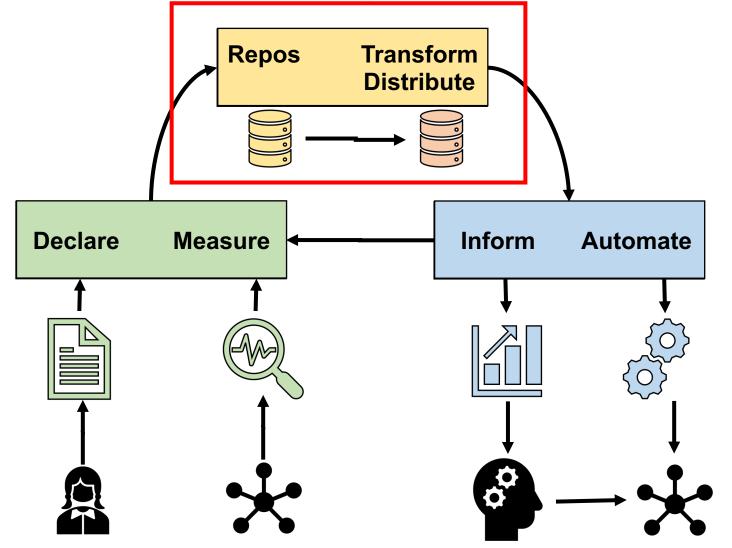




Data Repositories

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- Access control & Authentication
 - Who / what can access data?
 - How do you verify above?
 - Privacy issues?
- Information Quality
 - Meta data for completeness, correctness, uncertainty?
- Repository Quality
 - Integrity / Availability
- Transformation / Distribution
 - To promote interoperability
 - To foster adoption / use
 - To scale dissemination

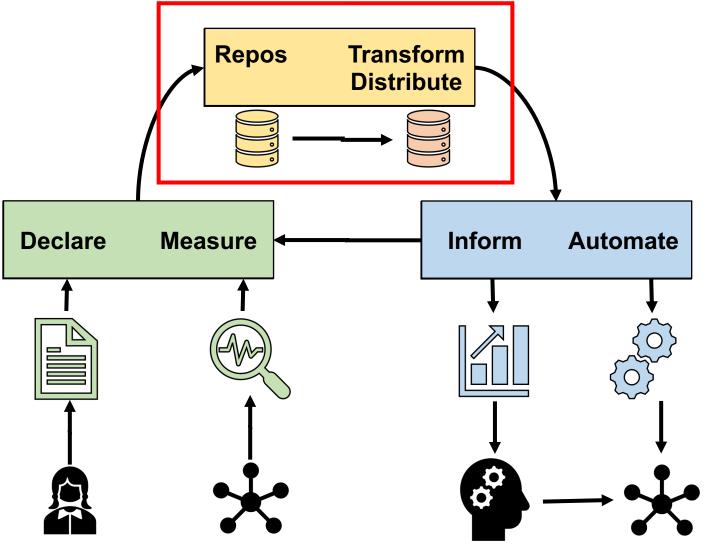






BGP Data Repositories

- RPKI
 - ARIN Must accept Relying Party Agreement (RPA) to access data.
 - <u>https://www.arin.net/resources/manage/r</u> <u>pki/rpa.pdf</u>
- Repository Quality
 - RPKI provides repository integrity / authentication.
 - Repository availability needs to be measured.
- Transformation / Distribution
 - RPKI to RPSL for local use.
 - <u>https://blog.apnic.net/2018/08/01/treating-rpki-roas-as-irr-route6-objects/</u>
 - RPKI to JSON to CDN to scale distribution, ensure consistency.
 - <u>https://blog.cloudflare.com/cloudflares-</u> <u>rpki-toolkit/</u>
 - RPKI + BMP + Kafka for OV in data centers
 - <u>https://sites.google.com/site/amitsciscoz</u> one/home/networking-datascience/bgpprefix-origin-validation-without-rpki-indatacenter-networks

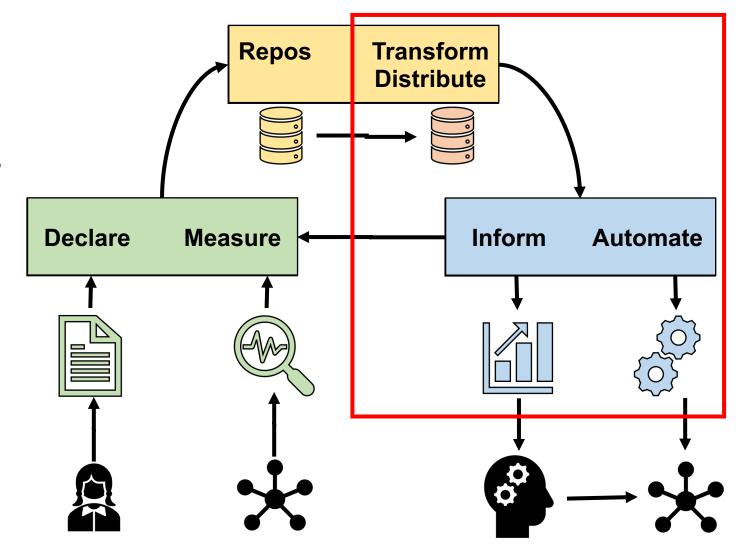




Data Consumers

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- Access control & Authentication
 - Who / what can access data?
 - How do you verify above?
- Information Quality
 - Meta data for completeness, correctness, uncertainty?
 - Meta data for information provenance?
- Responsiveness / Liveness
 - Repository change to automated change to control/data plane or alert?

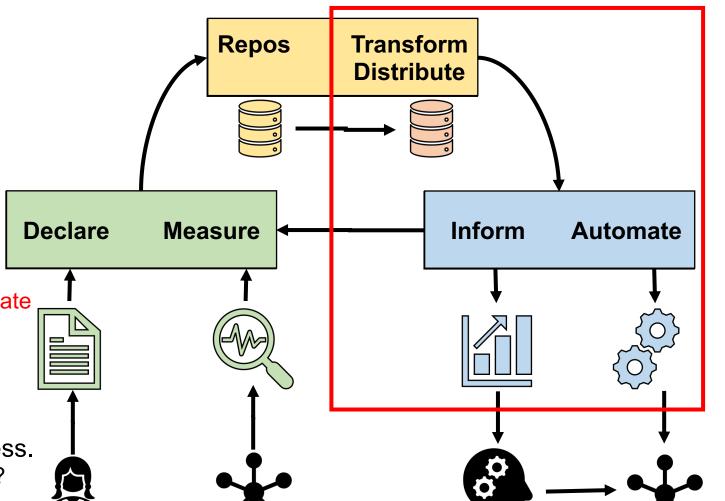




Data Consumers

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- Access control & Authentication
 - ARIN RPA to access TAL, otherwise open and unauthenticated access.
- Information Quality
 - Meta data for completeness, correctness, uncertainty?
 - Meta data for information provenance?
 - RPKI ROAs/CERTs do not indicate who created them?
- Responsiveness / Liveness
 - Repository change to automated change to control/data plane or alert?
 - End to end system responsiveness.
 - E.g., Reactive DDoS mitigation?

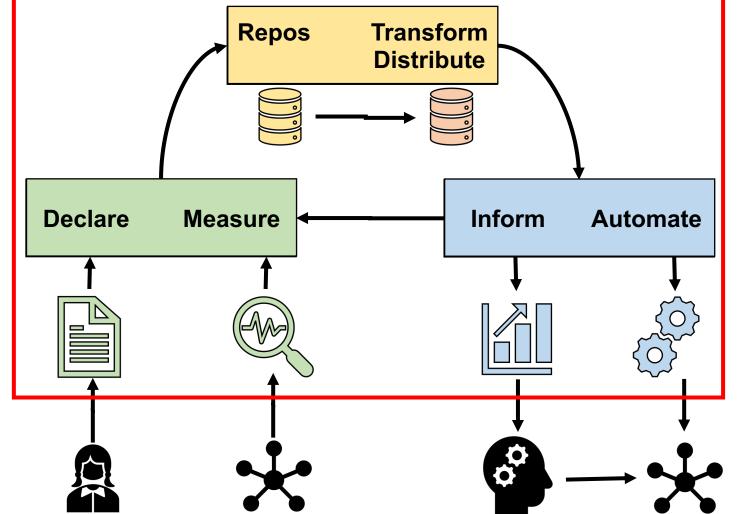




Other Operational Issues

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- Incremental Deployment and Phased Adoption
 - Can producers control which consumers use the data?
 - Can producers influence how consumers use data?
 - Soft launch flag and report?
- Monitoring Information Use.
 - Can producers monitor consumers' behavior?
 - Who is using the information and how?
 - Standardized behavior / use?
- Systemic Risk Issues
 - Risk of compromise / failure of each component?
 - Ability to diagnose problems?
 - Behavior at scale?



Basis for Trustworthy Networking







RPKI Monitoring Tools



NIST RPKI Monitor(s)

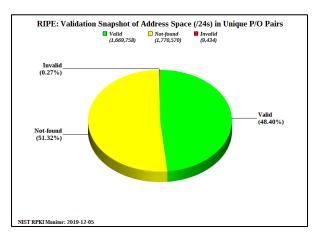
<u>https://rpki-monitor.antd.nist.gov/</u>

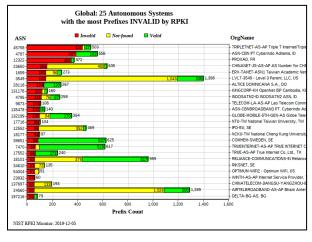
• Running since ~2013

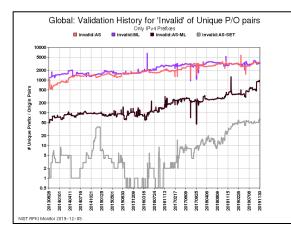
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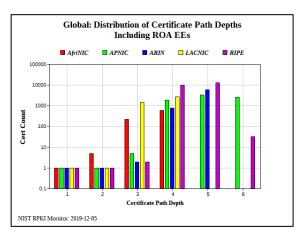
Status of RPKI adoption

- Relative to BGP Origin Validation
 - Analysis of RPKI relative to BGP Data.
 - Analysis of apparent issues.
 - Tracking adoption trends good and bad.
 - Global / per region statistics.
- Analysis of RPKI Data size / shape
 - Understand RPKI usage per region
 - Mainly how the RIR hosted RPKI data sets compare









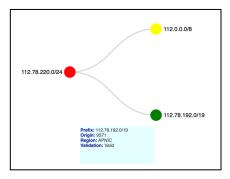


New RPKI Monitor

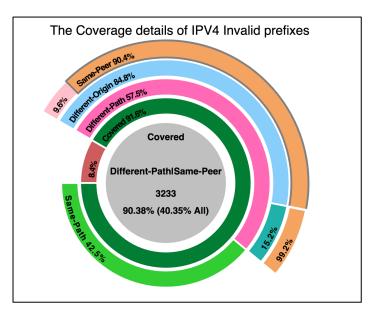
https://coming.soon :^)

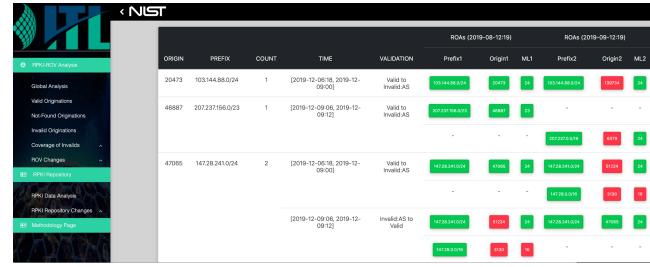
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- New focus / capabilities
 - Focus on identifying significant changes
 - Being able to correlate change in OV to change in RPKI.
 - Being able to understand potential routing impact of such changes.
 - Email / twitter feeds to alert users when there is something of interest



Latest RPKI-Validation changes (From 2019-12-09	9:12 1	o 2019-12-09:18)
IPV4 RPKI Origi		•
Number of changes :	47	100%
Not-Found to Valid :	43	91.49%
Not-Found to Invalid :	2	4.26%
Valid to Invalid :	1	2.13%
Invalid to Valid :	1	2.13%
IPV6 RPKI Origi	n Vali	dation Changes
Number of changes :	8	100%
Not-Found to Valid :	5	62.50%
Invalid to Valid :	3	37.50%





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New RPKI Monitor

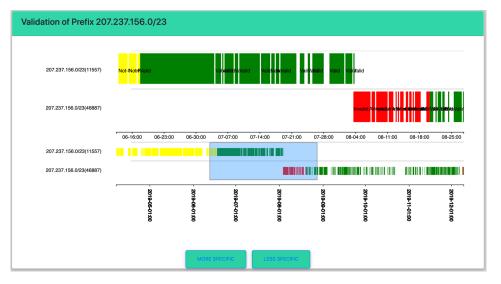
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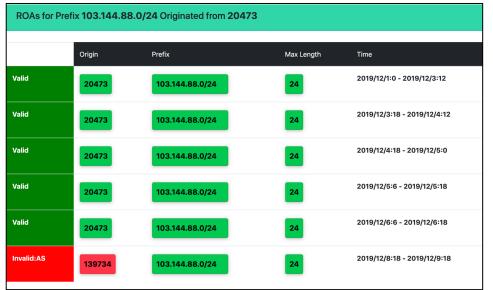
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Explore validation history

- Examine validation history of a prefix.
- Correlate OV changes to RPKI data.
- Drill down into RPKI certs at chosen point in time.

<i>«</i> apri	ic-rpki-root-iana-	ungineen	
»	mBQsnQtBo7n7\	YD12mEgjb9HzGSQ.cer	
	»DmWk9f02tl	tb1o6zySNAiXjJB6p58.cer	
	» 50rRvIP	PODPmrPyWmaRmG2QnJ5Lw.cer	
	» 9C(CC398A194111EA9DC3274AC4F9AE02.roa	
FileName		9CCC398A194111EA9DC3274AC4F9AE02.roa	
ASN		A\$139734	
Validity Period 2019-12-07T22:53:47.000Z - 2021-01-31T00:00:00.000Z		2019-12-07T22:53:47.000Z - 2021-01-31T00:00:00.000Z	
Signing Tim	ne	2019-12-07T22:53:47.000Z	
	Prefix	Max length	
	103.144.88.0/24	24	





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Questions and Discussion

• For more information:

- Robust Interdomain Routing Project
 - <u>https://www.nist.gov/programs-projects/robust-inter-domain-routing</u>
- Advanced Network Technologies Division.
 - https://www.nist.gov/itl/antd
- Information Technology Laboratory
 - https://www.nist.gov/itl



