# Official General Election Ballot

\_\_\_\_\_ County, Idaho

November 3, 1998

Punch Out Ballot Card ONLY With Punching Stylus, Which Is Attached to Chain; Never With Pen or Pencil.

Instructions to Voters: To vote for a candidate or issue of your choice, punch the ballot card in the hole next to the right of the name or issue and number of same.

Do not punch for more than one candidate for each position.

#### WRITE-IN

To vote for a person not on the ballot, write the title of office and his name in the space provided in the envelope in which you received your ballot.

If you wrongly stamp, tear or deface the ballot, return it to the election clerk and obtain another.

Do not write on the ballot itself.

To start to vote turn to next page.

Precinct No.



Idaho
November 3, 1998

#### CANDIDATES FOR UNITED STATES OFFICES

UNITED STATES

VOTE FOR ONE

MIKE CRAPO (Rep.)

GEORGE J. MANSFELD (Nat.)

BILL MAUK (Dem.)

# CANDIDATES FOR UNITED STATES OFFICES FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT

U.S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

First District

VOTE FOR ONE

HELEN CHENOWETH (Rep.)

DAN WILLIAMS (Dem.)





# TO CONTINUE YOUR VOTING

# GO TO NEXT PAGE

IDAHO GENERAL ELECTION BALLOT

NOVEMBER 3, 1998

CANDIDATES FOR ID	AHO STATE LEGISLATIVE DISTRICT No
STATE SENATOR	
VOTE FOR ONE	
STATE REPRESENTATIVE Position A	
VOTE FOR ONE	
STATE REPRESENTATIVE	->
Position B	
VOTE FOR ONE	

4 A

# GENERAL ELECTION STATE OF IDAHO

CANDIDATES FOR	COUNTY OFFICES	
COUNTY COMMISSIONER		
District No. 2		
VOTE FOR ONE		
COUNTY COMMISSIONER		
District No. 3		
VOTE FOR ONE		
CLERK OF THE DISTRICT COURT		
VOTE FOR ONE		
COUNTY TREASURER	$\longrightarrow$	
VOTE FOR ONE		
COUNTY ASSESSOR	$\rightarrow$	
VOTE FOR ONE		
COUNTY CORONER		
VOTE FOR ONE		

## 5 A

# NON-PARTISAN JUDICIAL ELECTION BALLOT

JUSTIC	CE OF THE SUPREME CO	DURT	
TO SUCCEED JUSTICE BYRON JOHNSON VOTE FOR ONE	WAYNE L. KIDWELL  MICHAEL E. WETHERELL		
FOURTH J	UDICIAL DISTRICT COUL	RT JUDGE	
TO SUCCEED JUDGE ROBERT NEWHOUSE VOTE FOR ONE	M. KARL SHURTLIFF  KATHRYN A. STICKLEN		
SHALL MAGISTRATE	JUDICIAL DISTRICT CO	URT JUDGES	5
OFCOUN JUDICIAL DISTRICT BE R		YES	
		NO _	
SHALL MAGISTRATECOUN JUDICIAL DISTRICT BE R	ITY OF THE	YES _	

CANDIDA	ATES FOR IDAHO STATE OFFICES	
COVERNIOR	ROBERT C. HUNTLEY (Dem.)	->
GOVERNOR	DIRK KEMPTHORNE (Rep.)	$\rightarrow$
VOTE FOR ONE	PETER RICKARDS (Ind.)	
LIEUTENANT	C.L. "BUTCH" OTTER (Rep.)	<b>→</b>
GOVERNOR	SUE REENTS (Dem.)	
VOTE FOR ONE	ALAN STROUD (AmH.)	->
SECRETARY OF STATE	T.J. ANGSTMAN (Lib.)	
	PETE T. CENARRUSA (Rep.)	$\rightarrow$
VOTE FOR ONE	JERRY SEIFFERT (Dem.)	-
STATE CONTROLLER	RON POLLOCK (Rep.)	->
VOTE FOR ONE	J.D. WILLIAMS (Dem.)	
STATE TREASURER	RON G. CRANE (Rep.)	$\rightarrow$
VOTE FOR ONE	LATHAM WILLIAMS (Ref.)	-
ATTORNEY GENERAL	BRIT GROOM (Dem.)	->
VOTE FOR ONE	ALAN G. LANCE (Rep.)	->
SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION	ANNE C. FOX (Rep.)	->
VOTE FOR ONE	MARILYN HOWARD (Dem.)	$\rightarrow$

	C	ounty,
ldaho		5757
November	3,	1998

#### CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS

#### H. J. R. No. 6

"SHALL SECTION 4, ARTICLE IX, AND SECTION 8, ARTICLE IX, OF THE CONSTITU-TION OF THE STATE OF IDAHO BE AMENDED AS FOLLOWS:

- I. TO CHANGE THE NAME OF THE PUBLIC SCHOOL FUND TO THE PUBLIC SCHOOL PERMANENT ENDOWMENT FUND:
- 2. TO PROVIDE THAT THE PUBLIC SCHOOL PERMANENT ENDOWMENT FUND SHALL INCLUDE PROCEEDS FROM THE SALE OF SCHOOL LANDS AND A-MOUNTS ALLOCATED FROM THE PUBLIC SCHOOL EARNINGS RESERVE FUND;
- 3. TO PROVIDE AN EXCEPTION THAT PROCEEDS FROM THE SALE OF SCHOOL LANDS MAY BE DEPOSITED INTO A LAND BANK FUND TO BE USED TO ACQUIRE OTHER LANDS WITHIN THE STATE FOR THE BENEFIT OF ENDOWMENT BENEFICIARIES, BUT IF THOSE PROCEEDS ARE NOT USED TO ACQUIRE OTHER LANDS WITHIN A TIME PROVIDED BY THE LEGISLATURE THE PROCEEDS OF THE SALE SHALL BE DEPOSITED INTO THE PUBLIC SCHOOL PERMANENT ENDOWMENT FUND ALONG WITH EARNINGS ON THE PROCEEDS; AND
- 4. TO CHANGE THE WORD DISPOSAL TO SALE IN REFERENCE TO THE DIS-POSITION OF CERTAIN LANDS?"

YES	-	A POPULAR OF	$\rightarrow$
NO			<b>&gt;</b>

#### LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL'S STATEMENT OF MEANING AND PURPOSE H.J.R. No. 6

#### Section 4, Article IX

#### Meaning and Purpose of Proposed Amendment:

If adopted, the proposed amendment would:

Change the name of the Public School Fund to the Public School Permanent Endowment Fund; Provide that proceeds from the sale of public school endowment lands and amounts allocated from the Public School Earnings Reserve Fund be included in the Public School Permanent Endowment Fund; and

Provide an exception that proceeds from the sale of public school endowment lands may be deposited into a Land Bank Fund to be used to acquire other lands within the state for the benefit of endowment beneficiaries, which are Idaho's public schools. However, if those proceeds are not used to acquire other lands within a time provided by the legislature, the proceeds of the sale shall be deposited into the Public School Permanent Endowment Fund along with earnings on the proceeds.

#### Effect of Adoption:

The Public School Fund would be renamed the Public School Permanent Endowment Fund. That fund would include proceeds from the sale of lands of the public school endowment and amounts allocated from the Public School Earnings Reserve Fund. However, an exception would be provided so that proceeds from the sale of public school endowment lands may be deposited into a Land Bank Fund to be used to acquire other lands within the state for the benefit of Idaho's public schools. Land sale proceeds not used to acquire other lands within a time provided by the legislature would have to be deposited into the Public School Permanent Endowment Fund along with earnings on the proceeds.

#### Section 8, Article IX

#### Meaning and Purpose of Proposed Amendment:

To delete the word "disposal" and replace it with the word "sale" so the relevant phrase would read: "the general grants of land made by congress to the state shall be . . . subject to sale at public auction."

#### Effect of Adoption:

The state constitution would require that sales of endowment lands be performed at public auctions.

#### TO CONTINUE VOTING TURN TO NEXT PAGE

#### CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS

#### H. J. R. No. 8

"SHALL SECTION 3, ARTICLE IX, AND SECTION II, ARTICLE IX, OF THE CON-STITUTION OF THE STATE OF IDAHO BE AMENDED AS FOLLOWS:

- I. TO CHANGE THE NAME OF THE PUBLIC SCHOOL FUND TO THE PUBLIC SCHOOL PERMANENT ENDOWMENT FUND;
- 2. TO PROVIDE THAT THE EARNINGS OF THAT FUND SHALL BE DEPOSITED INTO THE PUBLIC SCHOOL EARNINGS RESERVE FUND AND DISTRIBUTED IN THE MAINTENANCE OF THE SCHOOLS AND AMONG THE COUNTIES AND SCHOOL DISTRICTS OF THE STATE;
- 3. TO PROVIDE THAT NO PART OF THE PUBLIC SCHOOL PERMANENT EN-DOWMENT FUND PRINCIPAL SHALL BE TRANSFERRED, USED OR APPRO-PRIATED TO ANY OTHER FUND;
- 4. TO PROHIBIT LEGISLATIVE APPROPRIATIONS FROM THE FUNDS EXCEPT THAT THE LEGISLATURE MAY APPROPRIATE MONEYS FROM THE PUBLIC SCHOOL EARNINGS RESERVE FUND TO PAY FOR ADMINISTRATIVE COSTS INCURRED MANAGING THE ASSETS OF THE PUBLIC SCHOOL ENDOWMENT INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, REAL PROPERTY AND MONETARY ASSETS;
- 5. TO PROVIDE THAT THE STATE TREASURER IS THE CUSTODIAN OF THESE FUNDS;
- 6. TO PROVIDE THAT THE STATE SHALL SUPPLY LOSSES INCURRED BY THE PUBLIC SCHOOL PERMANENT ENDOWMENT FUND, EXCEPTING LOSSES ON MONEYS ALLOCATED FROM THE PUBLIC SCHOOL EARNINGS RESERVE FUND; AND
- 7. TO PROVIDE THAT PERMANENT ENDOWMENT FUNDS MAY BE INVESTED, RATHER THAN LOANED, IN INVESTMENTS IN WHICH A TRUSTEE IS AUTHORIZED TO INVEST PURSUANT TO STATE LAW?"

YES		$\rightarrow$
NO		-

Idaho November 3, 1998

#### CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS

S. J. R. No. 101

"SHALL SECTION 17, ARTICLE V, AND SECTION 27, ARTICLE V, OF THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF IDAHO BE AMENDED TO DELETE OBSOLETE LANGUAGE AND TO PROVIDE THAT THE SALARIES OF JUSTICES AND JUDGES SHALL BE AS PROVIDED BY STATUTE, TO CLARIFY THAT JUDGES OF THE COURT OF APPEALS AND MAGISTRATE JUDGES SHALL SUBSCRIBE AN OATH REGARDING A THIRTY DAY DISPOSITION OF CASES SUBMITTED TO THEM AND TO CLARIFY THAT THE LEGISLATURE MAY INCREASE OR DIMINISH THE COMPENSATION OF JUDGES OF THE COURT OF APPEALS AND MAGISTRATE JUDGES?"

VEC	-
I E2	

NO \_\_\_\_

S. J. R. No. 102

"SHALL SECTION 19, ARTICLE IV, OF THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF IDAHO, RELATING TO SALARIES AND FEES OF THE OFFICERS OF THE EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT BE REPEALED?"

YES		
	10-1-1-7	

#### LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL'S STATEMENT OF MEANING AND PURPOSE S.J.R. No. 101

#### Section 17, Article V

#### Meaning and Purpose of Proposed Amendment:

To delete language setting salaries for Supreme Court justices and District Court judges at \$3,000 per year. To add language specifying that salaries for Supreme Court justices and District Court, Court of Appeals and Magistrate Court judges may be set by law. To require all judges to take an oath, before being paid, that no matter in controversy remains undecided thirty days after being submitted to them for final determination.

#### Effect of Adoption:

Justices and judges of all Idaho courts would have salaries established by statute. Obsolete, exact compensation amounts for Supreme Court justices and District Court judges would be eliminated. Language referring to Court of Appeals and Magistrate Court judges would be added. All judges would be required to take an oath that no matter in controversy submitted for their final determination is more than thirty days old.

#### Section 27, Article V

#### Meaning and Purpose of Proposed Amendment:

To delete references to state offices that no longer exist. To add references to Idaho courts not currently included because they were created after the constitution was adopted.

#### Effect of Adoption:

References to the "commission of immigration and labor" and to "district attorneys" would be deleted. References to "court of appeals" and "magisrate" judges would be added.

#### LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL'S STATEMENT OF MEANING AND PURPOSE S.J.R. No. 102

To repeal a section of the state constitution that specifies exact compensation for constitutional executive officers (governor, secretary of state, state controller, state treasurer, attorney general, superintendent of public instruction) in amounts ranging from \$1,000 to \$3,000 per year; directs setting of the daily allowance for expenses paid to the lieutenant governor; prohibits executive officers from receiving fees for their own use in performance of official duties; provides that fees fixed by law for the performance of their official duties be collected in advance and deposited with the state treasurer; and provides that the Idaho Legislature may, by law, increase or diminish compensation and reimbursement for travel expenses of executive officers.

#### Effect of Adoption:

A section of the state constitution would be eliminated. Repeal of this section would not affect salaries of constitutional executive officers, which will continue to be set as provided for in Section 27, Article V of the constitution: "The legislature may by law diminish or increase the compensation of any or all of the following officers . . . governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, state controller, state treasurer, attorney general, superintendent of public instruction . . ."

Idaho
November 3, 1998

#### CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS

#### S. J. R. No. 105

"SHALL SECTION 3, ARTICLE VI, OF THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF IDAHO BE AMENDED TO DELETE THE PROHIBITION OF A PERSON BEING UNDER GUARDIANSHIP FROM VOTING, SERVING AS A JUROR OR HOLDING ANY CIVIL OFFICE?"

NO	-
YES	

#### S. J. R. No. 106

"SHALL SECTION 2, ARTICLE VIII, OF THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF IDAHO BE AMENDED TO PROVIDE FOR A FUND WHICH SHALL CONSIST OF FUNDS PROVIDED BY LAW TO GUARANTEE THE DEBT OF SCHOOL DISTRICTS IN ACCORDANCE WITH LAW, TO PROVIDE THAT THE STATE MAY GUAR-ANTEE THE DEBT OF SCHOOL DISTRICTS AND MAY GUARANTEE DEBT INCURR-ED TO REFUND THE SCHOOL DISTRICT DEBT, TO PROVIDE THAT ANY DEBT GUARANTY, THE SCHOOL DISTRICT DEBT GUARANTEED THEREBY, OR ANY BORROWING OF THE STATE UNDERTAKEN TO FACILIATE THE PAYMENTS OF THE STATE'S OBLIGATION UNDER ANY DEBT GUARANTY SHALL NOT BE IN-CLUDED AS A DEBT OF THE STATE FOR THE PURPOSES OF THE LIMITATION OF SECTION I, ARTICLE VIII OF THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF IDAHO, TO PROVIDE THAT THE LEGISLATURE MAY PROVIDE BY LAW THAT REIMBURSE-MENT TO THE STATE SHALL BE OBTAINED FROM MONEYS WHICH OTHER-WISE WOULD BE USED FOR THE SUPPORT OF THE EDUCATIONAL PROGRAMS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT WHICH INCURRED THE DEBT WITH RESPECT TO WHICH PAYMENT UNDER THE STATE'S GUARANTY PURSUANT TO THIS SEC-TION WAS MADE?"

YES	
NO	

#### LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL'S STATEMENT OF MEANING AND PURPOSE S.J.R. No. 105

To delete the prohibition against persons under guardianship from voting, serving as a juror or holding civil office.

#### Effect of Adoption:

Persons who are under guardianship would no longer automatically be prohibited from voting, serving on a jury or holding civil office. The decision for disqualification would be left to individual determination on a case by case basis.

#### LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL'S STATEMENT OF MEANING AND PURPOSE S.J.R. No. 106

If adopted, the proposed amendment would:

Create a fund to guarantee the debt of school districts in accordance with statute;

Allow the state to guarantee the debt of school districts and guarantee debt incurred to refund school districts bonds;

Provide that the state's obligation under any debt guarantee shall not be considered debt for purposes of the state constitution; and

Allow the legislature to provide by law that reimbursement to the state shall be obtained from moneys that would be used for educational support from the state to the school district which incurred the debt and which is being guaranteed by the state.

#### Effect of Adoption:

The repayment provisions should substantially decrease interest rates on bonds issued by school districts for construction of new buildings because it would provide eligible school districts a rating of "AAA" for its bonds on the bond market. The repayment provisions would only be applicable if a local school district passes a bond issue and then does make payments to the bond holders from its property tax proceeds. The school district will still be liable in the event of a default. The amendment would not affect the current constitutional requirement that two-thirds of the votes cast for a bond proposal are needed for it to be adopted.

TO CONTINUE VOTING TURN TO NEXT PAGE

Idaho
November 3, 1998

#### CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS

S. J. R. No. 107

"SHALL SECTION I, ARTICLE VIII, OF THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF IDAHO BE AMENDED TO DELETE OBSOLETE LANGUAGE AND AMOUNTS TO CLARIFY LIMITS ON STATE DEBTS AND LIABILITIES, TO PROVIDE FOR PUBLICATION OF NOTICE OF INTENT TO CREATE STATE INDEBTEDNESS, TO EXCEPT FROM THE SECTION ORDINARY OPERATING EXPENSES AND DEBTS OR LIABILITIES THAT WILL BE REPAID WITHIN THE FISCAL YEAR, TO PROVIDE THAT DEBTS AND LIABILITIES OF INDEPENDENT PUBLIC BODIES CORPORATE AND POLITIC CREATED BY LAW AND WHICH HAVE NO POWER TO LEVY TAXES OR OBLIGATE THE GENERAL FUND OF THE STATE ARE NOT DEBTS OF THE STATE OF IDAHO AND TO PROVIDE THESE AMENDMENTS SHALL NOT MAKE ILLEGAL THOSE TYPES OF FINANCIAL TRANSACTIONS THAT WERE PREVIOUSLY LEGAL UNDER THIS SECTION OF THE IDAHO CONSTITUTION?"

YES	-	
NO		<del></del>

#### INITIATIVE PETITION - PROPOSITION ONE

INITIATIVE ALLOWING CONGRESSIONAL CANDIDATES TO SIGN TERM LIMITS PLEDGE; INFORMS VOTERS ON THE BALLOT IF CANDIDATE SIGNS OR BREAKS PLEDGE.

INITIATIVE ENACTING NEW IDAHO CODE SECTION 34-907B; AUTHORIZES SECRETARY OF STATE TO ACCEPT SIGNED TERM LIMITS PLEDGE FROM CONGRESSIONAL CANDIDATES; SPECIFYING LANGUAGE OF TERM LIMITS PLEDGE; REQUIRING SECRETARY OF STATE TO PLACE TERM LIMITS PLEDGE INFORMATION ON BALLOTS; REQUIRING SECRETARY OF STATE TO PLACE TERM LIMITS PLEDGE INFORMATION IN POLLING PLACES; DEFINING CONGRESSIONAL TERMS OF OFFICE; CONFERRING STANDING UPON INITIATIVE SPONSORS; AUTHORIZING SECRETARY OF STATE TO PROMULGATE RULES; AND CONTAINING A SEVERABILITY CLAUSE.

SHALL THE ABOVE-ENTITLED	MEASURE
PROPOSED BY PROPOSITION	ONE BE
APPROVED?	

YES \_\_\_

NO \_\_\_\_

#### LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL'S STATEMENT OF MEANING AND PURPOSE S.J.R. No. 107

The purpose of this amendment is to eliminate language and amounts that have been in the state constitution since it was amended in 1912 to allow financing for construction of the state capitol building and provide a state debt and liability limitation of two-million dollars. This proposed amendment retains a restriction on the state incurring any debt without a vote of the people in a general election and adds some clarifying language.

#### Effect of Adoption:

If the amendment is adopted, it will clarify that the limitations on public indebtedness in the state constitution shall not apply to liabilities incurred for ordinary operating expenses of the state. It will specifically state that debts or liabilities of independent public bodies corporate and politic created by law and which have no power to levy taxes or obligate the general fund of the state are not debts or liabilities of the state of Idaho. The amendment does not make illegal types of state financial transactions that were legal on or before the general election in 1998.

Idaho
November 3, 1998

#### ADVISORY VOTE

#### House Bill No. 644

ADVISORY QUESTION ASKING WHETHER BALLOT ACCESS RESTRICTIONS SHOULD CONTINUE FOR OTHER OFFICES SINCE THEY ARE INAPPLICABLE TO MEMBERS OF CONGRESS.

ADVISORY QUESTION PROMULGATED BY THE IDAHO LEGISLATURE STATING THAT THE UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT HAS INVALIDATED BALLOT ACCESS RESTRICTIONS AS THEY APPLY TO MEMBERS OF CONGRESS; ASKING WHETHER BALLOT ACCESS RESTRICTIONS SHOULD REMAIN IN PLACE FOR STATE ELECTED OFFICIALS, STATE LEGISLATORS, COUNTY ELECTED OFFICIALS, CITY ELECTED OFFICIALS AND SCHOOL DISTRICT TRUSTEES DESPITE THE FACT THAT THE SAME BALLOT ACCESS RESTRICTIONS CANNOT APPLY TO MEMBERS OF CONGRESS.

SINCE THE UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT HAS
RULED THAT IDAHO'S 1994 TERM LIMITS LAW
DOES NOT APPLY TO MEMBERS OF CONGRESS,
SHALL TERM LIMITS FOR STATE ELECTED
OFFICIALS, STATE LEGISLATORS, COUNTY
ELECTED OFFICIALS, CITY ELECTED OFFICIALS AND
SCHOOL DISTRICT TRUSTEES REMAIN IN PLACE?

YOU HAVE COMPLETED VOTING

TURN PAGES BACK TO START FOR NEXT VOTER