Use of <u>Rapid</u> Biometric Devices by Florida Law Enforcement

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Introduction

• A Quick History

- Rapid ID Pilot October 2006
 - × Jessica Lunsford Act
 - Re-registration of sex offenders
 - Identification of probationers
 - × Roadside stops
 - × Jail/Prison intake/release
 - × Court First Appearance
 - **×** Domestic Security
- Rapid ID Full Operational Capability October 2009
 - **×** FBI RISC (Repository of Individuals of Special Concern)
 - × DNA Verification
 - × Warrant Service

Devices/Transactions

- Number of devices 5,632 active devices
 - Mobile 4,406
 - Fixed or tethered 1,226

Average transactions

- 47,221 per month
- 65% Hit rate (not accuracy, criminal encounters)

General Characteristics (1)

- Desired matching / enrollment capabilities:
 - Enrollment: controlled facility not mobile (at booking)
 - Search & Match capability
 - × Two Modes:
 - Two finger search against 5.5M subjects
 - One finger (1:1) verification of subject with identifier (i.e. SID)
 - Response time target <1m</p>
 - × Wants/Warrants & Rapsheet returned on hits
 - × Types of responses
 - Hit, No-Hit, Ambiguous for Florida CMF
 - Red, Yellow, Green for RISC

General Characteristics (2)

- Database verification:
 - Enrollment
 - **Submission:** Tenprint by local Sheriff/Jail/Corrections
 - fingerprints / face (if available) for criminal history
 - **Response time**: Ten minutes or less
 - **Connectivity:** Criminal Justice Network (CJNet)
 - Dedicated T1/MPLS at every criminal justice agency
 - o Search/Verification
 - Mobile devices: Florida Highway Patrol Troopers and several thousand Police Officers and Sheriff Deputies.
 - **Connectivity:** Bluetooth from device to Mobile Data Terminal, air-card VPN to CJNet point of presence.
 - **Response requirements:** 24 seconds average response

Mobile Unit Description

- Mobile Unit Data Captured:
 - Fingerprints (index and middle finger -- 2,3,7,8 any combination is allowed)

• Form Factor / User Interface

- Cogent:
 - CSD301 and CSD330 FAP 10 tethered devices (mobile)
 - CSD450 FAP 30 tethered (jails and courthouses not really mobile)
 - × MI3 − FAP 30 wireless
 - × Blue Check FAP 10 wireless
 - × Blue Check 2 (optical scanner) FAP 10 wireless
 - Blue Check 2U FAP level 10 wireless
- Motorola:
 - × MC75 − FAP 10 wireless
- MorphoTrak:
 - × MorphoIdent FAP 20 wireless
- L1:
 - × IBIS Extreme FAP 30 wireless
- CrossMatch:
 - × Verifier 300 or 310 FAP 30 tethered
 - × Verifier MW FAP 30 wireless

Data Exchange Requirements (Details)

- Fingerprints sent to State Identification Bureau for searching against Florida Criminal Master File
 - Unique identifier for the transaction, individual and device
 - Interface Control Document available
 - × www.fdle.state.fl.us/Content/FALCON/Menu/System-Requirements/Current-FALCON-ICD.aspx
- Fingerprint images must meet quality standards of ANSI/NIST-ITL in order to be usable and have enough associated metadata to ensure traceability to the officer and device.

Lessons Learned

Lessons learned –

- Areas of most concern are user training and documentation of success stories.
 - × For both of these it has been imperative to develop and sustain relationships with the local agencies.
- Continuous spot checking of transactions has helped to identify issues that can quickly be addressed usually through additional training.

Future Plans

- Searching additional repositories NDR flag
 - Recent approval to pilot connectivity to US-Visit via FBI CJIS for Florida Domestic Security Task Forces.

• Interoperability with other agencies

- Regional States
- Federal Partners Currently discussing with FBI Flyaway Teams and use of Quick Capture Devices by Florida FBI Field Offices.
- Livescan integration to perform Notice to Appear/Cite and Release arrests on scene.