

National Health Reliability Organization/Corporation

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What is a *Reliable* Organization?

- The quality of being trustworthy or of performing consistently well
- The degree to which the result of a measurement, calculation, or specification can be depended on to be accurate
- ...during "blue sky" and "black sky" days

- * Differentiated from "Resilience"
- The capacity to recover quickly from difficulties; toughness
- The ability of a substance or object to spring back into shape; elasticity



Is Healthcare Reliable?



- Healthcare
 - 1.7 million healthcare-associated infections annually in U.S hospitals
 - 99,000 related fatalities annually
- Aviation
 - U.S. airlines have transported 8 billion passengers during the past <u>decade</u>
 - 1 safety-related fatality



National Health Reliability Organization

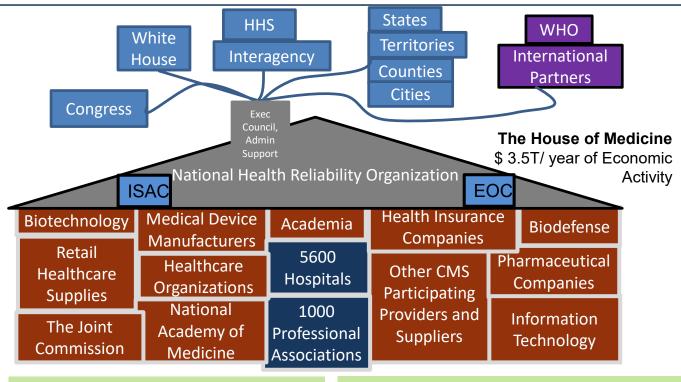
Purpose: To empower the various components of the health sector to improve the quality, accessibility, and affordability of healthcare

- Private (and some public) sector participation
- Voluntary membership
- Corporate structure with charter, by-laws
- Empowered with Standards Development Organization authorities
- Empowered with self-enforcement responsibilities
- Ultimately regulated by FSLTT governments
- The patient is central



The House of Medicine





Chartered, non-profit corporate structure

- Real Systems Architecture
- Formal Business Processes Management
- Enabled as **Standards Setting Organization**
- Development of evidence-based outcomes for national healthcare
- Sector-wide Enterprise Risk Management
- Public-Private Partnerships

Reliability: Quality, Accessibility, Affordability

- Robust Information Sharing and Analysis Centers (ISAC)
- Dedicated regional and national 24/7 Health Sector Emergency Operations Centers (EOC), similar to Energy Sector (NERC)
- Interoperability with other critical sectors
- Development of Health Information Data Exchanges
- Self-enforcement (with oversight)



Countering Weapons of Mass Destruction

Infection Prevention and Control Requirements

CMS, NHSN, TJC, state requirements,....



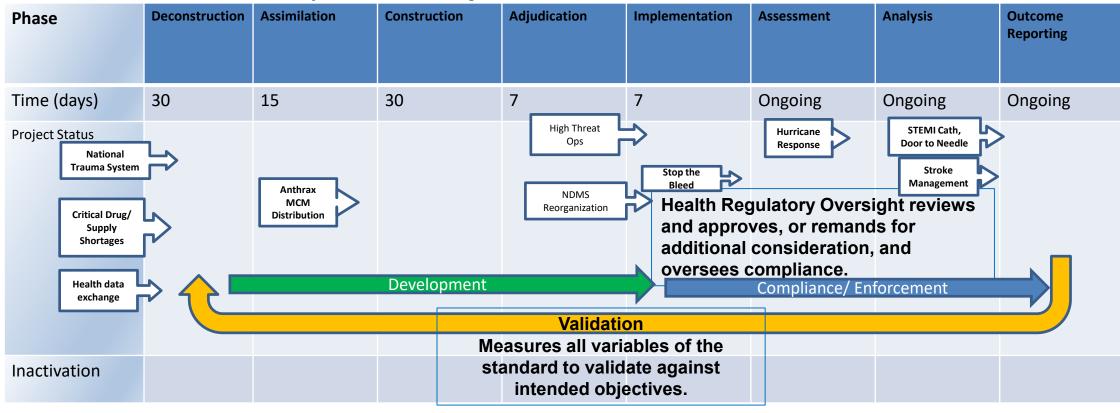
HAI-1	Central line-associated bloodstream infections (CLABSI) in ICUs and select wards	Central line- associated bloodstream infections (CLABSI) in ICUs and select wards	Quarterly (January, April, July, October)
HAI-2	Catheter-associated urinary tract infections (CAUTI) in ICUs and select wards	Catheter-associated urinary tract infections (CAUTI) in ICUs and select wards	Quarterly (January, April, July, October)
HAI-3	Surgical site infections from colon surgery (SSI: Colon)	Surgical site infections (SSI) from colon surgery	Quarterly (January, April, July, October)
HAI-4	Surgical site infections from abdominal hysterectomy (SSI: Hysterectomy)	Surgical site infections (SSI) from abdominal hysterectomy	Quarterly (January, April, July, October)
HAI-5	Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus Aureus (MRSA) Blood Laboratory-identified Events (Bloodstream infections)	Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus Aureus (MRSA) blood infections	Quarterly (January, April, July, October)
HAI-6	Clostridium difficile (C.diff.) Laboratory- identified Events (Intestinal infections)	Clostridium difficile (C.diff.) intestinal infections	Quarterly (January, April, July, October)

Hospital Compare HAI Measures



The Forum—Standards Development and Review Process

The Forum: Formal, Professional Project Management of Issues, on a timeline, with multidisciplinary input, providing outcome objectives that are integrated, measured, enforced, and validated.





Compliance/ Enforcement "Legislative"

"Executive"

Validation "Judicial"

Countering Weapons of Mass Destruction





Homeland Security

Key Characteristics (think STEM)

- Scientific Method reigns supreme, remains pure, apolitical, purged of bias
- Technology Levers
 - Internet of Things, Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, Knowledge Management, Situational Awareness, gamification
- Engineered Approach
 - System of systems architectures, Systems Operations
 - Interdependencies
 - Key points of failure identified
 - Constraint Theory
- Math and Metrics
 - What gets measured gets done.
 - Not all that can be measured matters. Not all that matters can be measured

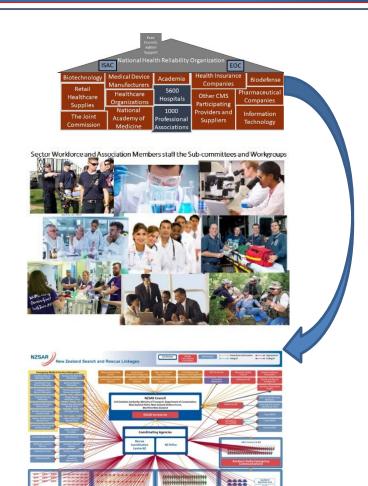


NHRC develops standards to address challenges within the Health Sector

- Cost, quality, accessibility of healthcare
- Standards, best practices, clinical pathways guidelines
- Single Points of Failure in manufacturing, supplies, logistics
- Critical shortages of critical medications
- Health information ownership, handling, storing, exchange
- · Actuarial registries for injury/ illness treatment outcomes
- Integrated clinical device algorithms
- National Trauma System (Zero Preventable Deaths Campaign)
- Stop the Bleed Campaign
- Issues are submitted to the NHRO for development of solutions
 - These become standards for the sector
- NHRO workforce includes employees in health sector industry and professional association members
- Issues are addressed by multidisciplinary subcommittees and working groups cross-linked to other, relevant sub-committees and working groups addressing interdependencies.









Functional Committees and Sub-committees: Info W Tech



Info Tech	Med Devices	Int Med	Pharma	Surgery	System HCOs	Supply Logistic	Research/ Dev	Peds/Ger	XSector	Economics	Insurance	BioTech	BioDef	Ed/ Train
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