

Supply Chain MBE/TDP Improvement

DMDII-14-06-01



Rolls-Royce North America

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Members and Consultants:



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Presentation Agenda and Preamble



- Project Overview/Success Criteria
- Project Walk-through
- Project Details
- Technical Progress and Lessons Learned
- Questions please hold questions until end

Preamble Note:

This project tries to be software-agnostic in our testing/reporting. The software and standards in many cases are early in their implementation.

The interpretation and implementation of standards varies at different software companies.

This project reviewed the capabilities offered by a limited number of companies, as a snap shot in time with the understanding that there are still development activities, which may not completely represent their latest capabilities.

Project Overview

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Current State of MBE/TDP Technology

- Focus on geometric related information with <u>no/limited associativity</u>.
- Multiple CAD/CAM environments in the supply chain are a reality.
- <u>Lack of Interoperability</u> among different systems.
- Most operations in organizations are still in different degree of 'silo' effect.
- Supply chain collaboration: still have room to improve.
- <u>Lack</u> of in-depth model exchange <u>validation capability</u>.
- <u>Semantic PMI is still not widely utilized in the industry.</u>

Desired Future State of MBE/TDP Technology

- Future MBE/MBD should be <u>beyond just replacing the drawing</u> type information exchange, include the design intent, and contextual information.
- Robust interoperability among different disciplines and organizations.
- Upon success, the benefits will include
 - Improve competitiveness organization and nation
 - Responsive and adaptive to the changing market place and technology enhancement.
 - Improve product life cycle time and cost
 - This project will provide a building block for accelerating the maturation of the full MBD, targeting the downstream consumption of PMI







- Complete "roundtrip" of MBD by project team, simulating a real life product lifecycle, including:
 - Multiple <u>neutral data</u> formats: STEP AP 242, 3D PDF, JT
 - <u>Semantic</u> Product Manufacturing Information (<u>PMI</u>) and attribute data
 - Using <u>latest software</u> for creation (Siemens NX11, Catia V5R26), translation/validation (ITI DEXcenter & CADIQ, Anark 3D PDF), and consumption (Inspection: Zeiss Calypso, Additive Mfg: 3MF reader)
 - Visualized with <u>tablet</u>-based Technical Data Package
 - Capturing <u>lessons learned</u> and <u>curriculum</u>





DEXcenter







MBD/TDP through Supply Chain





Generate MBD/TDP by OEM





Model Based Definition (MBD) (for 14-06-01)

an annotated model and its associated data elements (i.e. geometry) that define the product in a manner that can be used effectively without a drawing

Technical Data Package (TDP) (for 14-06-01)

a technical description of an item that defines the required design configuration or performance requirements consisting of models with semantic PMI, associated lists, and derivatives (STEP, JT, PDF)

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Learning 🖙

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April 5, 2017

TDP

Model Based Definition – Data Value

- Requirements (e.g. CAD, CAM, CAE, PMI, Metadata, etc....) created must support business needs – consumption
- Data Quality is important :
 - Trust of the data
 - Enhances re-use
 - Increases efficiency
- Culture Change
 - Understand product definition data consumption
 - Recommend training and command media to support PMI (e.g. GD&T, Metadata, part type specific information etc....) creation
 - Data must be validated / verified





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TDP Training Document



- Training document will provide an overview of TDP and MBD creation (with 3D models only).
 - Distribution:
 - Via an expanded version for a certificate program via Purdue PLM Center
- Provide a neutral organization perspective to the project.
- Training document is based on industry standards and best practices: NAS3500, MIL-STD-31000A and ASME Y14.41.
- Captures the lessons learned in the project and best practices used in industry. The findings from the 14-06-01 project are generalized.

TDP Training Outline



- The proposed outline for the training document
- Introduction/overview
- Assumptions
- Definitions
- Model Creation for TDP
- Advanced MBD
 Guidelines
- Software needed/used
- TDP Creation
- Use case from project
- Lessons Learned/ Best
 Practices



Model Creation for TDP

This section focuses on the MBD embedded 3D models that are used to build the TDP. A brief overview on the requirements of the 3D models is provided in this section. These requirements are not thumb rules that are to be followed but are some of the best practices that are laid out in the standards and followed by industries.



Each CAD software differs from the other based on the functionalities they offer to their customer. Several tools are available within these software's that allows organizing the product data in the 3D model. Organization's focus on utilizing the tools to structure the 3D models so that the downstream users can consume the data. A major consideration needs to be given to the translation process where native formats are converted to neutral and lightweight representation formats. In order to replace a 2D drawing from all the process within an organization a 3D model should have product definition and geometry that includes but is not limited to,

- Title block, revision history and other legal information
- Well documented GD&T by annotating elements or features
- Annotations are grouped onto layers, based on their purpose
- Views or combination of views are saved to display appropriate annotations





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- ITI DEXcenter was deployed at Purdue to facilitate MBD operations and TDP exchange
- **DEXcenter automates:**
 - Verifying MBD models
 - Generating derivative files (step, jt, PDF, native)
 - Validating derivatives
 - Collecting files into a TDP and delivering







- DEXcenter uses ITI CADIQ to verify that MBD models are complete and accurate
- With drawings in the past, recipients may have made assumptions about intent if the drawings were ambiguous or had mistakes
- MBD models are used directly by downstream recipients for manufacturing, inspection, and other purposes.
 - Ambiguity must be eliminated
 - Costly, difficult, or impossible to manufacture geometry conditions must be removed
 - CADIQ is used to perform a Producibility Analysis to verify that the MBD model is complete, unambiguous, and can be used directly downstream







- A TDP generally consists of multiple file types such as:
 - Native CAD model
 - STEP
 - JT or 3D PDF visualization file
- Each time a derivative is created, it should be validated against the original native CAD model to ensure there are no significant changes
- DEXcenter automates creation and validation of these derivatives





Video





- Once all derivatives have been generated and validated, then can be combined together into a Technical Data Package and delivered to suppliers and partners
- Using DEXcenter, the files can be sent
 - As individual files
 - As a zip file
 - As a PDF with attachments

DEXcenter Collaboration Fast and Easy

Generate and transmit TDP to Lockheed and Zeiss

Sta	itus	Sender	Company	Created		Туре	Position In	Queue To	otal Numbers In	Queue 😒	
Co	Completed RollsRoyce User 03/23/17 14:44:2					DT Transmit Only -				×	
Sol	urce (C	Driginal) Da	ita								
0	Quality	Quality File Name			Application	File Format	Data Type	Size	Last Modified	Description	
1		Housing_C_NX_AIIPMIBallooned.jt					2.26 MB 2017-03-23				
1	Housing_C_NX_AllPMIBallooned.prt					27.61 MB 2017-03-23					
1	Housing_C_NX_AllPMIBallooned.stp					11.79 MB 2017-03-23					
1	1 Housing_C_NX9_AIIPMIBallooned.pdf					5.17 MB 2017-03-23					

Video

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- Create model-based 3D PDF and HTML- based derivatives from native CAD and other master data
- Publish technical data packages as PDF documents and as HTML applications
- Accessible on laptops, desktops, smartphones, and tablets
- Anark Core MBE Publishing Workflow Video



MBE Publishing Workflow





<u>MBEWeb Demo</u> <u>https://tinyurl.com/anark-dmdii</u>

3D PDF TDP

STEP AP242



- Proposed as unification of AP203/214/232 with PMI support by NIST at MBE Summit in 2009
- Adopted as ISO 10303-242 standard ~2014
- Supports PMI two ways: Presentation (graphical) & Representation (semantic)
- Presentation (graphical) PMI is *intended for human consumption* in exchanging PMI between CAD systems or between CAD and downstream systems
- Representation (semantic) PMI is *needed for machine readable exchange* between CAD systems or between CAD and downstream systems
- AP242 with semantic PMI is just now becoming available in common CAD systems
 - NX 11 (Presentation and Representation) (Oct 2016)
 - Catia V5-6R2016 (R26) (Presentation)
 - Catia V5-6R2017 (R27) (Presentation and Representation) (SP3 LA TBD ~ 2017)
 - Creo 4.0 (Presentation)
 - Creo 4.0 (Presentation and Representation*) (M020 late 2017)

STEP AP242 Results



- NX 11
 - First release to support AP242
 - Supports both Representation (graphical) and Semantic (functional) PMI
 - Separate AP242 feature
- Catia V5-6R2016 (V5R26)
 - Supports only Representation (graphical) PMI
 - Requires FTA license
 - R26 bug requires units to be metric to see PMI
- Issues:
 - V5-V5
 - Some captures lose orientation and zoom capability
 - Imported PMI is graphical only
 - No success with assemblies with PMI
 - NX V5
 - Imported PMI is graphical only
 - No section views
 - Incomplete PMI
 - Extraneous sets
- Conclusion
 - NX- V5 Achieved better results using AP203 but no functional PMI
 - V5 V5 achieved best results using AP242

Model consumption/Generate TDP





Model consumption/Generate TDP





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TDP transfer back to OEMs





 Modified Bulkhead TDP is transferred thru DEXcenter to RR for incorporation in pump housing

Design Change back to Supplier







Video1



- Documenting Engineering Changes with drawings is usually done by marking up a drawing
- Documenting Engineering Changes with MBE models is more complicated
 - Often involves making screen shots
 - Manual, time consuming, easy to miss changes
- With DEXcenter and CADIQ, there is an automated programmatic process
 - Submit a pair of models
 - CADIQ programmatically identifies differences

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Technical Progress to date



- MBD design Creation at RR/Lockheed Martin
- TDP (3D PDF, JT, STEP, native CAD and documents) created
- New/updated software capabilities investigated (NX11, STEP242, 3MF)
- Data Translation performed by Lockheed Martin, Purdue, ITI and RR
 - DEXcenter support for NX11 and Catia, translation / validation processes
 - Anark PDF template developed
- Data Validation performed by Lockheed Martin and ITI
 - Using ITI CADIQ to perform validation of original CAD to STEP, PDF, JT
- Data Consumption at 3rd Dimension, Zeiss, Lockheed Martin, Purdue, RR
 - 3rd Dimension produced RR Housing (from STEP and PDF) using Additive Manufacturing
 - Purdue and 3rd Dimension investigated 3MF Additive Mfg file format
 - Zeiss inspection of RR Housing using Calypso
 - Purdue creating training material

Lessons Learned



Primary deliverable is Lessons learned:

Creation

- STEP AP242 semantic capability not yet mature
- NX11 has deficiencies with STEP AP242
- Modeling practices schemas affect 3D PDF/HTML
- Different modeling schemas may require different PDF/HTML templates

Translation

- Translation options from CAD depends on use case
- Settings for derivative export/import of data need considered and communicated

Translation

- STEP AP242 semantic capability not mature yet
- Catia STEP Export captures work well with mm units
- 3MF will be supported in Catia V5-6R2017, 3DEXP 2017x, Solidworks 2017 and future NX software enhancement.
- Catia V5R24 confirmed to NOT support semantic PMI into STEP242
- Catia V5R26 for STEP AP242

Consumption

- Manufacturing using PMI information limitedly
- Quality of MBD, even complying to standards, could still limit the usability
- Success depends on semantic vs presentation PMI.
- 3MF (Add. Mfg format) not able to consume PMI yet
- 3MF supported in Catia V5-6R2017 & NX11 & JT export

Is MBD ready for Prime-time?



Final thoughts from project team on near-term future of MBE/MBD and how they will support future MBD capabilities

- Anark
 - HTML Collaboration Tools
- ITI
 - Continue to monitor and incorporate MBE technology
 - Assist customers in adopting MBE
- Zeiss
 - Consuming PMI downstream in inspection provides many benefits
 - ZEISS continues to invest in PMI tools to make our customers successful

Is MBD ready for Prime-time?



Final thoughts from project team on near-term future of MBE/MBD and how they will support future MBD capabilities

• Purdue

- Continue to provide training on MBD and PLM for current and future workforce.
- Continue researching on topics that promotes model based digital product data.
- Lockheed
 - Stronger Commitment from Major PLM Vendor to Support the Interoperability through Standards in Order to Enable the Digital Thread/Digital Tapestry.
 - Lack of Industry Standard for Assembly Level PMI through ASME and ISO.

Rolls-Royce

- Supply chain has demonstrated limited MBE/MBD maturity for full downstream consumption, without need for human interpretation
- Linking all relevant information to the design master along with the massive amounts of related data is critical for full product lifecycle consumption
- Software companies need to adopt and support standards organization (ISO, ASME, etc.) in a more timely manner





Thank you

Questions???