

NDN and Big Data Science

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Lawrence Berkeley National Lab

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Agenda





Big Science Data

Global Science Collaborations



NDN for Science



How big is data (visual comparison) *

- Byte
- Kilobyte
- Megabyte
- Gigabyte
- Terabyte
- Petabyte
- Exabyte
- Zettabyte

- One grain of rice
- Cup of rice
- 8 bags of rice
- 3 tractor trailers
- 2 container ships
- Layer of rice over Manhattan
- 2 layers over the United Kingdom
- Fills the Pacific ocean



*David Wellman @ Myriad Genetics

Every Instagram photo = 110 KB 216,000 photos are sent to Instagram every minute This equals 23GB of data per minute

Instagram Data produced per day worldwide = 33 TB Equal to filling ~1,032 – 32GB iPhones







DOE Science "Apps"





Advanced Light Source





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Advanced Light Source





Advanced Light Source





Scenario 1: All too common process of discovery



Beamline – Capture to Results



Basic Energy Sciences (BES) supports fundamental research to understand, predict, and ultimately control matter and energy at the electronic, atomic, and molecular levels in order to provide the foundations for new energy technologies and to support DOE missions in energy, environment, and national security.

http://science.energy.gov/bes/





Scenario 2: E Pluribus Unum

Processing on this order of magnitude can't be done locally – we need to send (over a network) to a more capable facility

Hundreds to thousands of images are created in a few hours...they can range in size from MB to TB

After processing on a supercomputer, models are created.



Big Data vs. Big Data

Don't Forget:

Instagram Data produced/day worldwide by millions of people





Big Science Data in Motion = Elephant Flow! IoT watching LOL Cats = Mice flow!





Elephant Data vs. Mice Data Behavior





Science Data Transferred Monthly by ESnet

Traffic Volume

Available at https://my.es.net/network/traffic-volume



▶ February 2016 ▶

	Bytes	Percent of Total	One Month Change	One Year Change	
OSCARS	10.46 PB	25.2%	+0.0147%	+148%	Pt-to-pt circuits
HCONE	11.22 PB	27.0%	+3.90%	+770%	LHCONE (T1-T1/2) traffic
Normal traffic	19.82 PB	47.8%	+9.49%	+77.7%	FSnet
Total 16 6/1/16	41.49 PB		+5.44%	+149%	imonga at es dot net

Traffic growth at blistering rates



Projected Traffic Reaches 1 Exabyte Per Month. by ~2020

10 EB/Mo. by ~2024

Slide from Harvey Newman



Superfacility: interconnection of multiple facilities via the network

Researchers from Berkeley Lab and SLAC conducted protein crystallography experiments at LCLS to investigate photoexcited states of PSII, with near-real-time computational analysis at NERSC.





"Taking snapshots of photosynthetic water oxidation using femtosecond X-ray diffraction and spectroscopy," *Nature Communications* 5, 4371 (9 July 2014)



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Use Case #1

Researchers from Berkeley Lab and SLAC conducted protein crystallography experiments at LCLS to investigate photoexcited states of PSII, with near-real-time computational analysis at NERSC.





"Taking snapshots of photosynthetic water oxidation using femtosecond X-ray diffraction and spectroscopy," *Nature Communications* 5, 4371 (9 July 2014)

ESnet



Use Case #2: LHCONE data – multiple replicas, global reach

Use Case 3: Worldwide Earth System Grid Federation Sites





Use Case Galore

#4 - LCLS: Data coming from Chile, Stored in NCSA, and analyzed among a global collaboration

#5 - SKA: Data coming from South Africa and Australia, analyzed among a global collaboration

#6 - Bio-Health, Precision Medicine, Genomics: Open-data trend, data-sets available at many websites.



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Superfacility Vision: A **Network** of connected facilities, software and expertise to enable new modes of discovery



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NDN for Science

Thanks to Christos Papadopoulos, Susmit Shannigrahi



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High-level objectives for scientific data: alignment with NDN approach

- Abstract the storage and network capability and location dependence from the **user-data interaction**
- Enable the ability for users to specify and retrieve portions of data the workflow needs
- Radically simplify how scientific users manage, move and manipulate large, distributed, science data repositories, but with **high-throughput end2end**
- Create a secure, scalable framework based on integrated data management and network transport



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Challenge #1: Naming and Data Discovery



"Right off the bat, let's talk about name recognition."



Data Discovery UI

NDN Query and Retrieval Tool Filter Search Path Search Tree Search

Filter Based Search		Ì
Search		
Filter Categories		
activity		
product		
organization		
model		
experiment		
frequency		
modeling realm		
variable name		
ensemble		
Request Selected Clear	(Page 1) 25/38443 Results Results Per Page - ← Previous Nex	d →
Select Name		

/CMIP5/output/MIROC/MIROC5/historical/6hr/atmos/psl/r1i1p1/1984010100-1984123118/
/CMIP5/output/MIROC/MIROC5/historical/6hr/atmos/psl/r1i1p1/1968010100-1968123118/
/CMIP5/output/MIROC/MIROC5/historical/6hr/atmos/psl/r1i1p1/1991010100-1991123118/
ICMIDE/output/MIDOC/MIDOC/Milpintorion//Rhv/atmos/anl/r1it.n1/2001010100.2001122110/



Data Discovery UI

- Three intuitive ways to search scientific data
 - Auto-complete, name component based search, and tree view
- Can work with any hierarchical datasets
 - We have two instances, for climate and HEP data
- Provides metadata browsing, subsetting, staging capabilities



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Challenge #2: Subsetting of data





Subsetting

- NDN names easily extend to support subsetting
- Add query parameters as a encoded name component
- Services can parse Interest name and perform intended action
 - Retrieval after subsetting is much economical than
 Subsetting after retrieval



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Challenge #3: High performance end-2-end



Throughput vs. Increasing Latency with .0046% Packet Loss



NDN with OSCARS

- Some Data transfers require high bandwidth reserved paths
- We have integrated a NDN strategy with OSCARS
 - A data retrieval Manager expresses special Interest to strategy layer
 - Strategy communicates with OSCARS to reserve a path
 - Interest/Data exchange uses the newly created path
- Fully transparent to the application





- Strategy for large scientific data transfers
- Retrieval Manager queries network for options
 - Makes a decision, informs strategy
 - Tells client to start retrieval







Roadmap for NDN Experimentation





Many unproven questions still...

- Where is the complexity being pushed to, and what needs to be done to manage that?
 - From the scientist to the network
- How can a network operator maintain, automate and operationally manage that complexity?
 - Think through the failure models
 - Think through performance models
- How does this work or compete with software scientists have already built to manage their data – what's the best way to integrate and/or migrate?



The future is new data scientists!



17-year-old Brittany Wegner creates breast cancer detection tool that is 99% accurate on a minimally invasive, previously inaccurate test.

Machine Learning + Online Data + Cloud Computing



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Thank you!

