



Frontiers of More than Moore in Bioelectronics and the Required Metrology Needs

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url=<http://www.biochips.org>

**Frontiers of Characterization and Metrology for Nanoelectronics
May 23-26, 2011 MINATEC Campus, Grenoble, France**

2011 International Conference on Frontiers of Characterization and Metrology for Nanoelectronics

MINATEC Campus, Grenoble, France
23 - 26 May 2011

Thanks to the organizers

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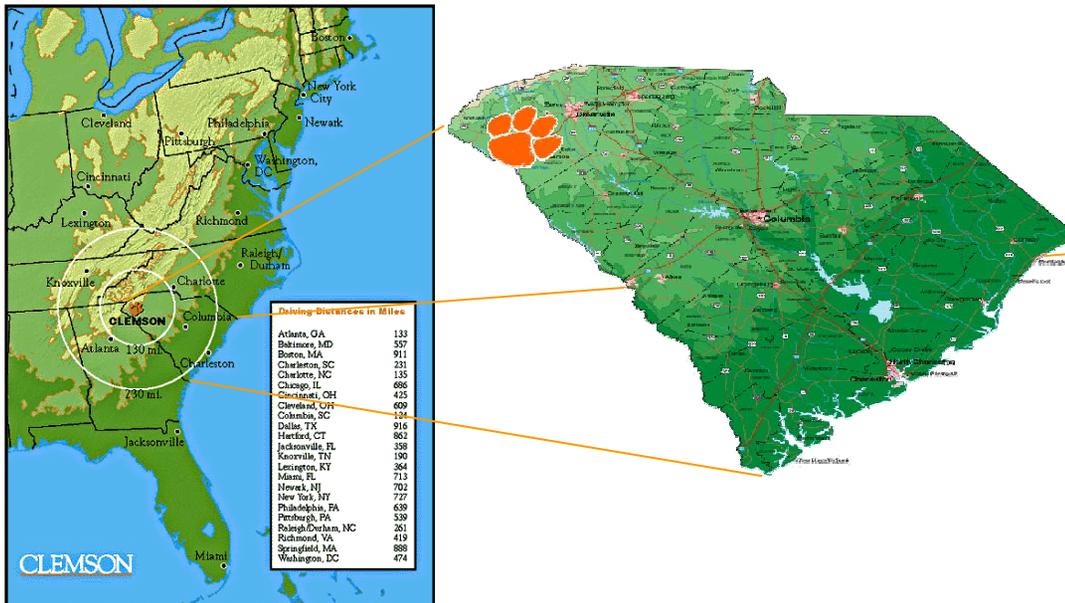
Amal Chabli

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Clemson University

Clemson, South Carolina, USA



Founded in 1889, Clemson University is a South Carolina land-grant institution dedicated to teaching, research, and public service, and to improving the quality of life through education.

Clemson's 1,400-acre main campus, located in the Northwestern corner of South Carolina on the shores of Lake Hartwell, is surrounded by 17,000 acres of University farms and woodlands devoted to research.

Approximately 17,165 students, including 3,096 graduate students are enrolled in five colleges offering Baccalaureate and Graduate degrees in over 70 fields of study.



Clemson ranks 22nd among the USA's
162 public doctoral-granting
universities.

U.S. News and World Report, 2009



Disclosure

Anthony Guiseppi-Elie, Sc.D. Founder, President and Scientific Director

Founded 1995 - near-patient molecular diagnostic products of
clinical significance



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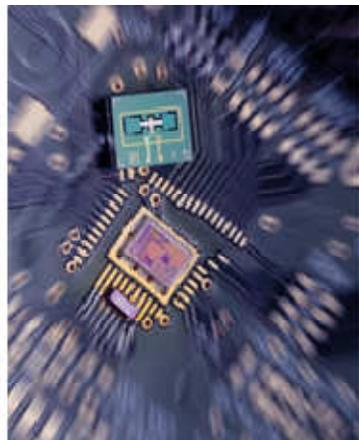
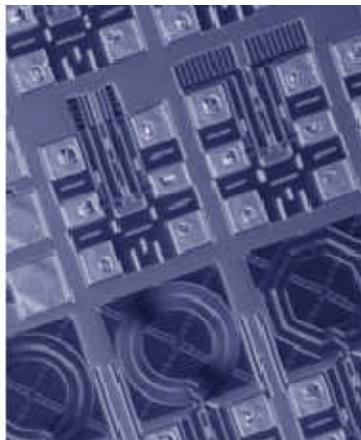
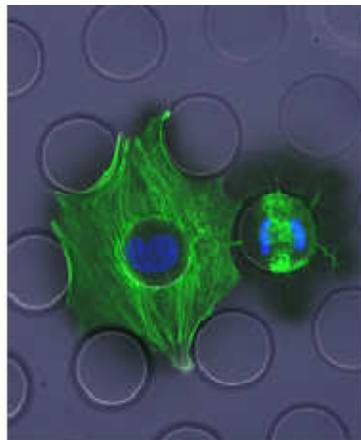
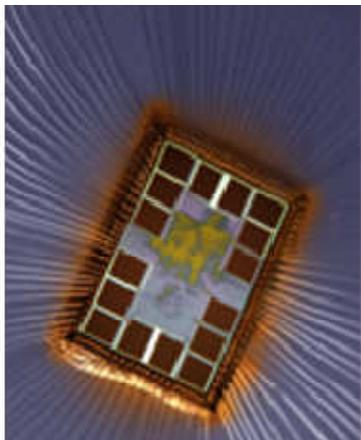


Improving Human Health Through Nano-Bio- Technology:

Research at the Center for Bioelectronics,
Biosensors and Biochips (C3B™)

C3B®

The CU-C3B is a national model for
advanced nano-bio electronics





Acknowledgments

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Grand Challenge Problems

The Bio-materials Interface: Enabling chronically implantable bioanalytical devices - **Bionics**

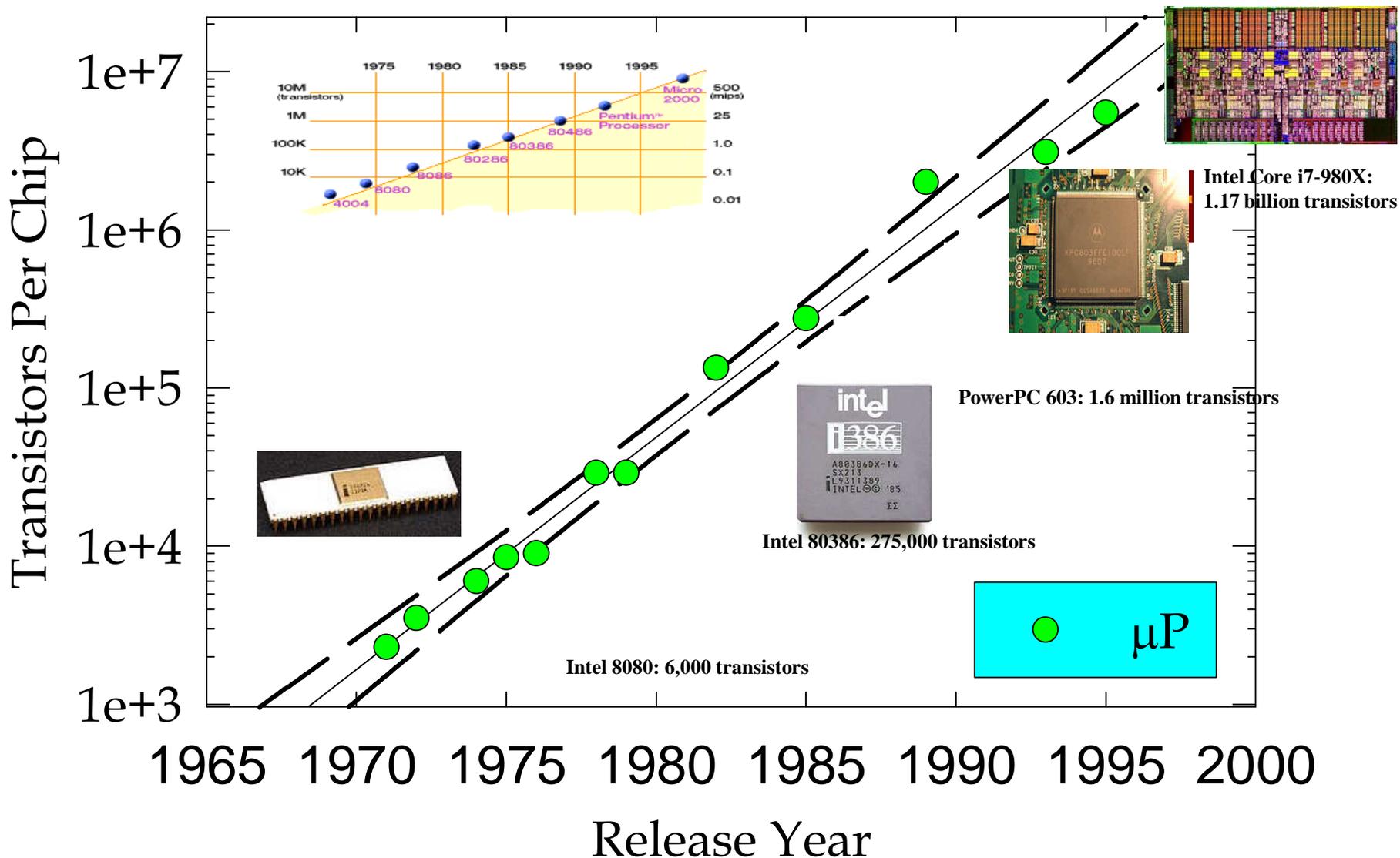
Bioelectronics: Enabling direct electronic communication between electronic solid state devices and the biology -- **More than Moore**



Moore's Law

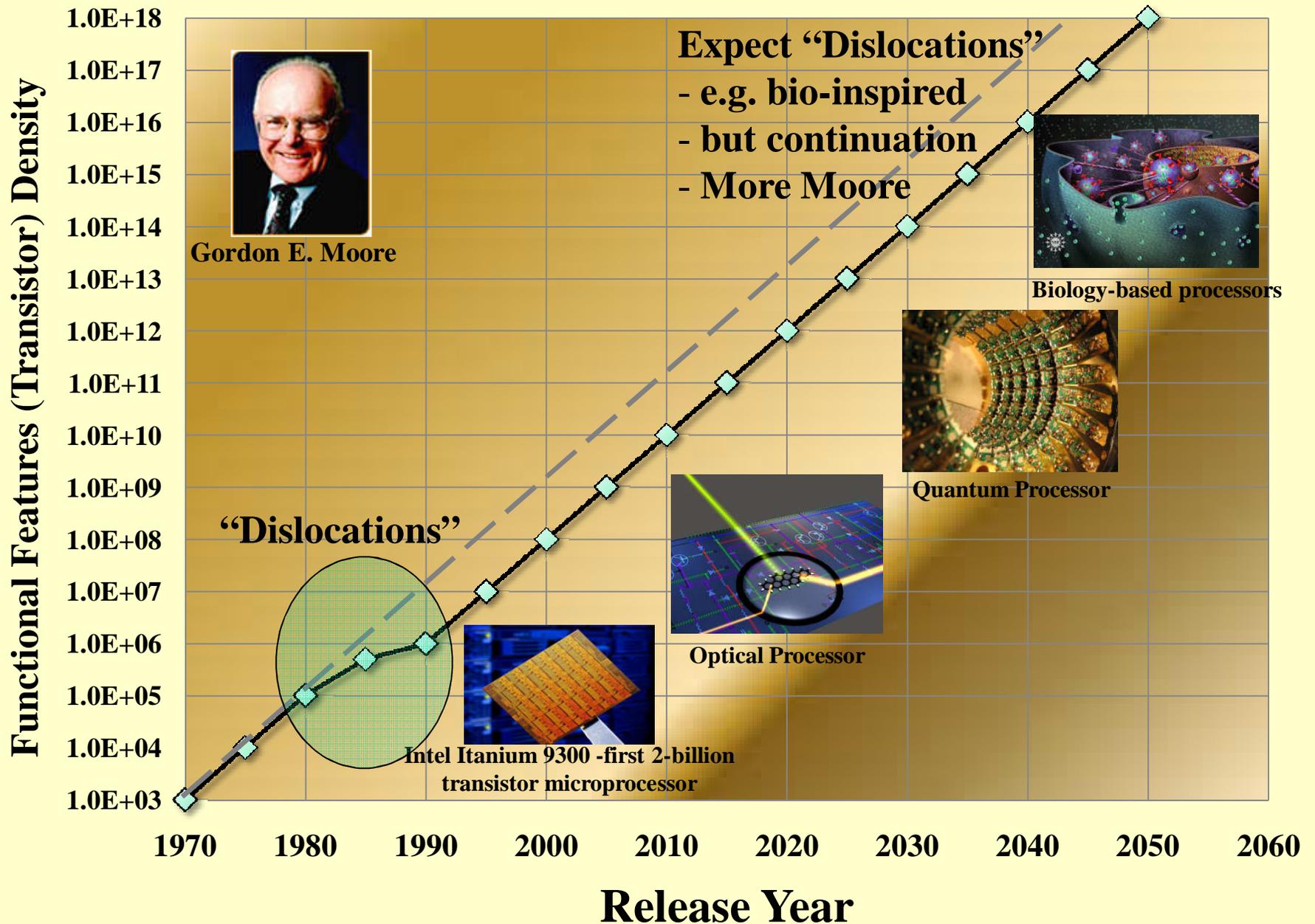
Milestones in Microprocessing Power

Adapted from: PC Magazine -- December 17, 1996; Intel's Web Site 1998.





Moore's Law "Prediction": Future of Microprocessors





Similar Trends in Biomolecular Engineering?

◆ Biological experimentation

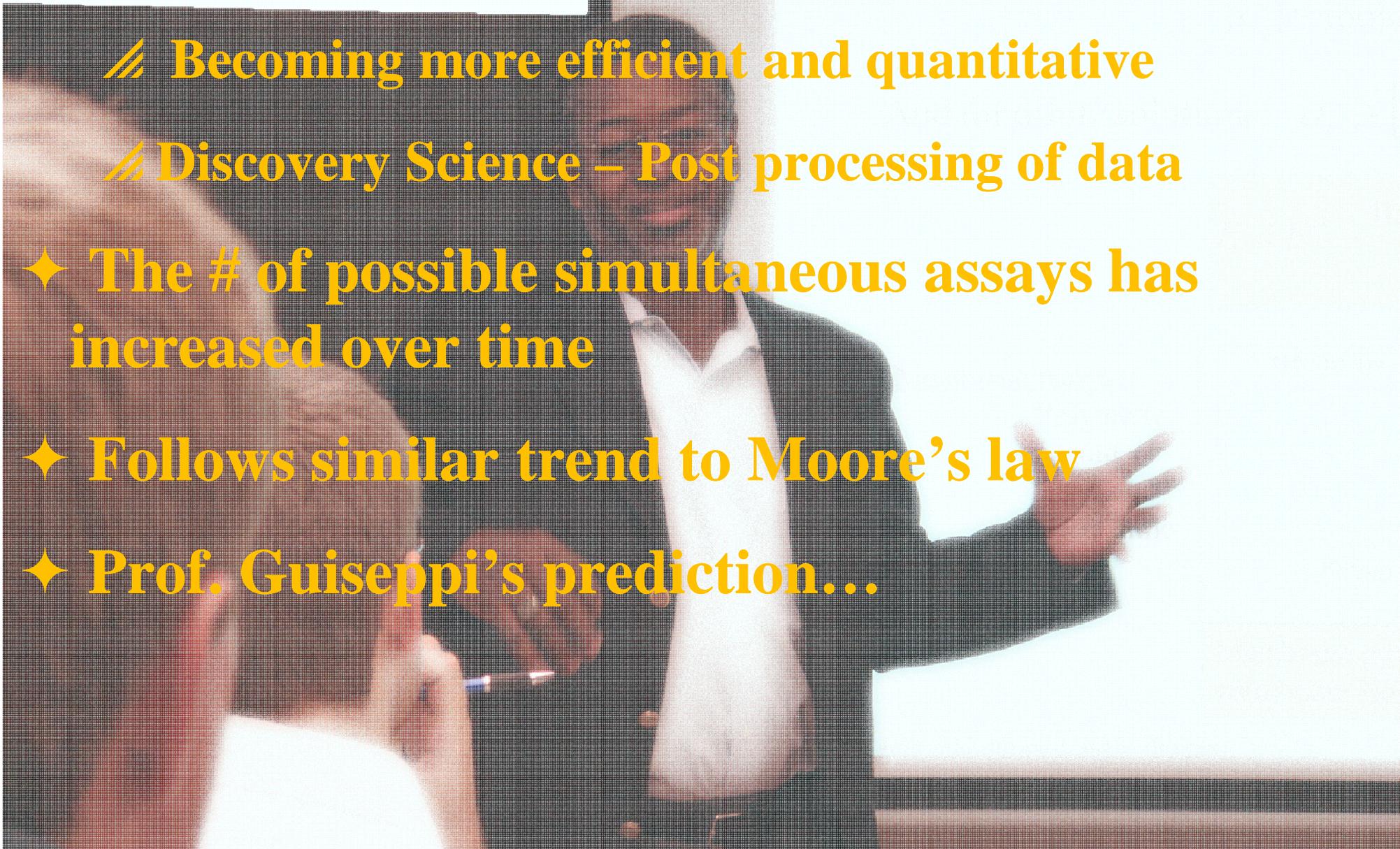
/// Becoming more efficient and quantitative

/// Discovery Science – Post processing of data

◆ The # of possible simultaneous assays has increased over time

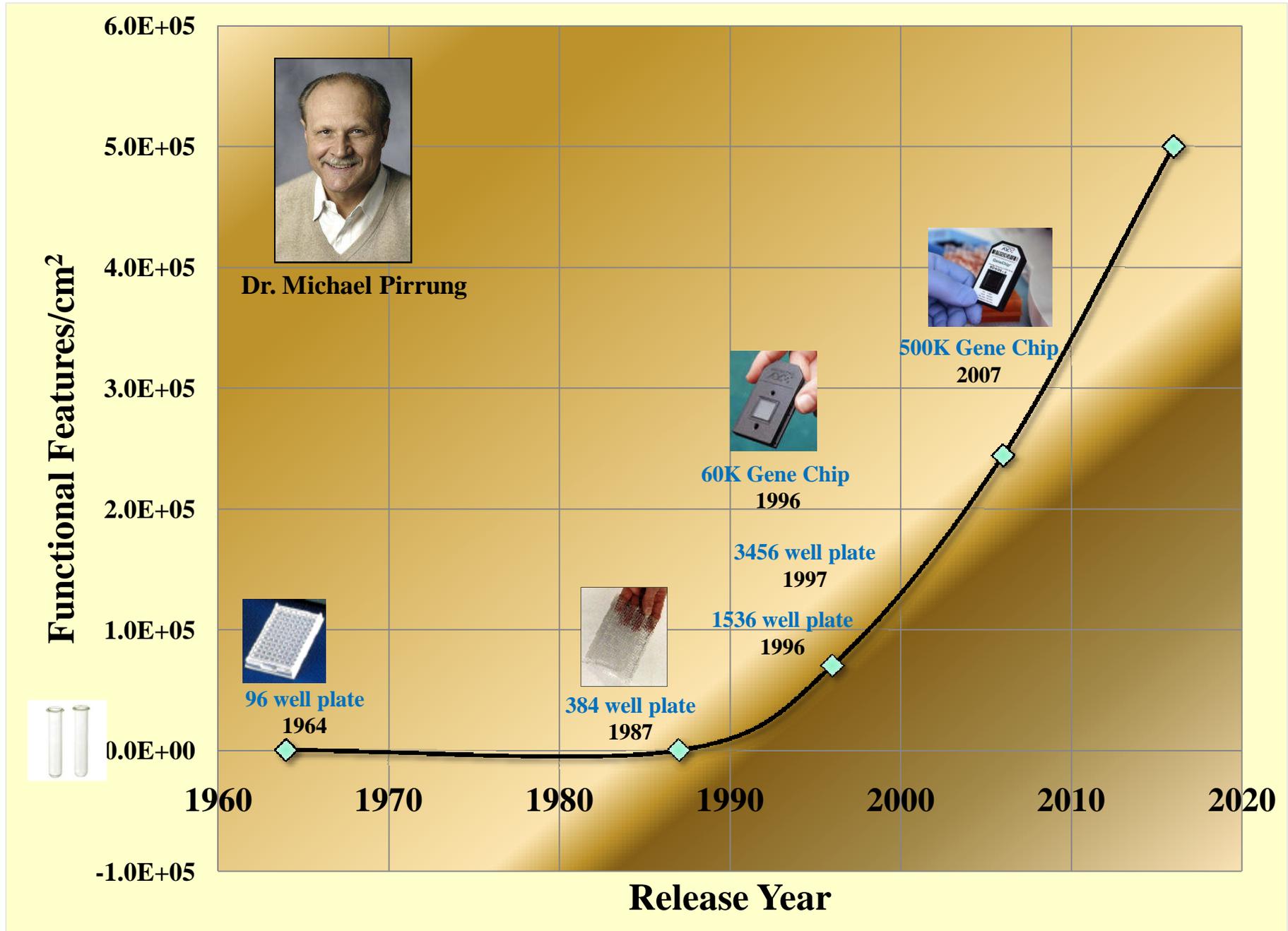
◆ Follows similar trend to Moore's law

◆ Prof. Guiseppi's prediction...



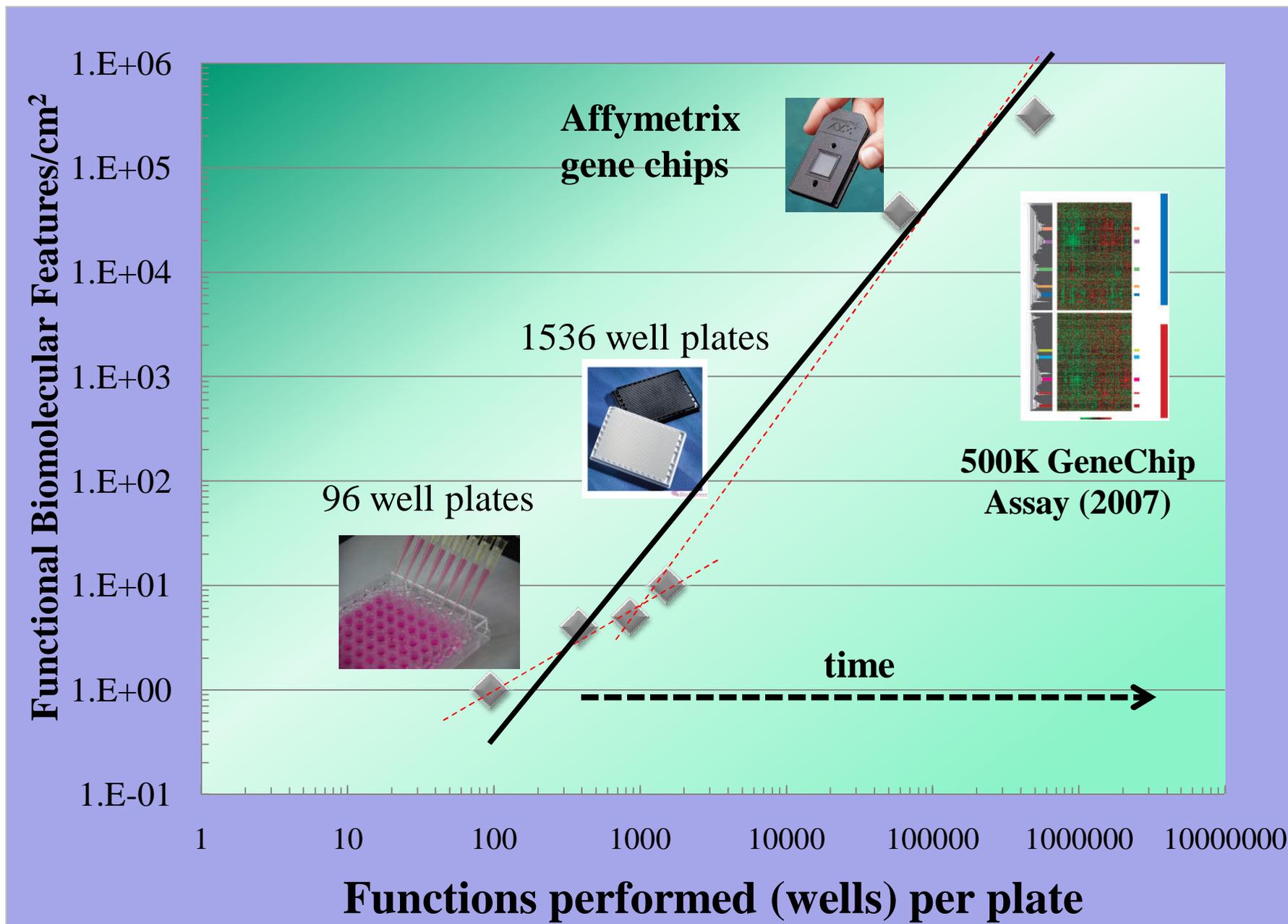


Guisseppi's Prediction: Future of Bioevent Density





Guisseppi's "Prediction": Future of Bioevent Throughput

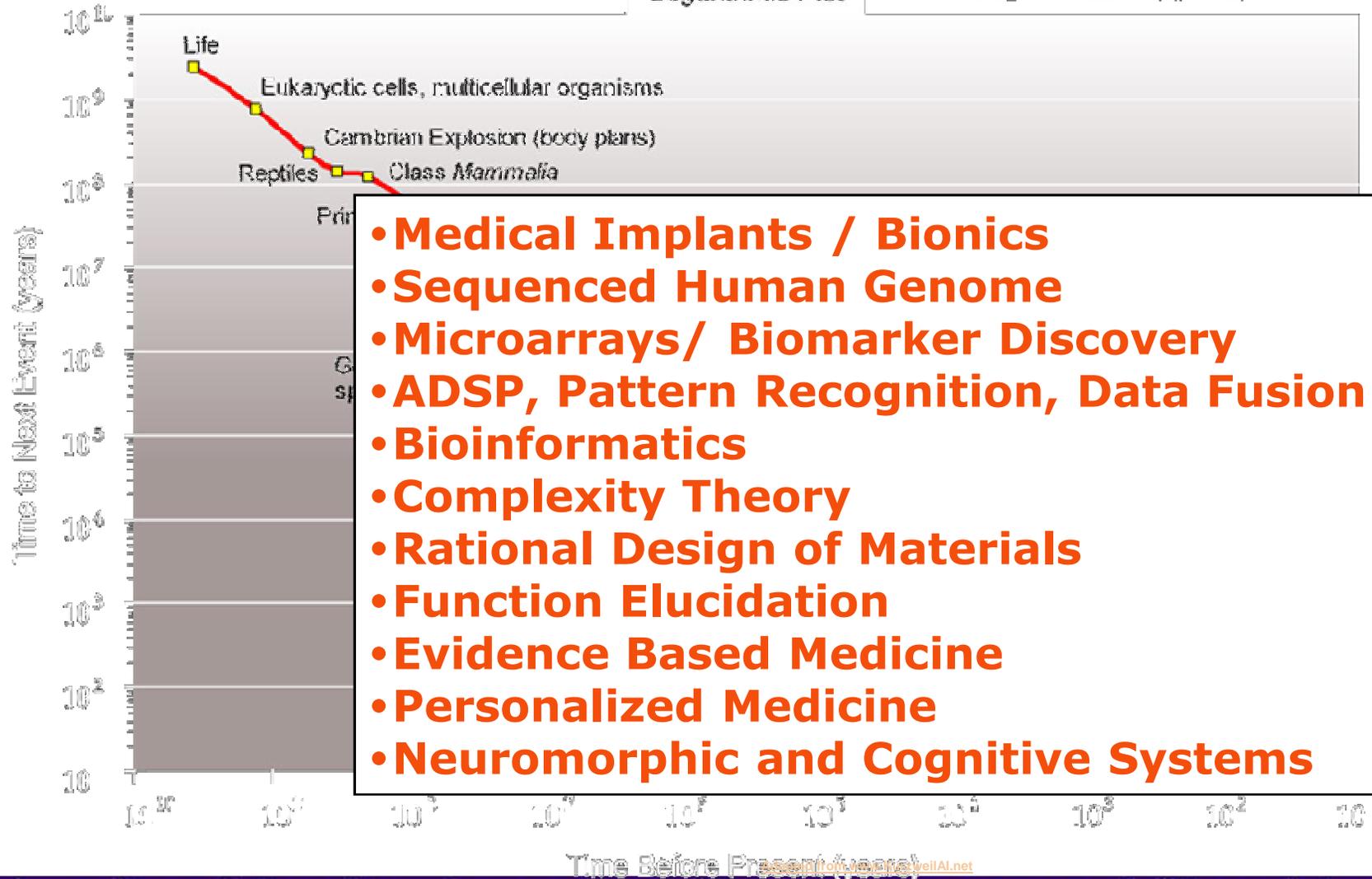
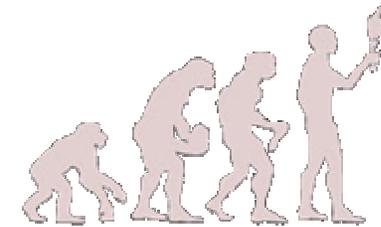




Has Bio Field Reached that Critical Mass?

Countdown to Singularity

Logarithmic Plot



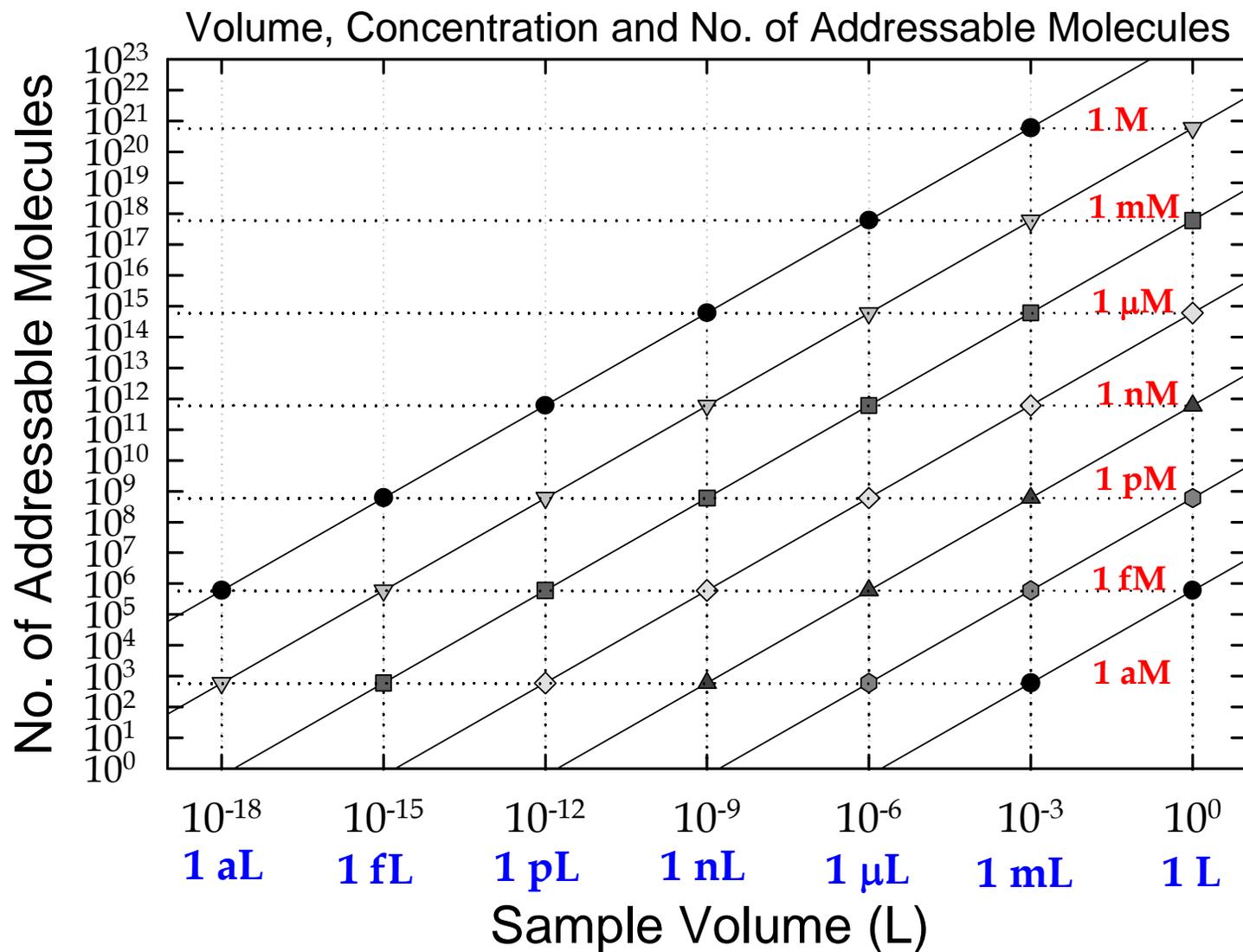
- **Medical Implants / Bionics**
- **Sequenced Human Genome**
- **Microarrays/ Biomarker Discovery**
- **ADSP, Pattern Recognition, Data Fusion**
- **Bioinformatics**
- **Complexity Theory**
- **Rational Design of Materials**
- **Function Elucidation**
- **Evidence Based Medicine**
- **Personalized Medicine**
- **Neuromorphic and Cognitive Systems**



Addressing Single Molecules?

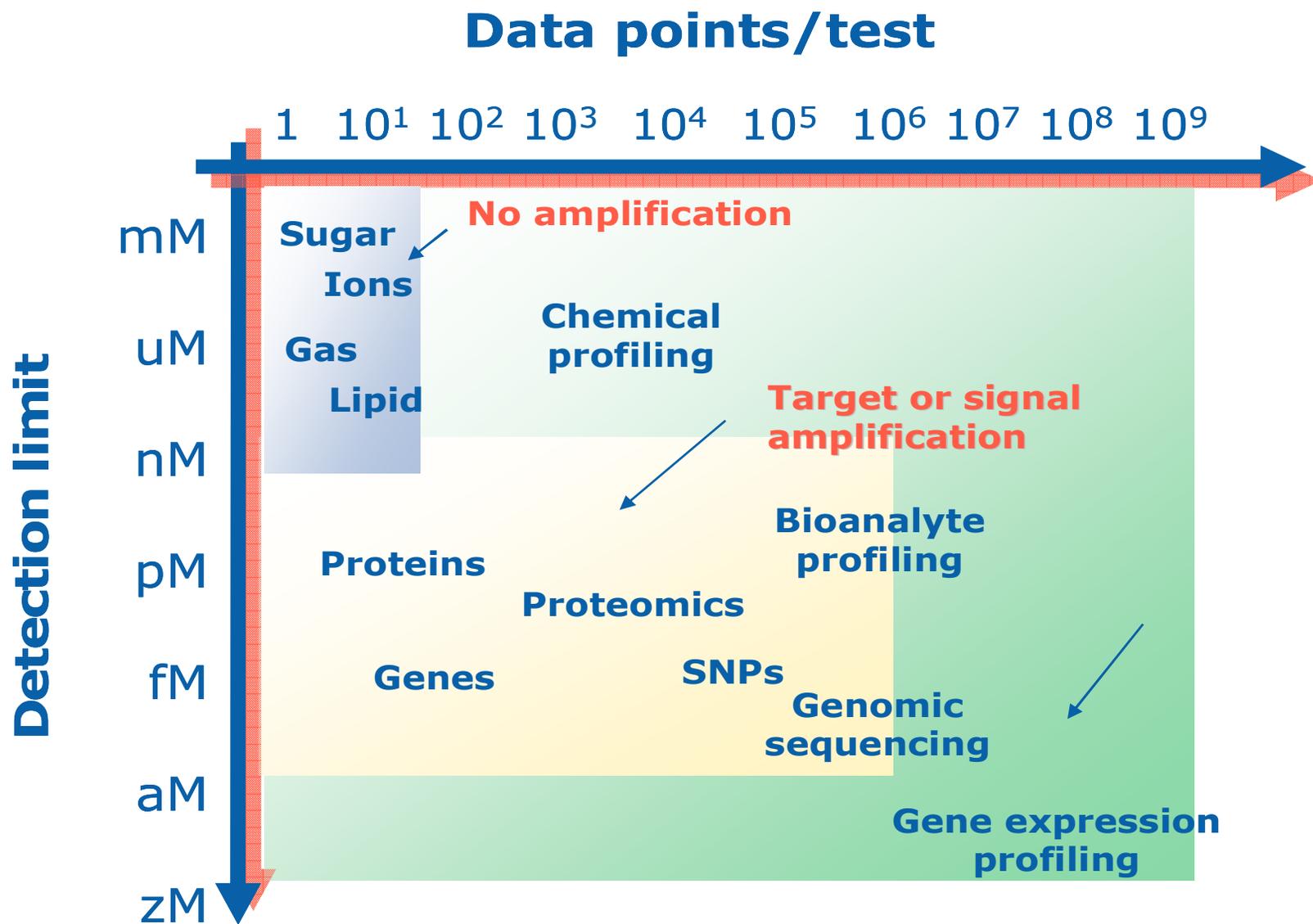
6.023×10^{23} molecules = 1 mole

Sample Size



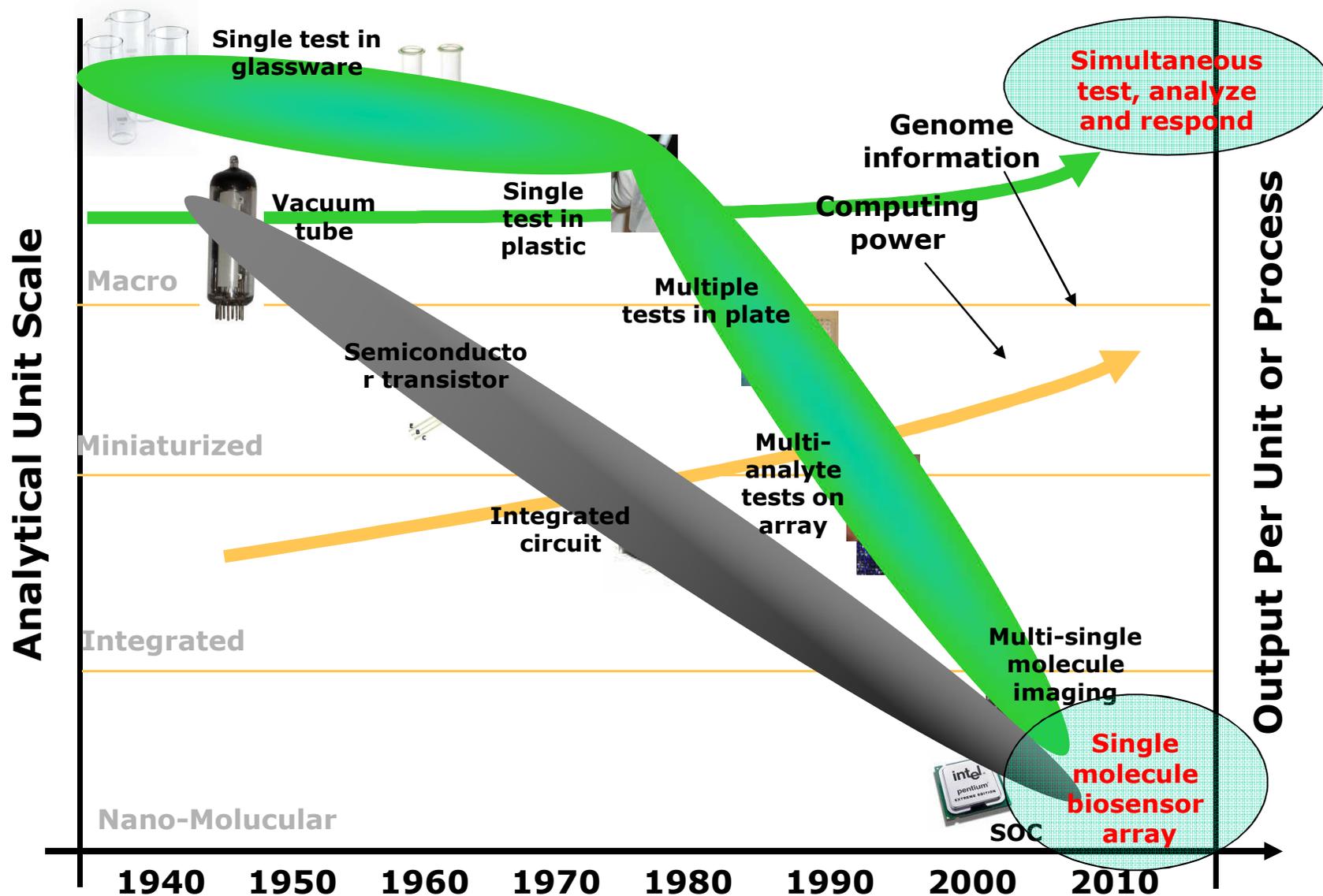


Molecules to be Addressed In Bioanalytical Biosensor Applications



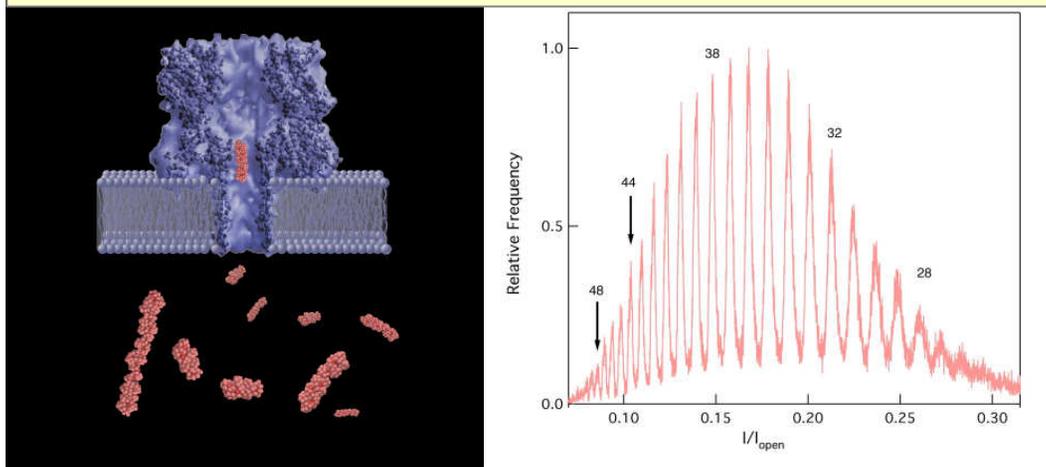


Opportunity for Convergence

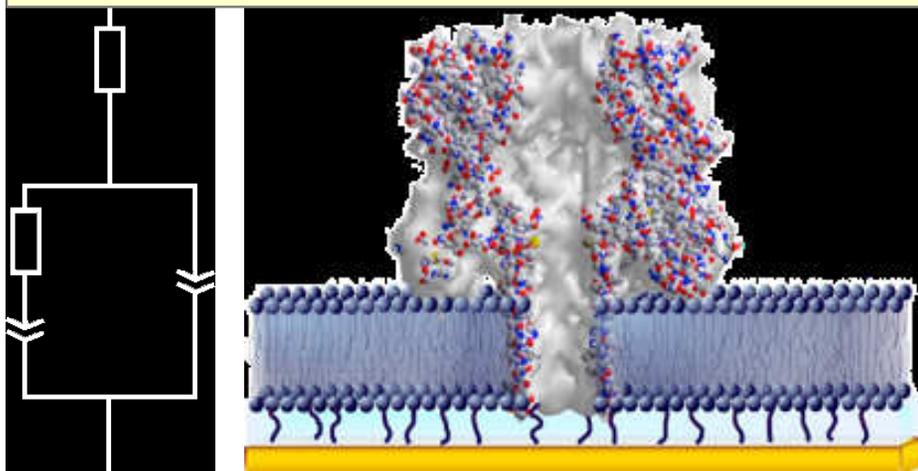


Supported nanopore membranes

Sorting and counting molecules using electrical impedance through molecular nanopores



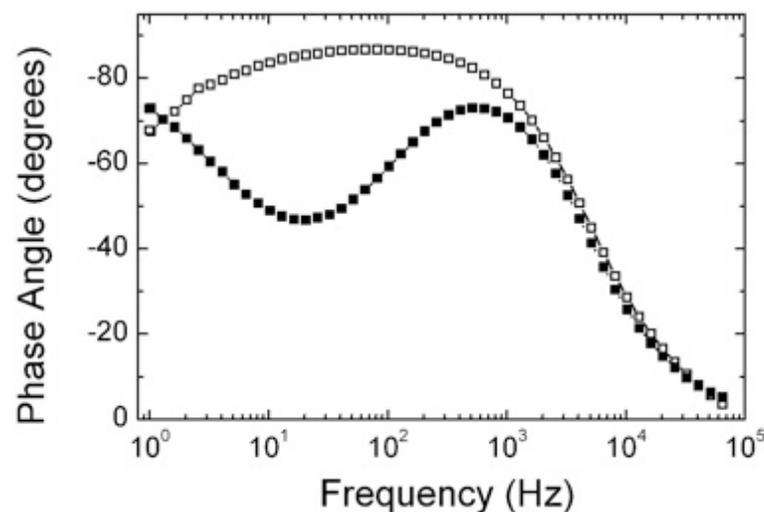
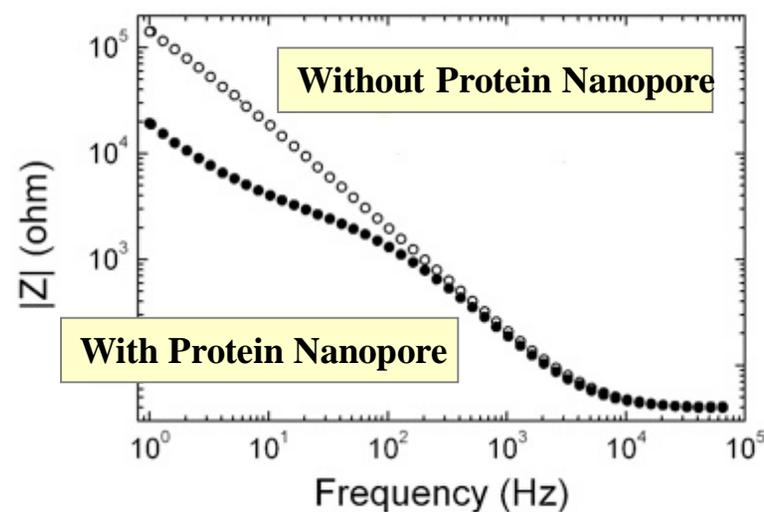
Equivalent circuit model of an electrode-supported, nanopore-containing membrane



Reinerl & Kasianowicz et al. *PNAS*

(2010)107(27) 12080–12085

Electrochemical Impedance Spectroscopy





What I Wish to Tell You!

- ◆ **Bio-compatibility:** understanding molecular, nano-meso- and micro- surface interactions at the intersection of biology and silicon
- ◆ **Designing for manufacturability:** Compatibility with standard CMOS fabrication methods
- ◆ **Bioelectronics:** Enabling direct electronic communication between electronic solid state devices and “the biology”
- ◆ **Manufacturing paradigms:** Modularity, parallelism, redundancy, complexity, cost/volumes for intended applications - modularity

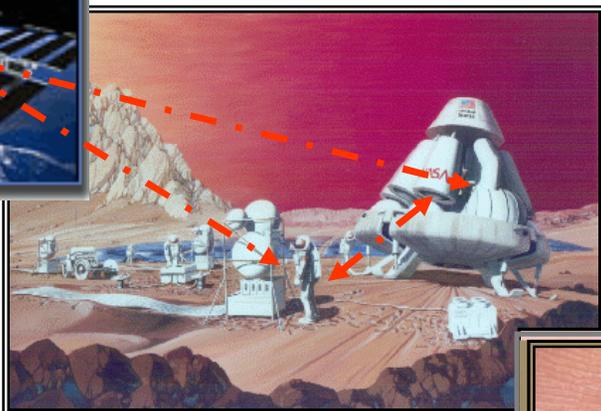


OPPORTUNITIES FOR *IN-VIVO* BIOSENSORS

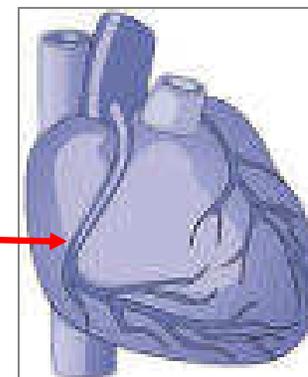
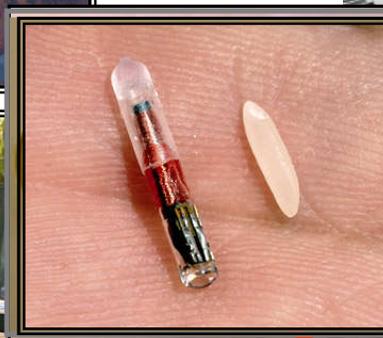
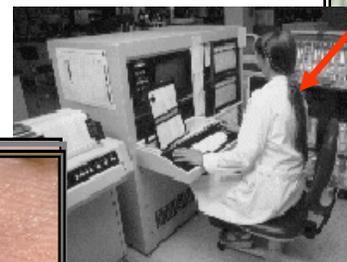
Lactate and Glucose Monitoring



Manned
Space
Flights
Diagnostics



Trauma
Management



Congestive Heart Failure and
Transplanted Organ Health



Battlefield
Trauma outcomes



Chronic Diabetes Care



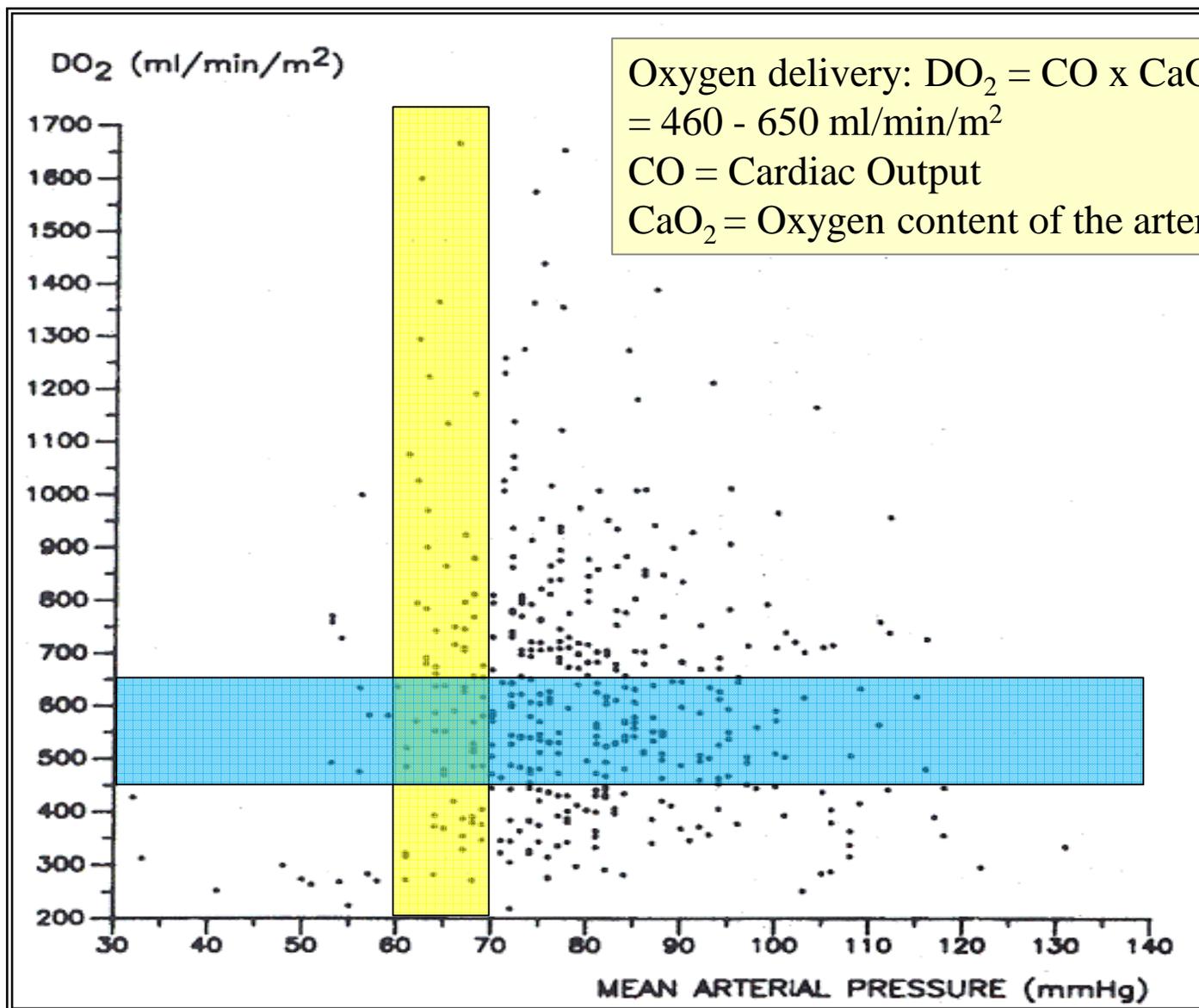
The Case for Monitoring

- ✦ Trauma - the No.1 killer of persons < 50 yrs old.
- ✦ Death from hemorrhage is implicated in 50-68% of battlefield trauma cases (Col. Erin Edgar)
- ✦ During hemorrhage induced trauma and following surgery, hemodynamics and physiology are delicate and can change rapidly
- ✦ Need to initiate *immediate* and *continuous* monitoring of **molecular indicators** of global physiologic stress.



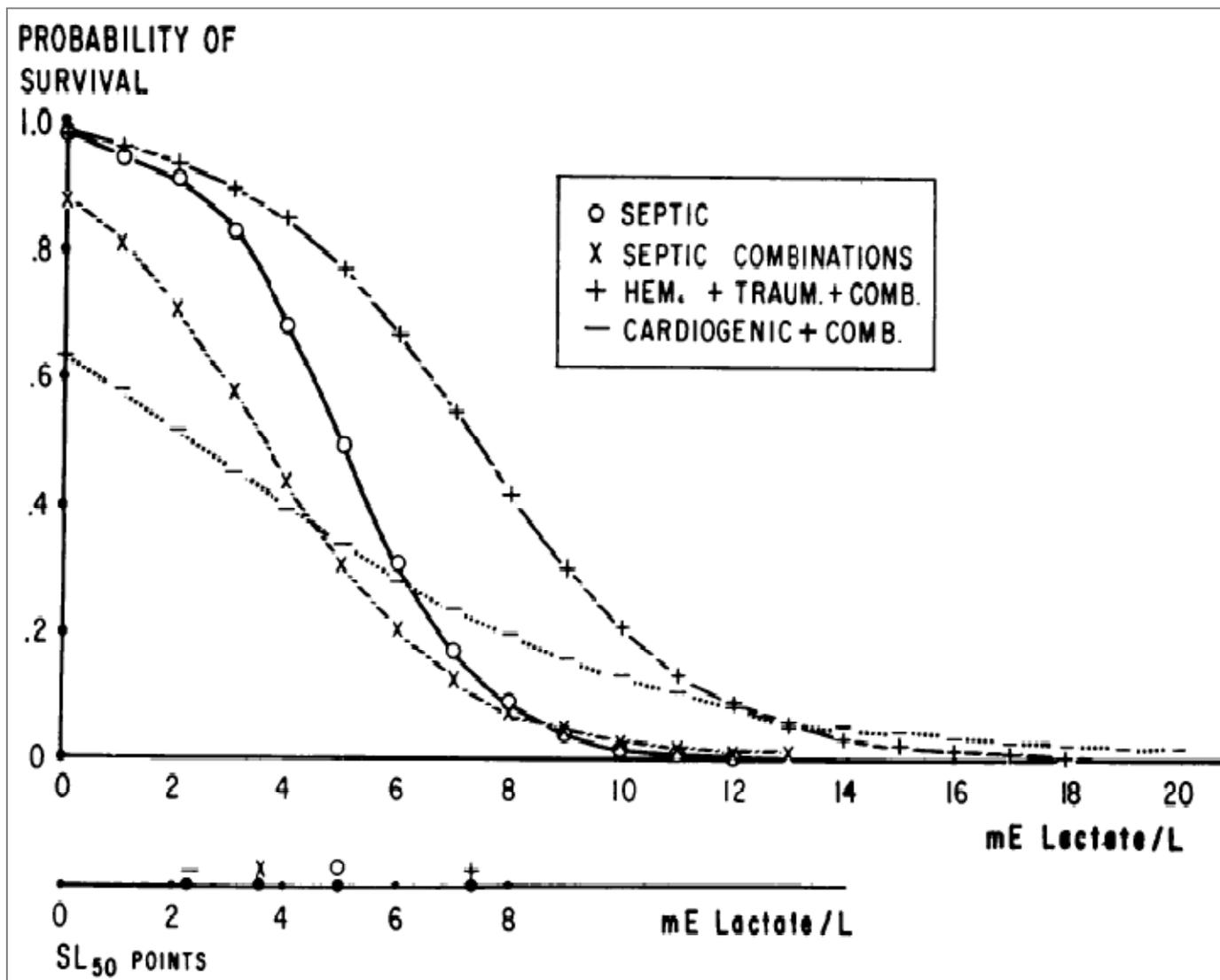
Being Fooled by Vital Signs (e.g. Blood Pressure)

Oxygen Delivery: $DO_2 = CO \times C_aO_2$
460 - 650 ml/min/m²





Lactic Acidosis: A Prognosticator in Trauma



Huckabee, W. E. (1963) "LACTIC ACIDOSIS." The American Journal Of Cardiology 12: 663-666

Vitek, V. and R. A. Cowley (1971) "Blood lactate in the prognosis of various forms of shock." Annals Of Surgery 173(2): 308-313

Broder, G. and M. H. Weil (1964) "EXCESS LACTATE: AN INDEX OF REVERSIBILITY OF SHOCK IN HUMAN PATIENTS" Science 143: 1457-1459



What motivates our focus on lactate?

◆ Mortality/Morbidity

/// Patients who have an arterial lactate level of more than 5 mmol/L and a pH of less than 7.35 are critically ill and have a very poor prognosis. The multicenter trials have shown a mortality rate of 75% in these patients.

◆ However, if lactate levels normalize in:

/// 24 hrs = 90-100% survival

/// 24-48 hrs normalization = 75% survival

/// >48 hrs = 13%

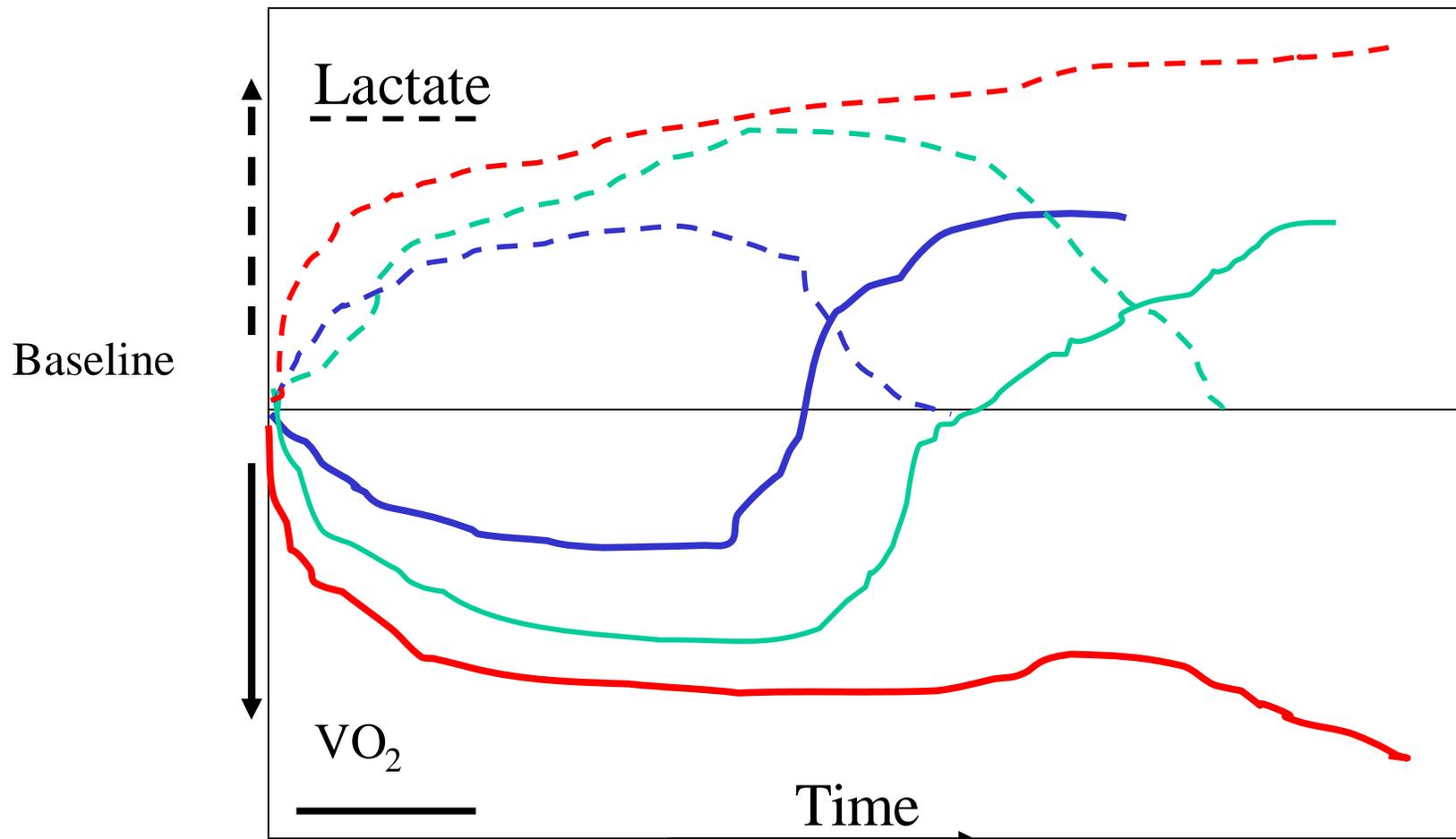
Kyle J. Gunnerson, MD and Sat Sharma, MD, FRCPC, e-Medicine WebMD, April 14, 2010
<http://emedicine.medscape.com/article/167027-overview>

Gunnerson KJ, Saul M, He S, Kellum JA. Lactate versus non-lactate metabolic acidosis: a retrospective outcome evaluation of critically ill patients. *Crit Care*. Feb 10 2006;10(1):R22



HYPOTHESIS: Clinical Outcomes Related to Peripheral Perfusion Following Trauma:

The case for continuous lactate monitoring



**Survivors without
Complications**

**Survivors with Multisystem
Organ Failure**

Nonsurvivors

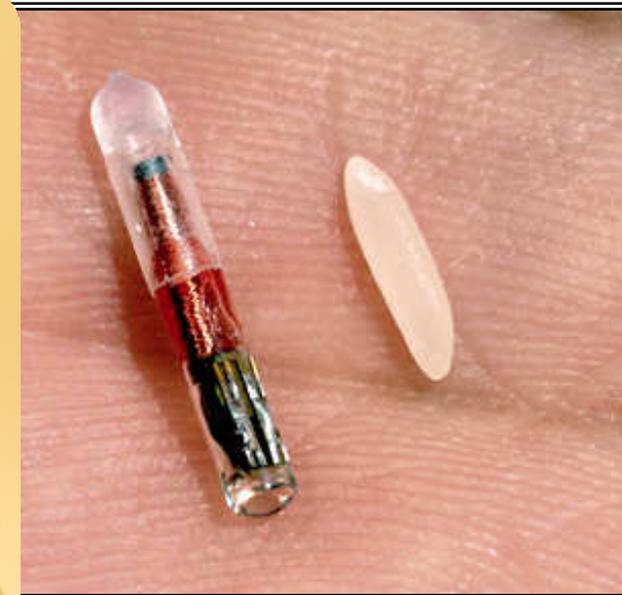
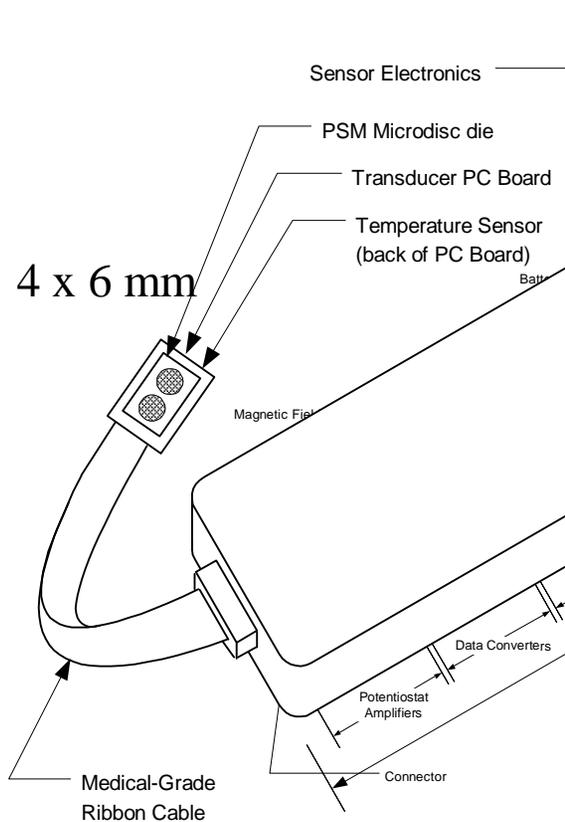


PSMBioChip System

(Physiologic Status Monitoring)

Discrete Prototype Device

ASIC Device



An Implantable Biochip for Physiologic Status Monitoring

Glucose, Lactate, pH and Temperature



Implantable Biochips

IEEE SENSORS JOURNAL, VOL. 5, NO. 3, JUNE 2005

345

Design of a Subcutaneous Implantable Biochip for Monitoring of Glucose and Lactate

Anthony Guiseppi-Elie, Sean Brahim, Gymama Slaughter, and Kevin R. Ward

1856

IEEE SENSORS JOURNAL, VOL. 9, NO. 12, DECEMBER 2009

Fabrication and Packaging of a Dual Sensing Electrochemical Biotransducer for Glucose and Lactate Useful in Intramuscular Physiologic Status Monitoring

Abdur Rub Abdur Rahman, Gusphyl Justin, Adilah Guiseppi-Wilson, and Anthony Guiseppi-Elie, *Member, IEEE*

Anal Bioanal Chem
DOI 10.1007/s00216-010-4271-x

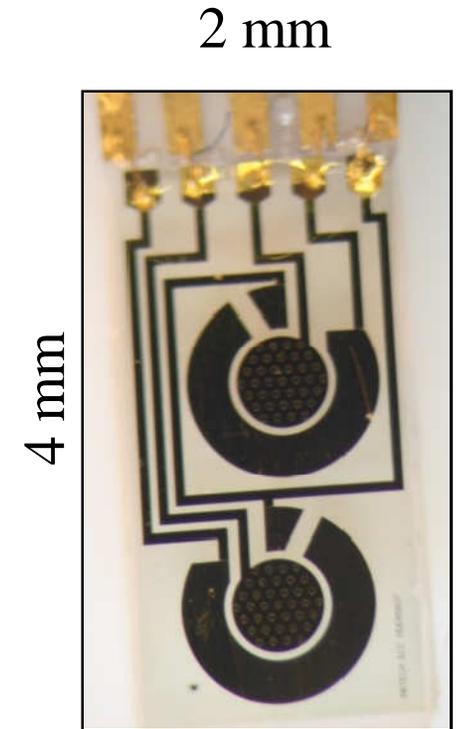
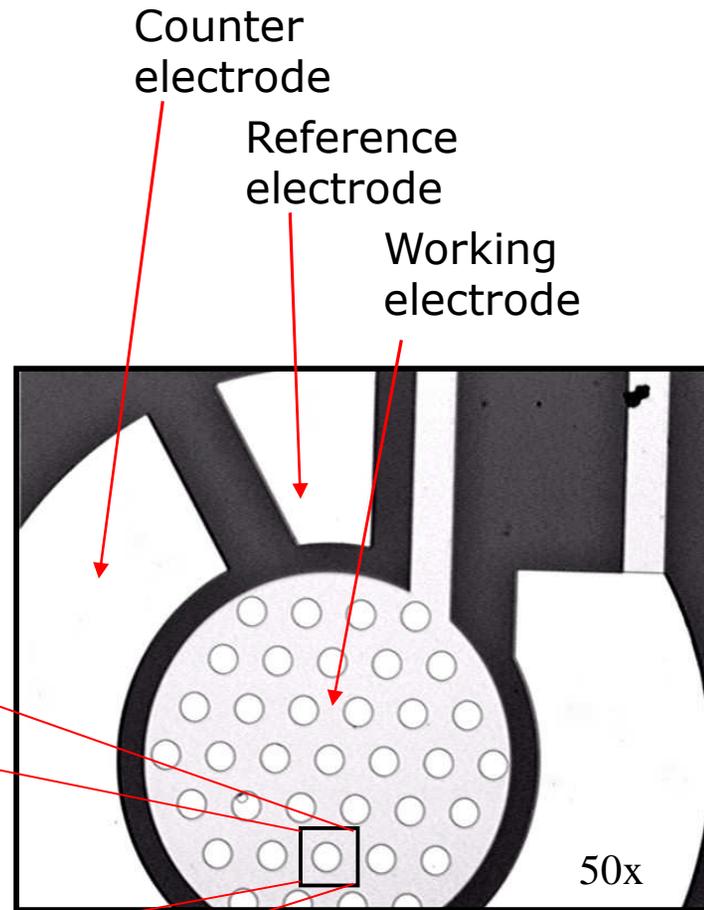
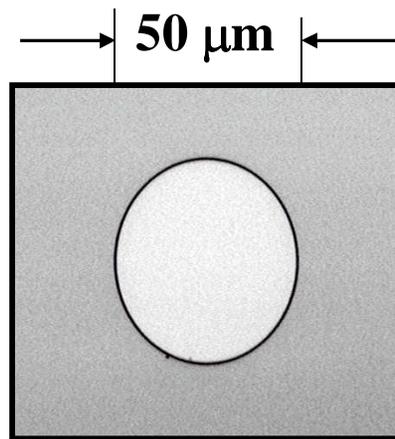
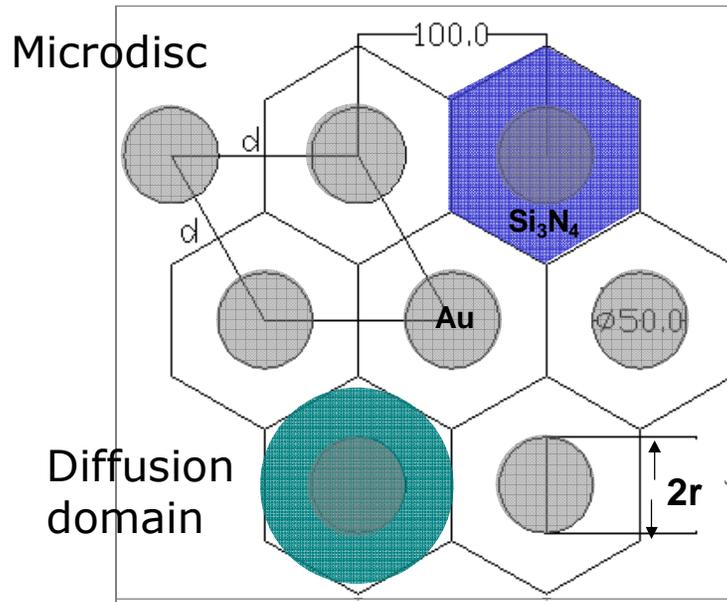
ORIGINAL PAPER

An implantable biochip to influence patient outcomes following trauma-induced hemorrhage

Anthony Guiseppi-Elie



Front-end biotransducer for discrete component prototyping of the PSMBioChip



**Electrochemical-Cell-on-a-Chip
Microdisc Electrode Array (ECC MDEA 5037)**

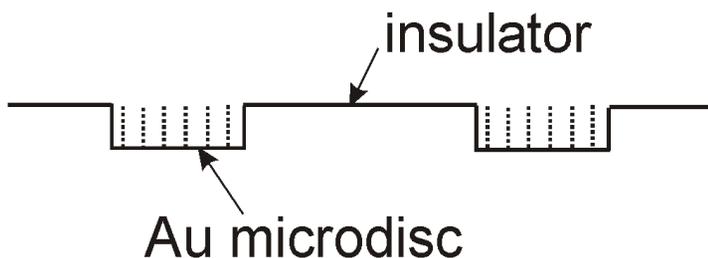
A. Guiseppi-Elie, S. Brahim, G. Slaughter and K. R. Ward, "Design of a Subcutaneous Implantable Biochip for Monitoring of Glucose and Lactate", (2005) *IEEE Sensor Journal*, 5(3), pp. 345-355.



Design of the microdisc electrode array (MDEA)

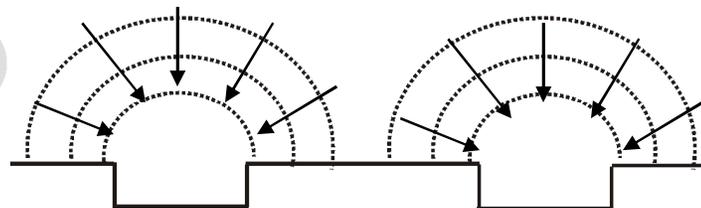
individual small diffusion layer:
linear diffusion

1.



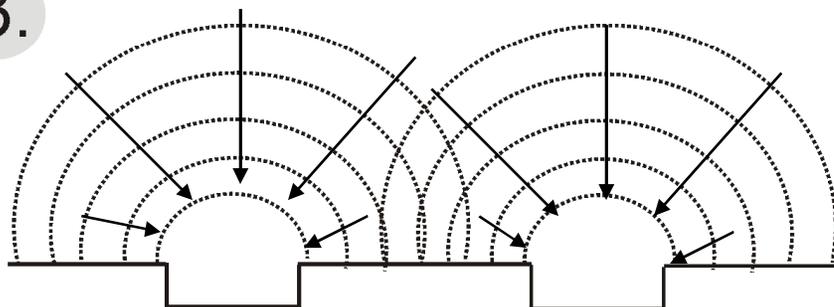
individual small diffusion layer:
radial diffusion

2.



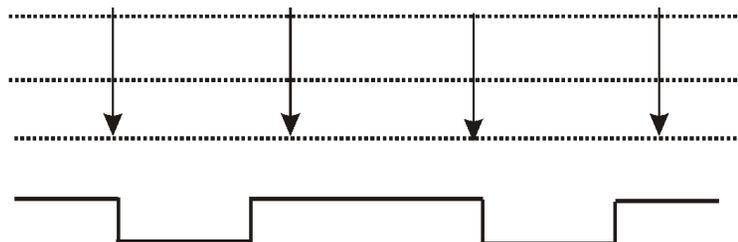
overlapping diffusion layers

3.



overlapping diffusion layers:
linear diffusion

4.



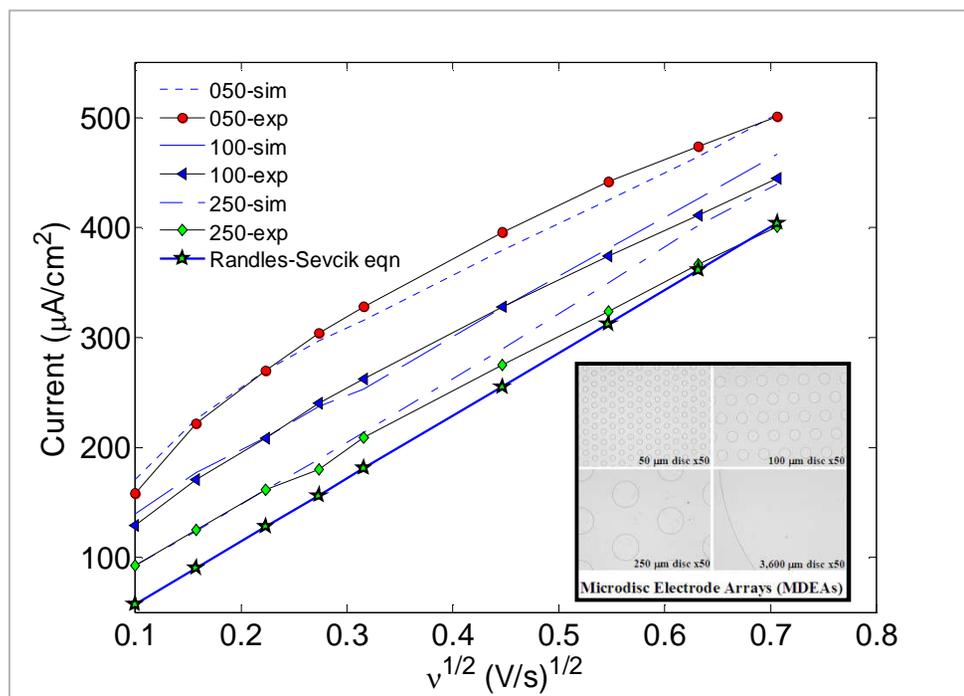
Abdur Rub Abdur Rahman and Anthony Guiseppi-Elie "Design Considerations in the Development and Application of Microdisc Electrode Arrays (MDEAs) for Implantable Biosensors" *Biomedical Microdevices* (2009) 11:701-710.



Performance enhancement of the microdisc electrode array format of the PSMBioChip

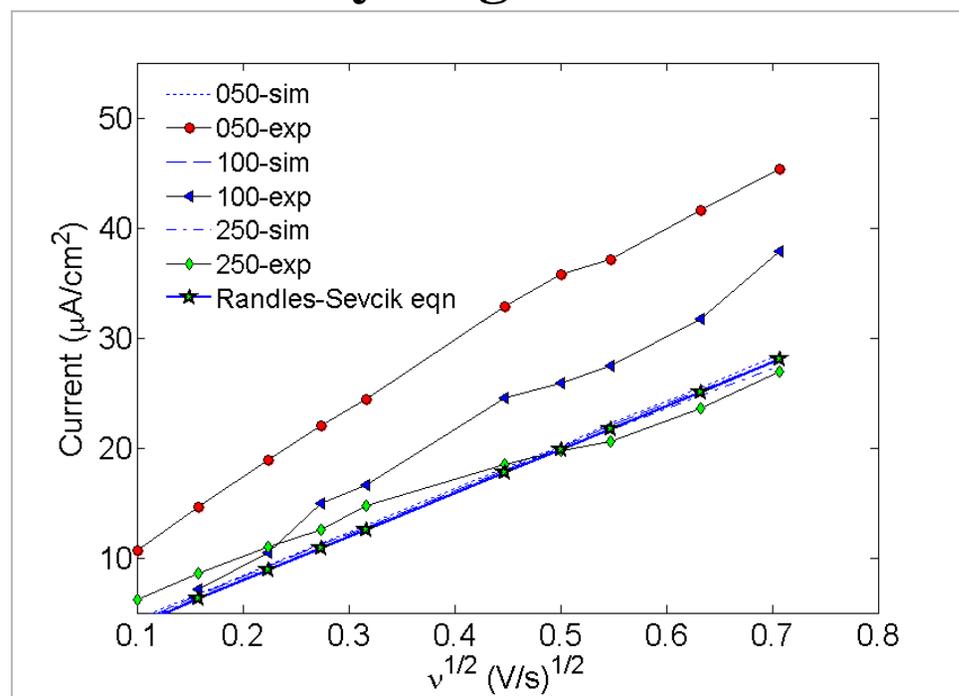
$$I_p = 2.687 \times 10^5 n^{3/2} v^{1/2} D^{1/2} AC_{ox}$$

Un-Coated



Enhanced effective area with reduction of disc diameter

Hydrogel Coated

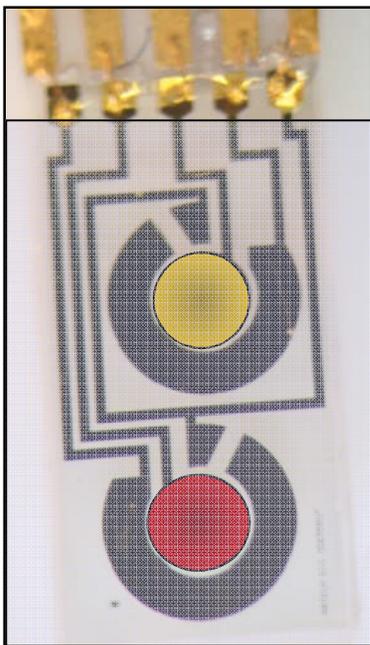


Enhancement maintained for 50 μm device beneath hydrogel

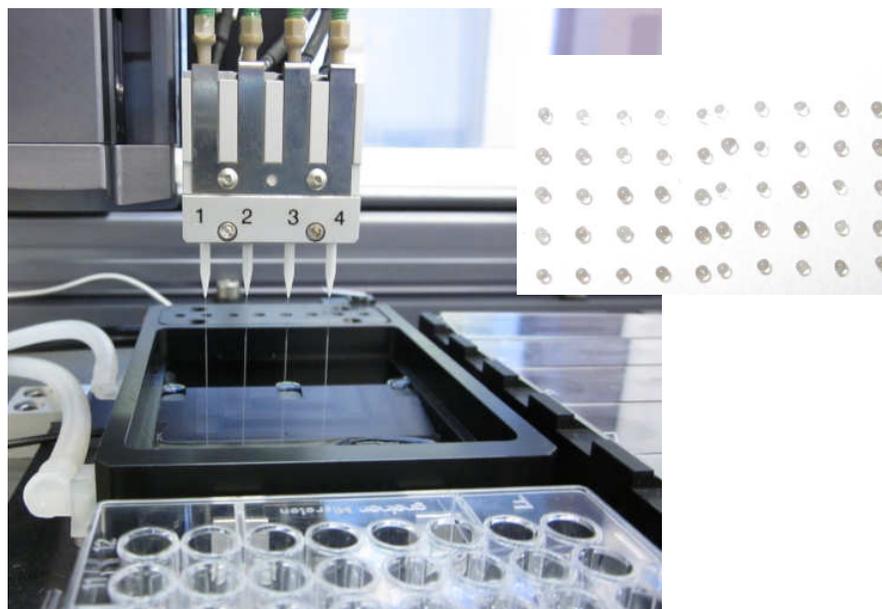
G. Justin, A. R. Abdur Rahman, and A. Guiseppi-Elie, "Bioactive Hydrogel Layers on Microdisc Electrode Arrays: Cyclic Voltammetry Experiments and Simulations," *Electroanalysis* (2009) (accepted)



Conferring biological specificity to a multi-analyte bioanalytical biochip – How?



**MDEA
5037**



- **Micro-solenoid, non-contact printing**
- **Micro-contact printing**
- **Ink-jet printing**
- **Spin-coating and electropolymerization**



Electroconductive Hydrogels

556

Full Paper

Electroconductive Hydrogels: Properties of Polypyrrole-Poly

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^b Departments of Chemical Engineering and Emergency Medicine, Box 843038, 601 West Main Street, Richmond, Virginia 23284-3038, USA

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Biomaterials 26 (2005) 4767–4778

Biomaterials

www.elsevier.com/locate/biomaterials

Molecularly engineered p(HEMA)-based hydrogels for implant biochip biocompatibility

Sheena Abraham^a, Sean Brahim^a, Kazuhiko Ishihara^d, Anthony Guiseppi-Elie^{a,b,c,*}

^aCenter for Bioelectronics, Biosensors and Biochips (C3B), Virginia Commonwealth University, P.O. Box 843038, 601 West Main Street, Richmond, Virginia 23284-3038, USA

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Biomaterials 31 (2010) 2701–2716

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journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/biomaterials



ELSEVIER



Review

Electroconductive hydrogels: Synthesis, characterization and biomedical applications

Anthony Guiseppi-Elie^{a,b,c,*}

^a ABTECH Scientific, Inc., Biotechnology Research Park, 800 East Leigh Street, Richmond, VA 23219, USA

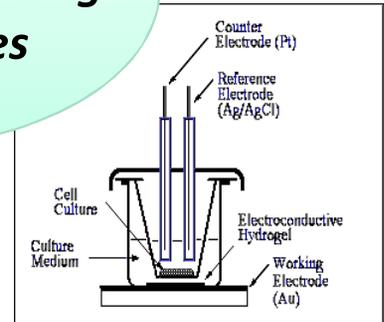
^b Center for Bioelectronics, Biosensors and Biochips (C3B), Clemson University Advanced Materials Center, 100 Technology Drive, Anderson, SC 29625, USA

^c Department of Chemical and Biomolecular Engineering, Department of Bioengineering, Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering, Clemson University, Clemson, SC 29634, USA

In vivo Physiological Status Monitoring biosensors

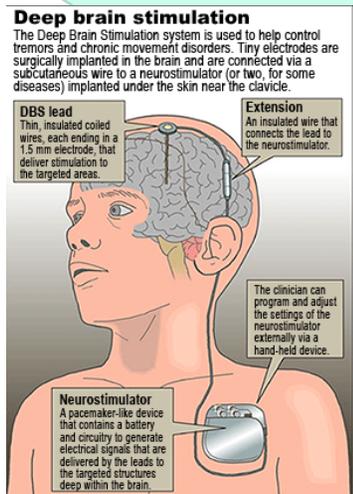


Electrostimulated drug delivery devices



Clinical Applications for Electroconductive Hydrogels

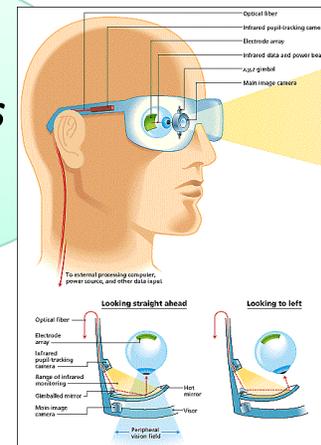
Deep Brain Stimulation Devices



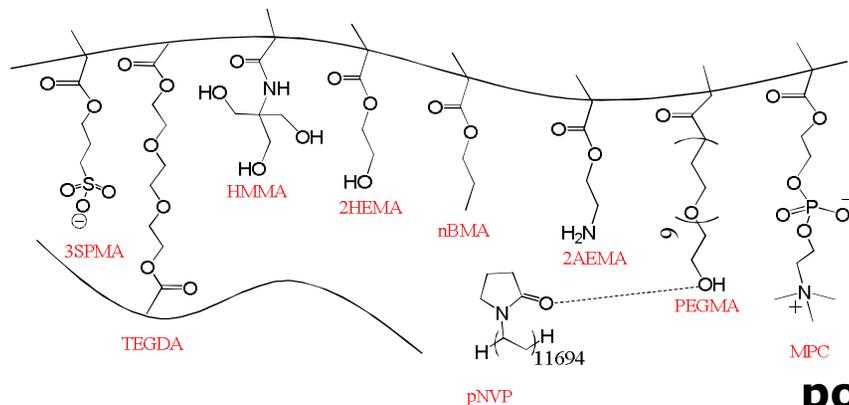
source: Medtronic Inc. Steve Greenberg / Star staffs

Implantable Biofuel Cells

Neural prostheses

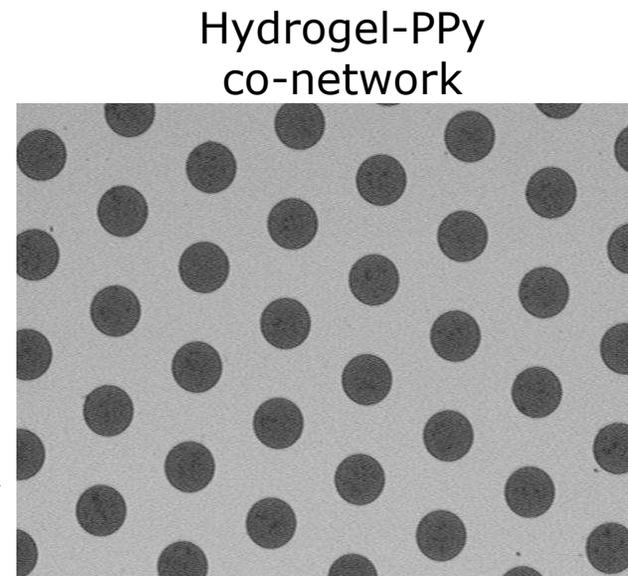


Generalized Synthesis of Electroconductive Hydrogels

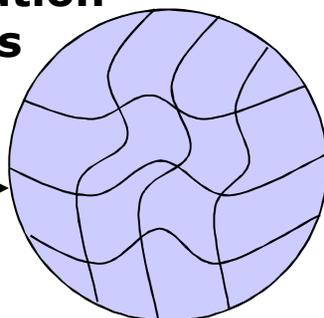
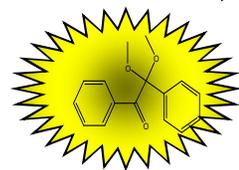
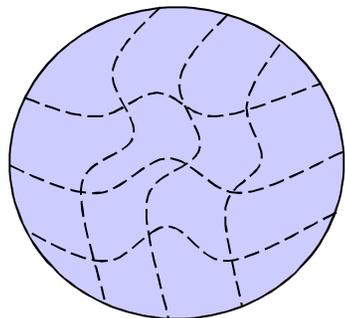


**Electro
polymerization
of Py**

0.7 V vs Ag/AgCl



**UV-polymerization
of acrylates**

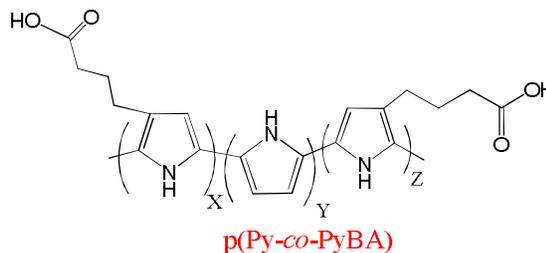
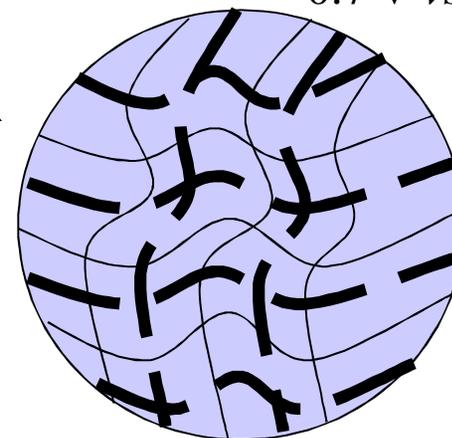


**Chemical Oxidative
polymerization
of Py**

FeCl₃

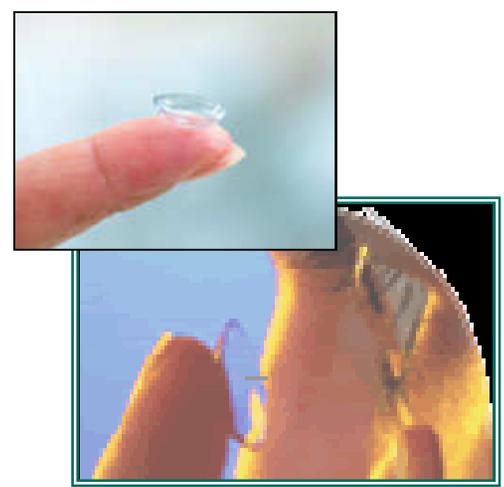
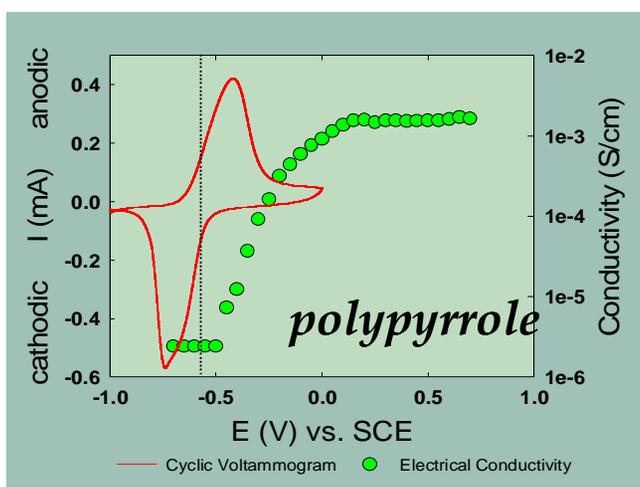
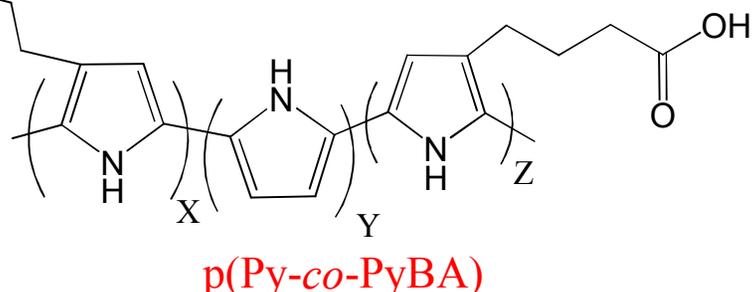
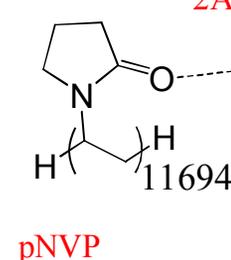
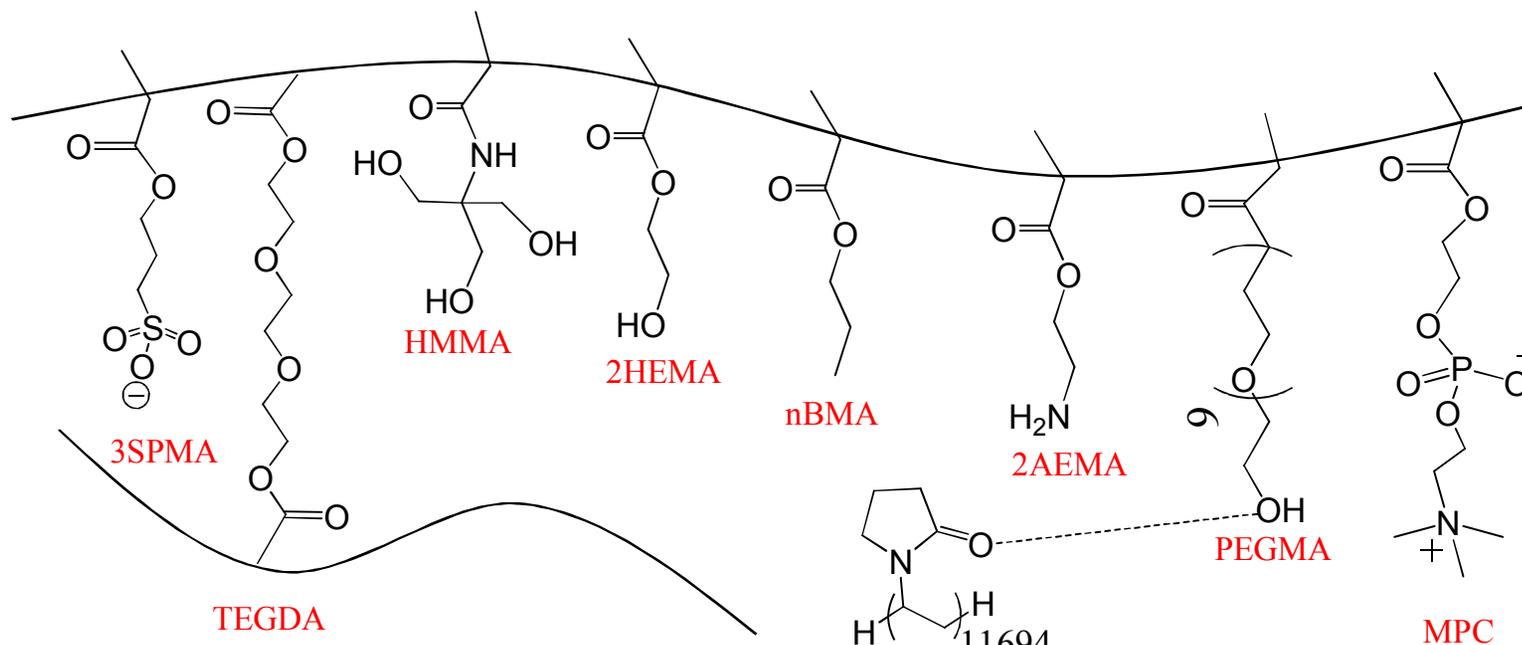
**Electro
polymerization
of Py**

0.7 V vs Ag/AgCl





p(HEMA)-based Electroconductive Hydrogel

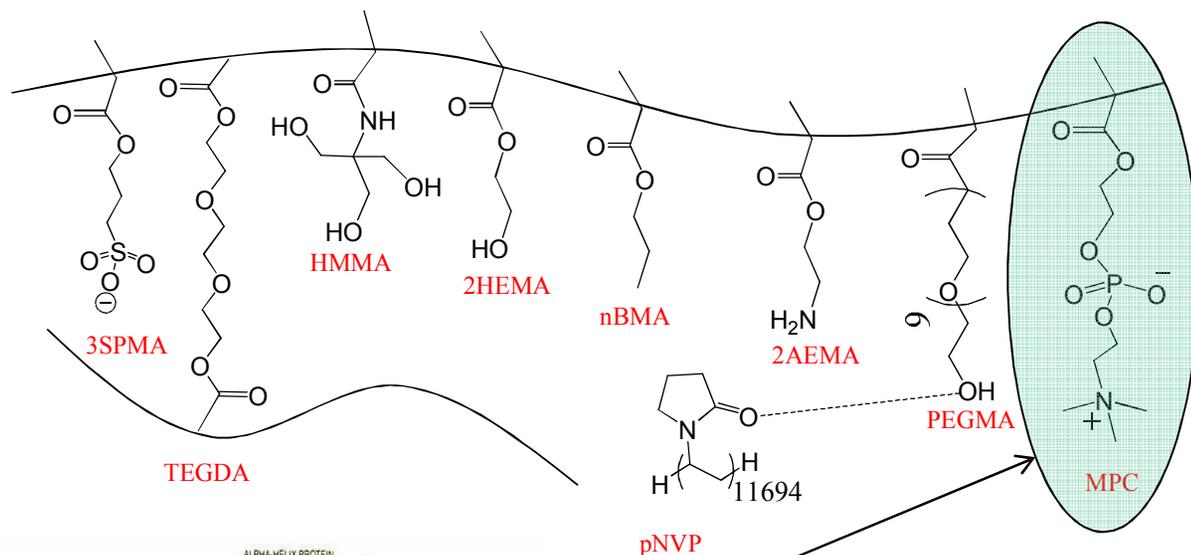




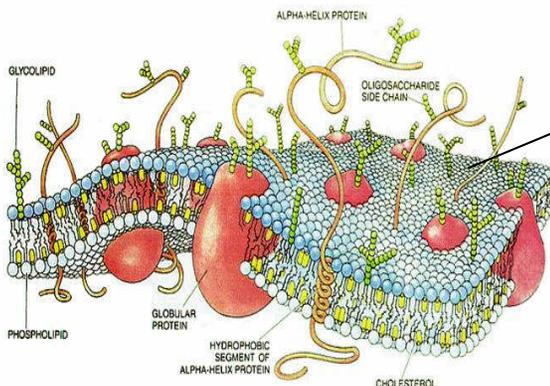
Molecularly Engineered p(HEMA)-based Hydrogel

In-vitro and *in-vivo* Biocompatibility

- Hydrophilic p(HEMA) resistant to protein adsorption and cell attachment
- Hydrogel high water content and suitable mechanical properties less irritation to tissue
- Biomimetic chemistry by MPC and PEGMA
 - PEG anti-fouling
 - Phosphoryl choline of cell membrane



**Bio-inspired
synthetic polymer**

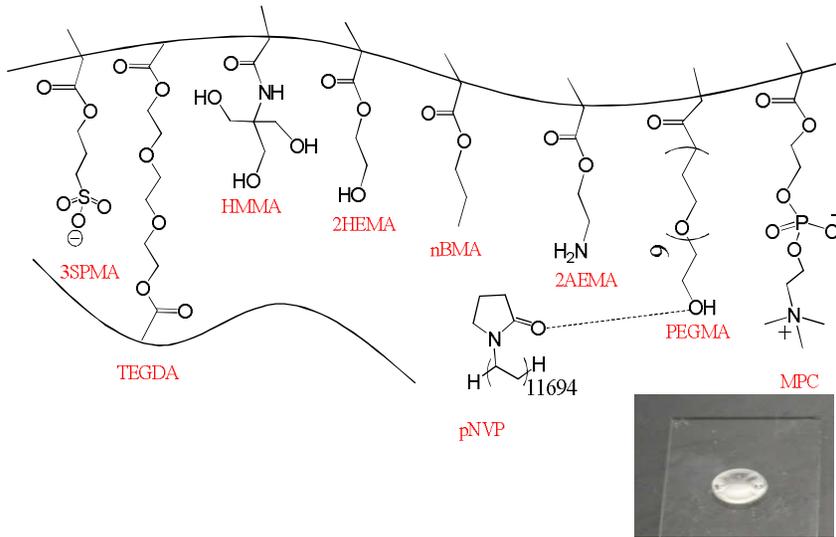


Cell membrane dynamics

Cross-linker TEGDA altered 1, 3, 5, 7, 9 and 12 mole%



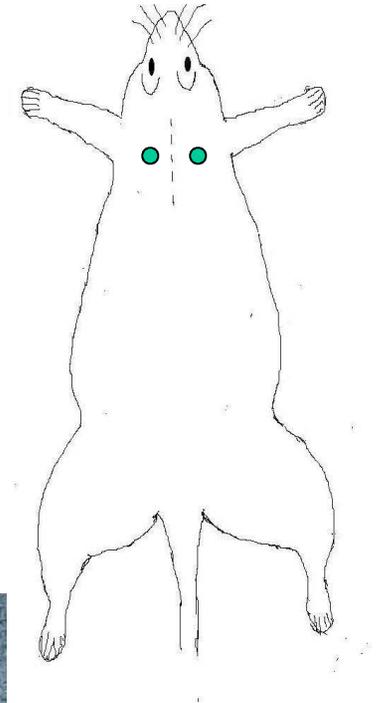
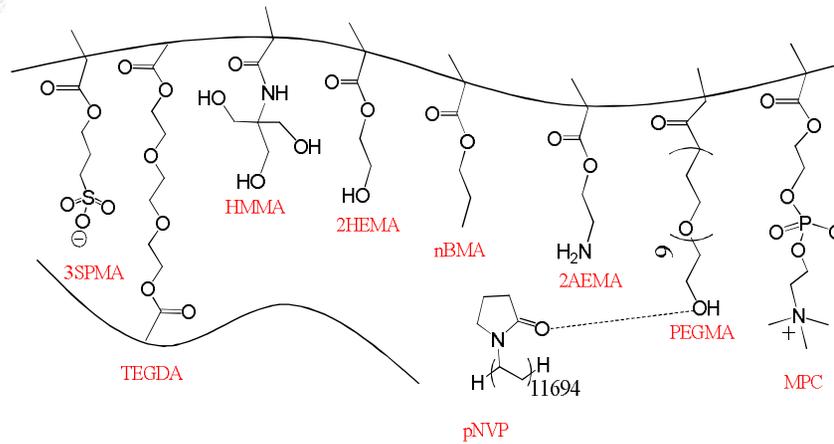
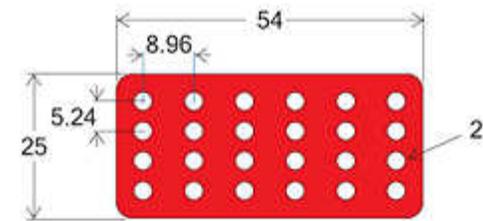
Molecularly Engineered p(HEMA)-based Hydrogel *In-vitro* and *in-vivo* Biocompatibility





Molecularly Engineered p(HEMA)-based Hydrogel *In-vitro* and *in-vivo* Biocompatibility

664108-508 Non-adhesive - reusable / autoclavable





Molecularly Engineered p(HEMA)-based Hydrogel *In-vitro* and *in-vivo* Biocompatibility

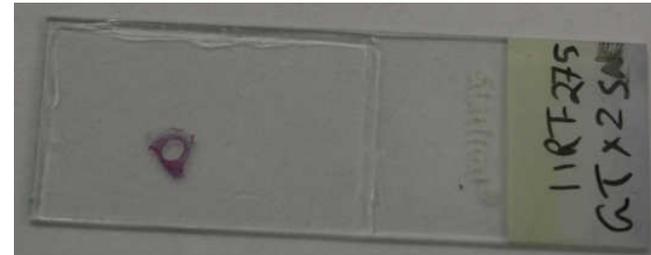
Implant



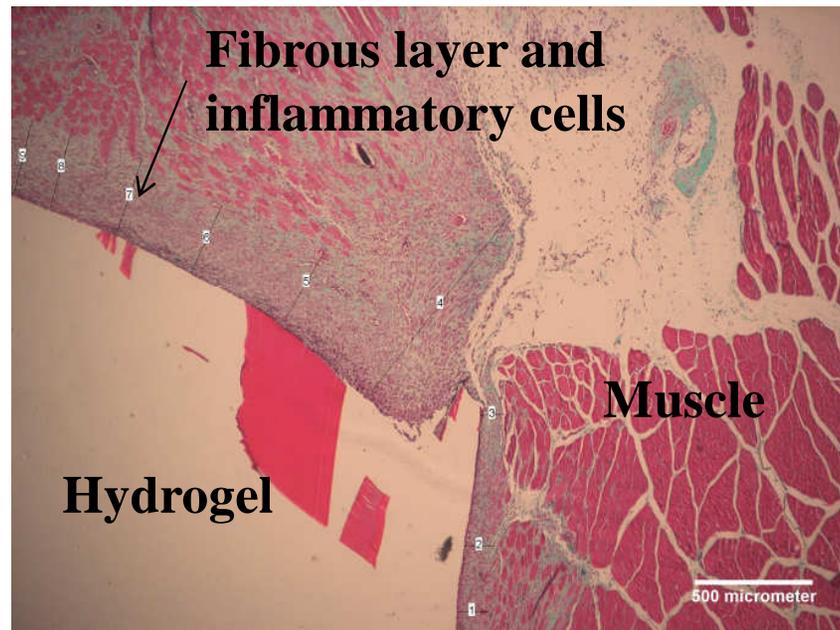
Resect



Mount



Image

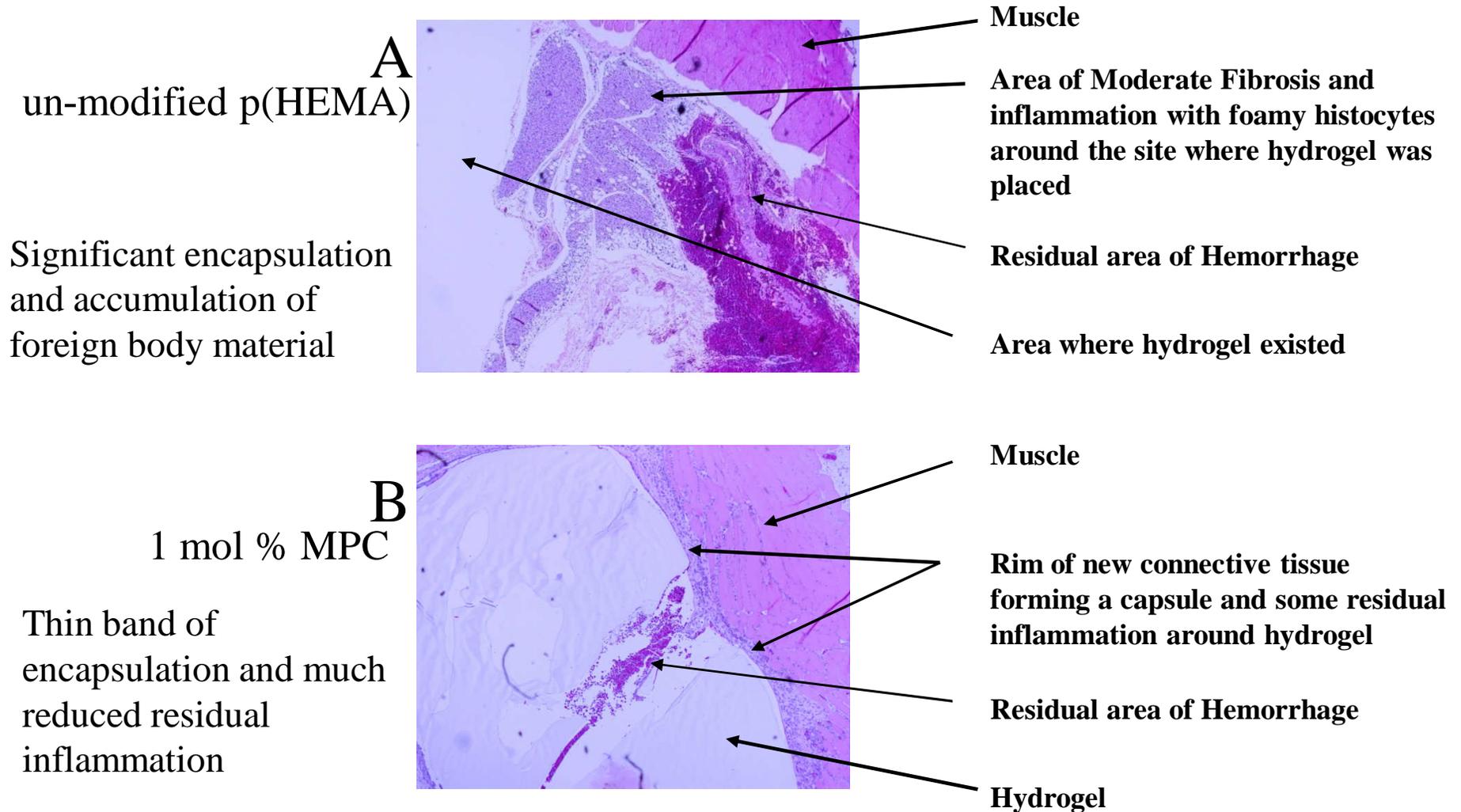


ImageJ Software



In-vivo Implantation in Sprague Dawley Hemorrhage Model

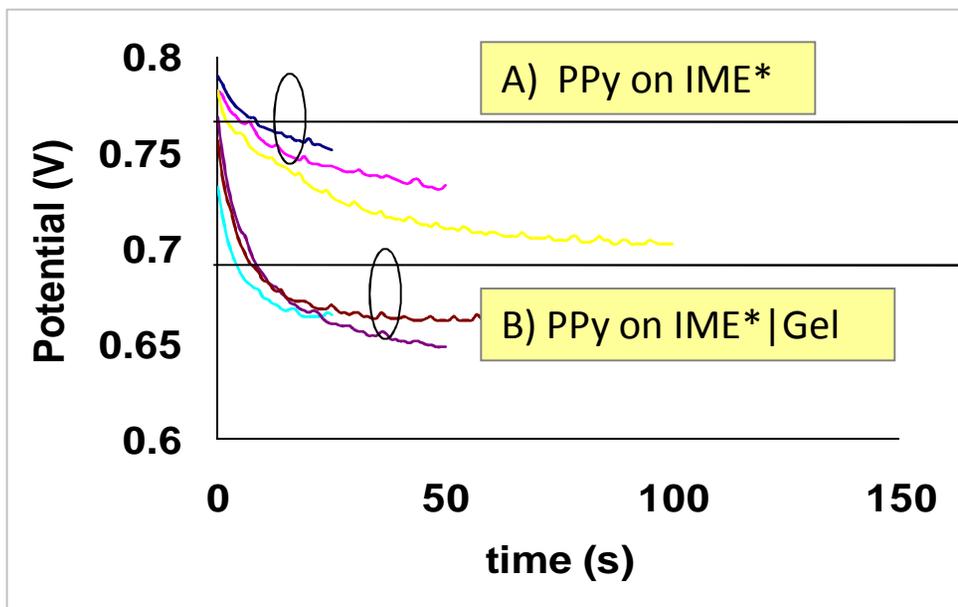
After implantation for 2 weeks in the trapezius muscle



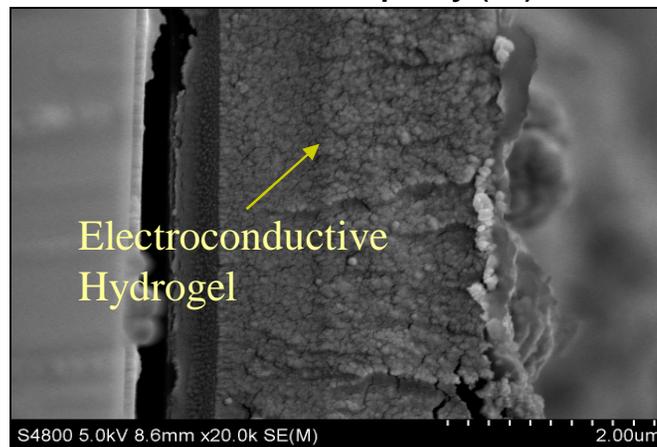
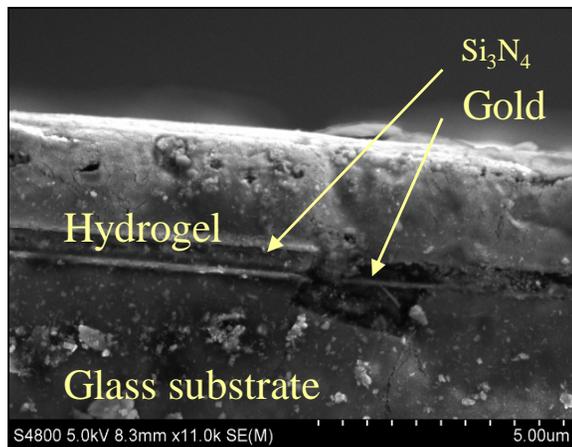
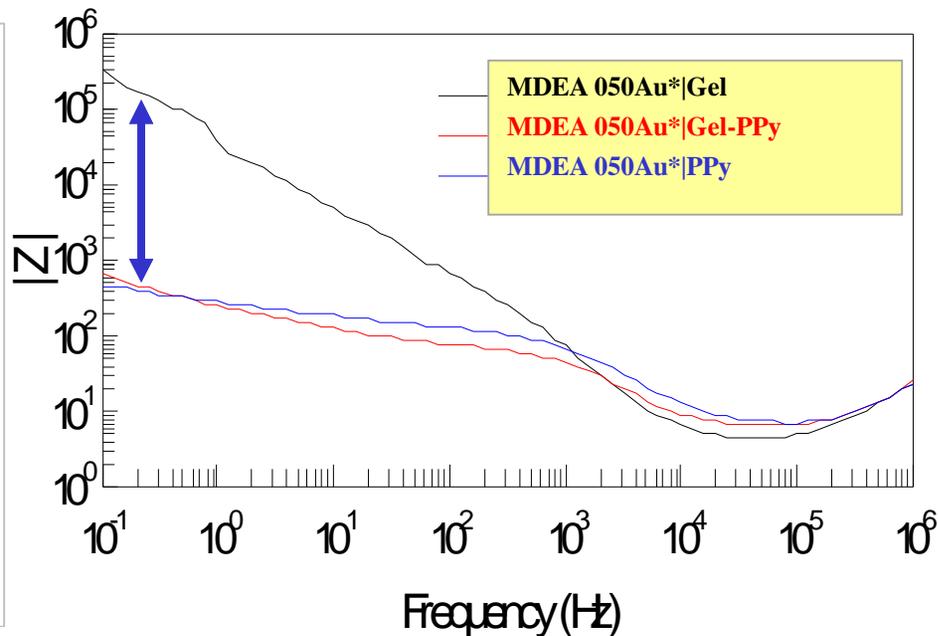


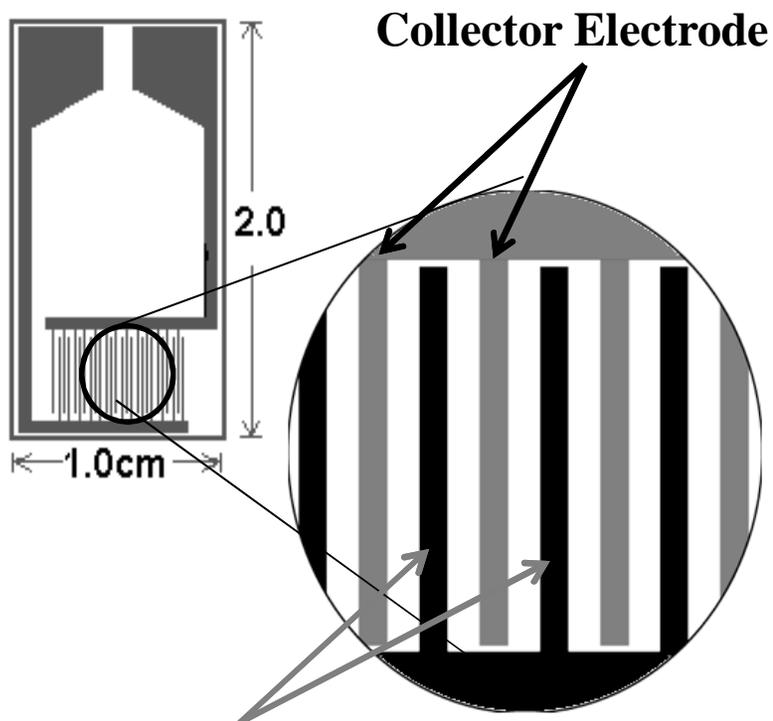
Electroconductive hydrogel p(HEMA-co-PEGMA-co-MPC-co-HMMA-co-SPMA)-P(Py-co-PyBA) hydrogel co-network

Galvanostatic electropolymerization of Py



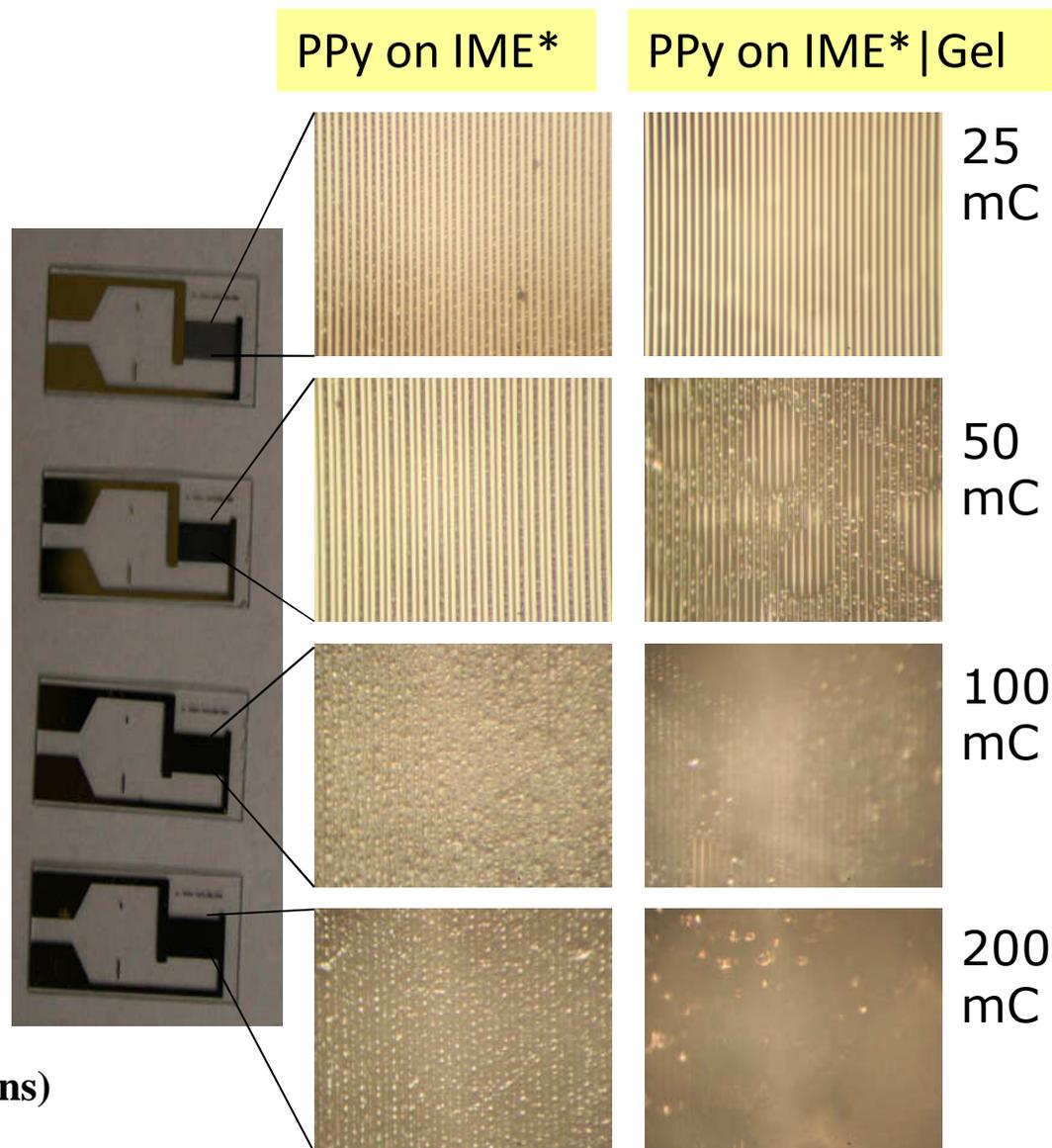
Electrochemical impedance magnitude, $|Z|$,





Generator Electrode

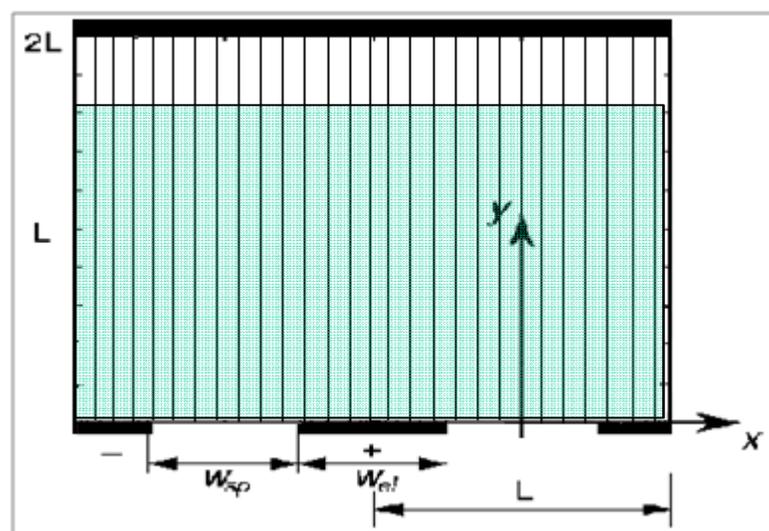
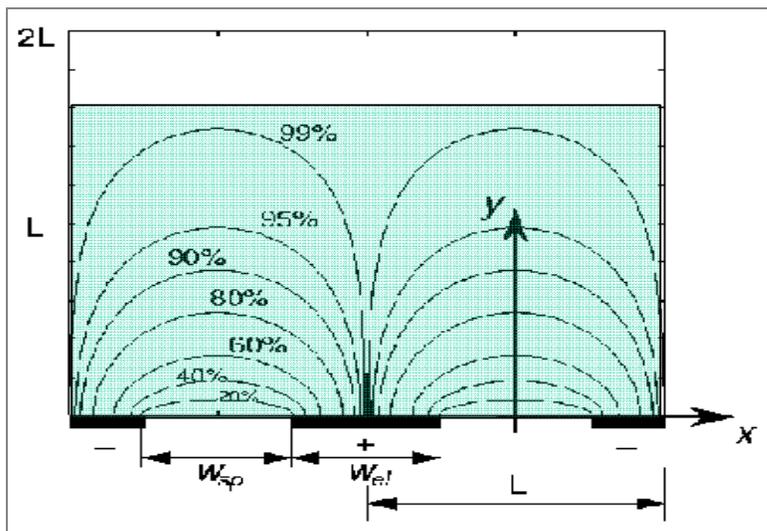
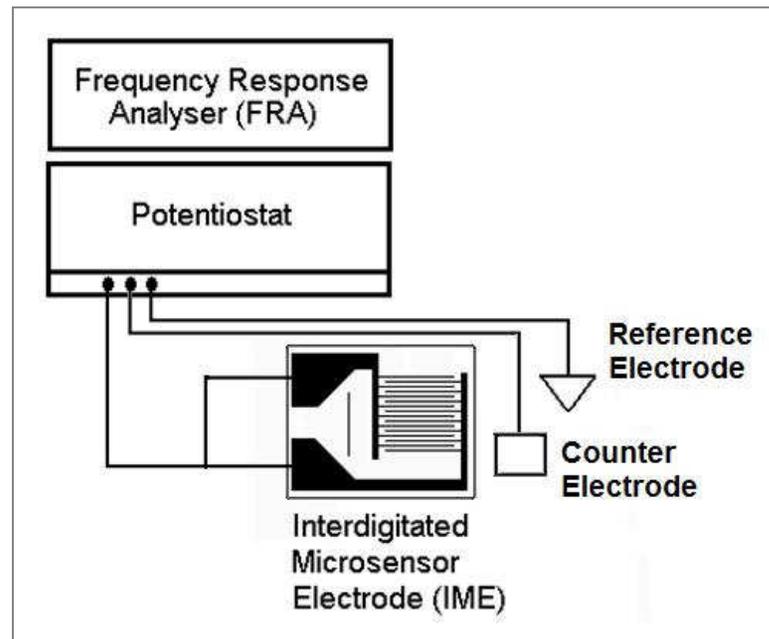
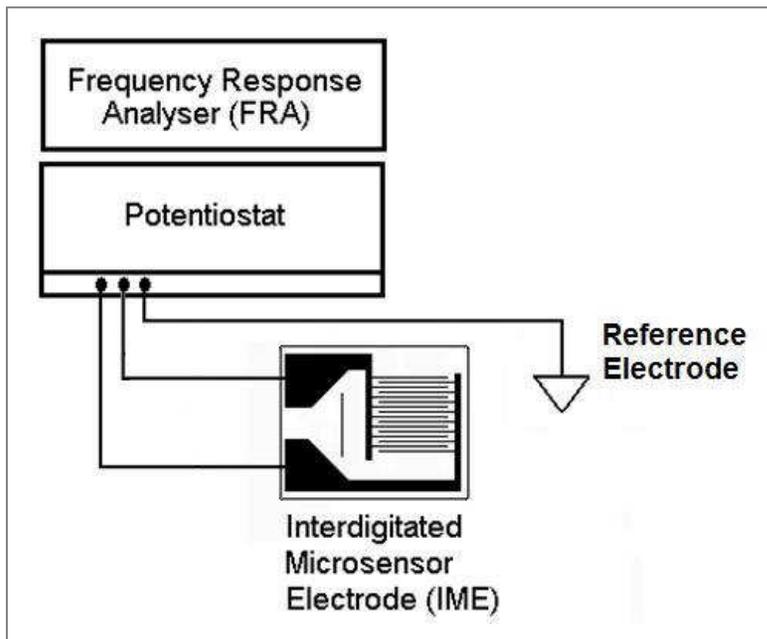
Digit width = spacing = 5, 10, 15 & 20 microns)



Electropolymerized PPy films grown on IME* (left) and on IME* | Gel devices (right).

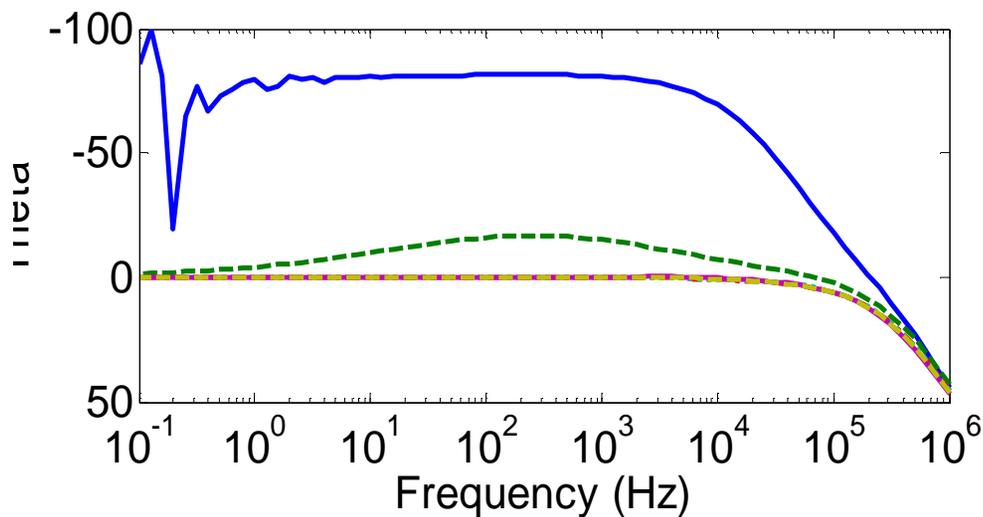
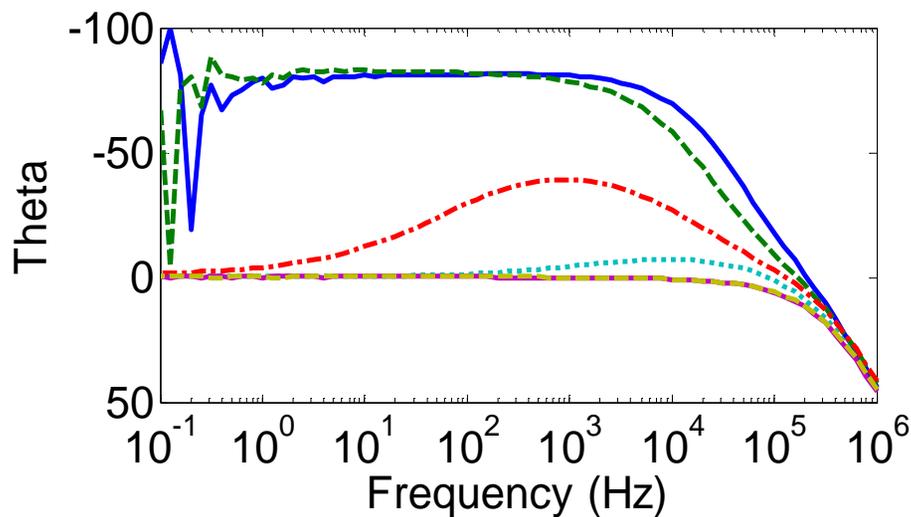
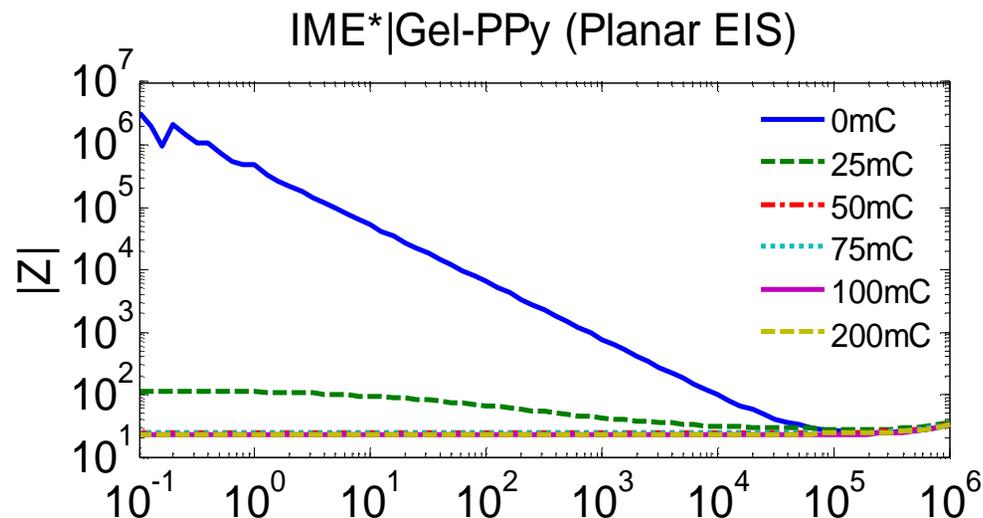
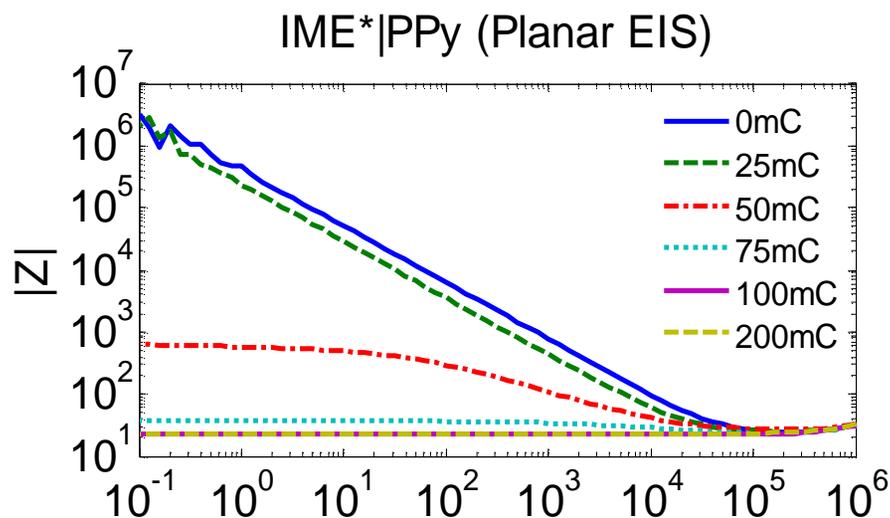


Electrochemical Impedance of Electroconductive Hydrogels – Planar and Transverse Interrogation





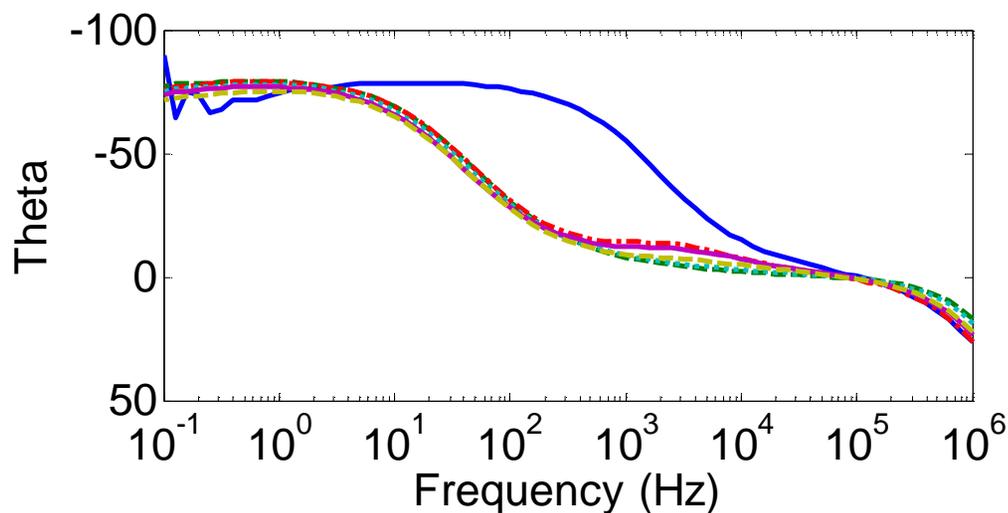
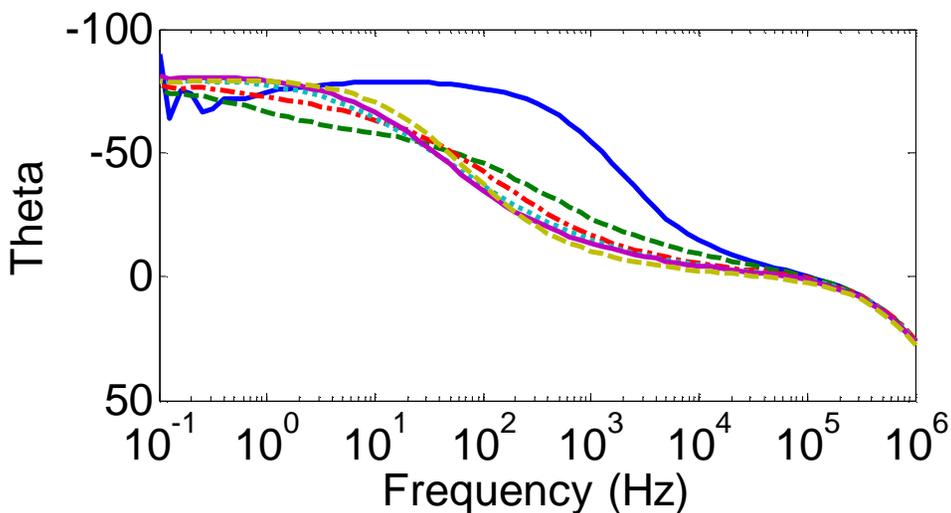
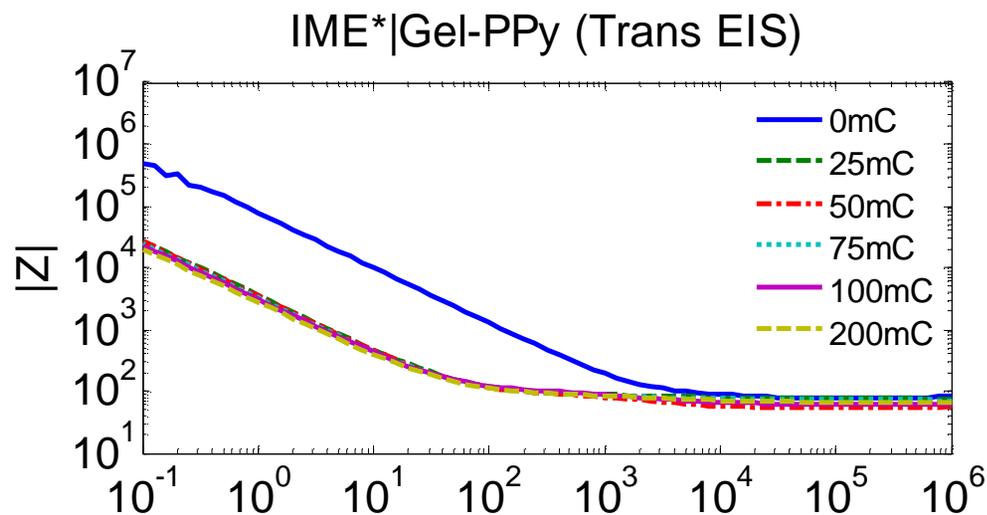
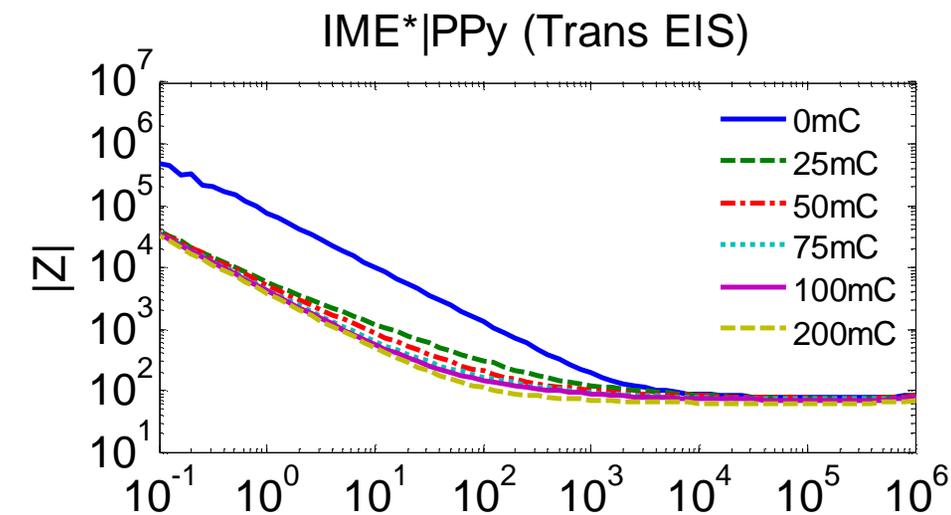
Electrochemical Impedance of Electroconductive Hydrogel of P(Py-co-PyBA) vs. PPy - *Planar*



IME* | PPy and IME* | Gel-P(Py-co-PyBA) : Planar EIS (co-planar counter and working electrodes). Bode impedance magnitude and phase plots for the IME* | PPy (left) and IME* | Gel-P(Py-co-PyBA) (right) measured using the co-planar arrangement of counter and working electrodes.



Electrochemical Impedance of Electroconductive Hydrogel of P(Py-co-PyBA) vs. PPy - *Transverse*



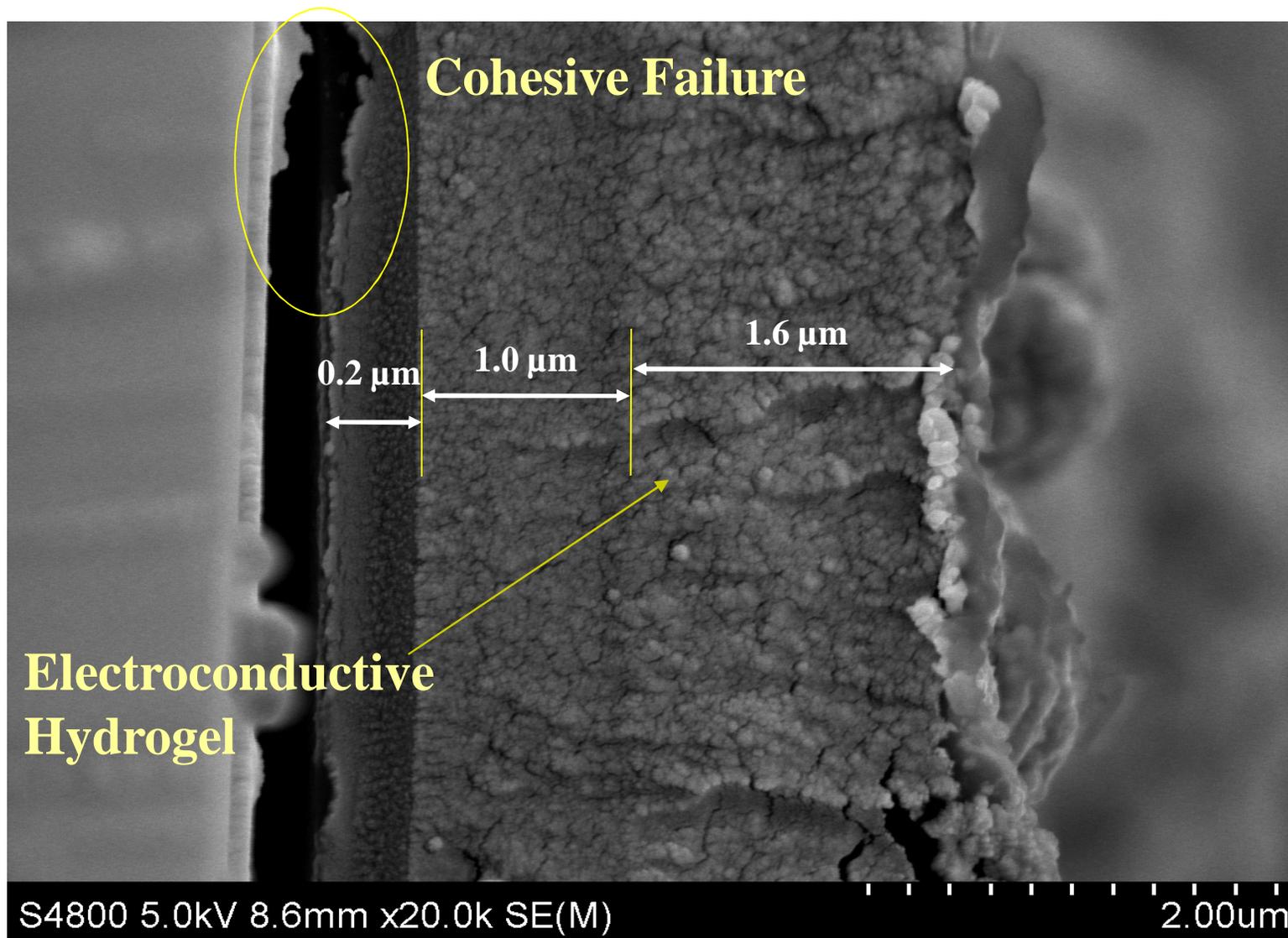
IME*|PPy and IME*|Gel-P(Py-co-PyBA): Trans EIS (external counter electrode). Bode impedance magnitude and phase plots for the IME*|PPy (left) and IME*|Gel-P(Py-co-PyBA) (right) measured using an external counter electrode.



Glass

Gold

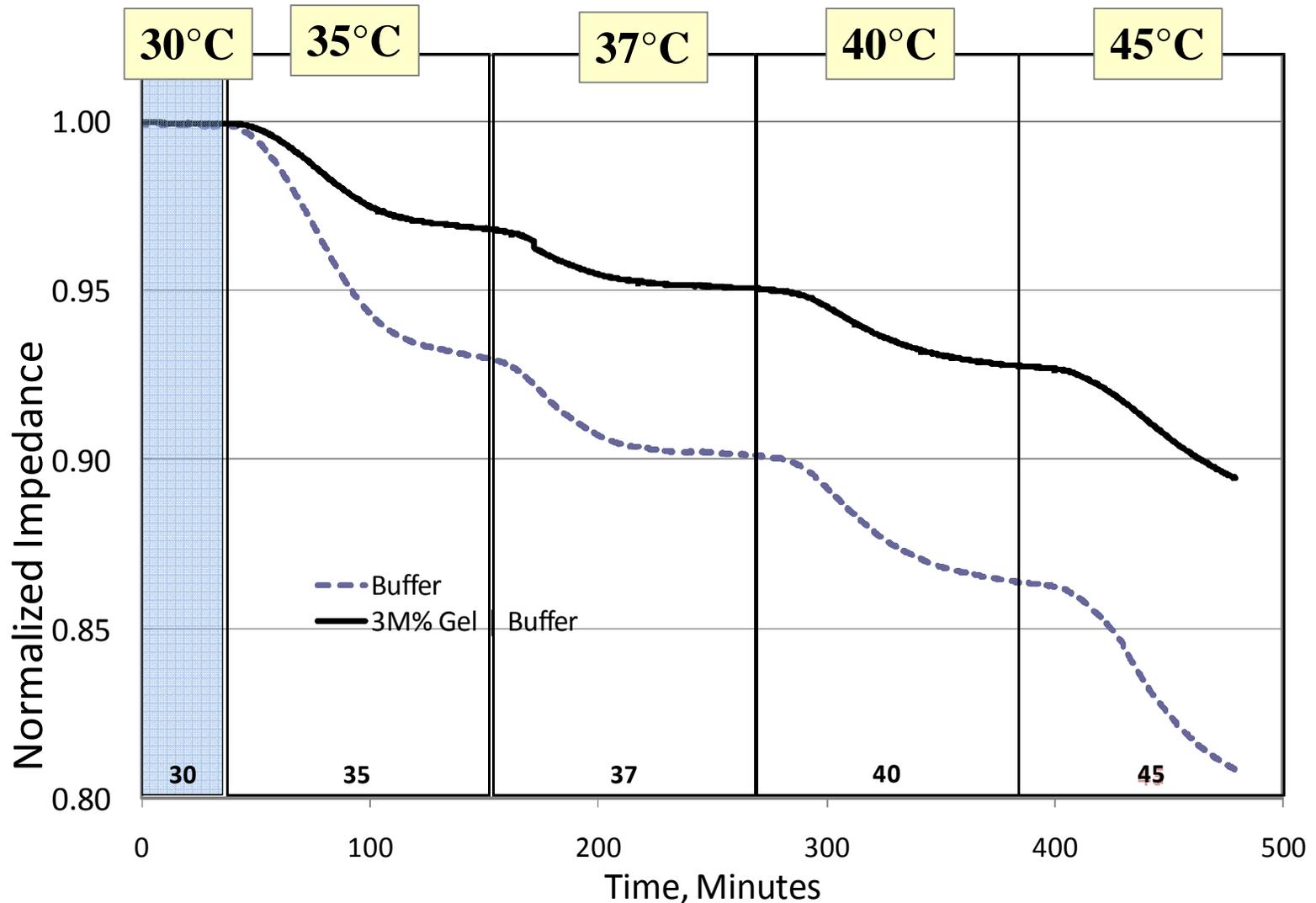
ECH



Freeze-fracture SEM of a cross section of an electroconductive hydrogel (ECH) membrane following electropolymerization of Py on MDEA and within the hydrogel.

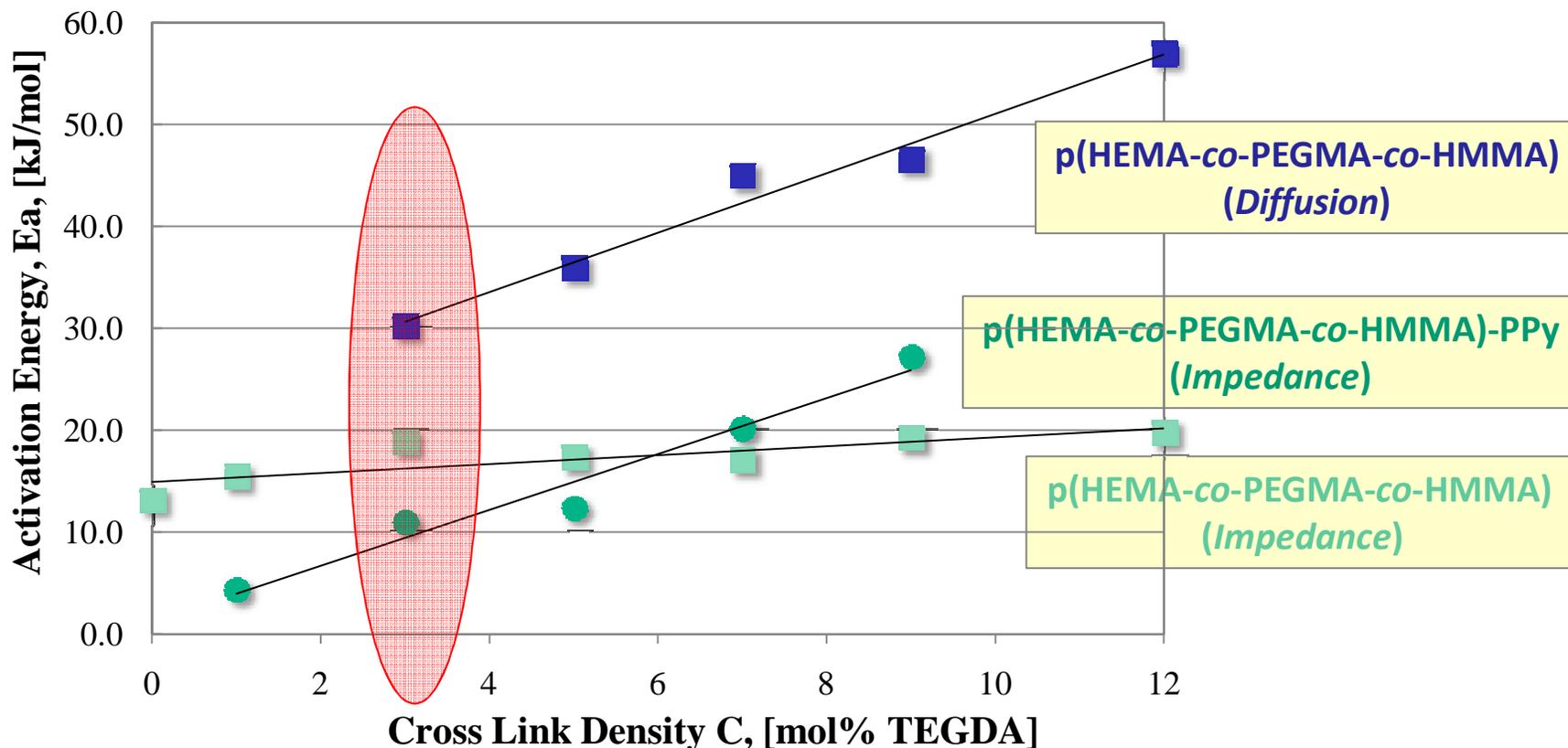


Normalized impedance magnitude $|Z|$ vs. time at 64 kHz for the 0.1M Tris/0.1M KCL buffer (pH=7.4) (- - - -) and for the 3 M% cross linked p(HEMA-co-PEGMA-co-HMMA) hydrogel in 0.1M Tris/0.1M KCL buffer (pH 7.4) (-----).





Comparison of the activation energies (E^* , kJ/mol) for impedimetric transport within p(HEMA-co-PEGMA-co-HMMA) hydrogels and p(HEMA-co-PEGMA-co-HMMA)-PPy electroconductive hydrogels as a function of M% cross linker, TEGDA, as measured at 64 kHz in 0.1M Tris/0.1M KCL buffer (pH=7.4).

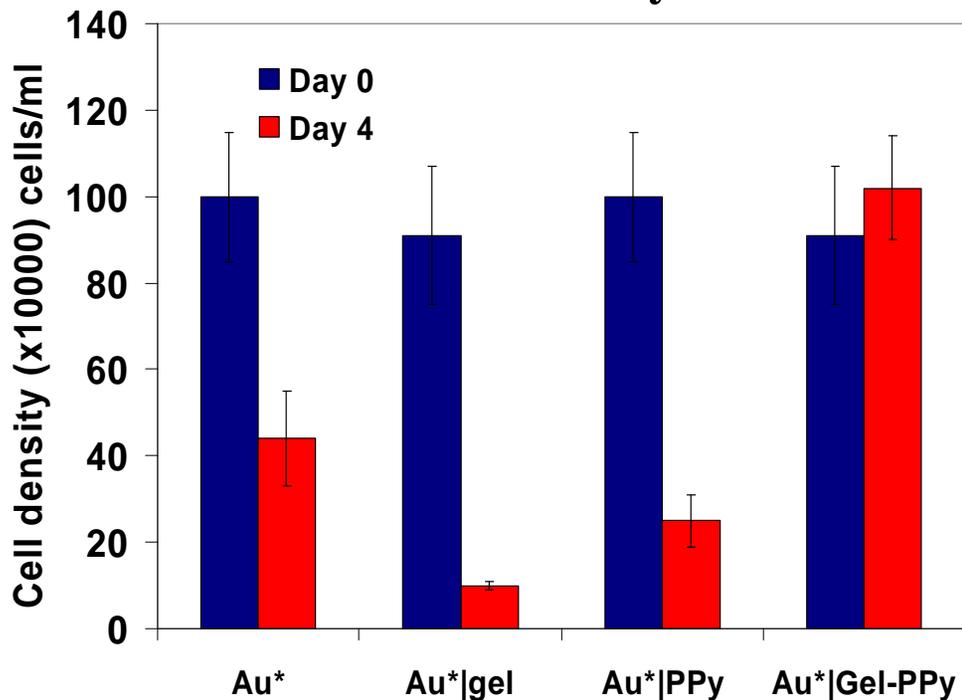




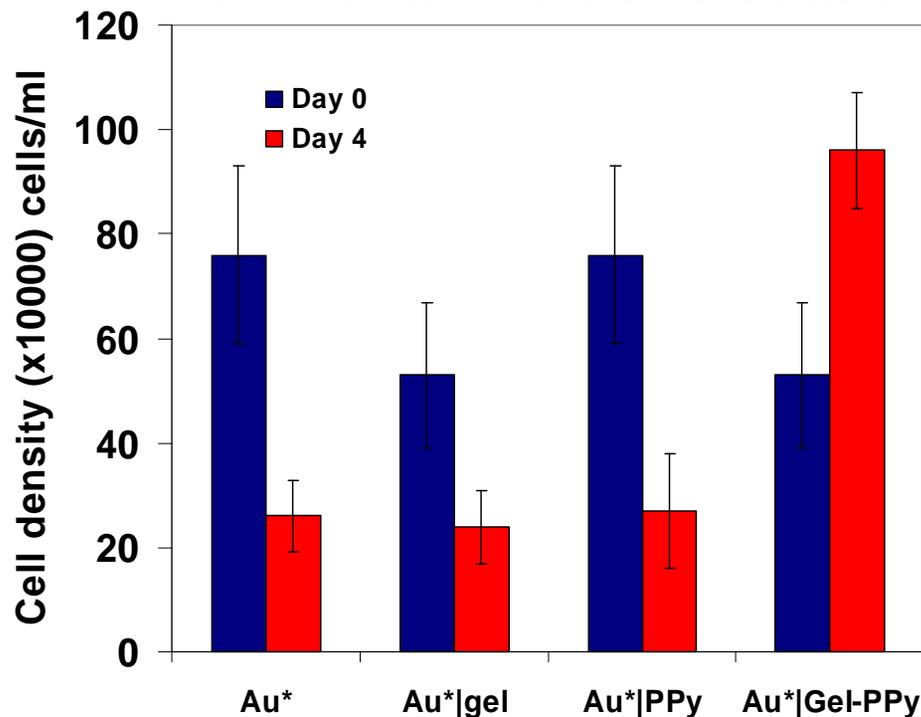
Cell viability as a function of Au electrode surface composition (after 4 days)



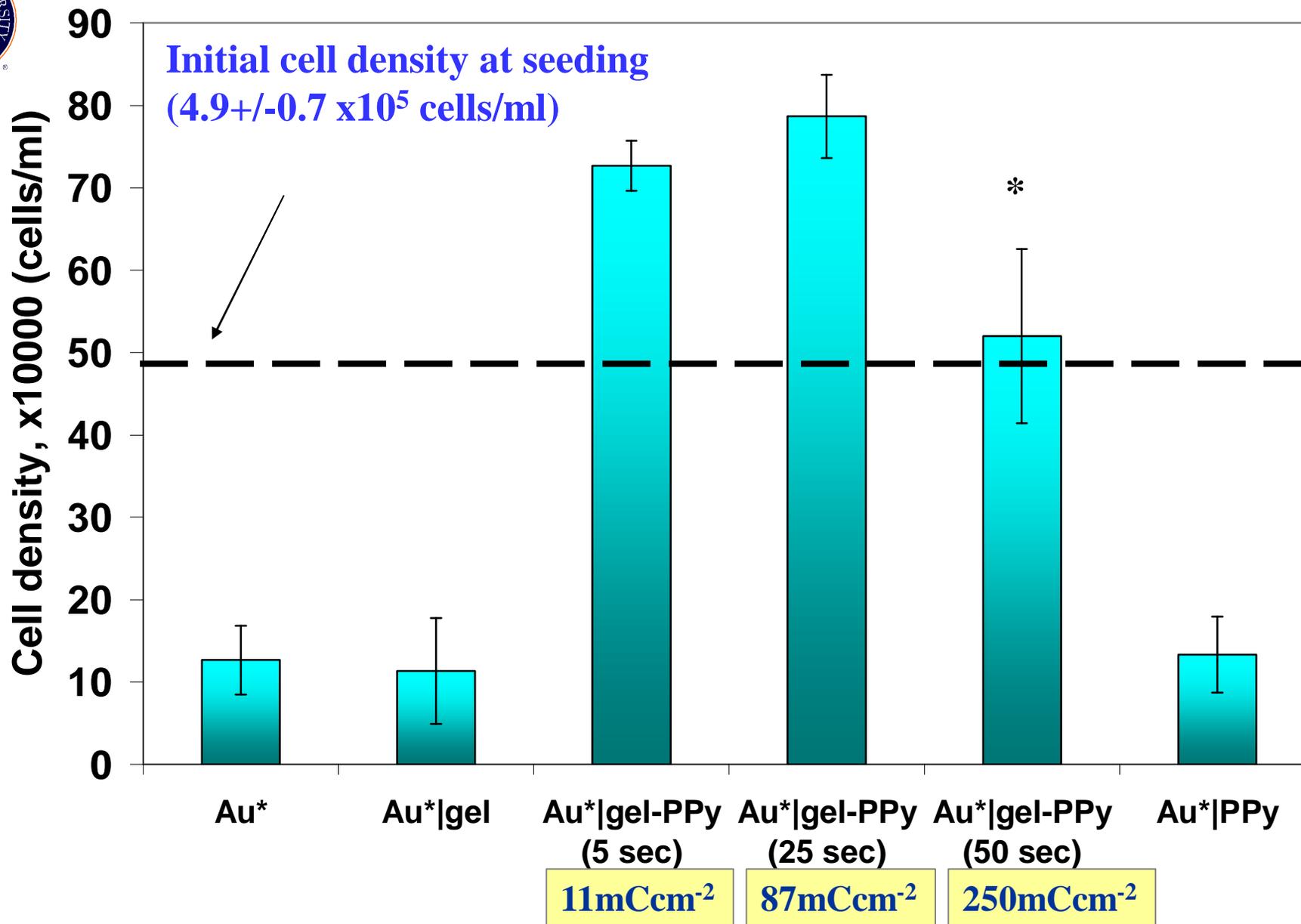
PC12 - Pheochromocytoma



RMS 13 – Human Muscle fibroblasts



Cell densities following trypsinization (5 min) and enumeration of RMS13 and PC12 pre- (blue bars) and post- (red bars) incubation for 4 days on Au*, Au*|hydrogel, Au*|PPy, Au*|hydrogel-PPy surfaces



Comparison of PC12 cell densities post-incubation (for 4 days) on Au*, Au* | hydrogel, Au* | PPY, Au* | hydrogel-PPy (5, 25 and 50 second electropolymerization times). Initial seeding cell density was $4.9 \pm 0.7 \times 10^5$ cells/ml (broken line). * Indicates a p-value greater than 0.05.

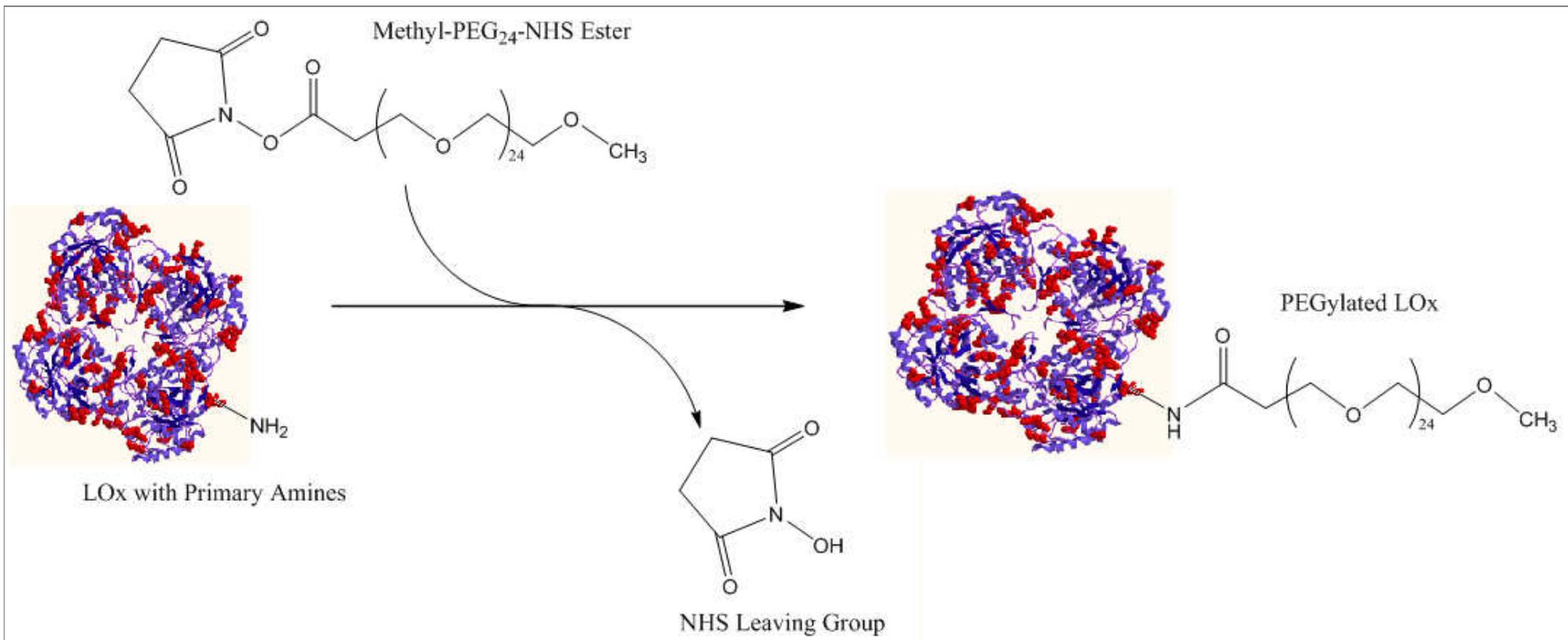


Grand challenge issues in electrode-tissue interfaces

- ◆ Overcoming the limitations of the disciplines
- ◆ Materials by design. ...Not just one property.
- ◆ Integrating length scales - modeling of molecule-to-system architectures.



PEGylation of LOx at Lysine Residues



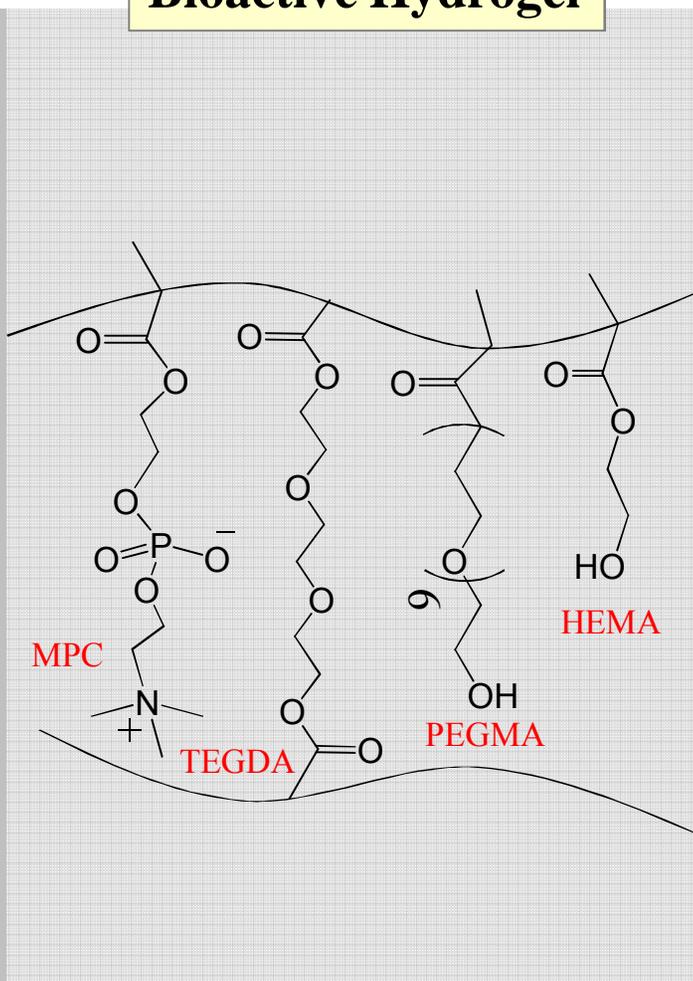
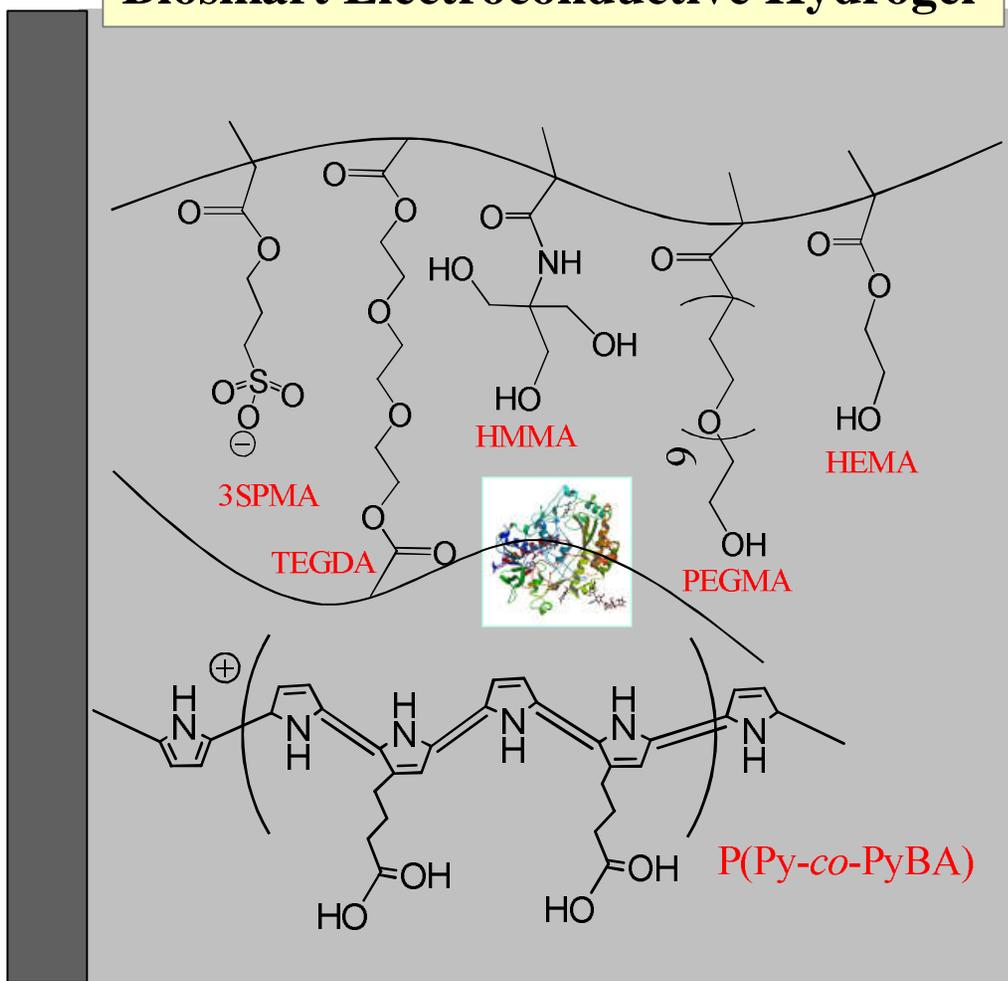
- Enzyme activity via kinetic assay: v_{\max} , K_M , k_{cat} , k_{cat}/K_M
- MW and MW distribution via capillary gel electrophoresis:



Schematic illustration of the molecular constituents of a poly(HEMA-co-PEGMA-co-HMMA-co-SPMA)/P(Py-co-PyBA) electroconductive hydrogel containing an oxidoreductase enzyme and bioactive hydrogel topcoat containing phosphoryl choline (MPC).

Biosmart Electroconductive Hydrogel

Bioactive Hydrogel

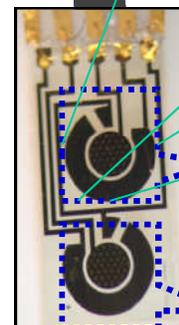
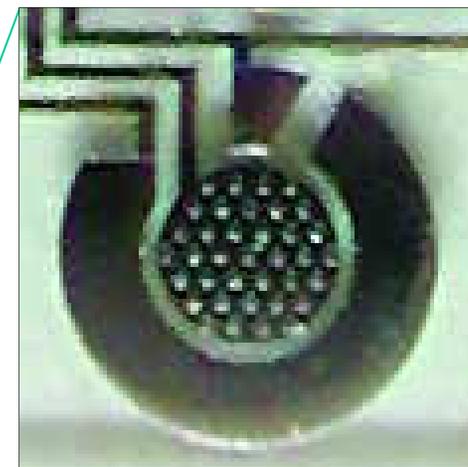




**Wireless
Dual-
Potentiostat**



**Omnetics Quick
Connect
Connector**



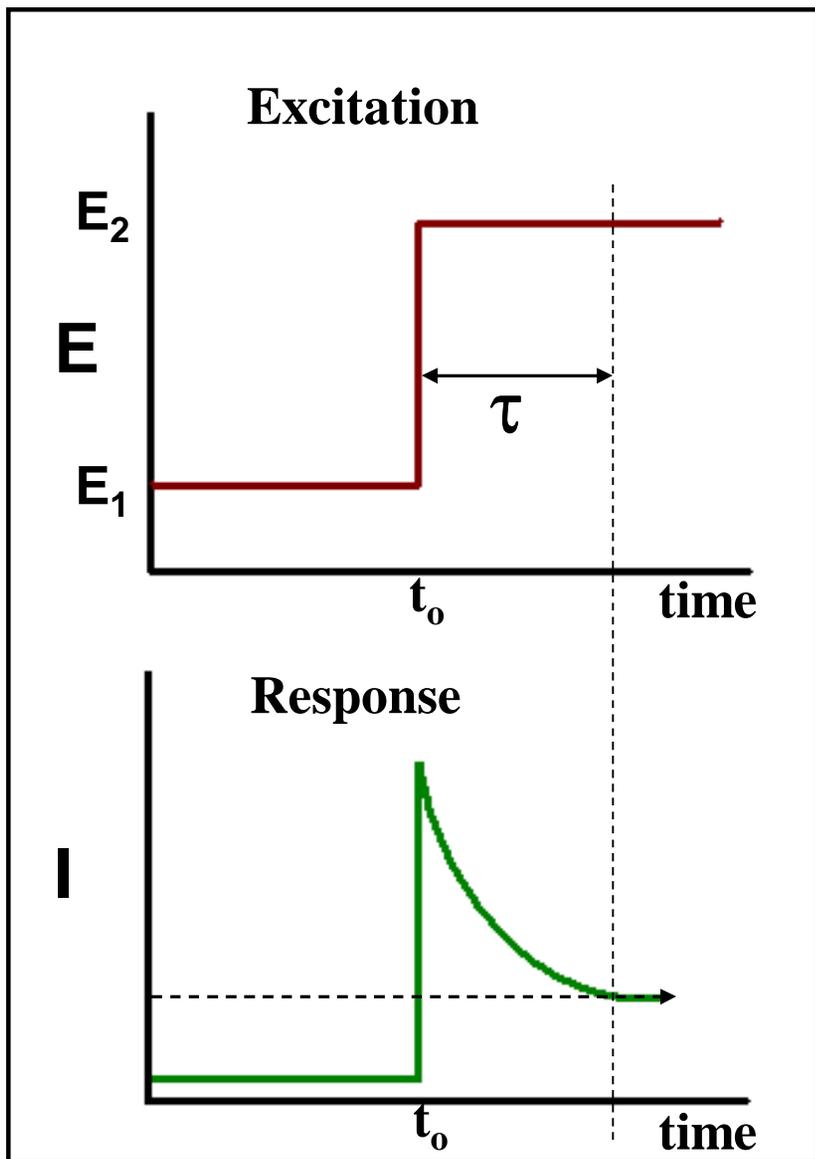
**Sense
Region 1
(Ch1, Glucose)**

**Sense
Region 2
(Ch2, Lactate)**

**MDEA 5037 gold
electrode
biosensor**



Principle of operation of the amperometric biotransducer



Chronoamperometry (CA)

✦ Cottrell's Equation

$$i(t) = \frac{nFA D_o^{1/2} C_o^*}{\pi^{1/2} t^{1/2}}$$

✦ E_1 - No redox activity

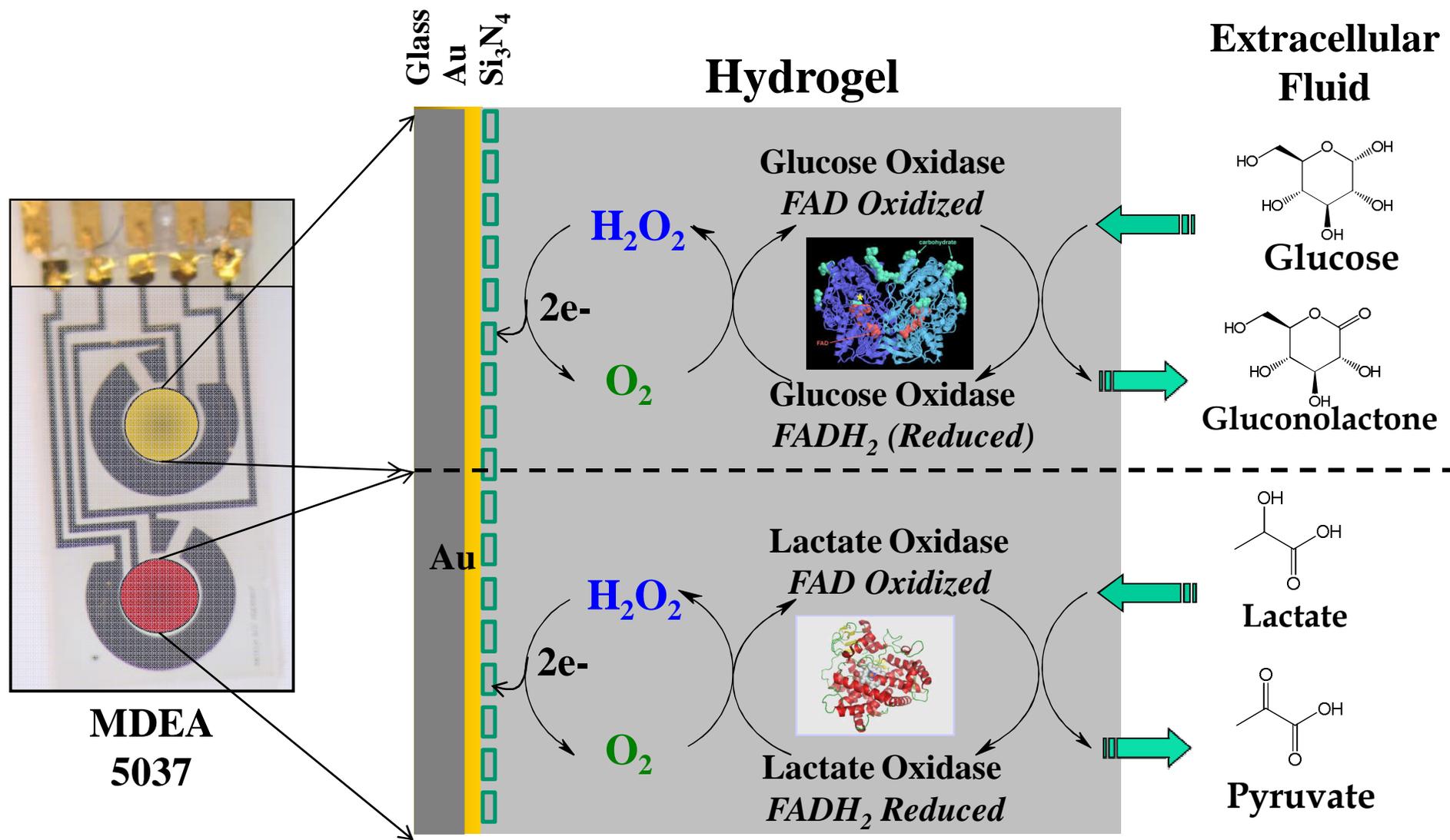
✦ E_2 - $|E| > E^\circ$

✦ τ - step size (determined experimentally)

✦ Quiescent solution

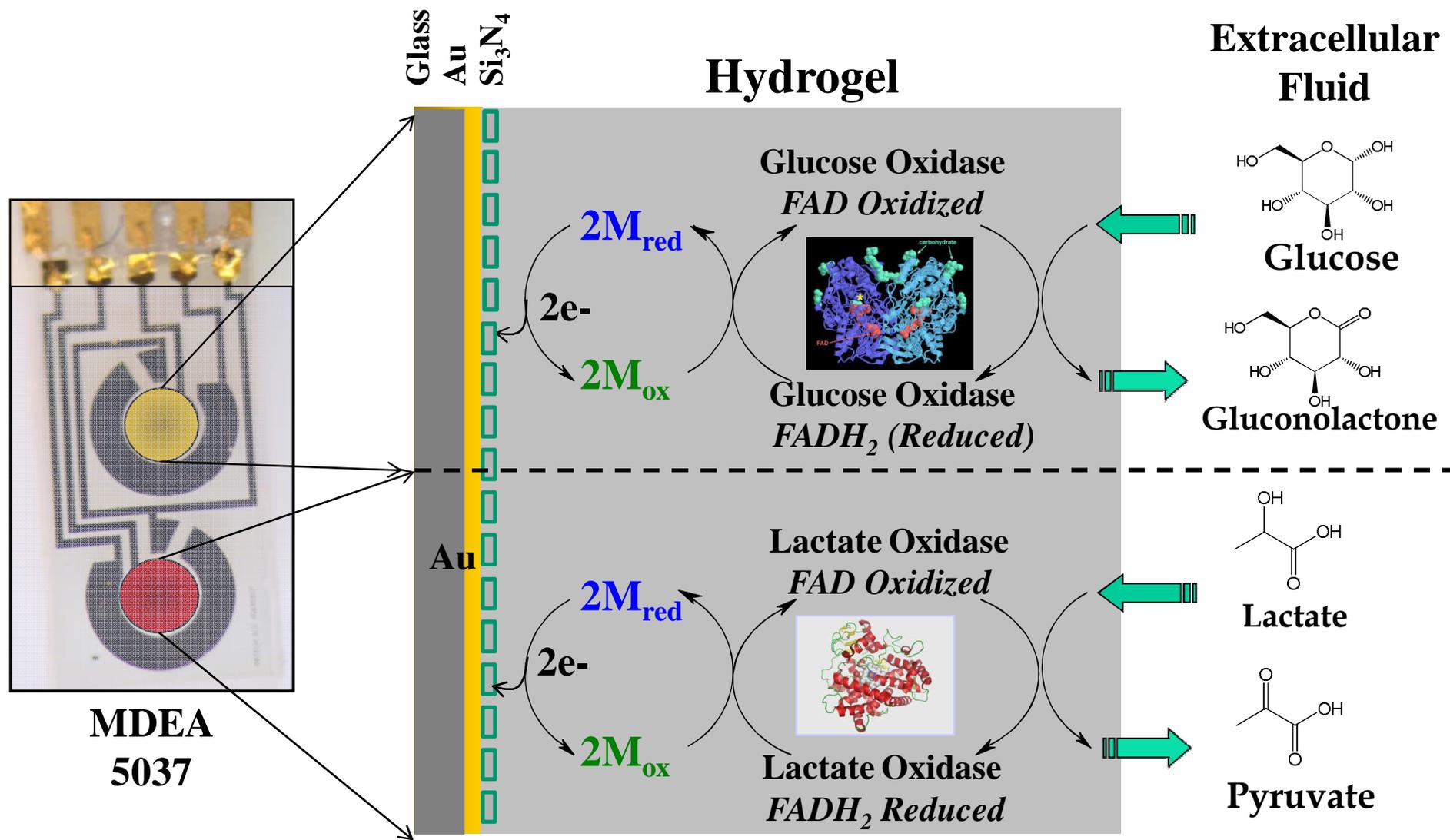


Fabrication of the electrochemical p(HEMA)/Glucose and Lactate TYPE I biotransducers



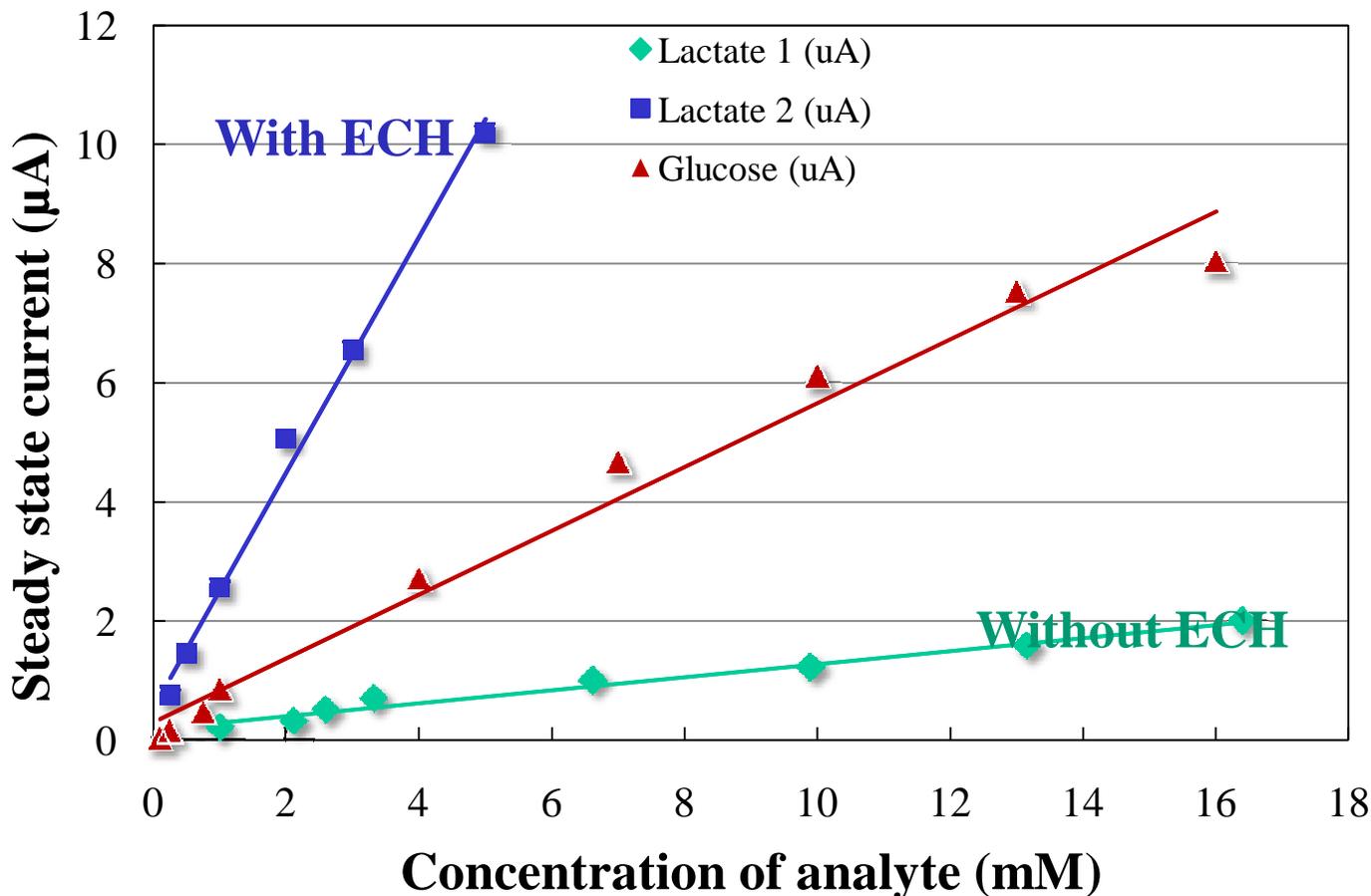


Fabrication of the electrochemical p(HEMA)/Glucose and Lactate TYPE II biotransducers





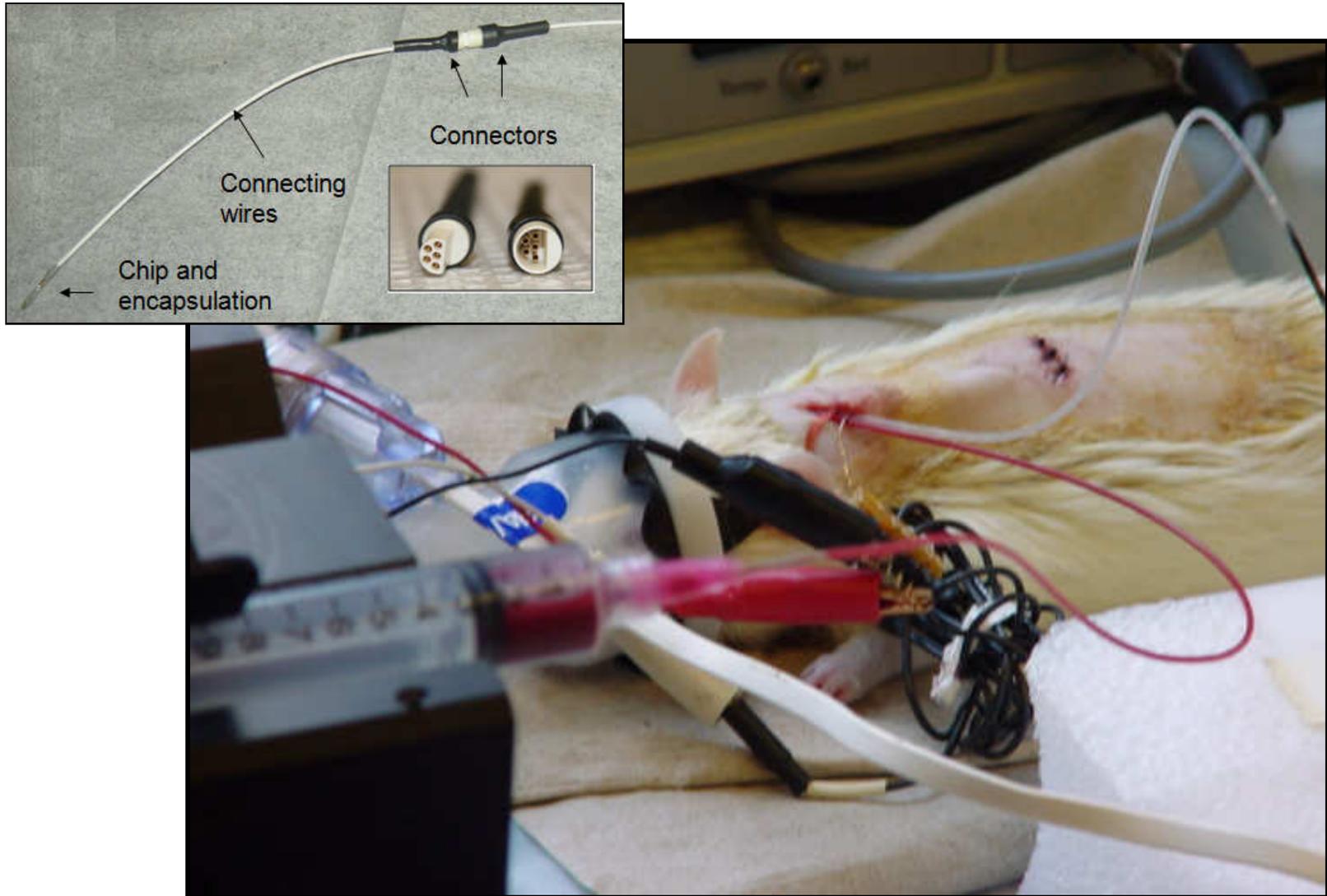
In vitro calibration of the dual responsive glucose and lactate biotransducer – different lactate sensitivities



MDEA 5037 lactate and glucose biosensor incorporating electroconductive polymer bio-smart hydrogel membrane of composition 80:10:2.5:2.5:5.0 mol% (HEMA:TEGDA:PEGMA:MPC:Py) in 0.1 M PBKCl, pH 7.0 at RT.



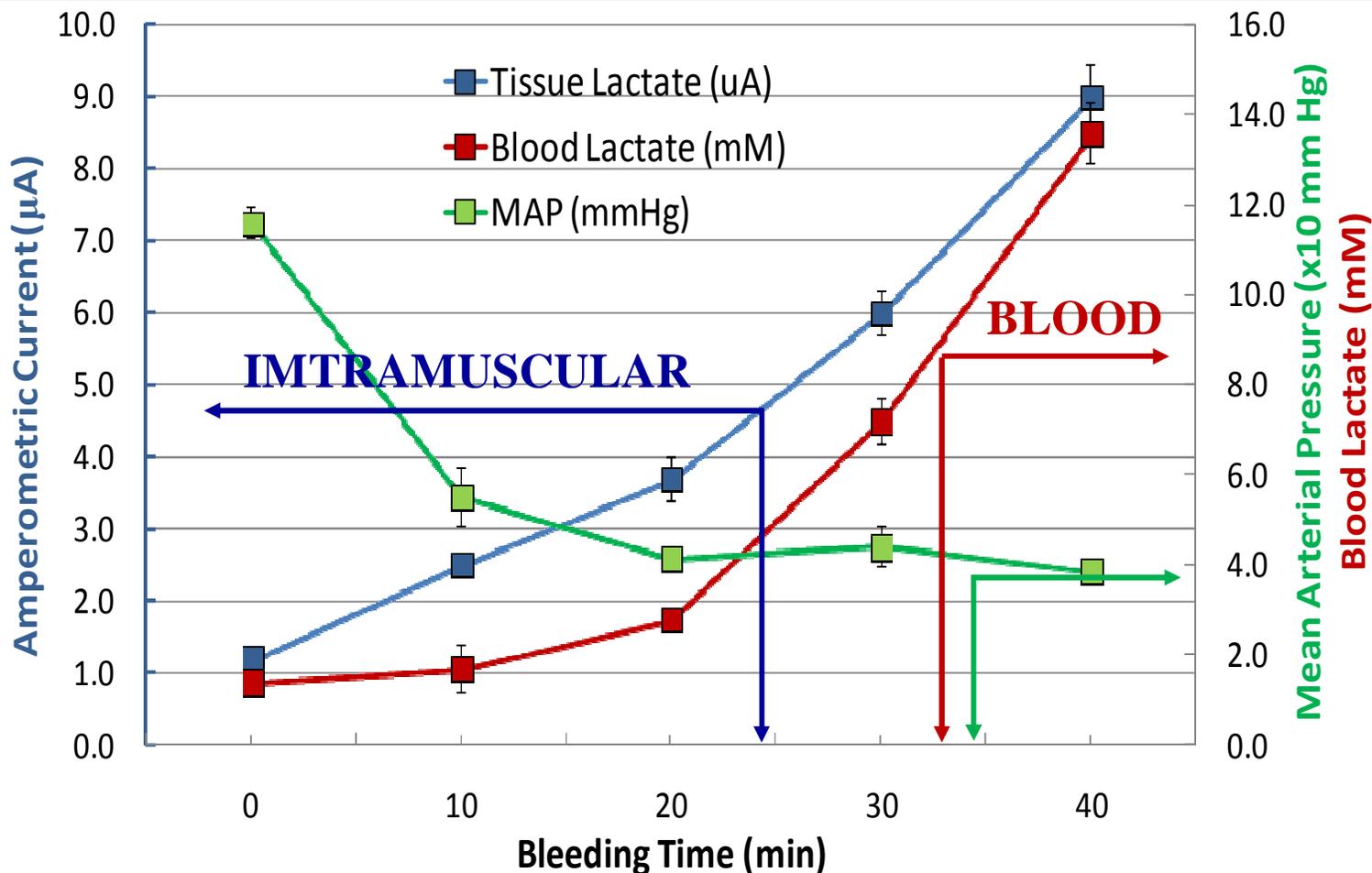
A catheterized and instrumented Sprague Dawley rat under controlled hemorrhage conditions with intramuscularly (trapezius) implanted PSM Biochip.





In vivo amperometric performance of the implanted PSMBioChip during hemorrhage – Sprague Dawley rat model.

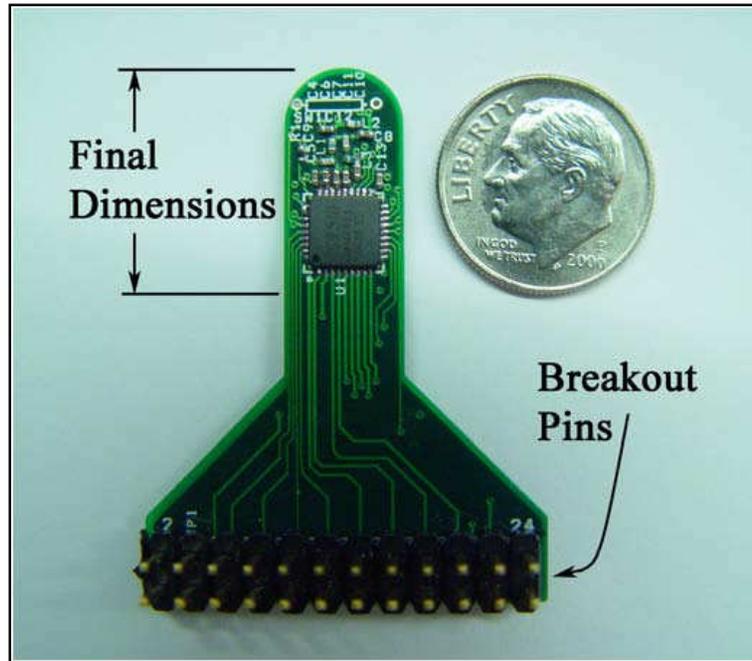
Amperometric response of an intramuscularly implanted lactate biosensor during hemorrhage, the mean arterial pressure (MAP) and the systemic blood lactate obtained using a YSI Biostat Bioanalyzer.



Anthony Guiseppi-Elie "An Implantable Biochip to Influence Patient Outcomes Following Trauma-induced Hemorrhage" *Journal Analytical and Bioanalytical Chemistry* (2011) 399(1), 403-419.

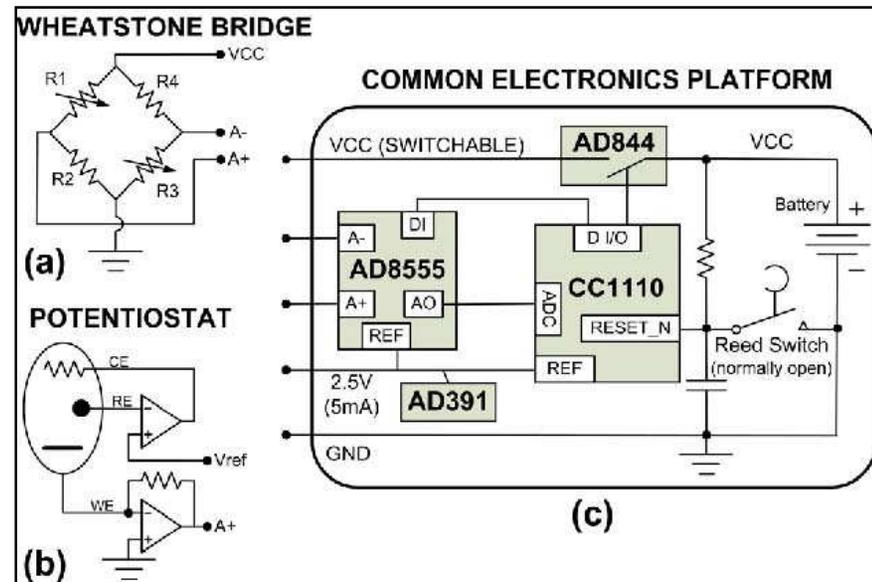
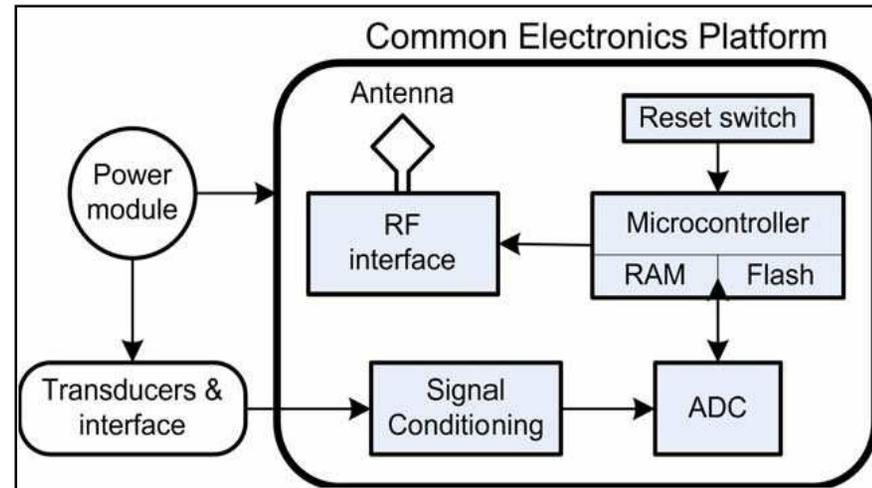


Discrete component prototyping of the PSMBioChip



TI /ChipCon CC1110

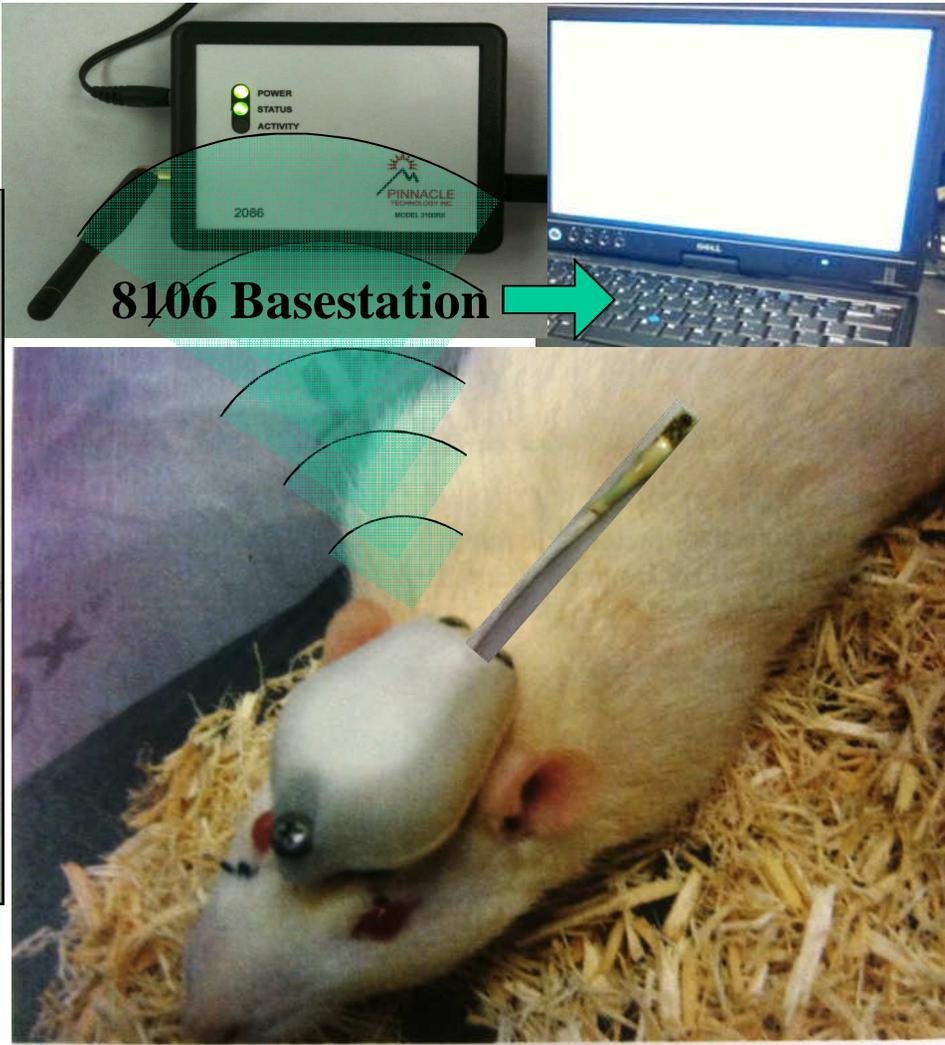
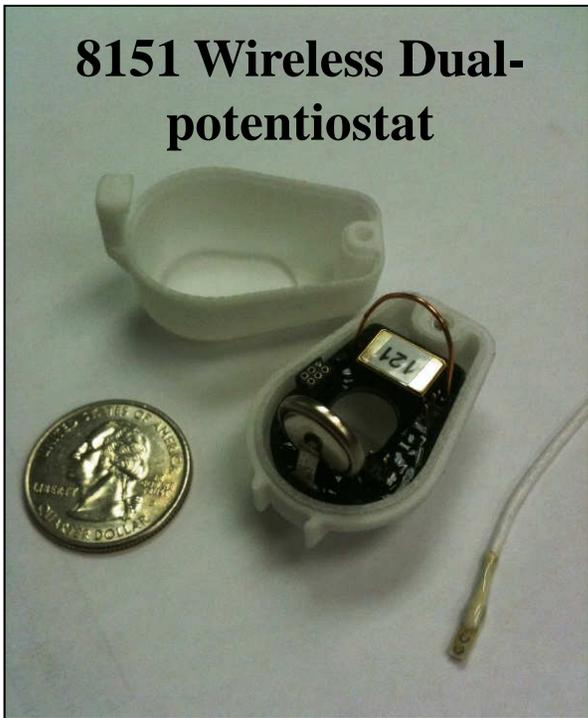
- 8051 Microprocessor
- 9-14 bit ADC
- RF Transceiver
 - MICS: 402-405 MHz



R. H. Farahi, T. L. Ferrell, A. Guiseppi-Elie and P. Hansen, "Integrated Electronics Platforms for Wireless Implantable Biosensors" *IEEE Transactions Life Science Systems and Applications Workshop (2007) IEEE/NIH*, p 27–30.



A Sprague Dawley rat equipped with a head mounted wireless transmitting dual potentiostat to support intramuscular bioanalytical measurements of lactate and glucose in the trapezius muscle.





Status

- ◆ CDMRP funded small vertebrate animal studies ongoing at Clemson University

CLEMSON
UNIVERSITY



- ◆ IP ownership released by Clemson University to Guiseppi-Elie, successfully transferred to ABTECH Scientific, Inc.



- ◆ Collaborative program established with Tripler Army Medical Center – Dr. Catherine Uyehara, Chief, Dept. Clinical





Grand challenge issues in implantable biochips

- ◆ Power
- ◆ Biocompatibility
- ◆ Mixed signal electronics
- ◆ Bioactive interfaces



Molecular Bioelectronics: Direct Electronic Control of Enzyme Kinetics Enabled by Compatibility of Scales – TYPE III Biotransducers

Nanotube filaments penetrate the glycoprotein shell and attain tunneling proximity to the cofactor. Impact on bioactivity via denaturation is minimum.

- Highly conductive
- Strong
- Large surface area
- Chemically stable
- Inert

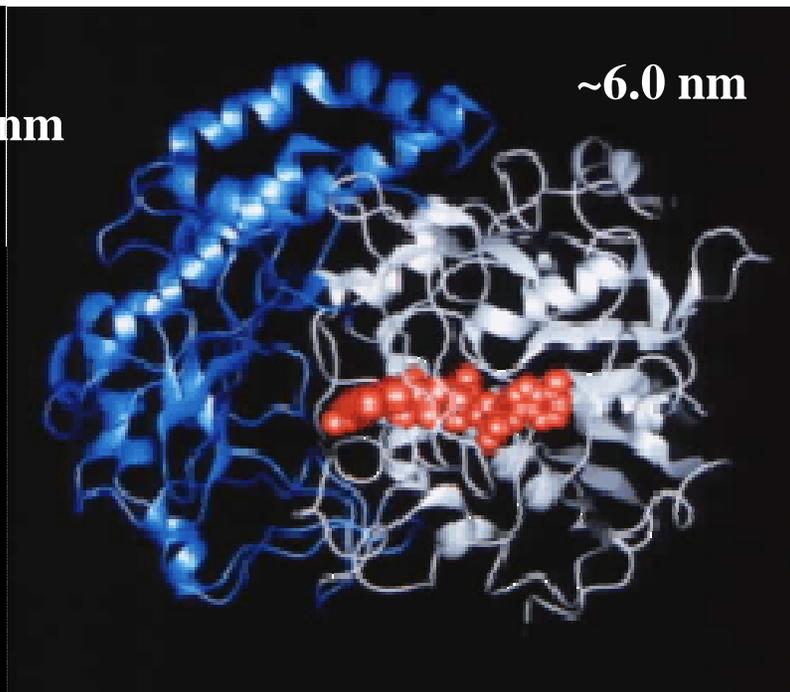
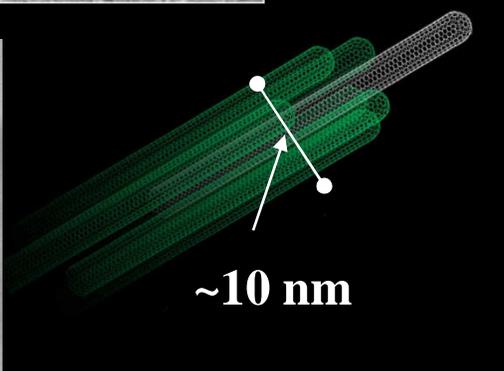
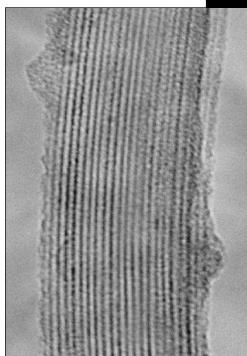


nanotube

Enzyme subunit

1.2-1.4 nm

~6.0 nm



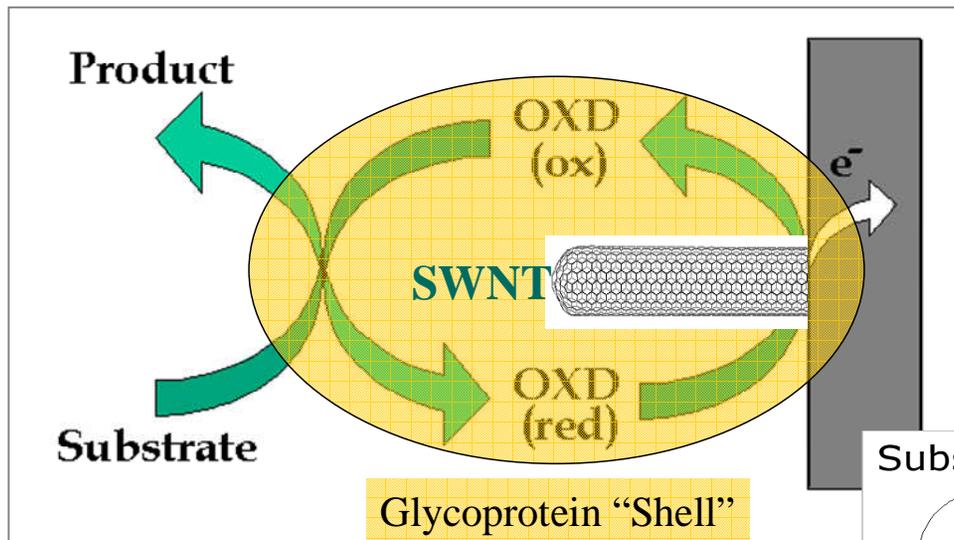
Carbon nanotubes
Courtesy: CNST

Glucose oxidase
Courtesy: NCBI

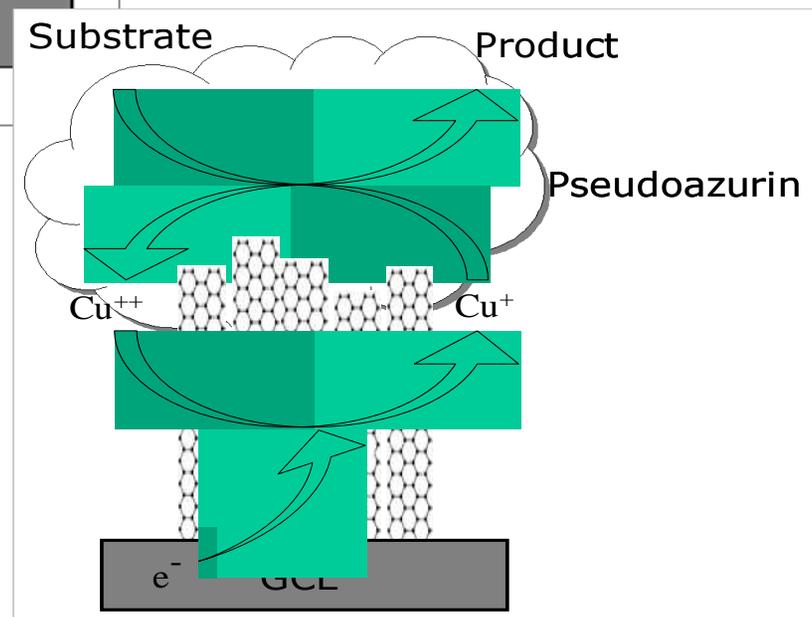
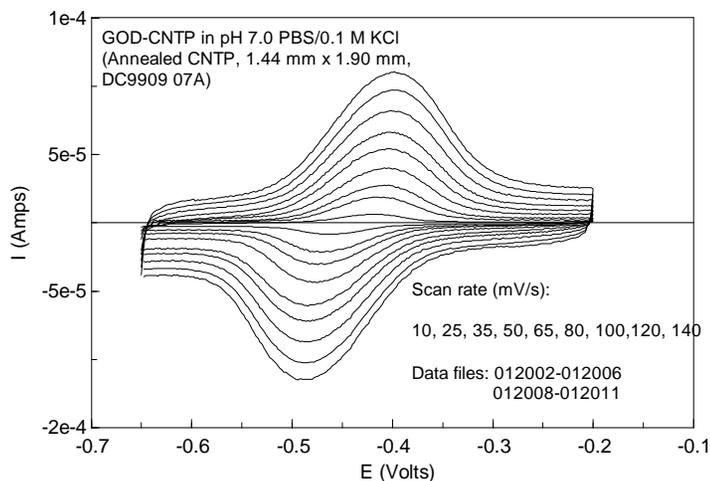
A spheroidal shape:
6.0 nm x 5.2 nm x 3.7 nm



Amperometric enzyme biosensor - *Direct*



Direct Biosensor
No mediator molecule needed
Oxidation possible
Reduction possible



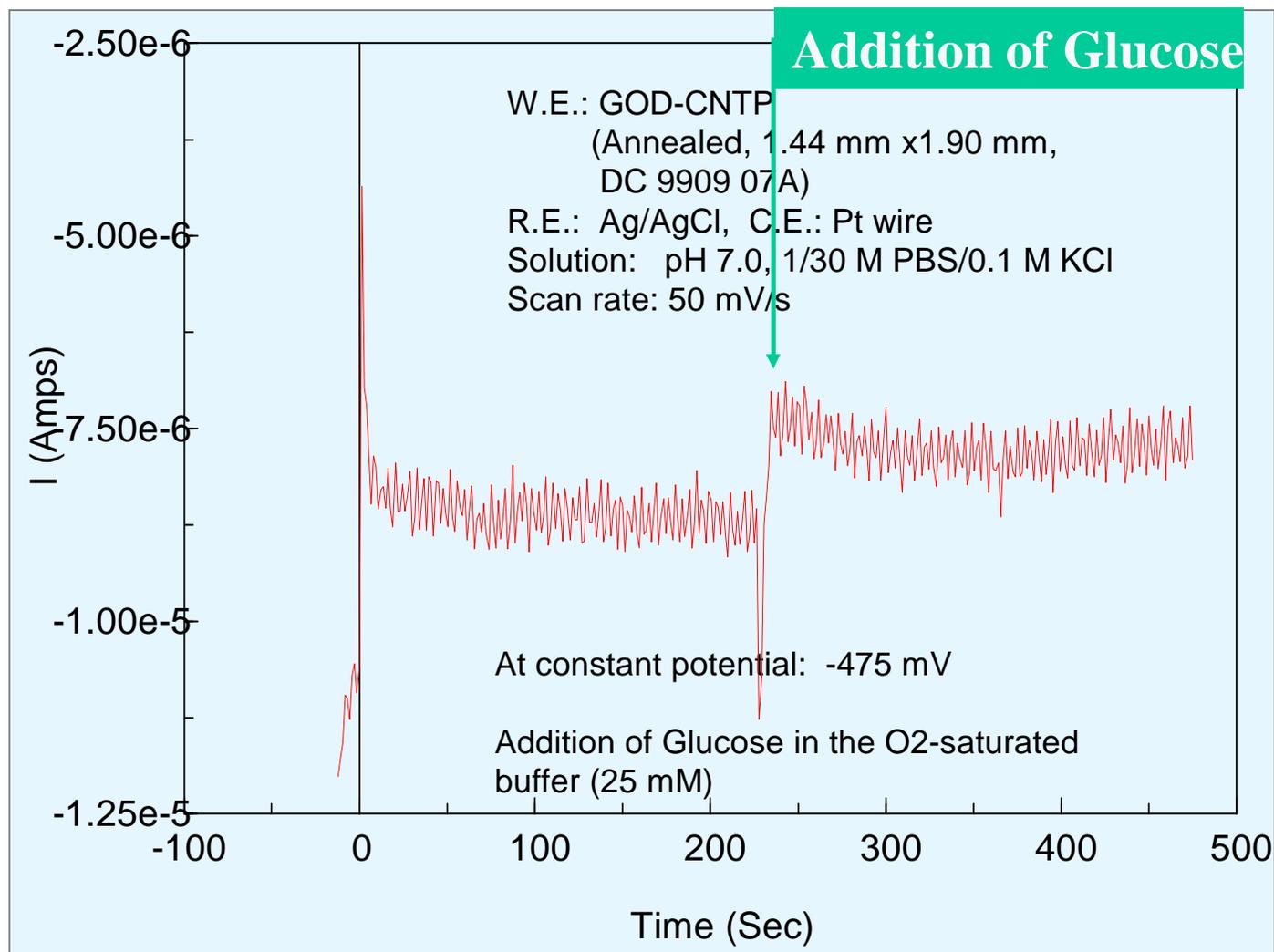
S. Brahim, N. K. Shukla and A. Guiseppi-Elie
 "Nanobiosensors: Carbon Nanotubes in Bioelectrochemistry"
 In *Nanotechnology in Biology and Medicine* (2006), Tuan
 Vo-Dinh, Ed.; CRC Press, New York.

Anthony Guiseppi-Elie, Sean Brahim, Gary Wnek, Ray
 Baughman, "Carbon Nanotube Modified Electrodes for the
 Direct Bioelectrochemistry of Pseudoazurin"
NanoBiotechnology (2005), 1(1) 83.



Molecular Bioelectronics

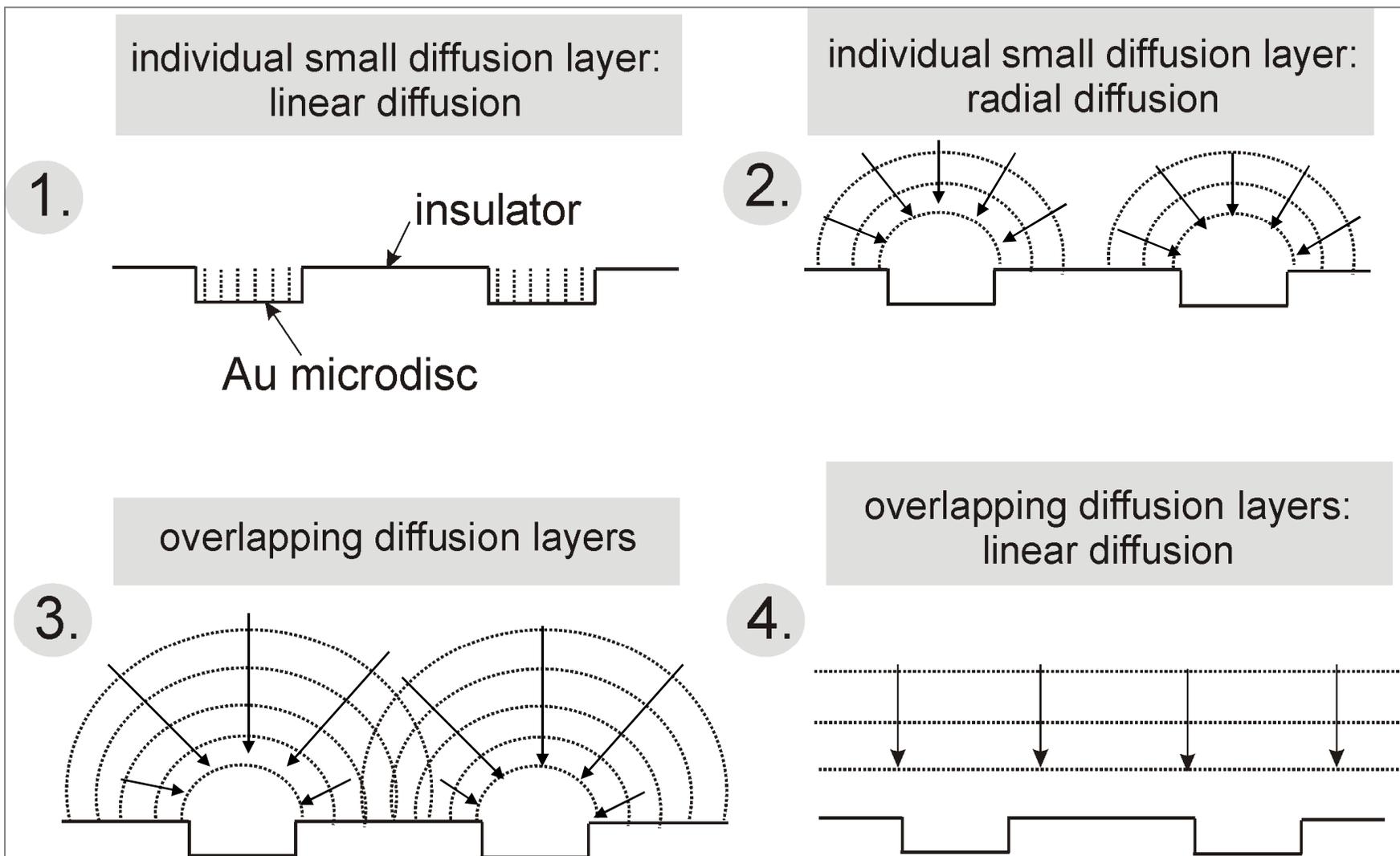
Direct Electronic Control of Enzyme Function



Anthony Guiseppi-Elie, Chenghong Lei and Ray H. Baughman "Direct electron transfer to glucose oxidase using carbon nanotubes" *Nanotechnology* (2002) 13 (5) 559-564.



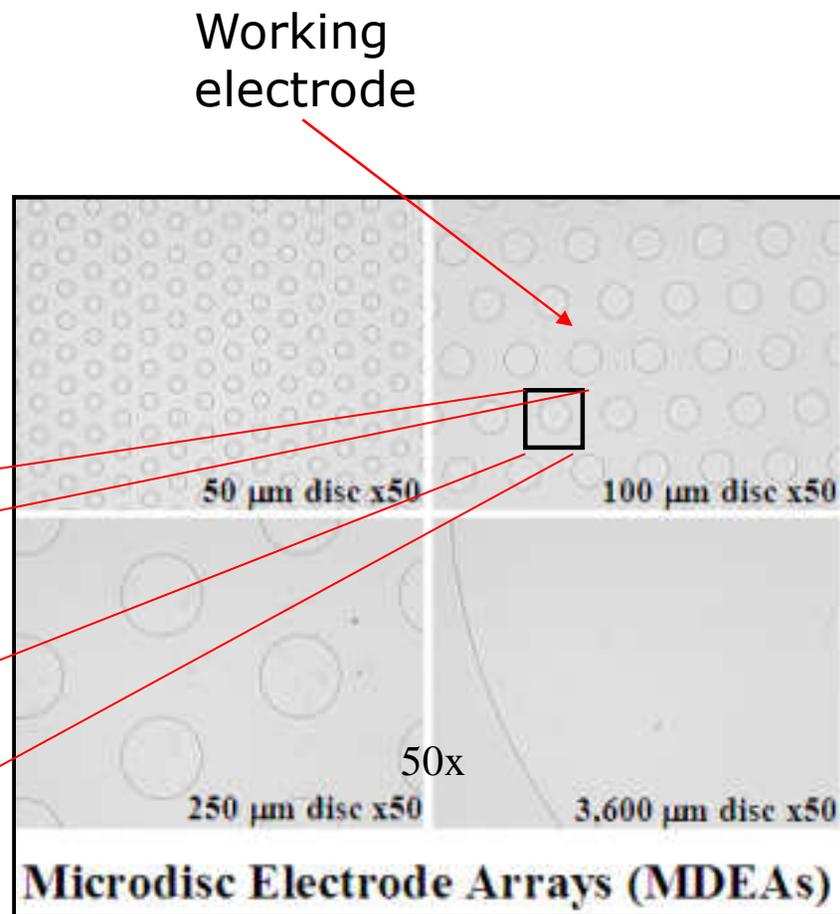
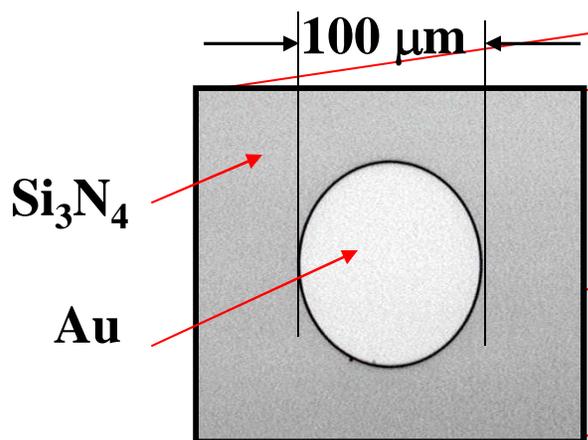
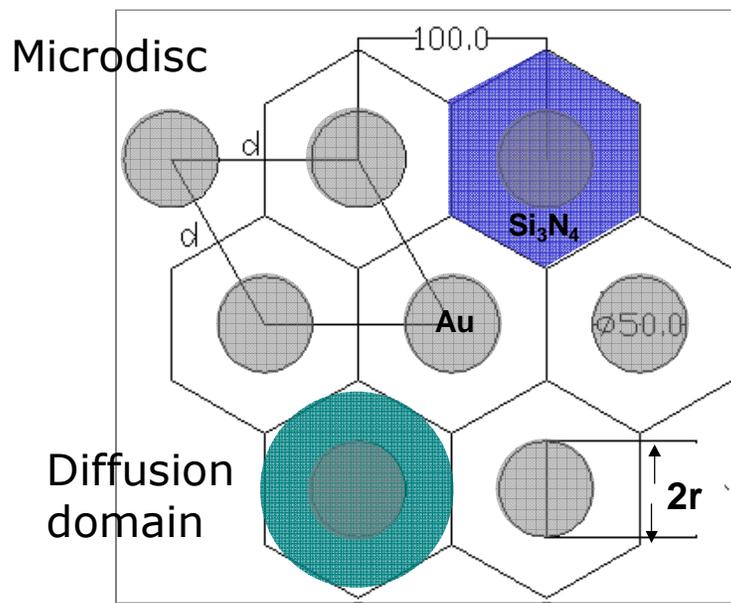
Design of the microdisc electrode array (MDEA)



Abdur Rub Abdur Rahman and Anthony Guiseppi-Elie "Design Considerations in the Development and Application of Microdisc Electrode Arrays (MDEAs) for Implantable Biosensors" *Biomedical Microdevices* (2009) 11:701-710.



Microdisc electrode arrays for biotransducers

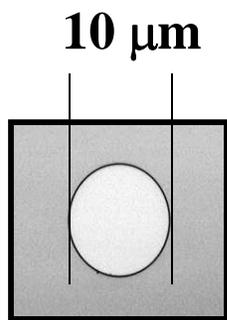
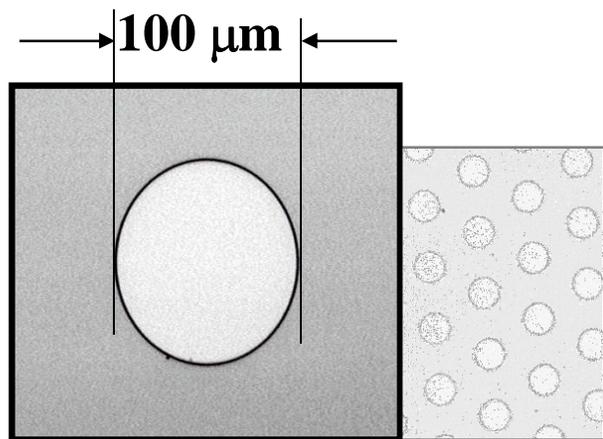


Microdisc Electrode Arrays

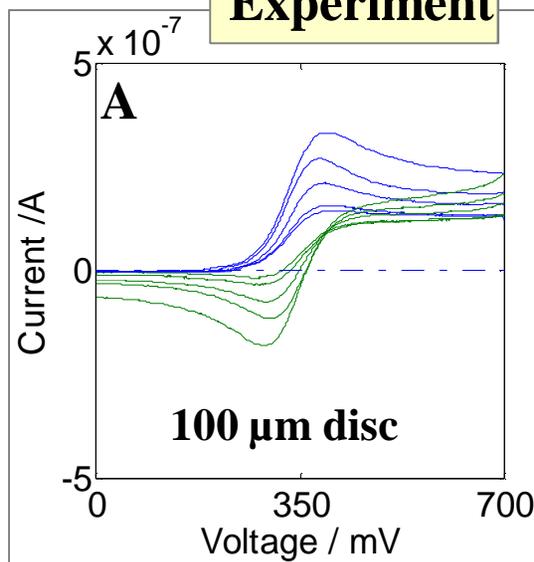
A. Guiseppi-Elie, S. Brahim, G. Slaughter and K. R. Ward, "Design of a Subcutaneous Implantable Biochip for Monitoring of Glucose and Lactate", (2005) *IEEE Sensor Journal*, 5(3), pp. 345-355.



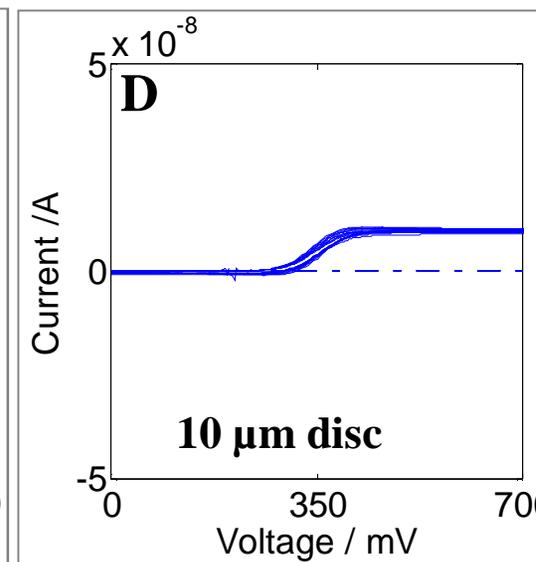
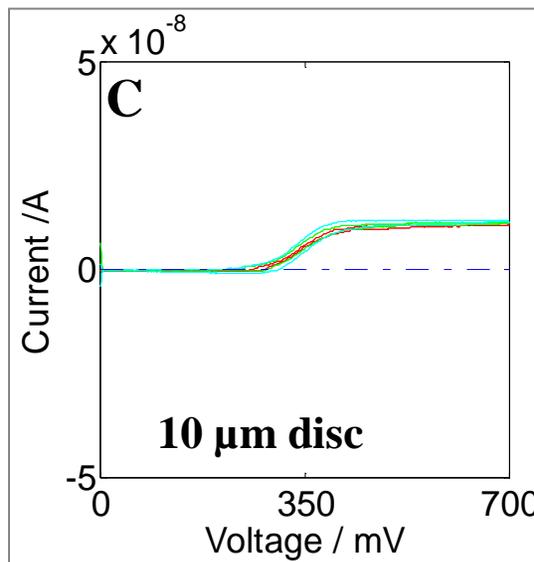
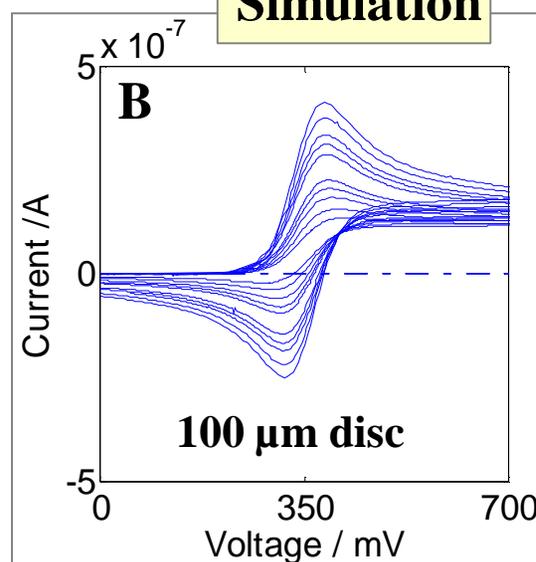
Multiple scan rate cyclic voltammetry (MSRCV) of microdisc- (A and B = 100 μm) and ultramicro- (C and D = 10 μm) electrodes.



Experiment



Simulation

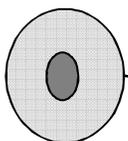
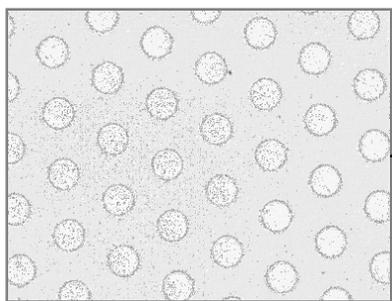


15 mM FcCOOH
PBKCl 0.1M KCl
(pH =7.2) ; 0 to
+0.80 V, scan
rates 10 – 100

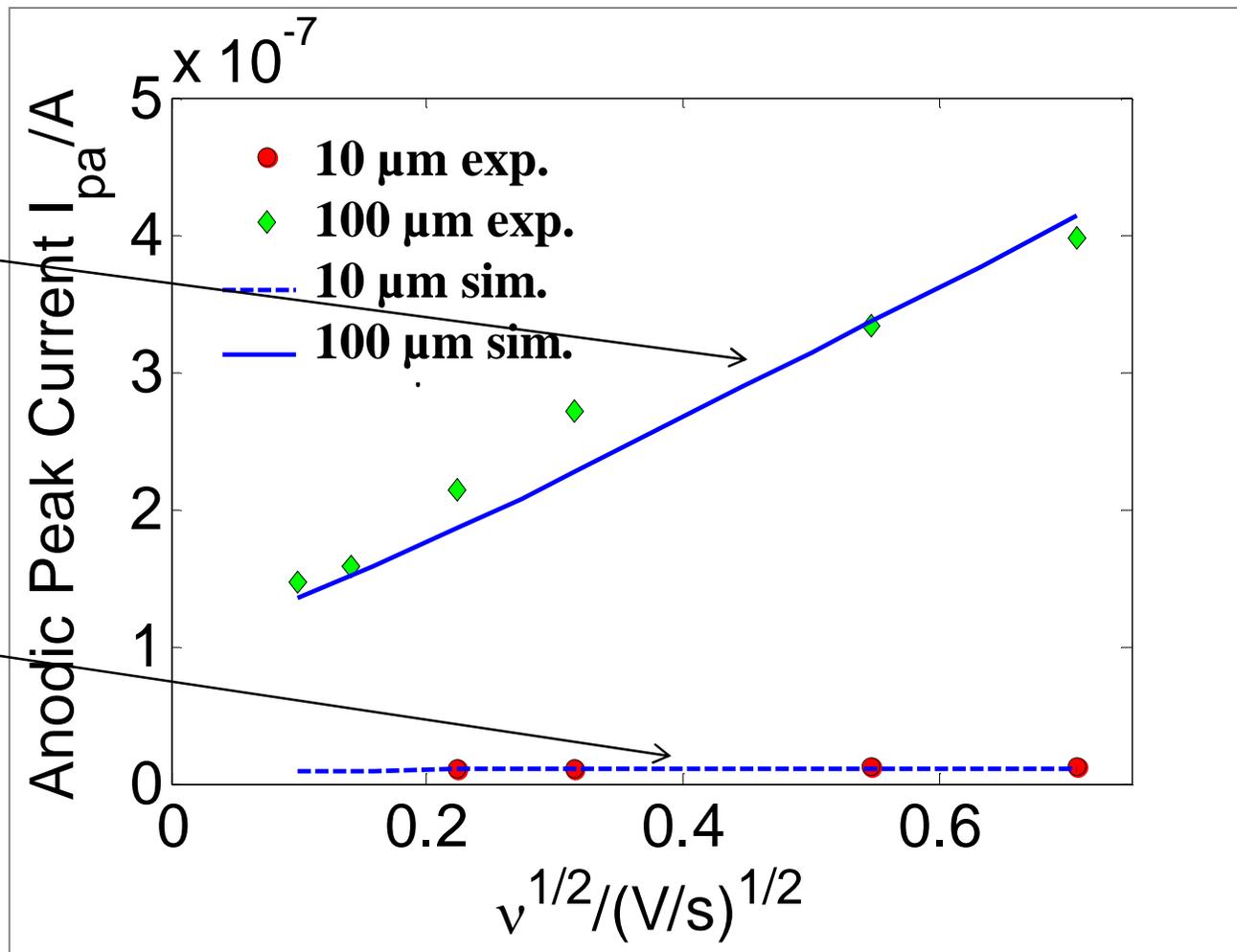
mV/s



Anodic peak current, I_{pa} , as a function of the square root of the voltammetric scan rate for microdisc- (A and B = 100 μm) and ultramicro- (C and D = 10 μm) electrodes.

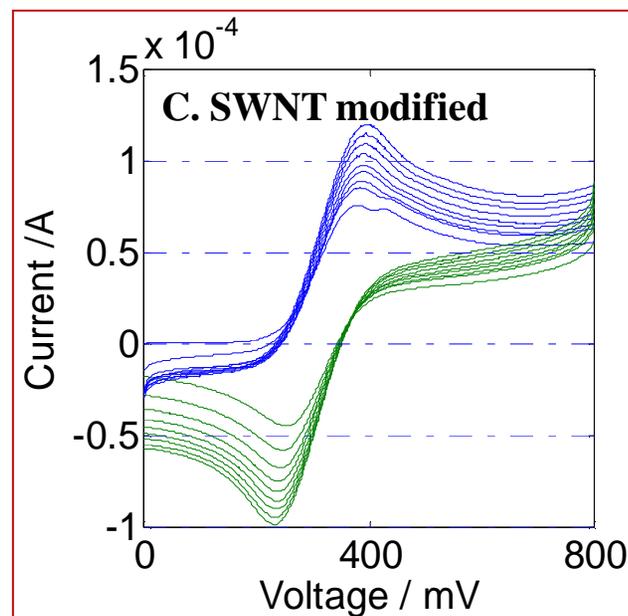
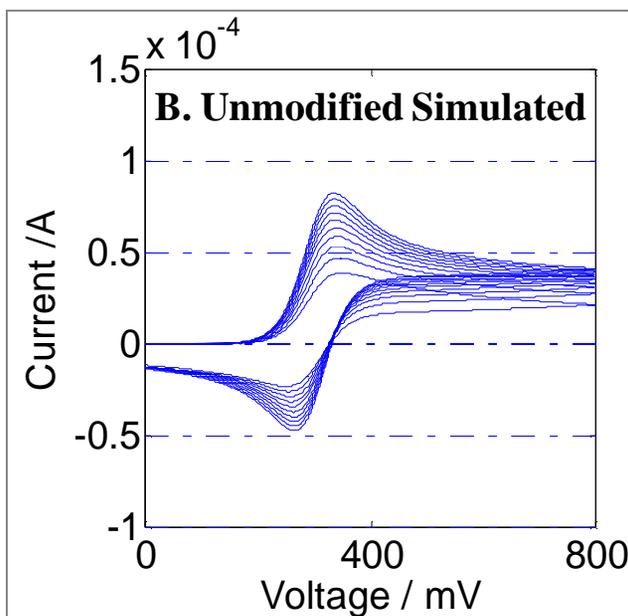
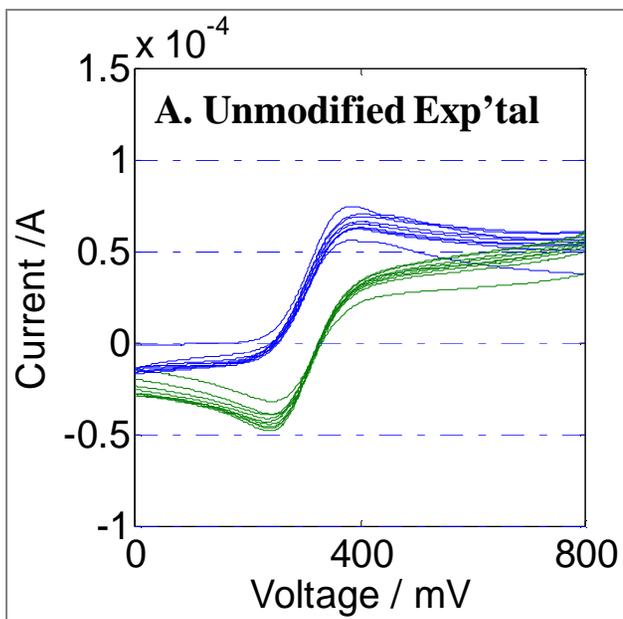


15 mM FcCOOH
PBKCl 0.1M KCl
(pH = 7.2) ; 0 to
+0.80 V, scan
rates 10 – 100
mV/s.





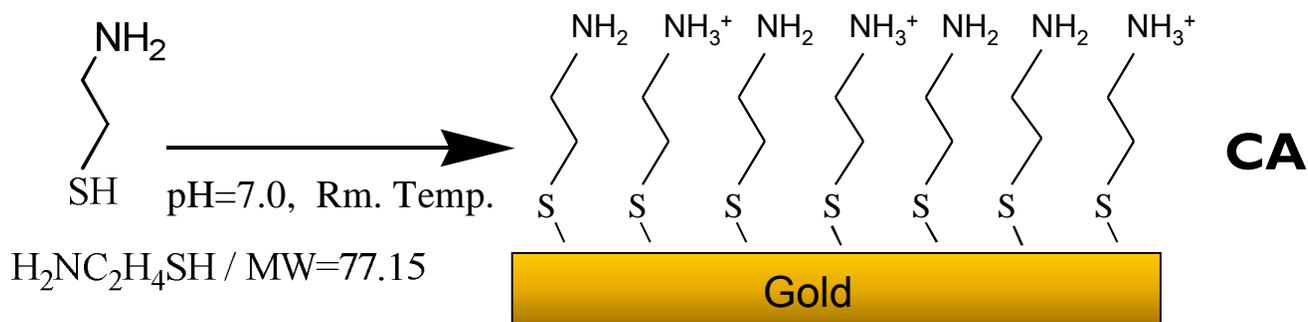
Multiple scan rate cyclic voltammetry (MSRCV) of microdisc electrodes MDEA 100 Au with adsorbed SWNTs.



CVs were obtained in 15 mM FcCOOH prepared in phosphate buffered 0.1M KCl solution (pH =7.2) over the range 0 to +0.80 V at scan rates 10 – 100 mV/s at RT.

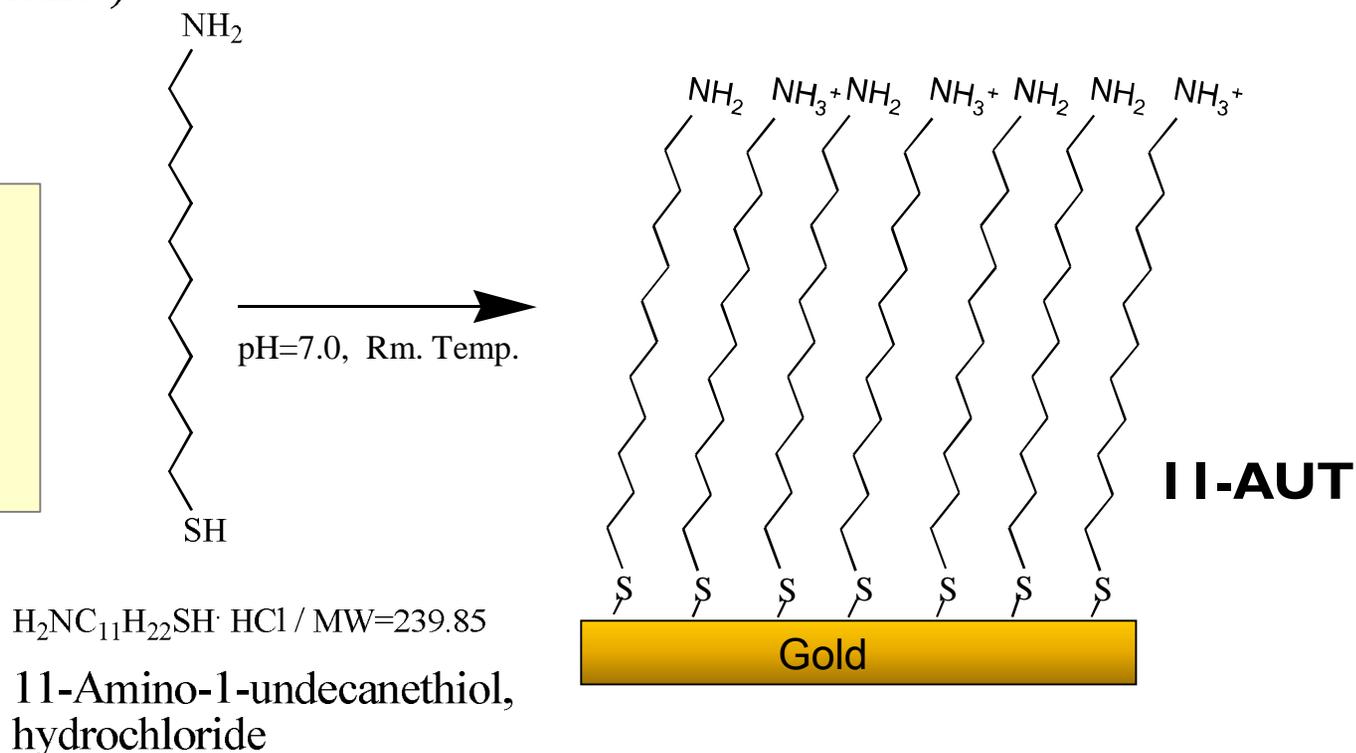


Cysteamine modified MDEA-Au 100 mm electrode (MDEA-Au|CA) and 11-AUT modified MDEA-Au 100 mm electrode (MDEA-Au|11-AUT).



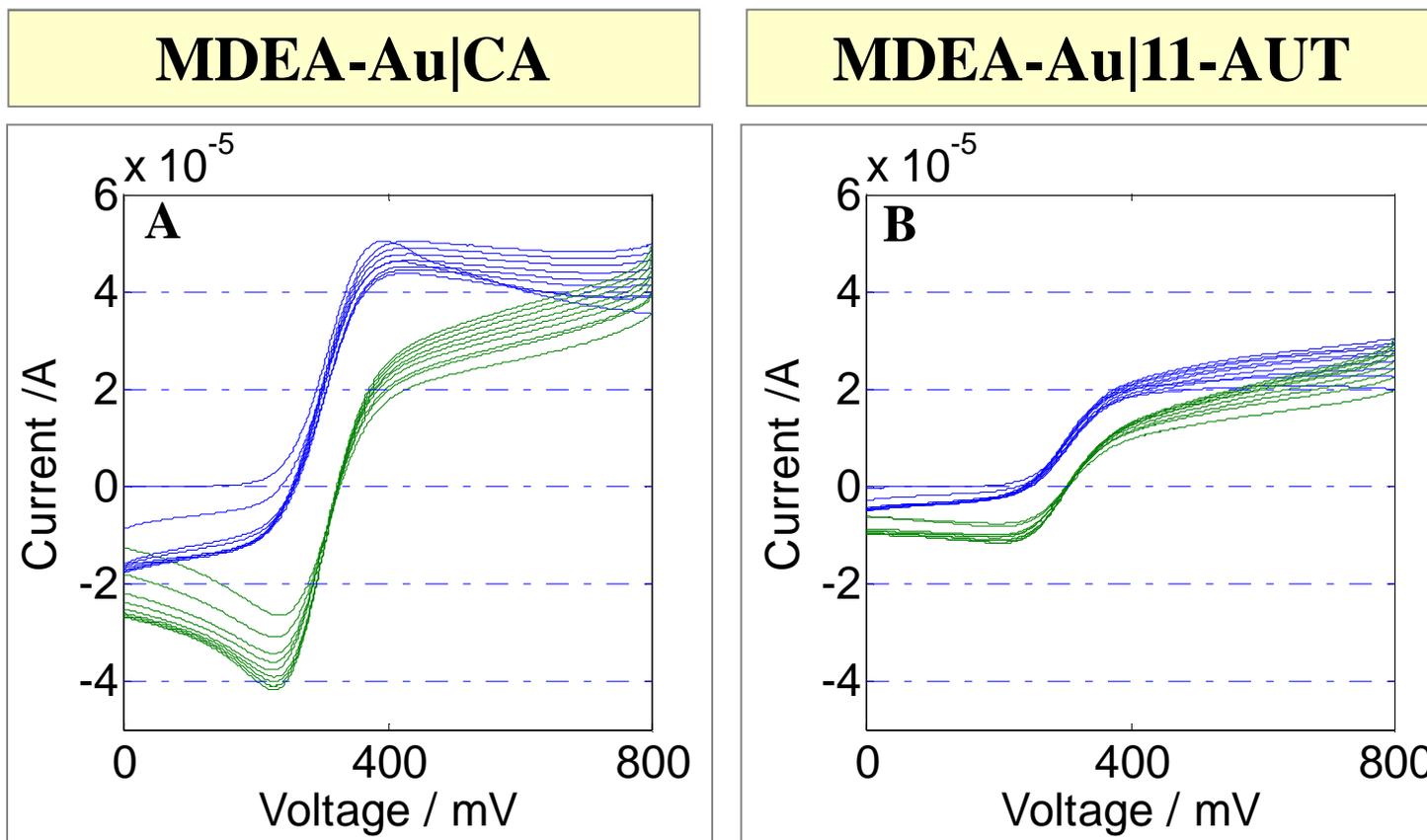
2-Aminoethanethiol (Cysteamine)

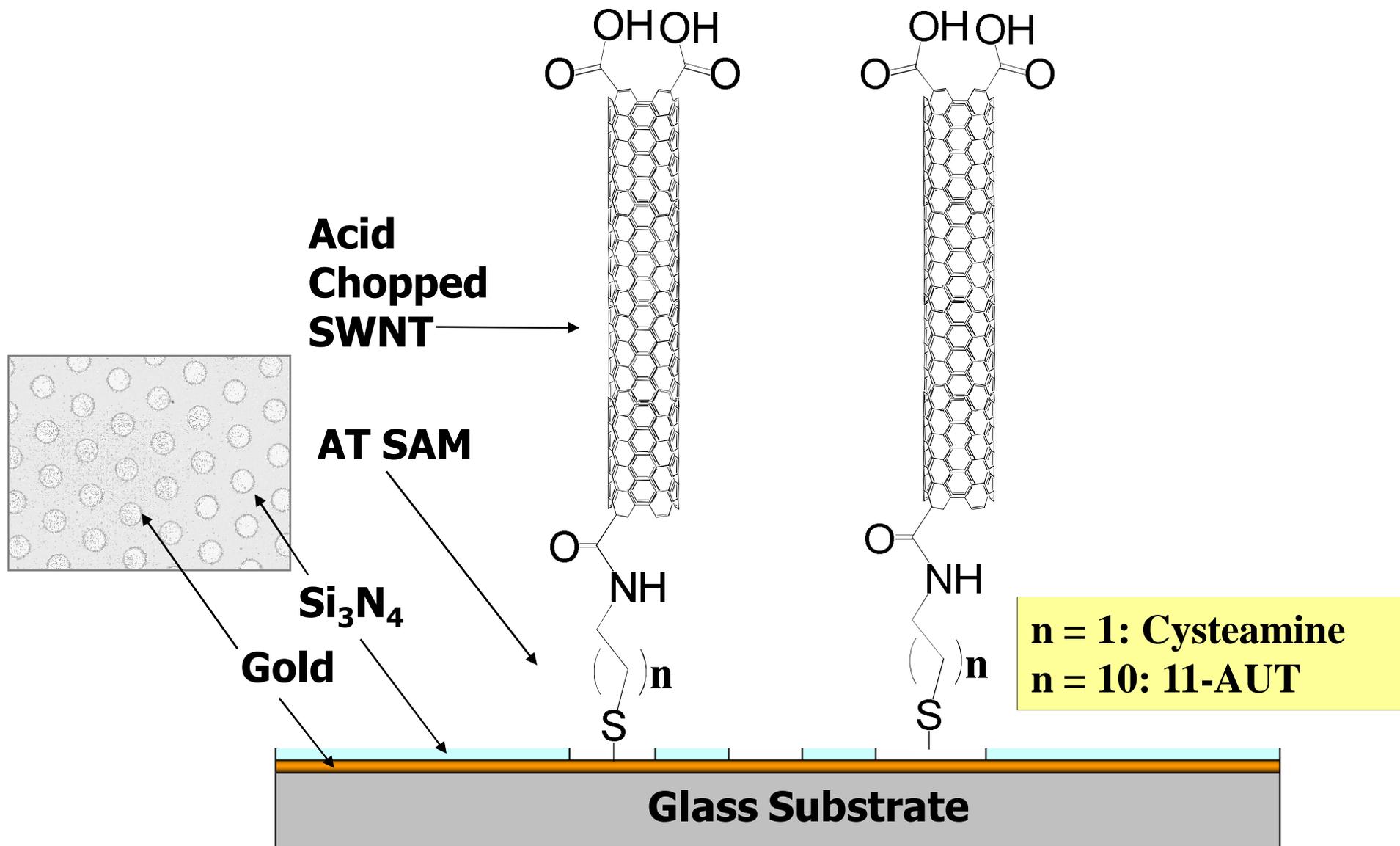
Gymama E. Slaughter, Erhard Bieberich, Gary E. Wnek, Kenneth J. Wynne and Anthony Guiseppi-Elie "Improving Neuron-to-electrode Surface Attachment (NESA) Via Alkane Thiol Self-assembly: An AC Impedance Study" *Langmuir* (2004), 20(17), 7189-7200.





Multiple scan rate cyclic voltammetry (MSRCV) of (A) Cysteamine modified MDEA-Au 100 μm electrode (MDEA-Au|CA) and (B) 11-AUT modified MDEA-Au 100 μm electrode (MDEA-Au|11-AUT).

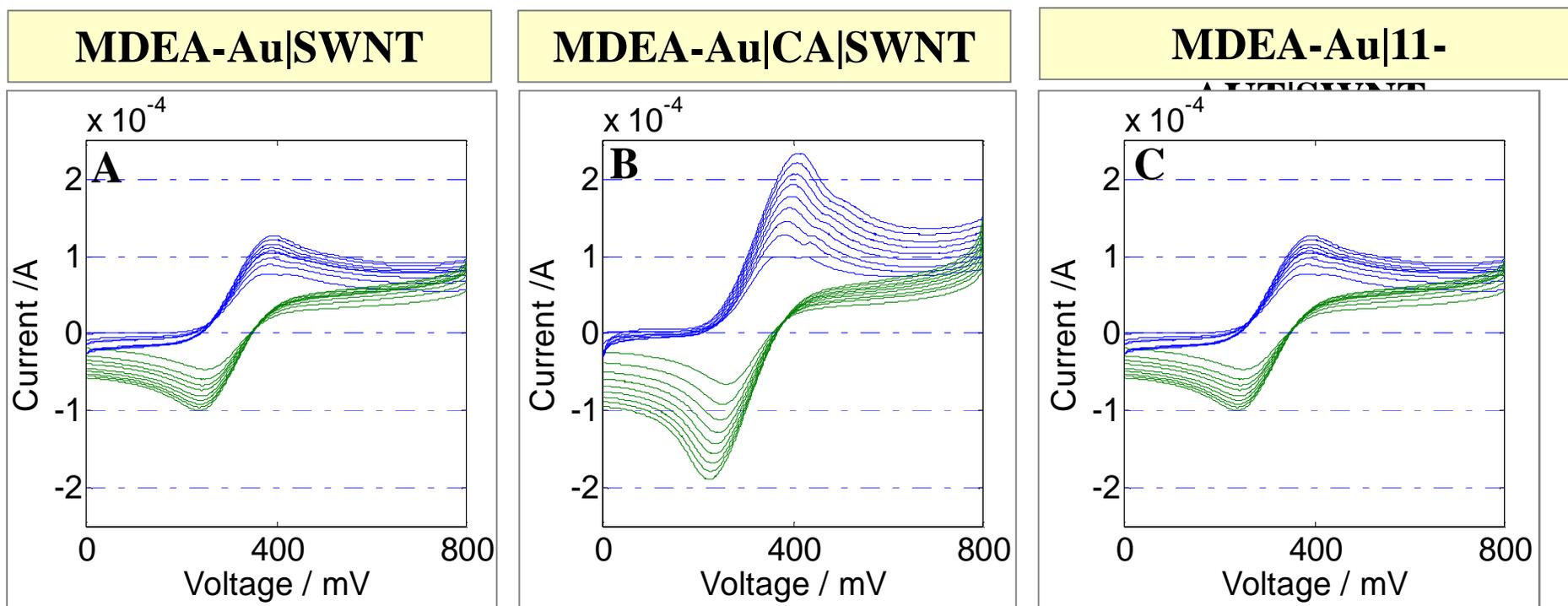




Anthony Guiseppi-Elie, Abdur Rub Abdur Rahman and Nikhil K. Shukla "SAM-modified Microdisc Electrode Arrays (MDEAs) With Functionalized Carbon Nanotubes" *Electrochimica Acta* (2010) 55(14), 4247-4255



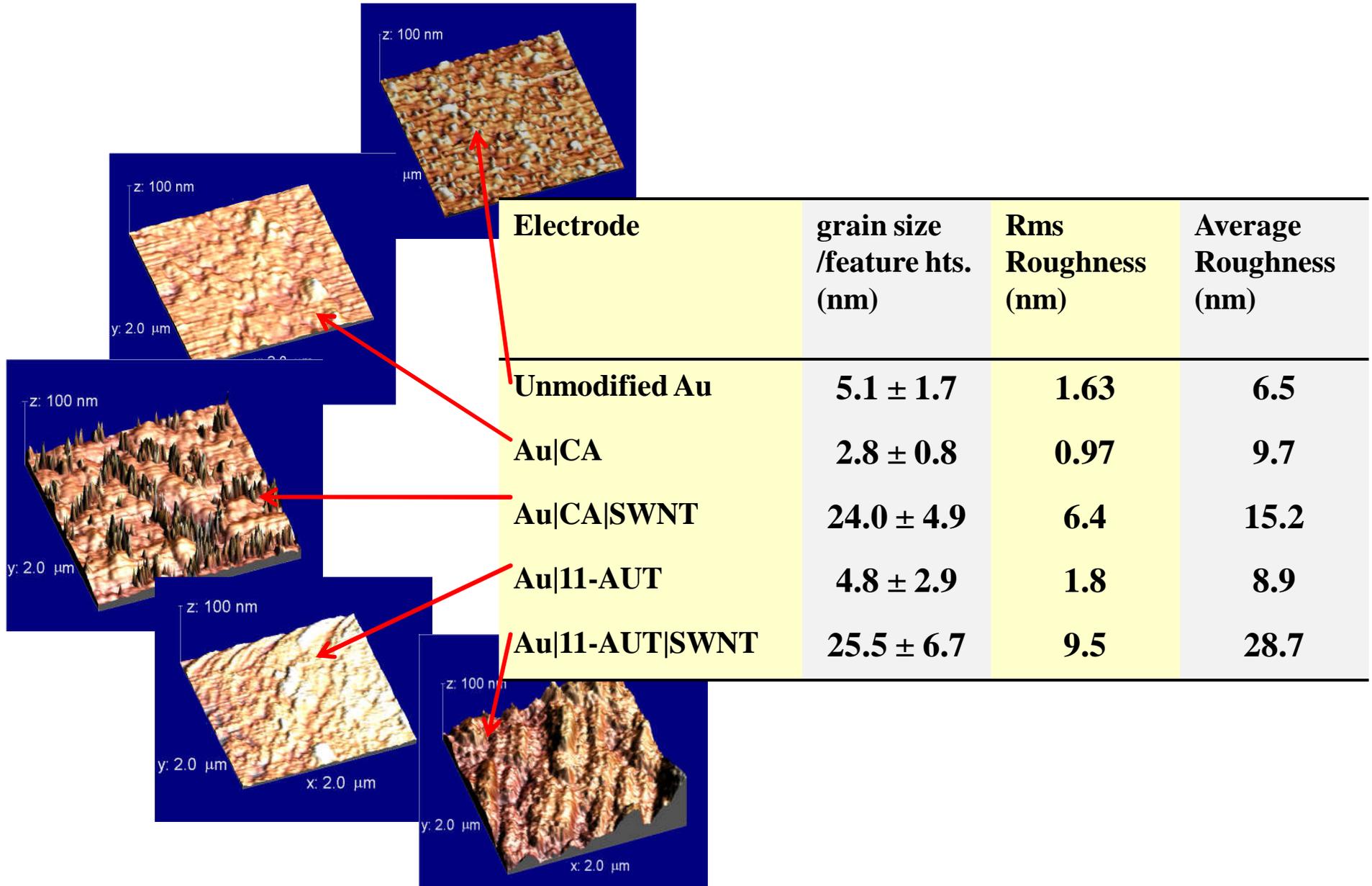
Multiple scan rate cyclic voltammetry (MSRCV) of: (A) Unmodified MDEA-Au 100 μm electrode with adsorbed acid-chopped SWNT, (B) Cysteamine modified MDEA-Au 100 μm electrode conjugated to acid-chopped SWNT (MDEA-Au|CA|SWNT), and (C) 11-AUT modified MDEA-Au 100 μm electrode conjugated to acid-chopped SWNT (MDEA-Au|11-AUT|SWNT).



CVs were obtained in 15 mM FcCOOH prepared in phosphate buffered 0.1M KCl solution (pH =7.2) over the range 0 to +0.80 V at scan rates 10 – 100 mV/s at RT.

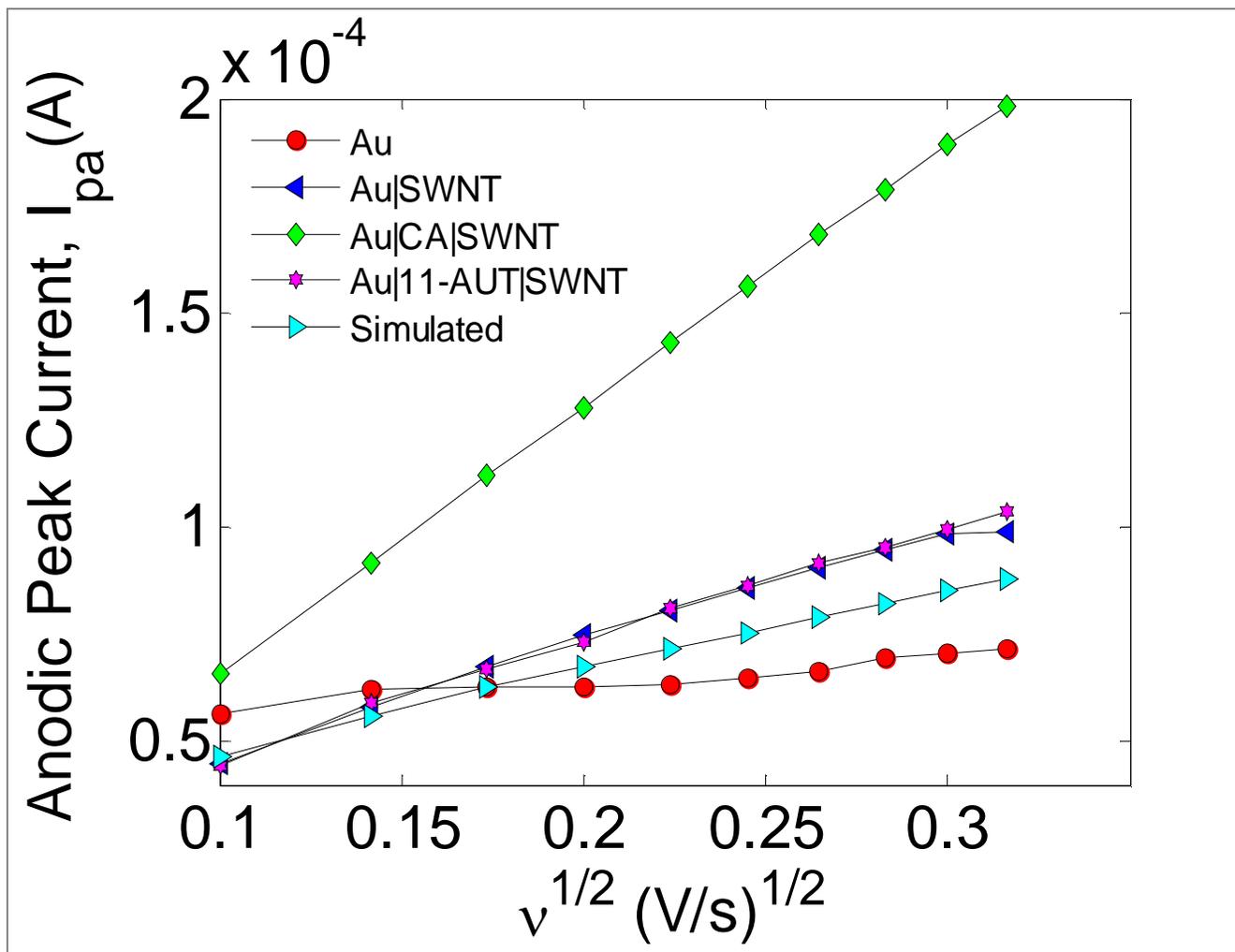


Tapping mode AFM images





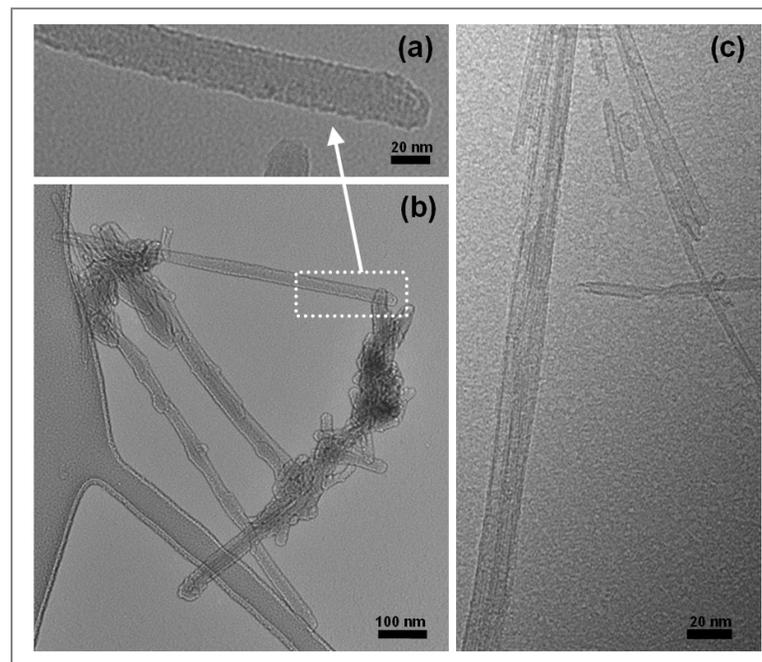
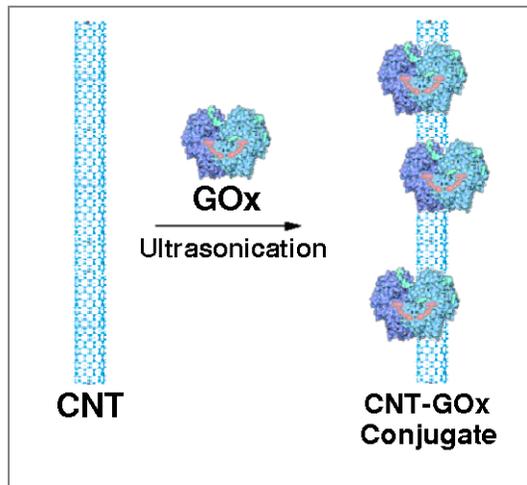
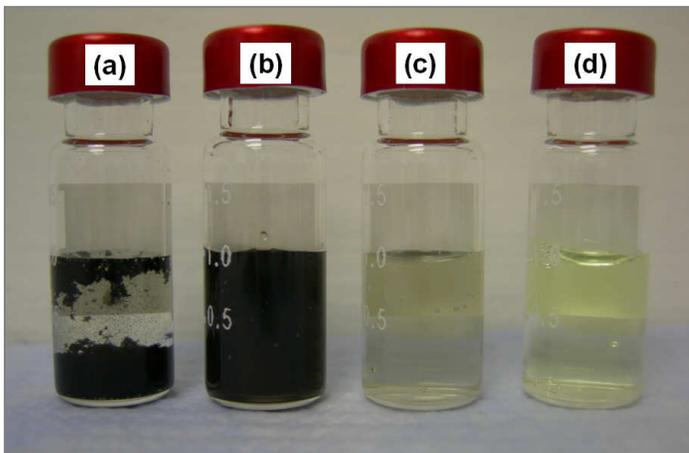
Plots of the anodic peak current, I_{pa} , as a function of the square root of the voltammetric scan rate



CVs were obtained in 15 mM FcCOOH prepared in phosphate buffered 0.1M KCl solution (pH =7.2) over the range 0 to +0.80 V at scan rates 10 – 100 mV/s at RT.



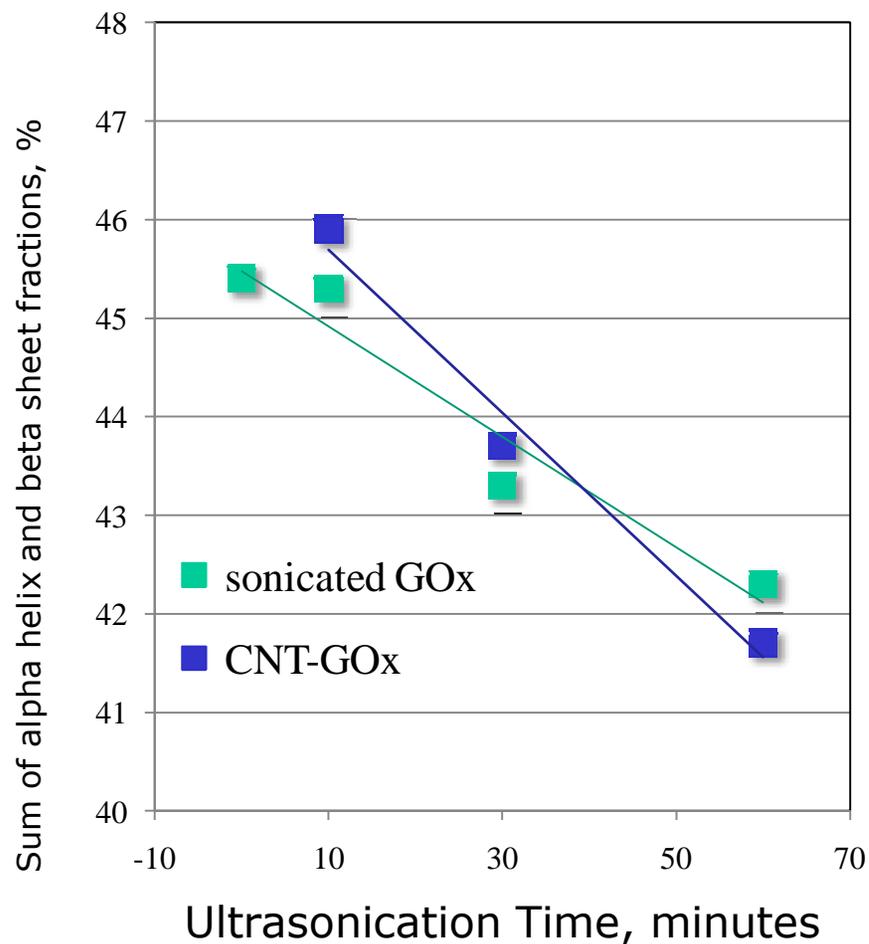
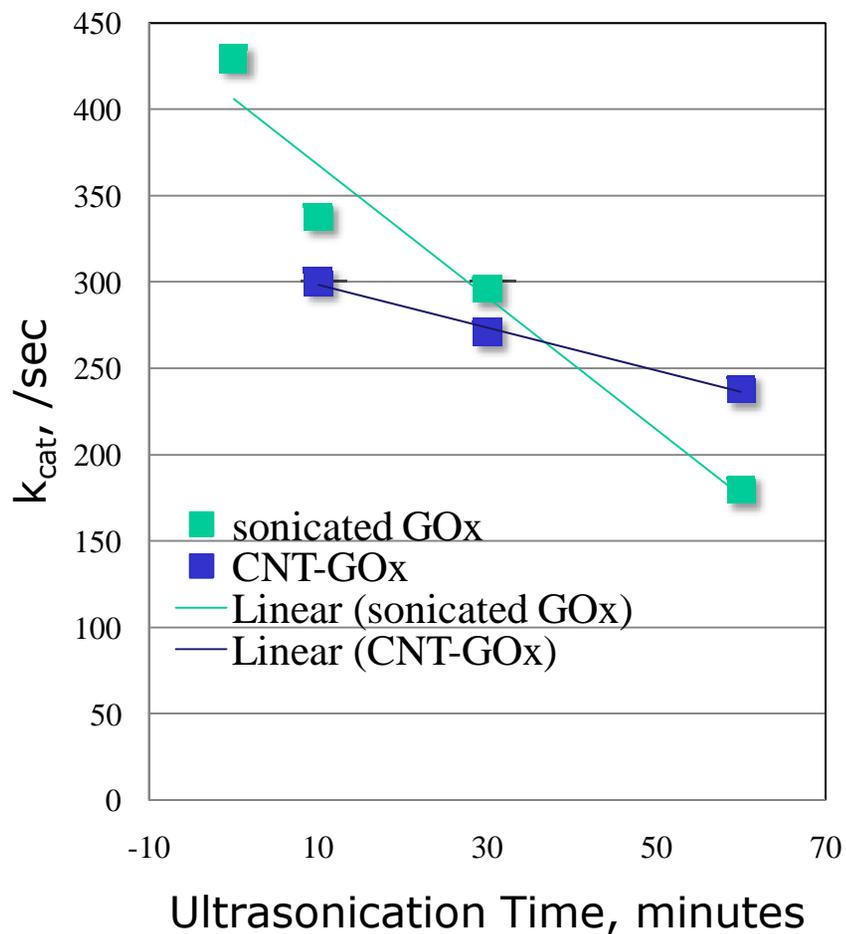
Supra-molecular complex formation via ultrasonic processing and ultracentrifugation



Anthony Guiseppi-Elie*, Sung-Ho Choi, Kurt E. Geckeler, Balakrishnan Sivaraman, and Robert A. Latour “Ultrasonic Processing of Single-Walled Carbon Nanotube-Glucose Oxidase Conjugates: Interrelation of Bioactivity and Structure” *NanoBiotechnology* (2008), 4, 9-17.



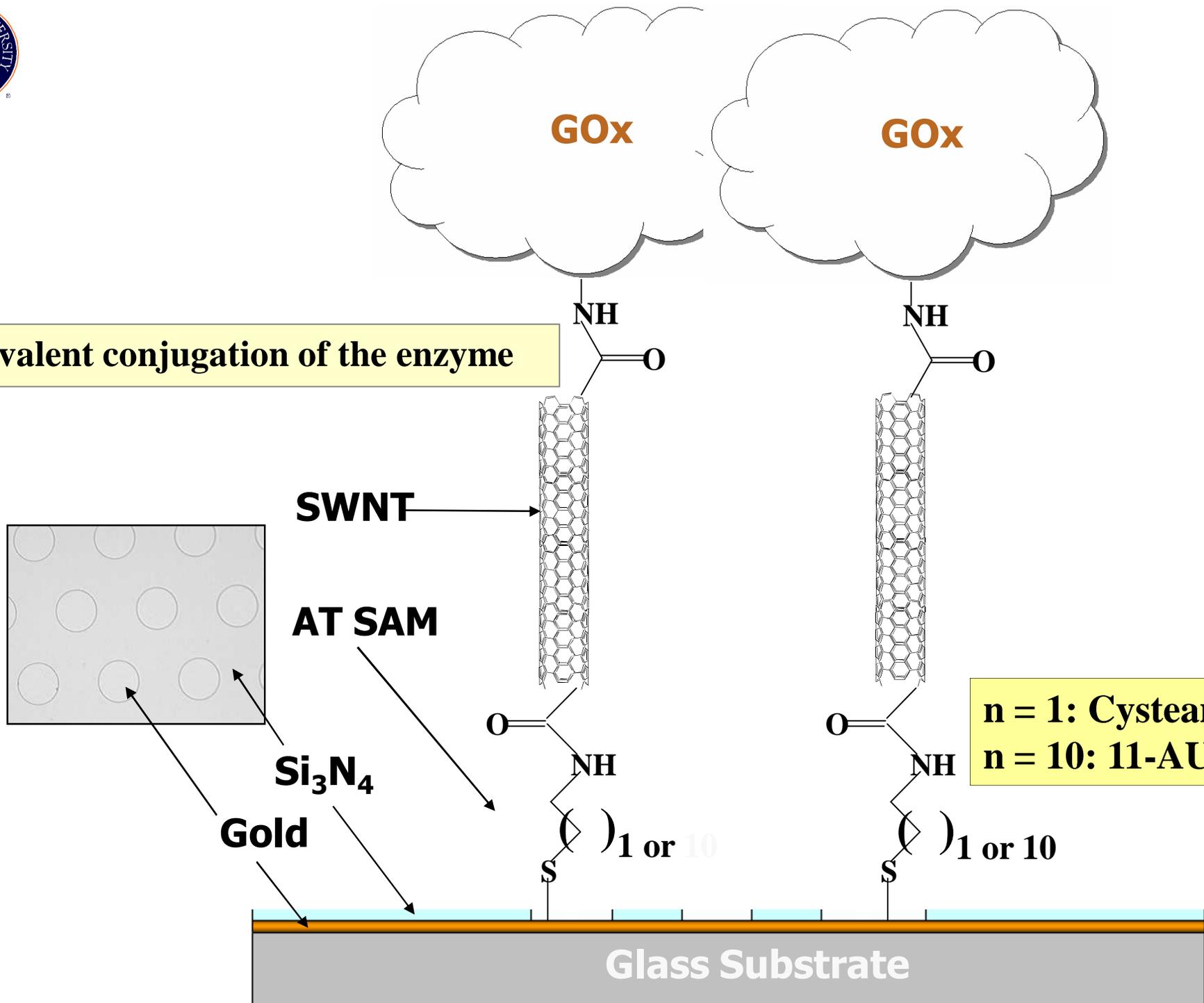
Kinetic activity and structural changes following ultrasonication of GOx and CNT-GOx



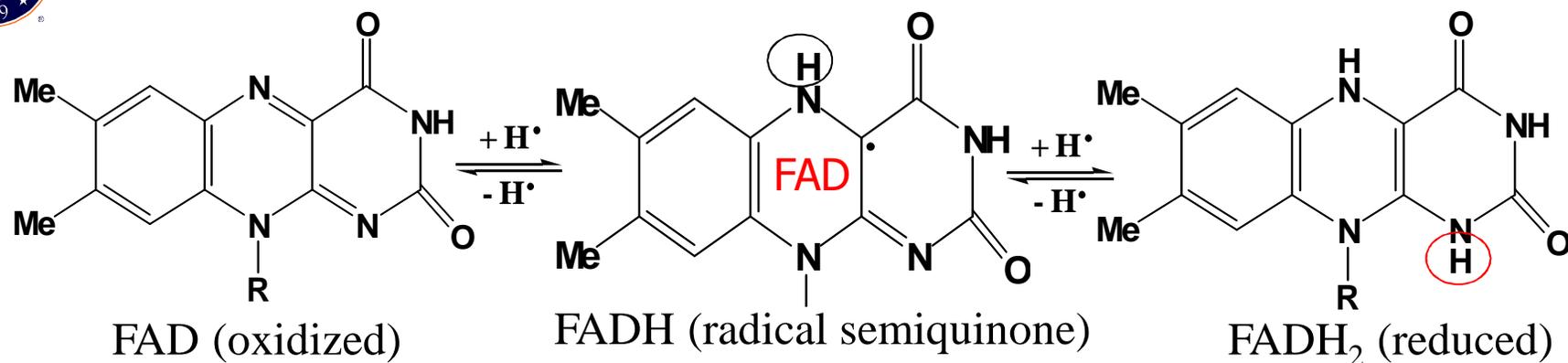
Anthony Guiseppi-Elie, Sung-Ho Choi and Kurt E. Geckeler "Ultrasonic Processing of Enzymes: Effect on Enzymatic Activity of Glucose Oxidase" *Journal of Molecular Catalysis B: Enzymatic* (2009) 58, 118–123.



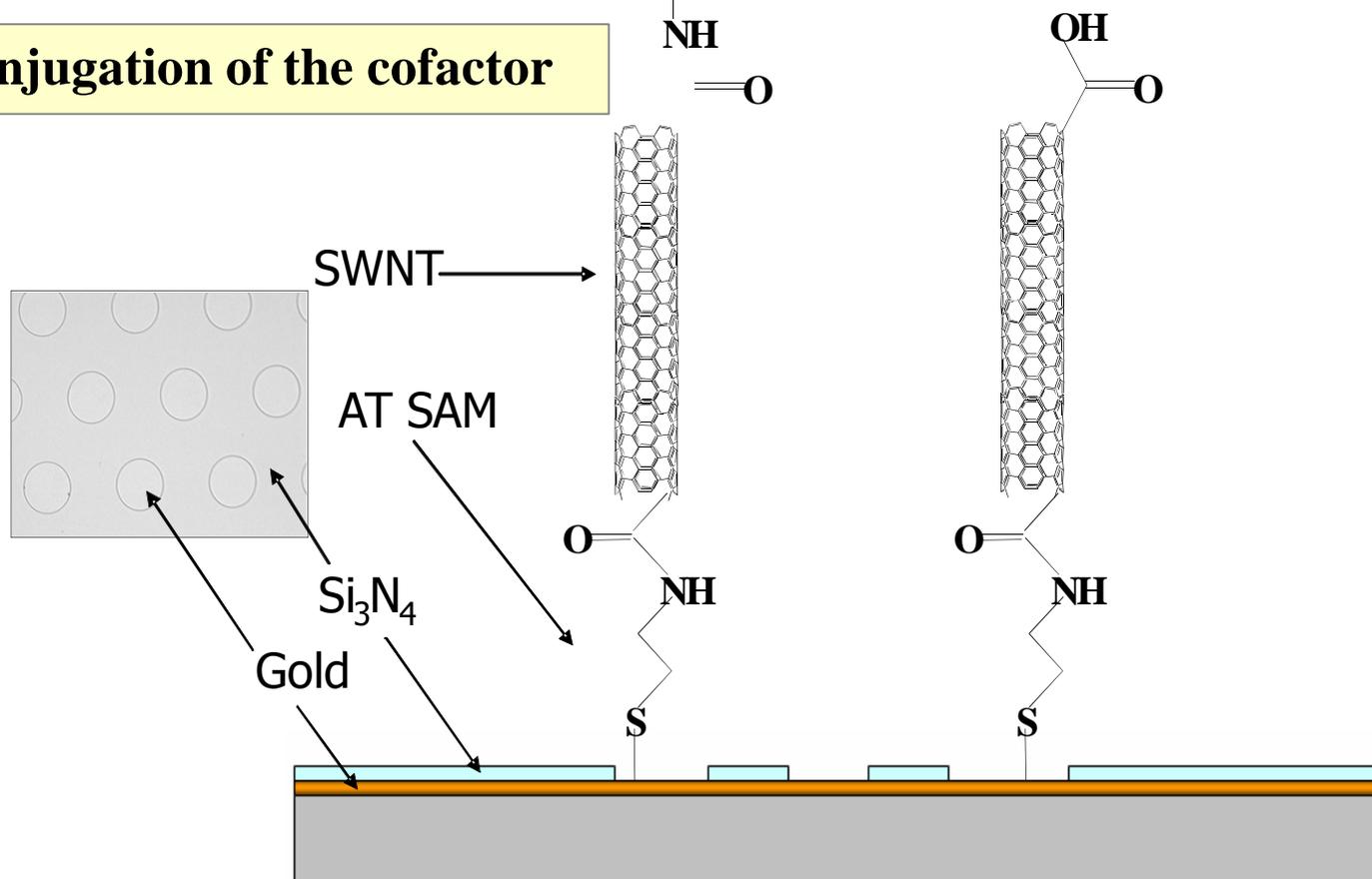
Covalent conjugation of the enzyme



n = 1: Cysteamine
n = 10: 11-AUT



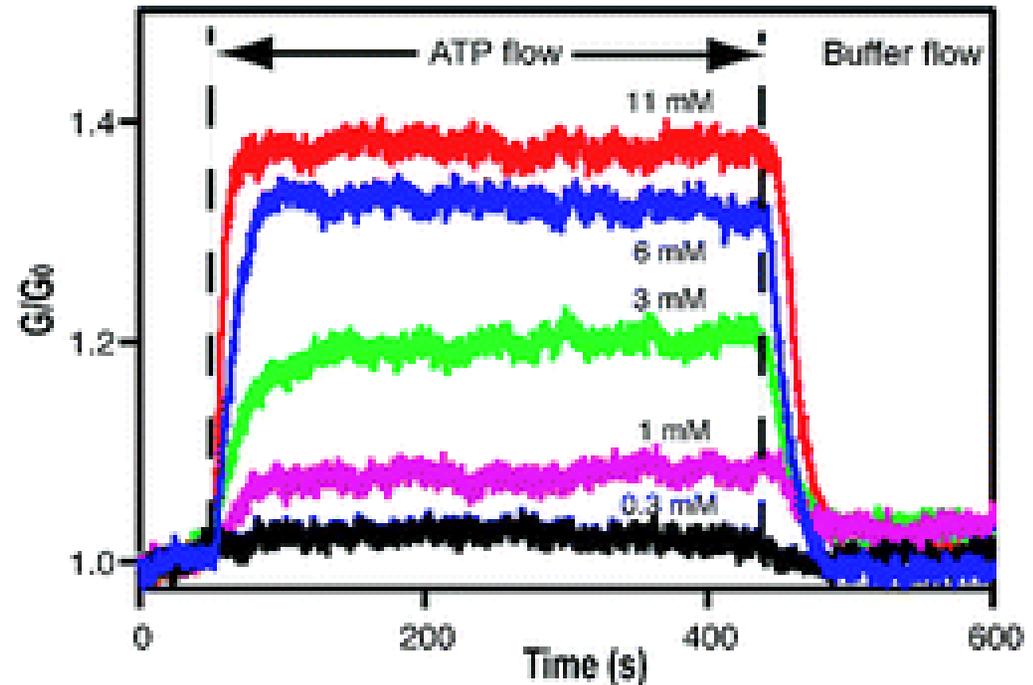
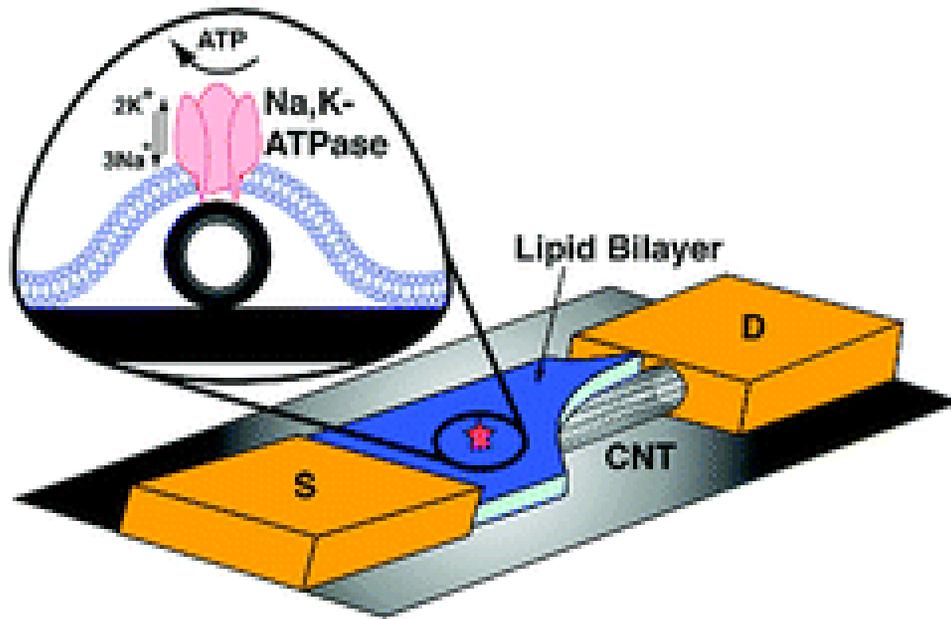
Covalent conjugation of the cofactor





Biomolecular Recognition Events Gate SWNT FinFET

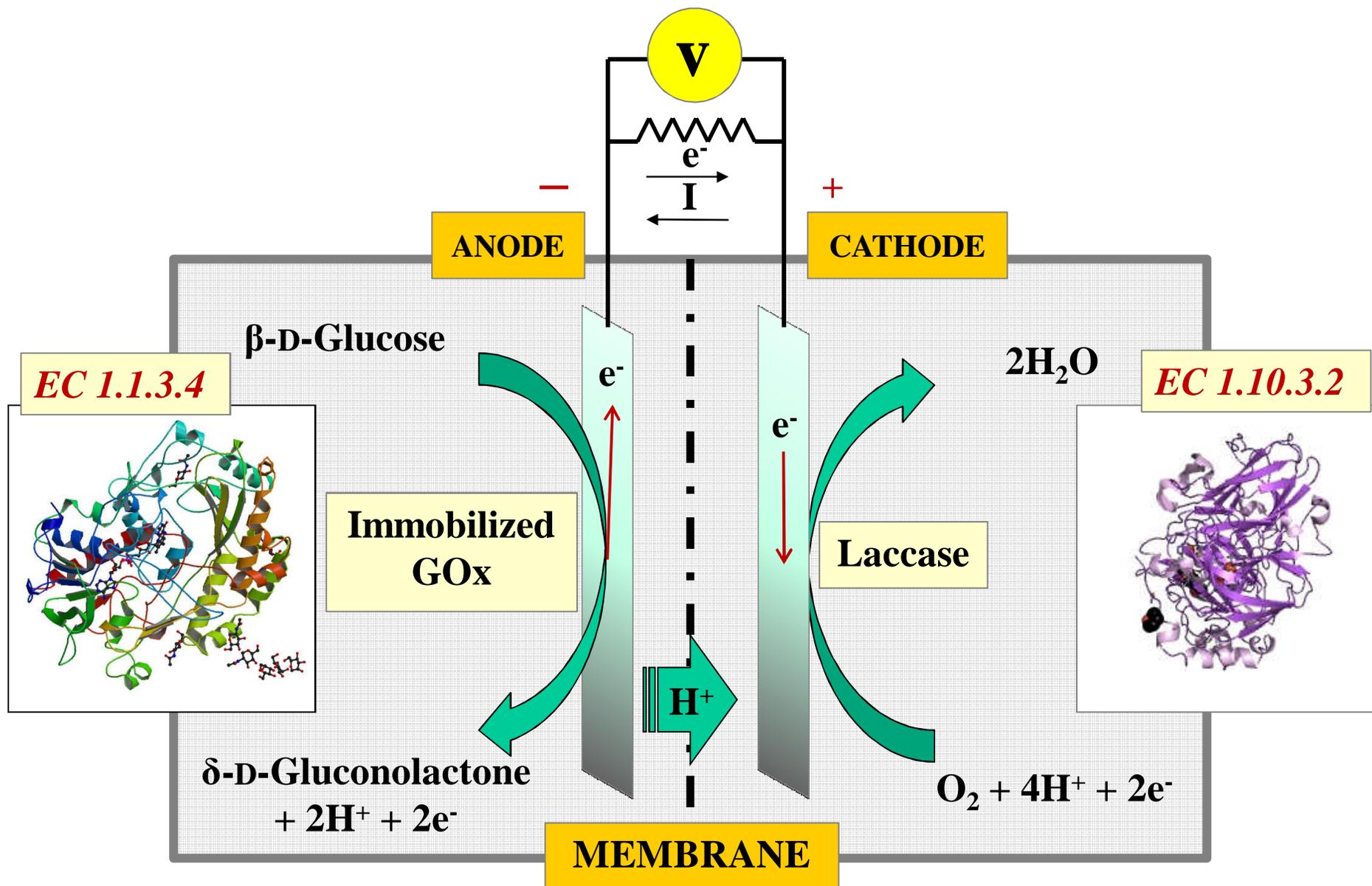
V_g controlled by Na⁺/K⁺ pump



- Proof of concept for other ion transport proteins to couple to single walled carbon nanotubes for logic gates



The Prototypical Enzyme Biofuel Cell



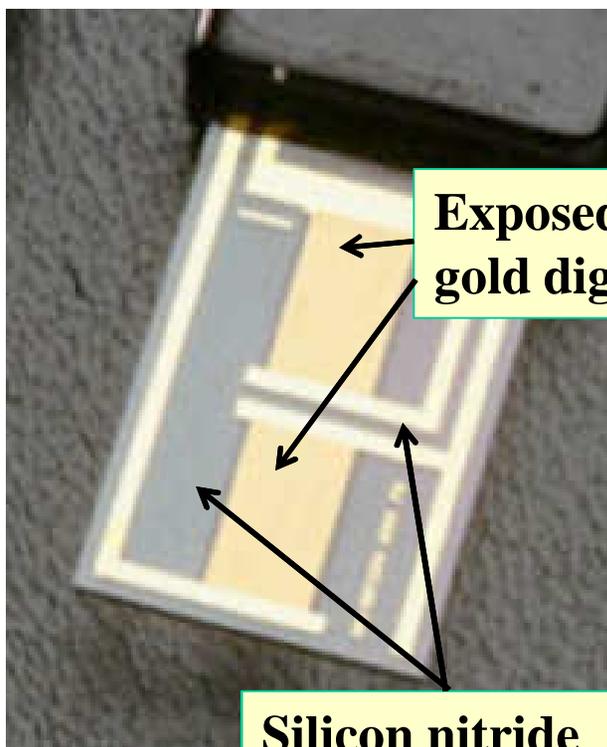


Microbial Biofuel Research

Direct electron transfer between bacterial biofilms and microfabricated electrodes

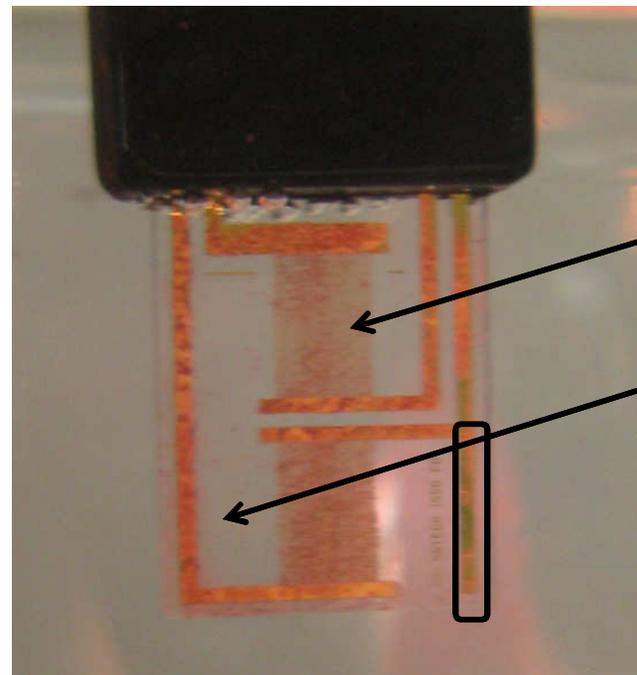
Lenny Tender, Naval Research Laboratory

Anthony Guiseppi-Elie, Clemson University



Exposed gold digits

Silicon nitride layer covering all gold busses



Microbial biofilm on IME device



Grand Challenge Problems

The Bio-materials Interface: Enabling chronically implantable bioanalytical devices - **Bionics**

Bioelectronics: Enabling direct electronic communication between electronic solid state devices and “the biology” -- **More than Moore**



Grand Challenge Metrology Opportunities

The Bio-materials Interface - BIONICS:

1. Standard Reference Biomaterials

Genomic testing - Total RNA, m-RNA

Biocompatibility Testing - Biomaterials

2. Standard Methods for the Quantitative Assessment of Biocompatibility

Acute tissue response

Chronic tissue response



Grand Challenge Opportunities

Bioelectronics -- More than Moore in biology:

Power

- external sources; internal sources, management

Bioactive and smart materials for “the Biology”

Integration science

New manufacturing paradigms

- bottom up; self assembly; redundancy; parallelism

New manufacturing paradigms

Customer as part of the product

- neuromorphic; cognitive systems; adaptive; conforming



Summary

- ◆ “Bio-smart” materials by design; combining molecular biorecognition (enzymes), biocompatibility (PEG and MPC), interference shielding (PPy) and redox mediation (M) within p(HEMA)-based hydrogel
- ◆ Polymers are non-cytotoxic and support excellent viability and restricted proliferation
- ◆ *In vitro* measures of biocompatibility are highly correlated with extent of hydration.
- ◆ Biotransducer design using E’Cell-on-a-Chip (ECC) microlithographically fabricated microdisc arrays
- ◆ Systems integration and form-factor
- ◆ Demonstrated physiologic status monitoring



Thank you!
Merci!

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In association with the journal **polymer**
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The cover of the journal 'polymer' is shown on the right side of the banner. It features a blue background with the word 'polymer' in white lowercase letters. Below the title, there are several small images, including a yellow and black striped pattern and a blue and white pattern.