



MIGRATING BIOMETRICS TO MOBILE SCENARIOS: PERFORMANCE AND USABILITY EVALUATION

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OUTLOOK

◉ Introduction

- Capture Devices
- Sample Illustrations

◉ Performance Evaluation

- Specifications
- Parameter Study towards Interoperability
- Conclusions (Performance) - 1
- Skilled Forgeries
- Conclusions (Performance) - 2

◉ “Usability” Evaluation (Scenario Evaluation)

- Specifications
- Intra-device and Intra-scenario
- Scenario Inteoperability
- Expected Interoperability Deployment
- Conclusions (Usability)



INTRO: HANDWRITTEN SIGNATURE

- ◉ Handwritten Signature:
 - Off-line (static) signature
 - **On-line (dynamic) signature**
 - Recommended for non-forensic applications
- ◉ Motivation for using Handwritten Signature:
 - The de-facto authentication method in many operational scenarios
 - Accepted by users of any age and cultural level
 - New capture devices are cheap and high quality
 - Touch sensitive screens can be used as capture device
 - Already in the hands of the final user → “costless” biometrics
- ◉ Motivation for this study
 - Is there any impact on the capture device technology?
 - Is there any impact on the “item” used to sign (stylus/finger)?
 - Is there any impact on the position of the user when signing?



INTRO: CAPTURE DEVICES (STYLUS)



- Asus Eee PC Touch T101MT
- Tablet PC
- Mixed
- 10.1"



- Wacom STU-500
- Peripheral
- 5"



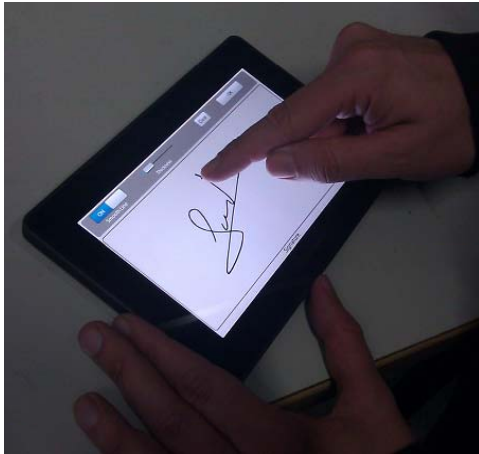
- Samsung Galaxy Note (Note-S)
- Smartphone
- Mixed
- 5.3"



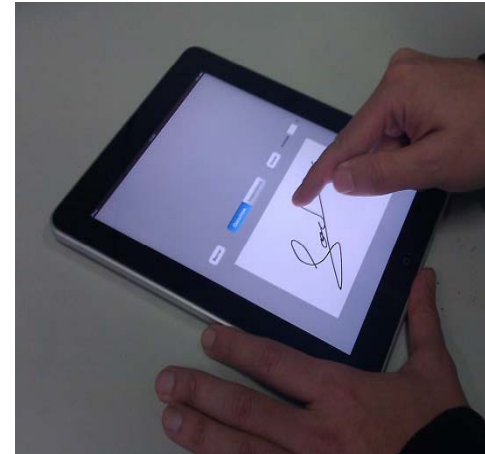
- Wacom Intuos 4
- Peripheral
- 10.81"



INTRO: CAPTURE DEVICES (FINGER)



- BlackBerry Playbook
- Tablet
- Capacitive
- 7"



- Apple iPad
- Tablet
- Capacitive
- 9.7"



- Samsung Galaxy Note (Note-F)
- Smartphone
- Mixed
- 5.3"



- Samsung Galaxy Tab
- Tablet
- Capacitive
- 7"



PERFORMANCE EVALUATION



SPECIFICATIONS

- ◉ All devices
- ◉ Crew: 11 people
 - Age: 24 - 39 years old
 - Other data: Familiar with the technology. Engineers.
- ◉ Sessions: 3
- ◉ Signatures/session: 20
- ◉ All users' real signatures
- ◉ Skilled forgeries:
 - Advanced knowledge about the signature to forge
 - 2 x 10 forgeries/user
- ◉ Target: Obtain a preliminary idea on the different parameters that may affect going towards mobility
- ◉ Algorithm used:
 - DTW-based
 - Only X and Y signals (no pressure!)
 - Enrolment with the 3 first signatures (not the "typical best" 5)
 - Genuine Signatures (Random Forgeries): EER = 1.8% (MCYT)
 - Skilled Forgeries: EER = 7.6% (MCYT)

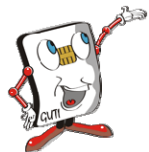
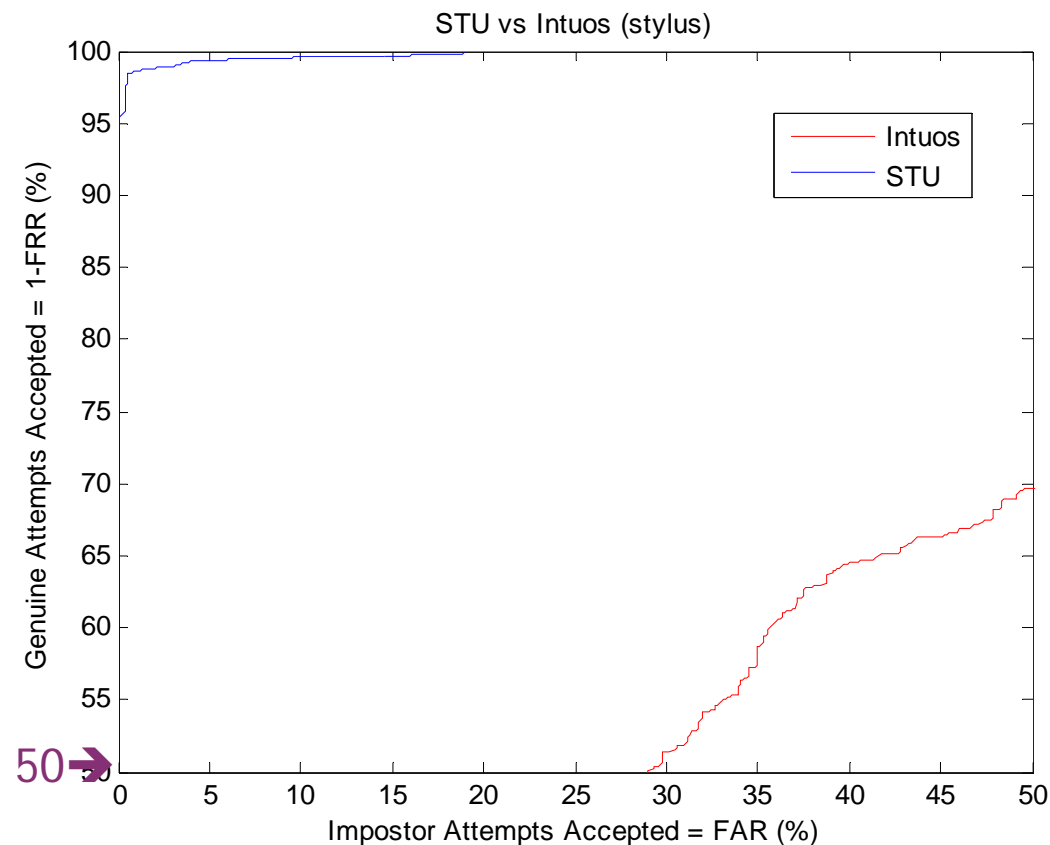


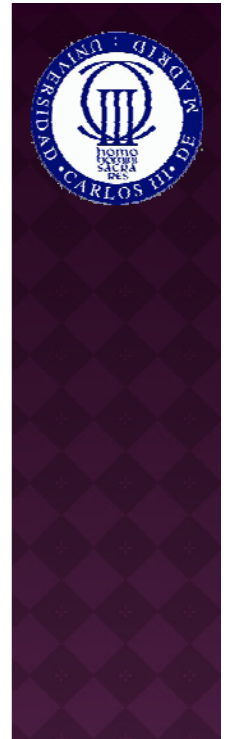
DOES VISUAL FEEDBACK MATTERS?

○ Yes!

- STU (visual fb, EER=1,27%) vs. Intuos (non-visual fb)
- EERs for different users:

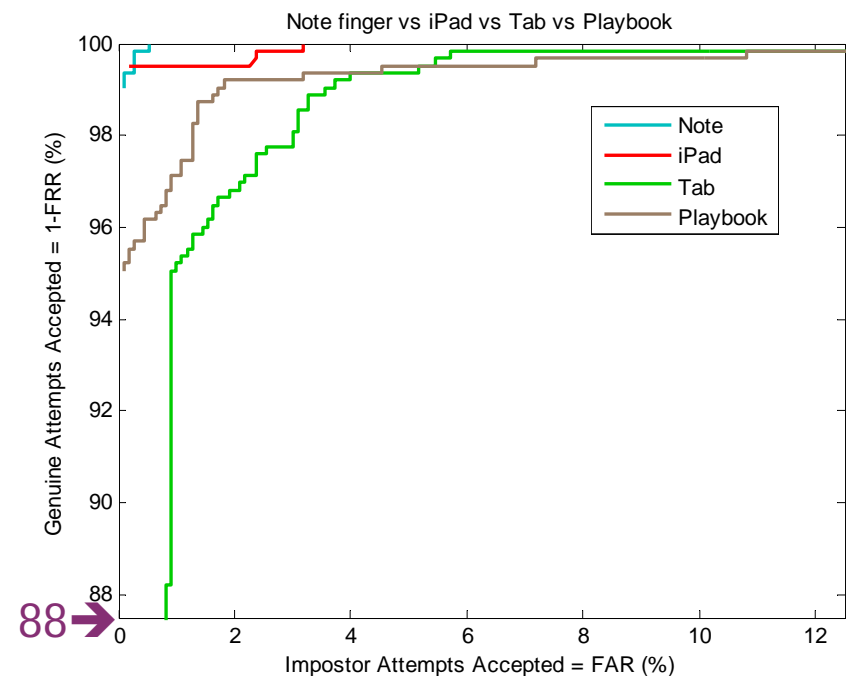
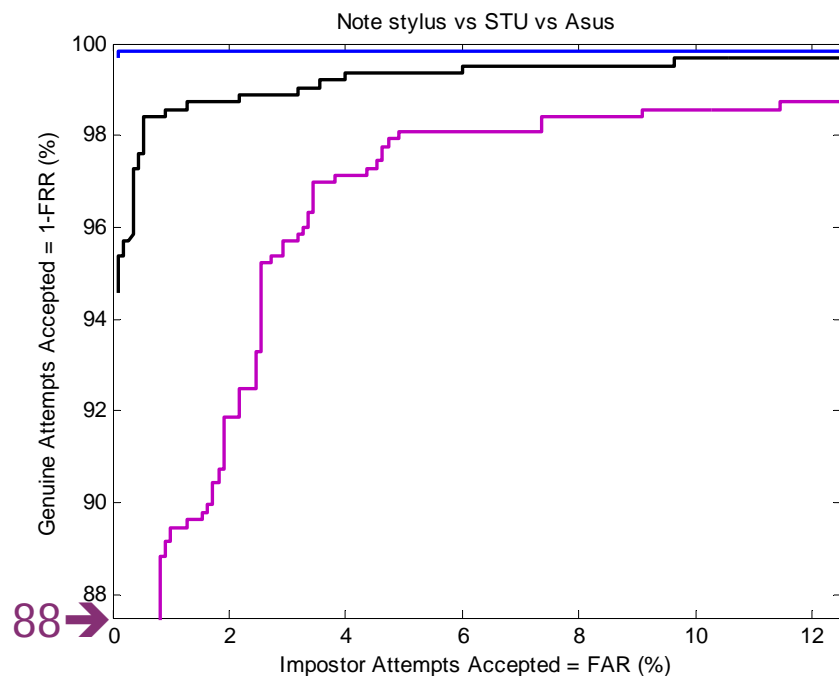
- 31.79%
- 12.14%
- 28.03%
- 35.04%
- 19.05%
- 47.18%
- 40.17%
- 33.16%
- 56.07%
- **22.90%**
- 12.14%





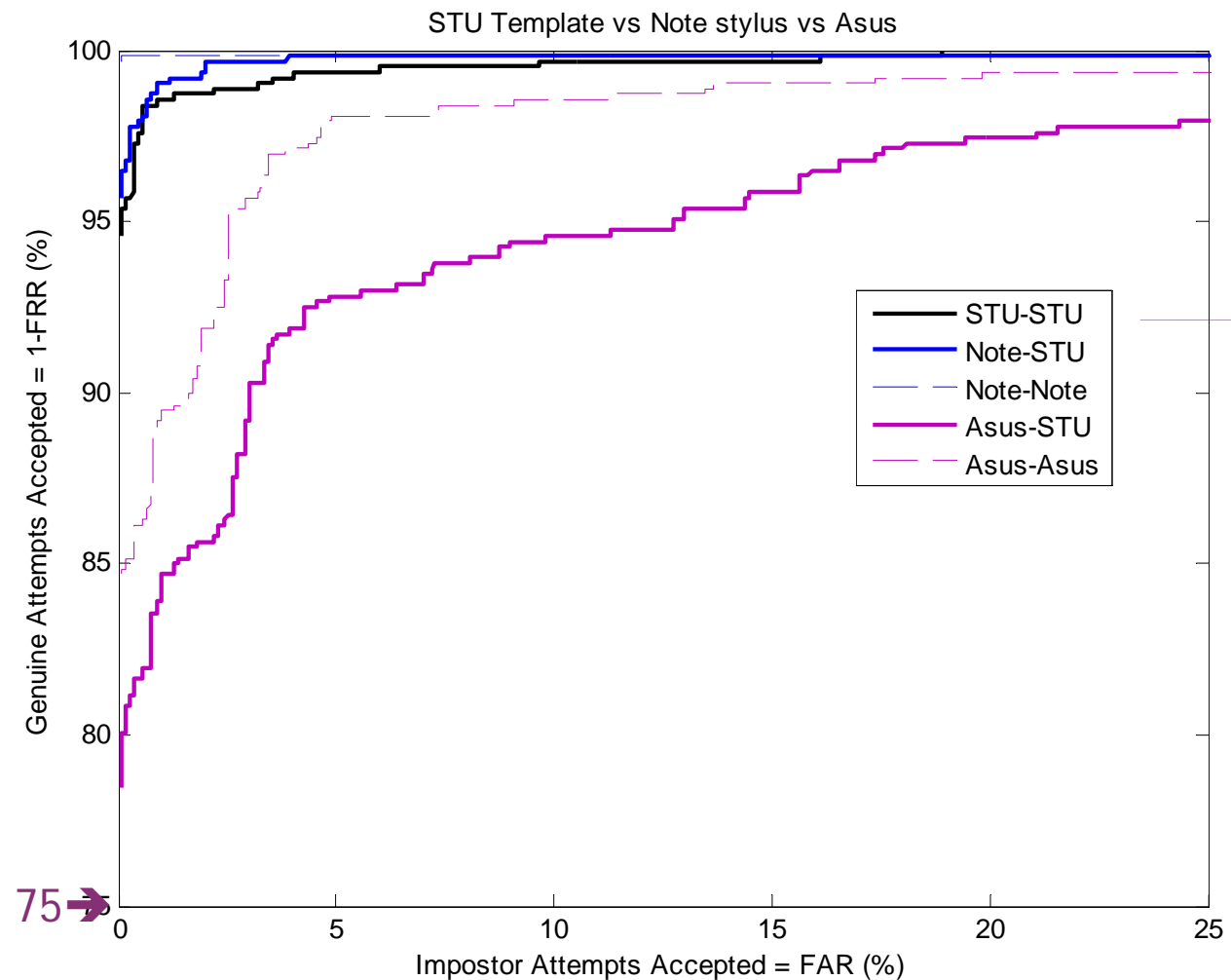
DOES TECHNOLOGY MATTERS?

- Technology = Capture technology + capture size + O.S.
- Technology matters:
 - With Stylus (EER):
 - Note-S = 0.17; STU = 1.27; ASUS = 3.48
 - With finger (EER):
 - Note-F = 0.29; iPad = 0.47; Playbook = 1.39; Tab = 2.38
- Not really sure about which aspect of technology makes the dependency:
 - Not found a relationship with size (from a minimum size of the Note) or O.S.
 - About O.S.: which version? Which implementation?



INTEROPERABILITY (STYLUS)

- STU as reference (office scenario)
- RESULTS: lower performance than with it's own pattern, but acceptable:
 - Note:
 - 0.17 → 0.98
 - Asus:
 - 3.48 → 6.84



INTEROPERABILITY (FINGER) - 1

◉ Note-F for reference (best result intra-device):

■ Tab:

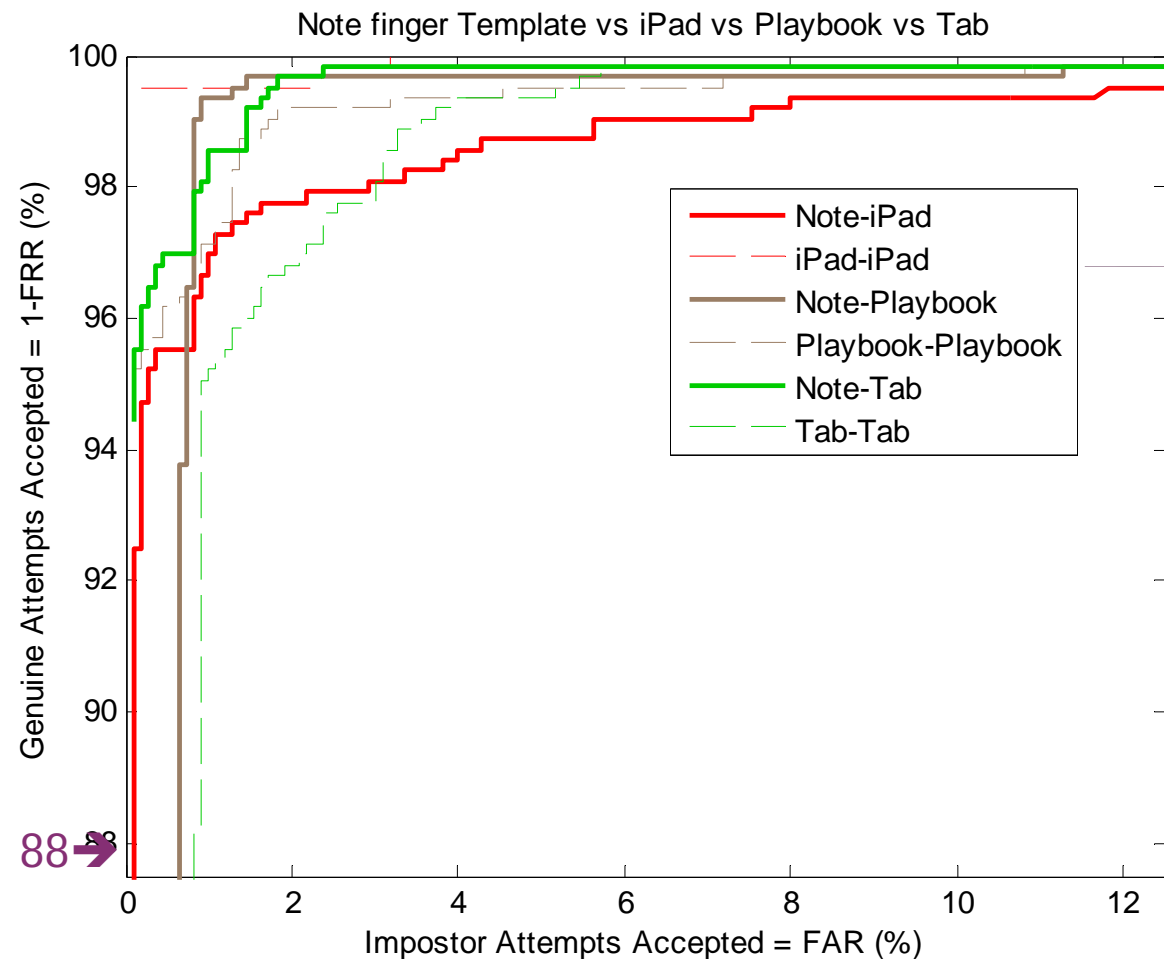
○ 2.38 → 1.45 !!

■ iPad:

○ 0.47 → 2.21

■ Playbook:

○ 1.39 → 0.93 !!



INTEROPERABILITY (FINGER) - 2



○ iPad for reference (second best):

■ Tab:

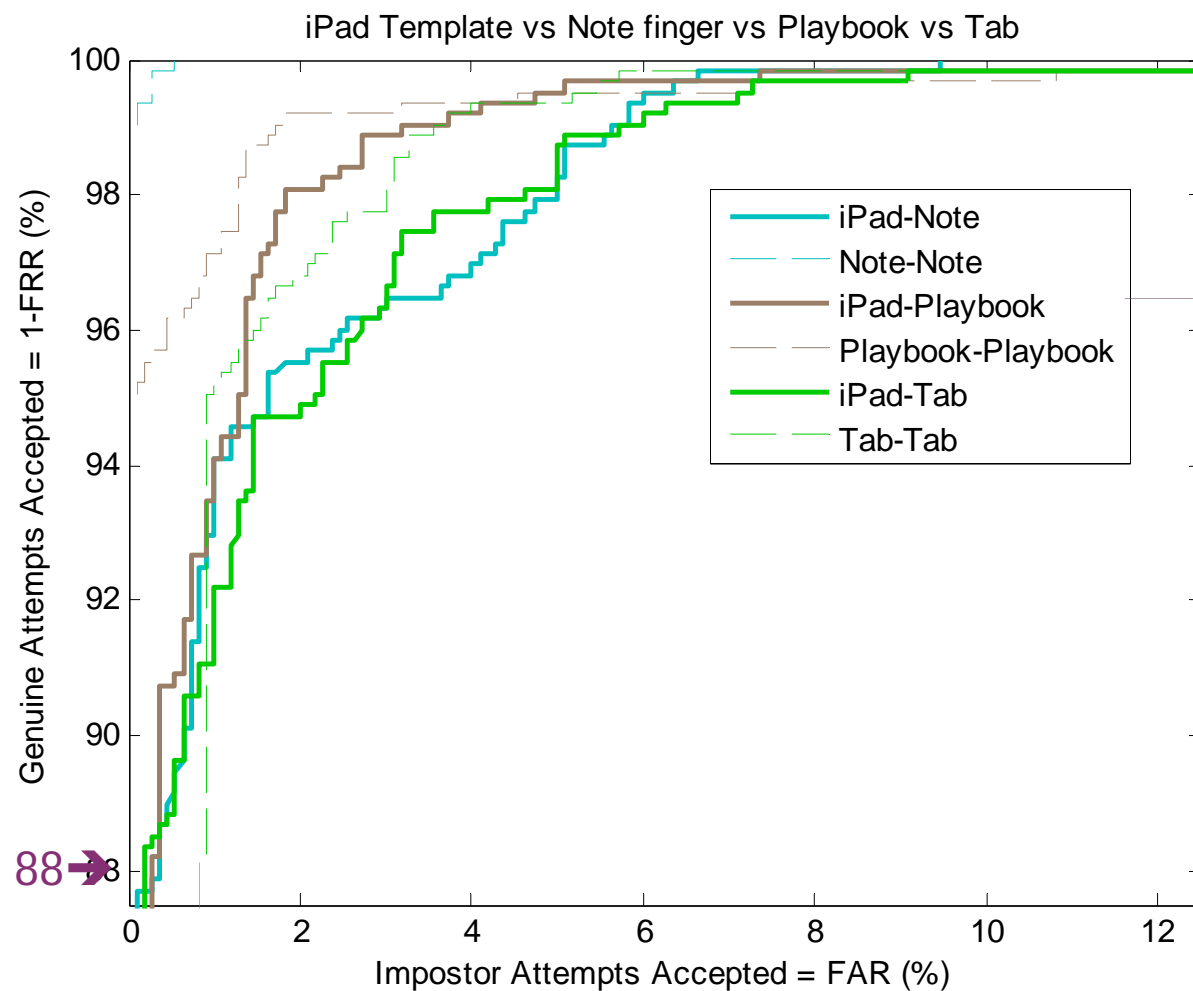
○ 2.38 → 3.06

■ Note-F:

○ 0.29 → 3.52

■ Playbook:

○ 1.39 → 1.91

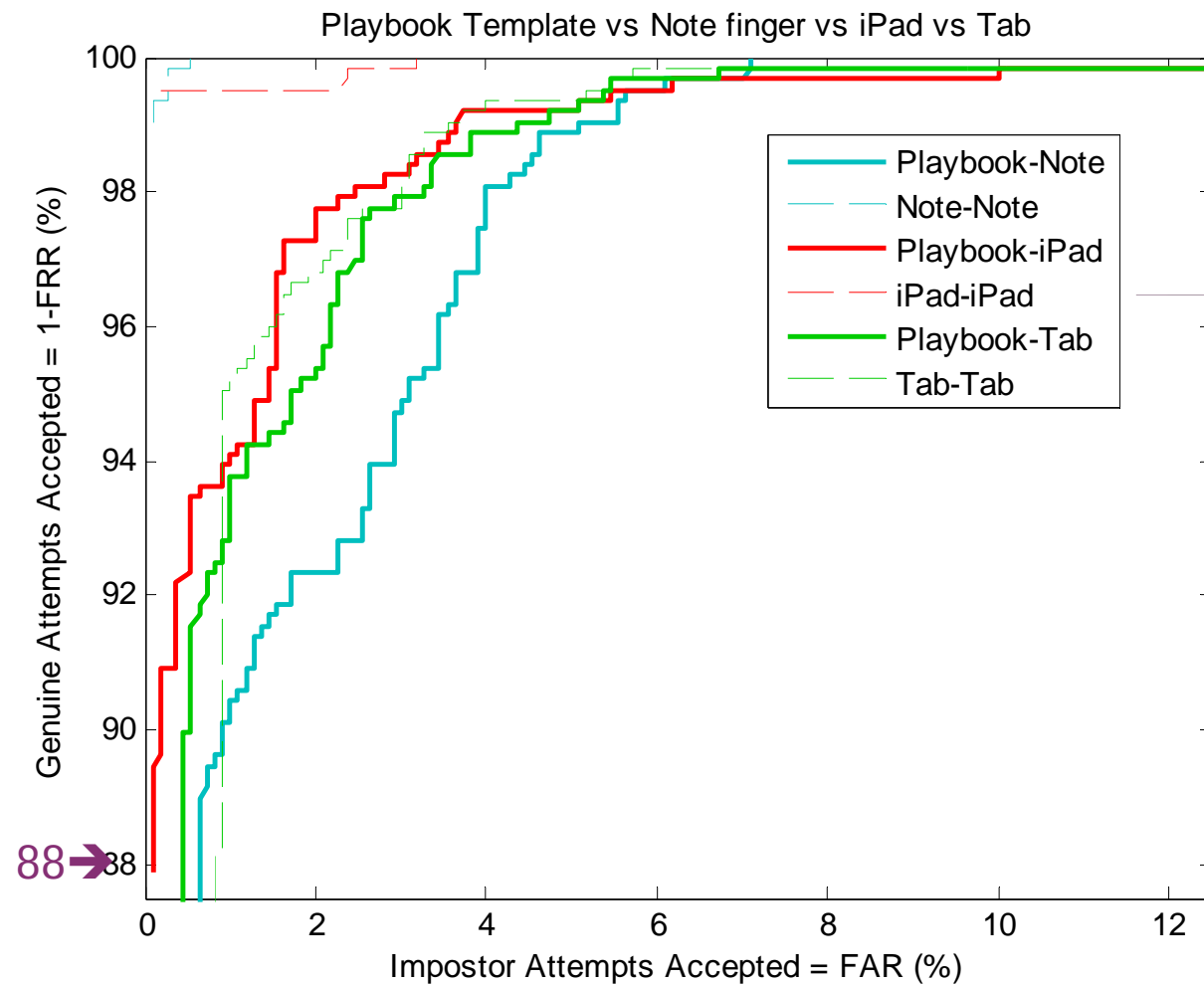


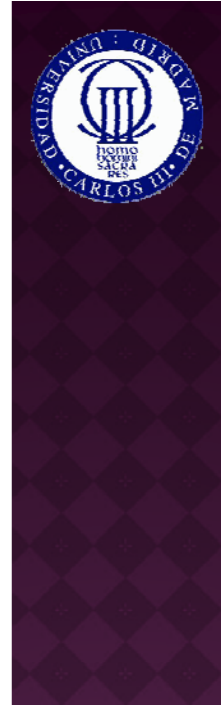
INTEROPERABILITY (FINGER) - 3



Playbook for reference:

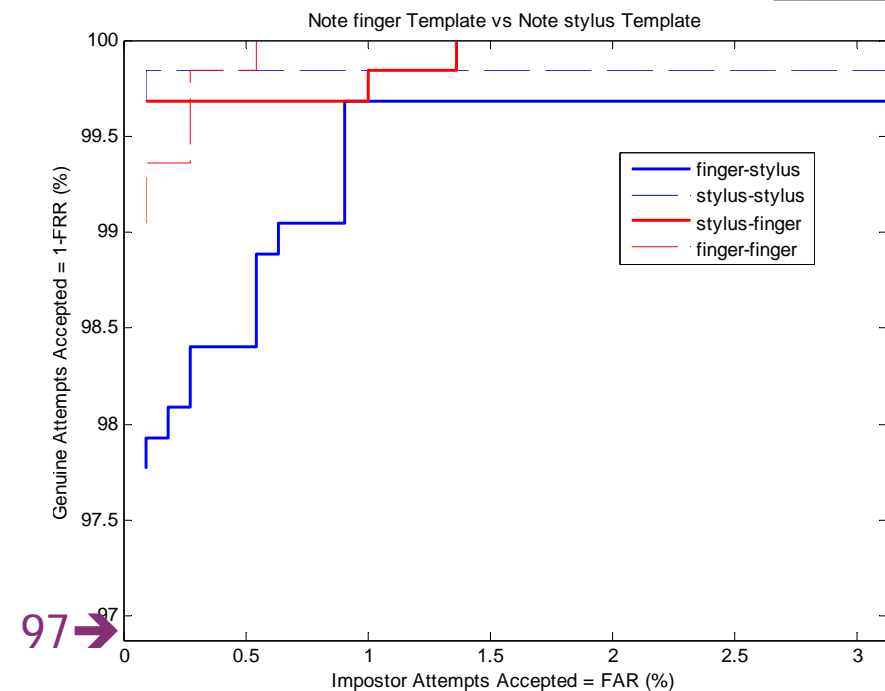
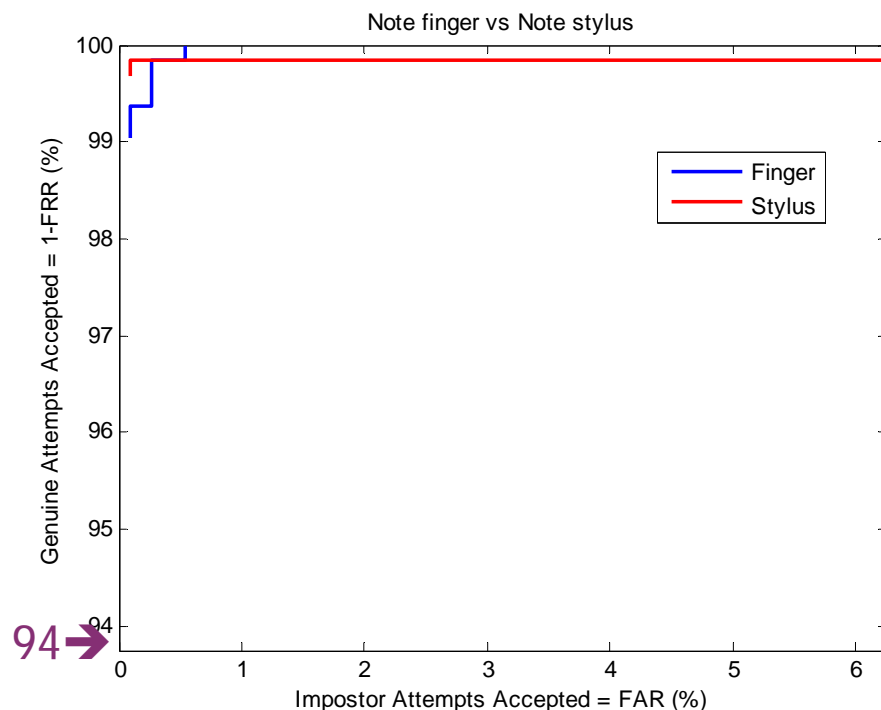
- Tab:
 - 2.38 → 2.55
- Note-F:
 - 0.29 → 3.65
- iPad:
 - 0.47 → 2.25





ONE OR TWO MODALITIES - 1

- Comparing within the same device (Note):
 - EER Stylus = 0.17; EER Finger = 0.29
- Comparing “inter-modality”
 - Enrolling with Stylus: 0.34; Enrolling with Finger: 0.93
- Preliminary Result: Not the same, but comparable!



ONE OR TWO MODALITIES - 2



- Note-Stylus for reference:

- Tab:

 - 2.38 → 0.55 !!

- Note-F:

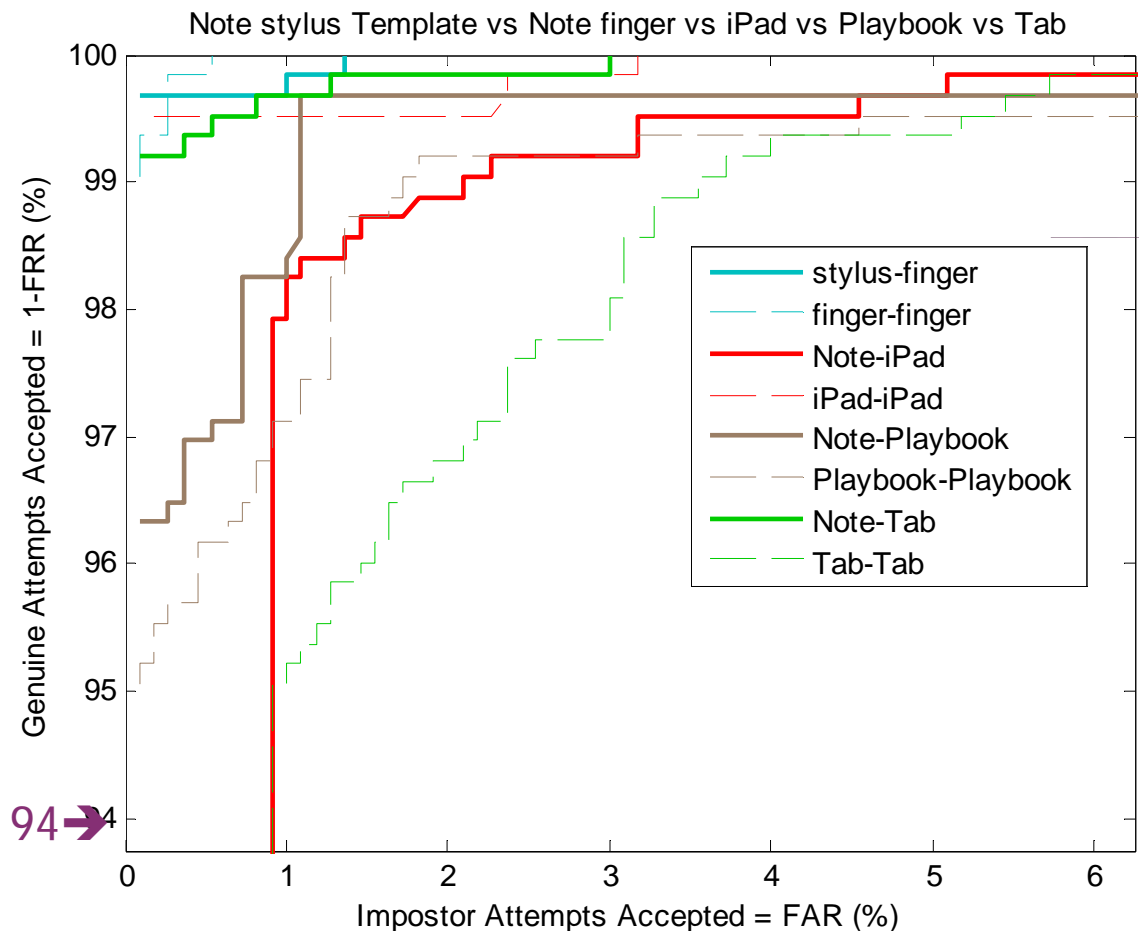
 - 0.29 → 0.34

- Playbook:

 - 1.39 → 1.10 !!

- iPad:

 - 0.47 → 1.45



ONE OR TWO MODALITIES - 3



○ iPad for reference:

○ Note-Stylus:

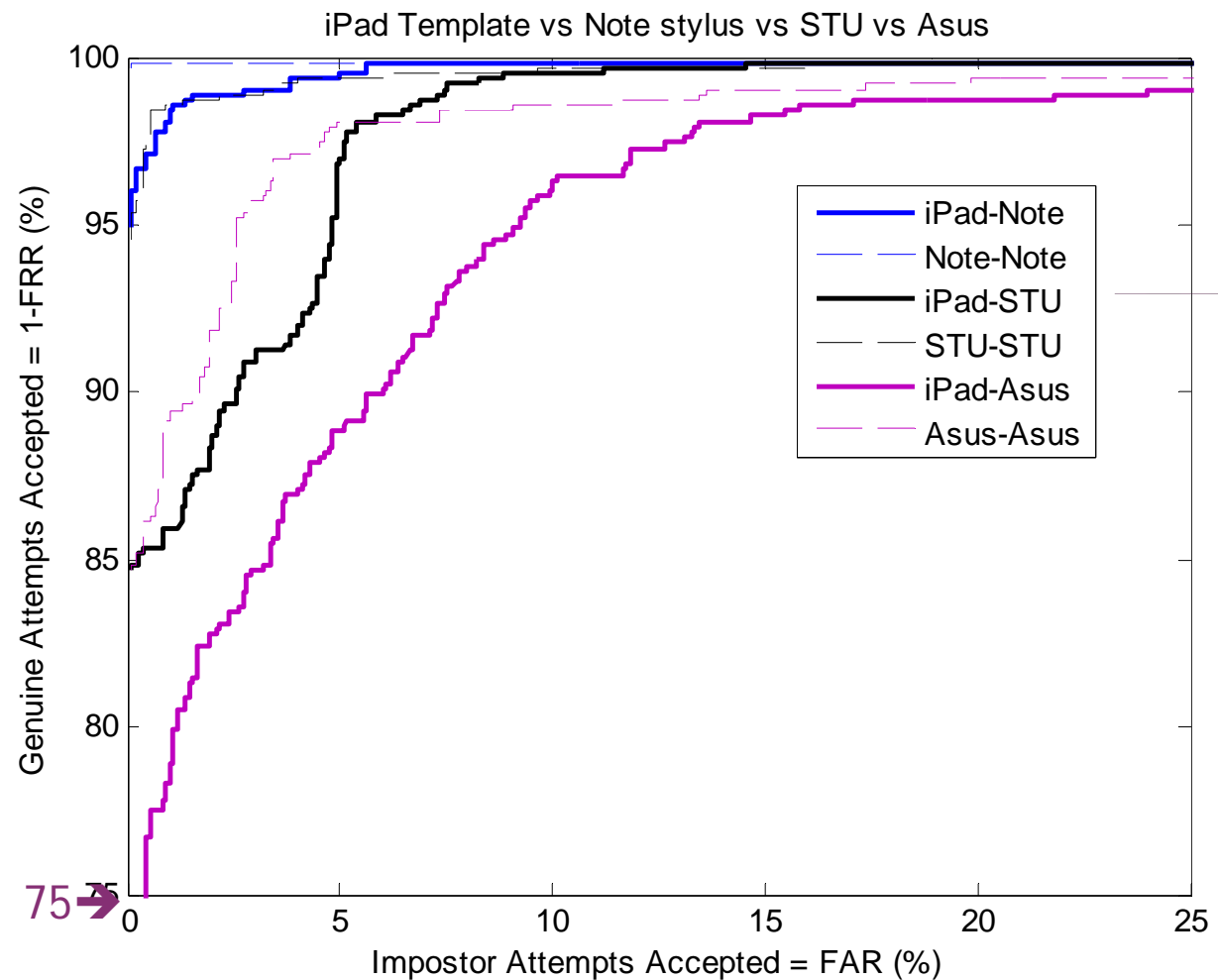
■ 0.17 → 1.40

○ Asus:

■ 3.48 → 7.30

○ STU:

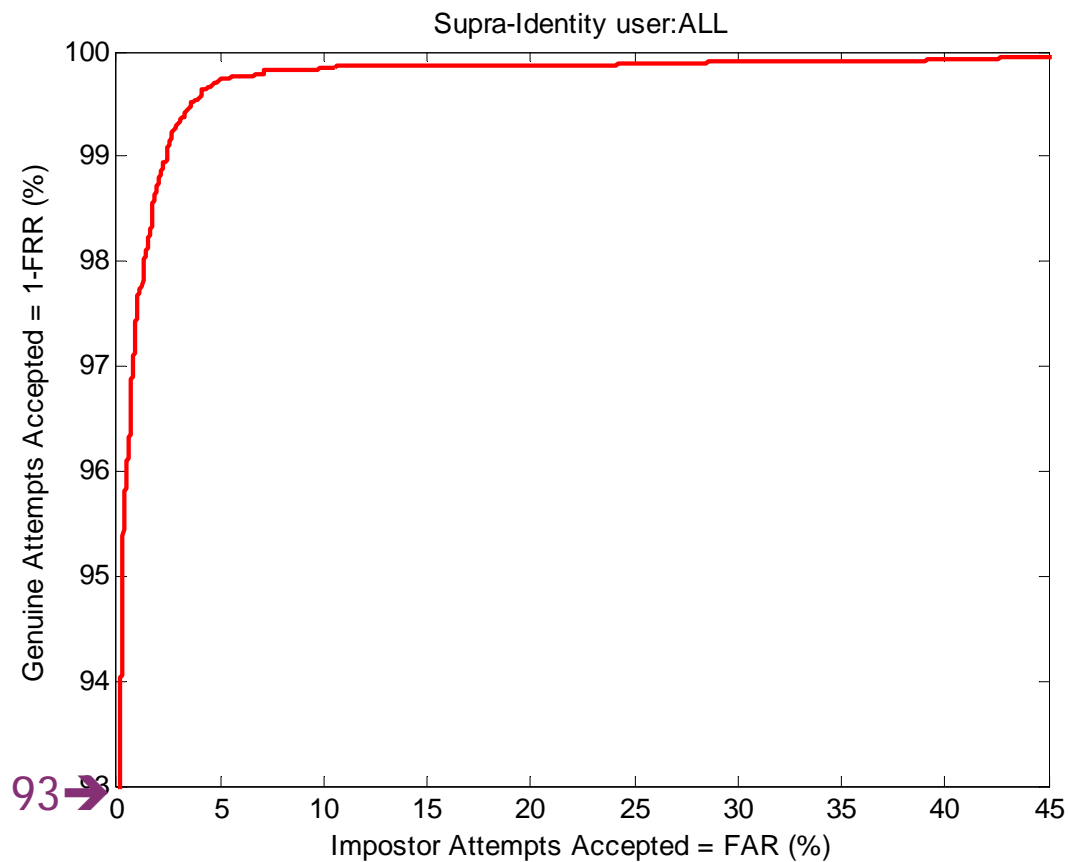
■ 1.27 → 4.80



INTEROPERABILITY - II

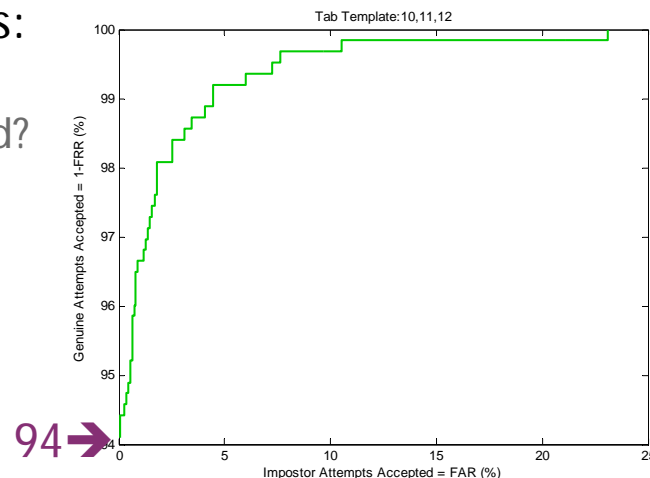
Supra-Identity:

- Each user has 7 different biometric references
- Best score is used
- EER = 1.66



CONCLUSIONS (PERFORMANCE) - 1

- ◉ Visual Feedback is a major parameter for performance!
- ◉ No relationship with technology has been found for different behaviours
- ◉ Within genuine samples, interoperability is affordable:
 - Within stylus devices is really good
 - Within finger-based devices in affordable
 - ◉ Improvement of EER in Tab or Playbook, having the template with Note-F, shows a potential problem in enrolling with Tab or Playbook.
 - Habituation? Enrolling with samples 10, 11 and 12 improves EER: 2.38 → 1.91 (Figure below)
 - But the problem still exists!
- ◉ Results initially shows that a single modality can be considered
 - Interoperability is acceptable
 - ◉ Enrolling with stylus results may even get better
- ◉ Supra-identity shows really good results:
 - But enrolling is tiring for users
 - And what about future devices being used?



WHAT ABOUT SKILLED FORGERIES? 1

○ For each of the stylus-based devices:

■ Note-Stylus:

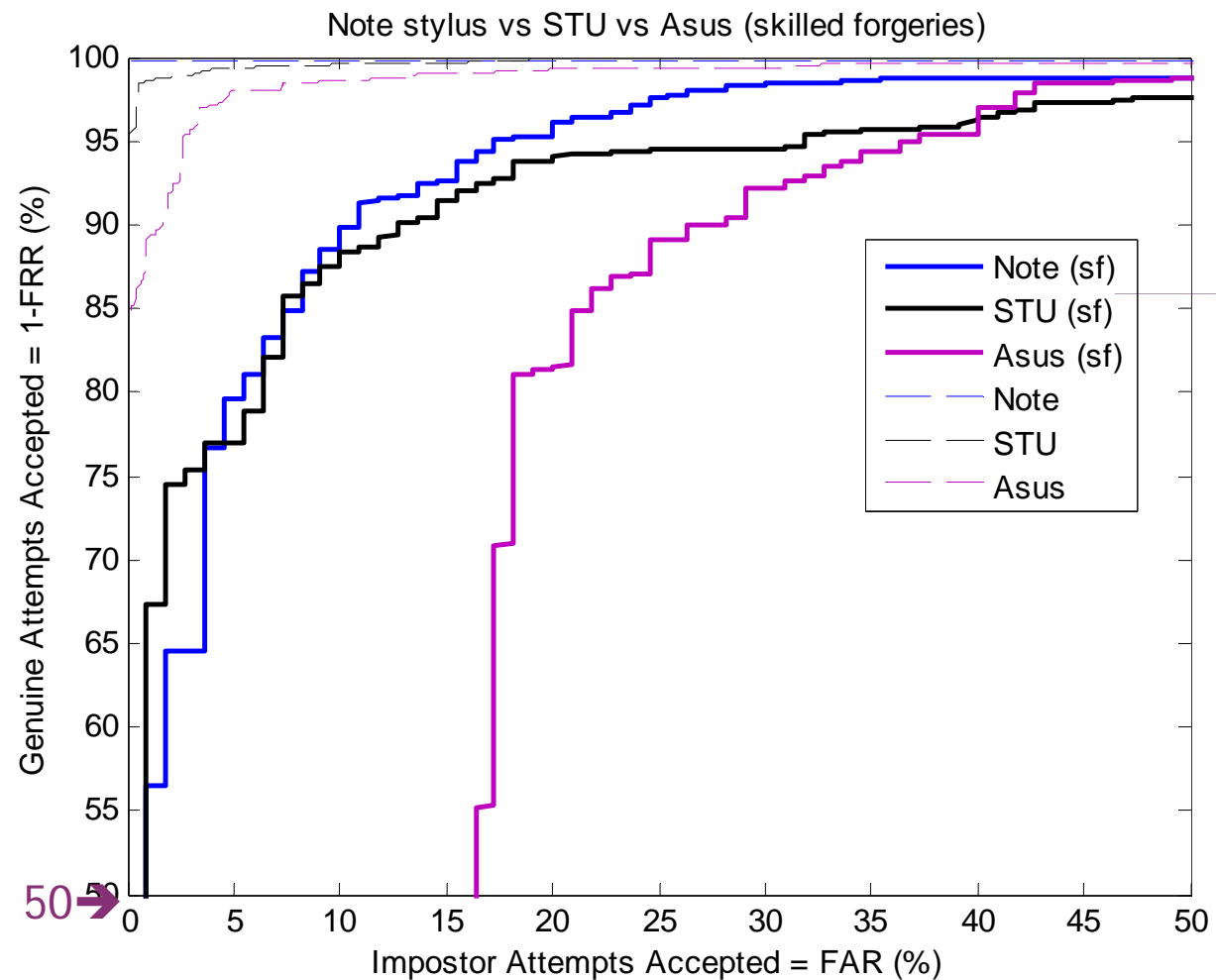
○ 0.17 → 10.1

■ Asus:

○ 3.48 → 19.0

■ STU:

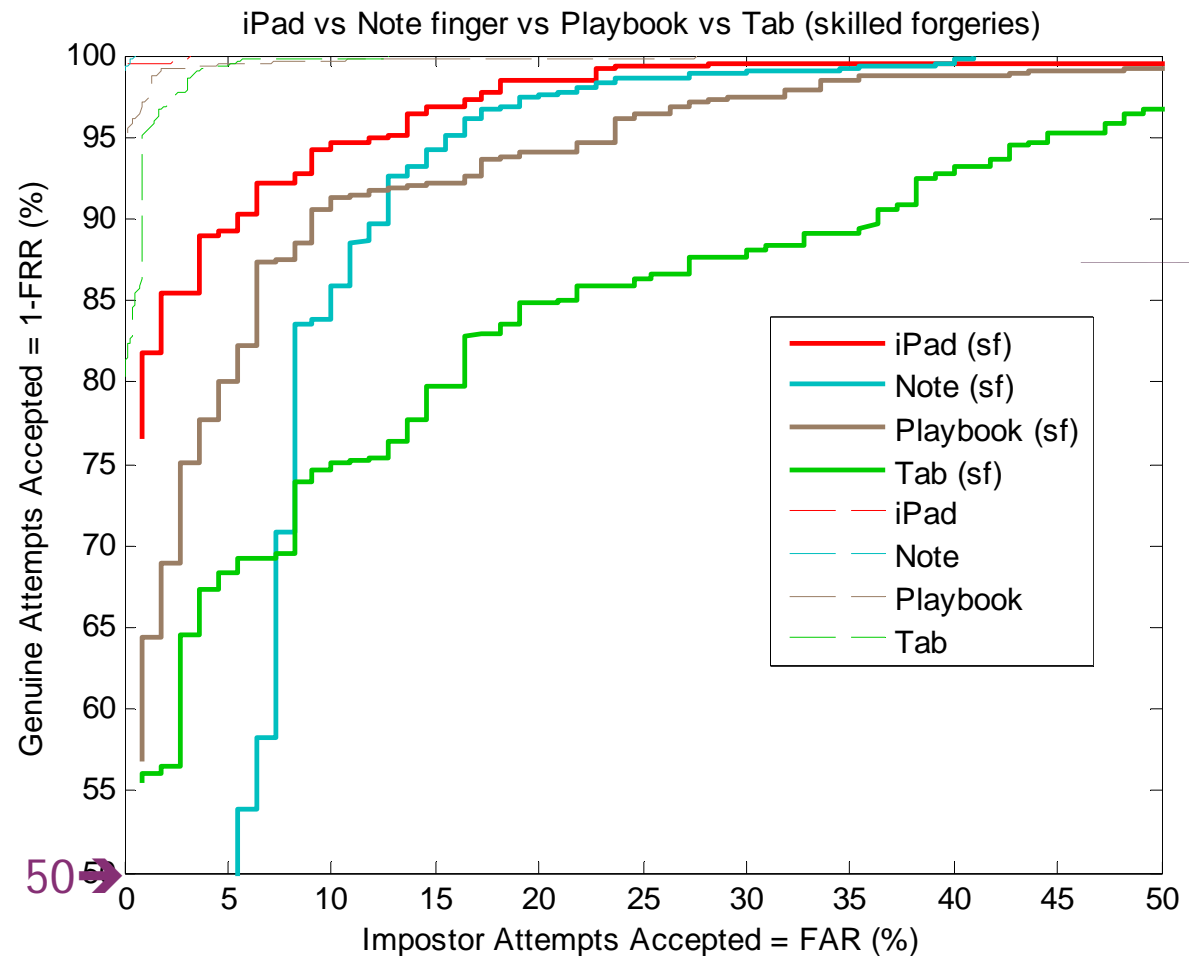
○ 1.27 → 11.1



WHAT ABOUT SKILLED FORGERIES? 2

For each of the finger-based devices:

- Tab:
 - 2.38 → 17.18
- Note-F:
 - 0.29 → 10.10
- Playbook:
 - 1.39 → 9.25
- iPad:
 - 0.47 → 7.99



WHAT ABOUT SKILLED FORGERIES? 3

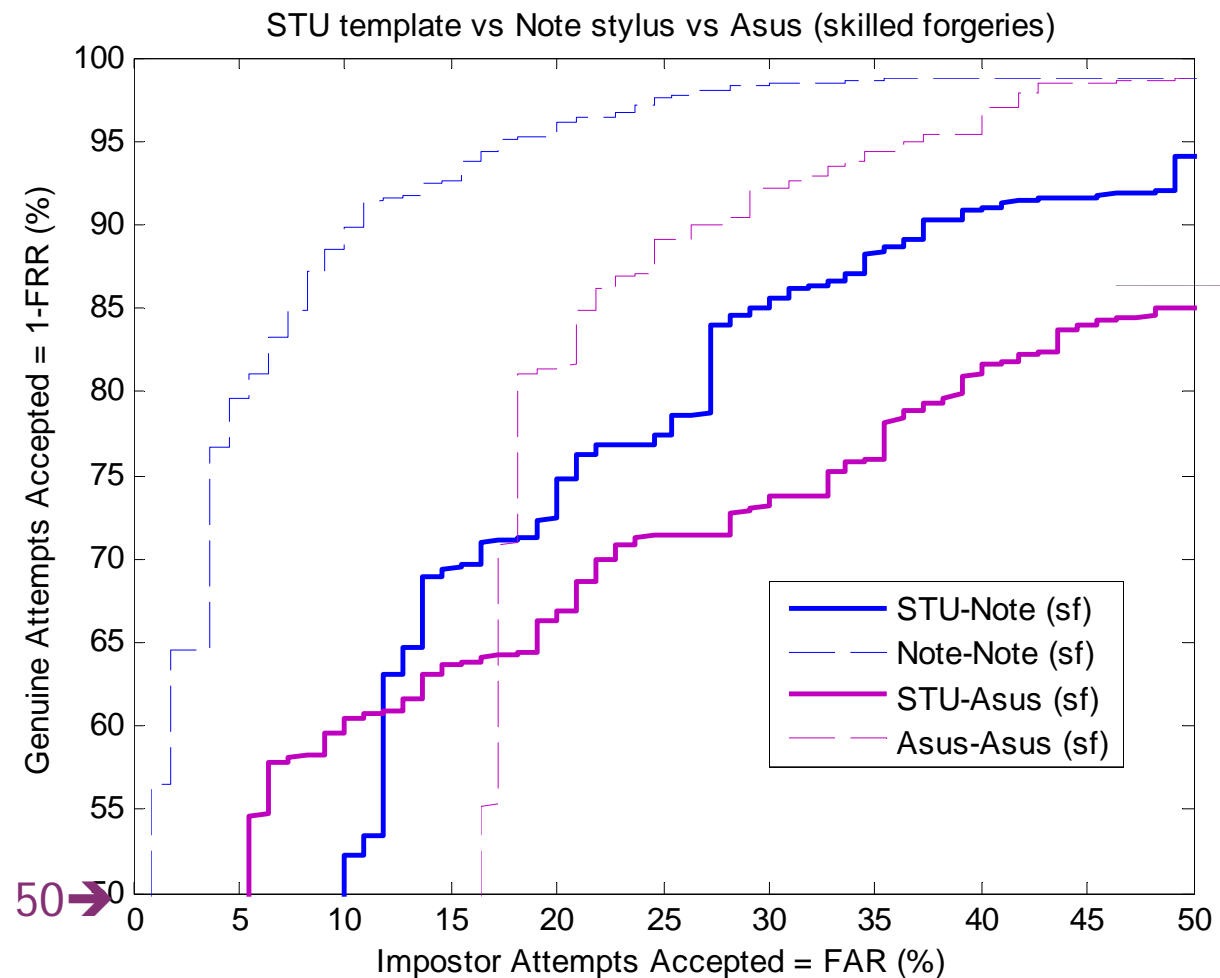
◉ “Intra-modality” interoperability for stylus-based devices (enrolling with STU):

■ Note-Stylus:

○ 0.98 → 22.9

■ Asus:

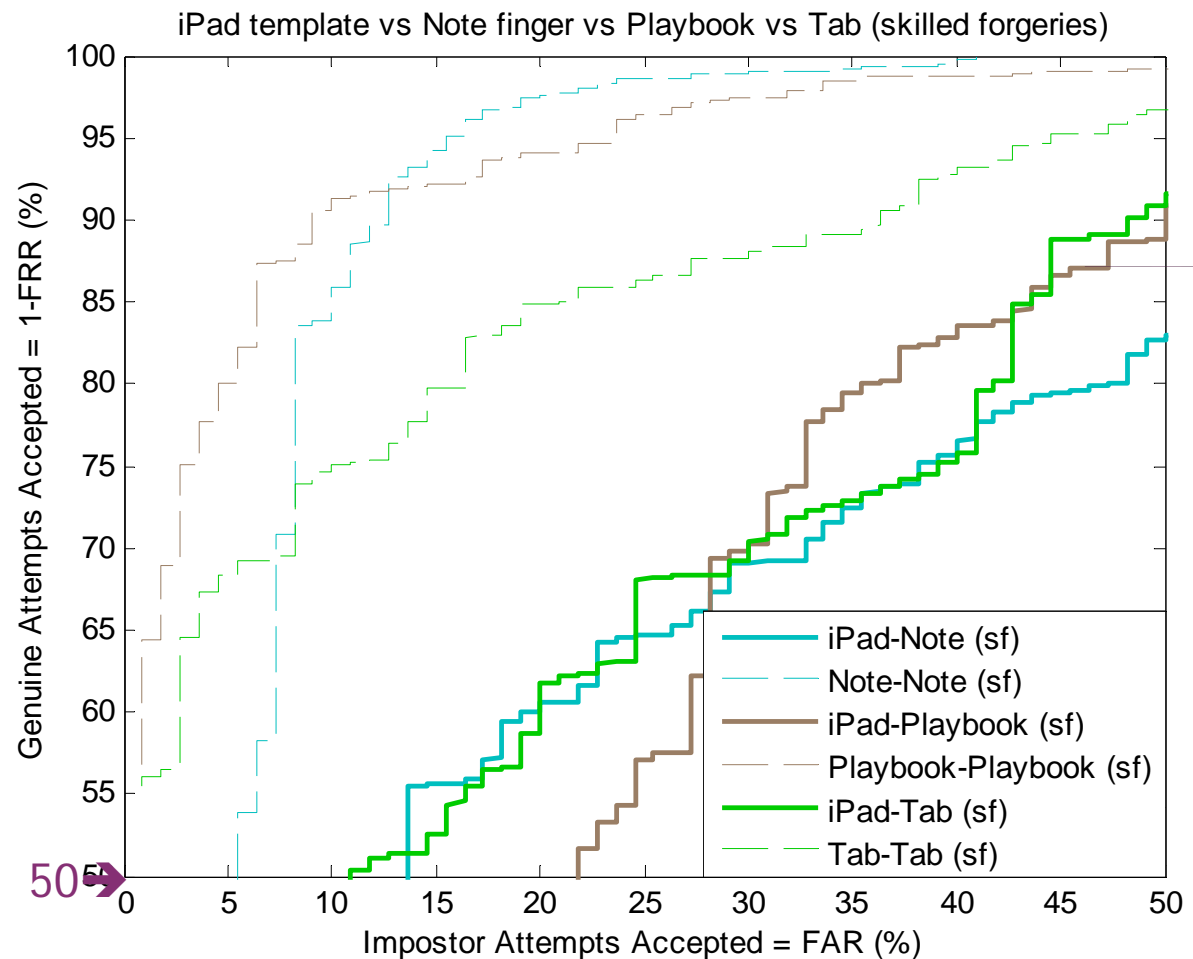
○ 6.84 → 28.2



WHAT ABOUT SKILLED FORGERIES? 4

“Intra-modality” interoperability for finger-based devices (enrolling with iPad):

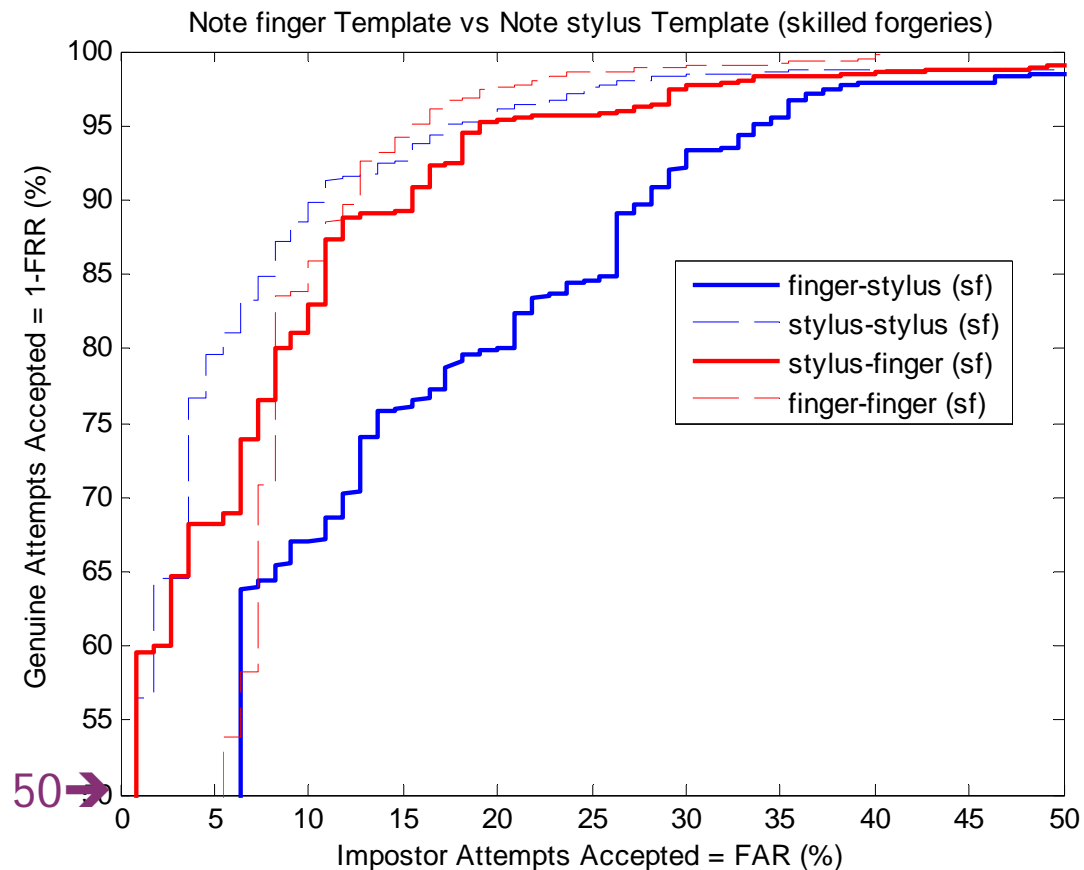
- Tab:
 - 3.06 → 29.99
- Note-F:
 - 3.52 → 30.85
- Playbook:
 - 1.91 → 30.07



WHAT ABOUT SKILLED FORGERIES? 5

“Inter-modality” interoperability (Note):

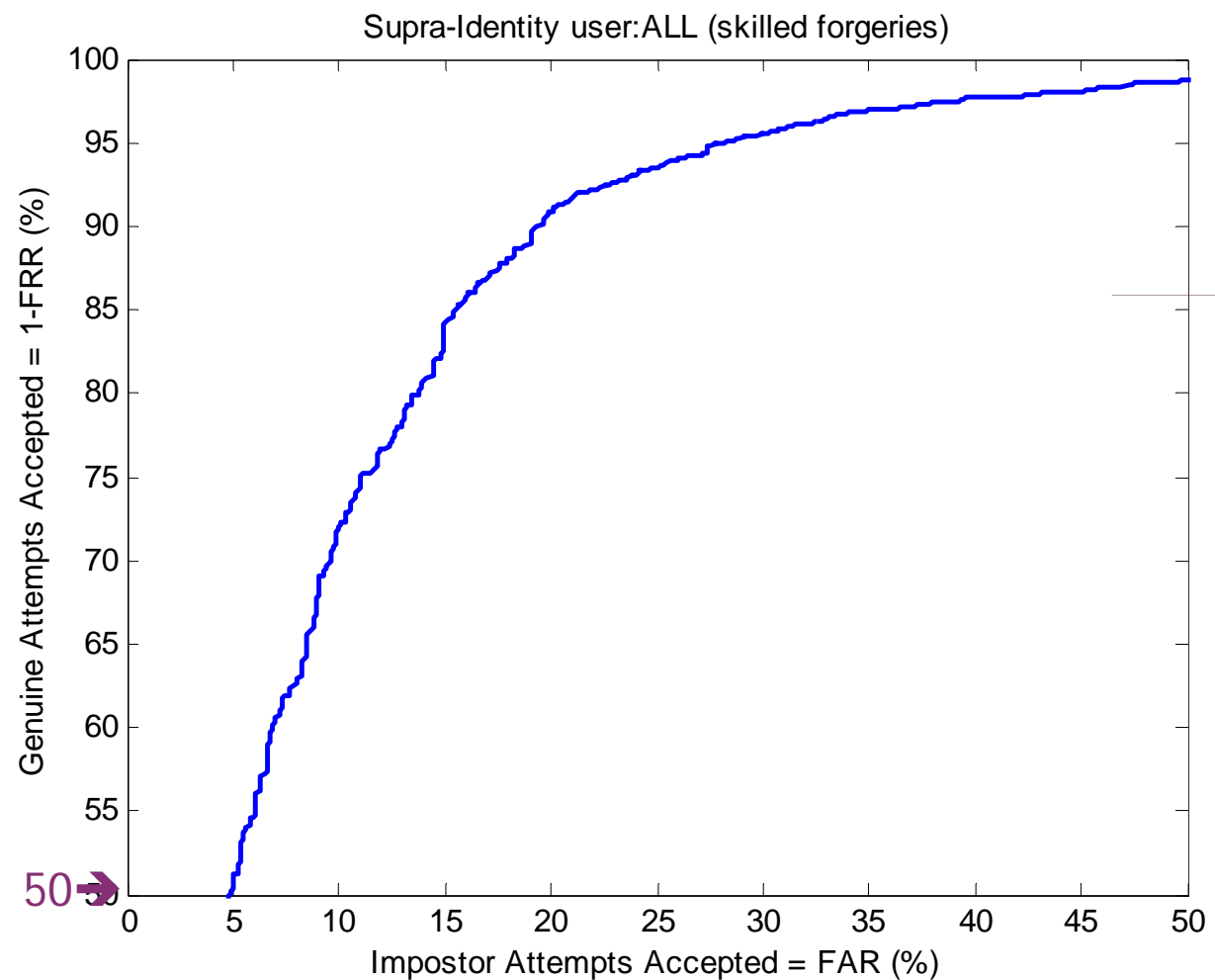
- Reference Note-F:
 - Note-S: 0.98 → 11.81
- Reference Note-S:
 - Note-F: 3.52 → 19.97



WHAT ABOUT SKILLED FORGERIES? 6

◉ Supra-identity:

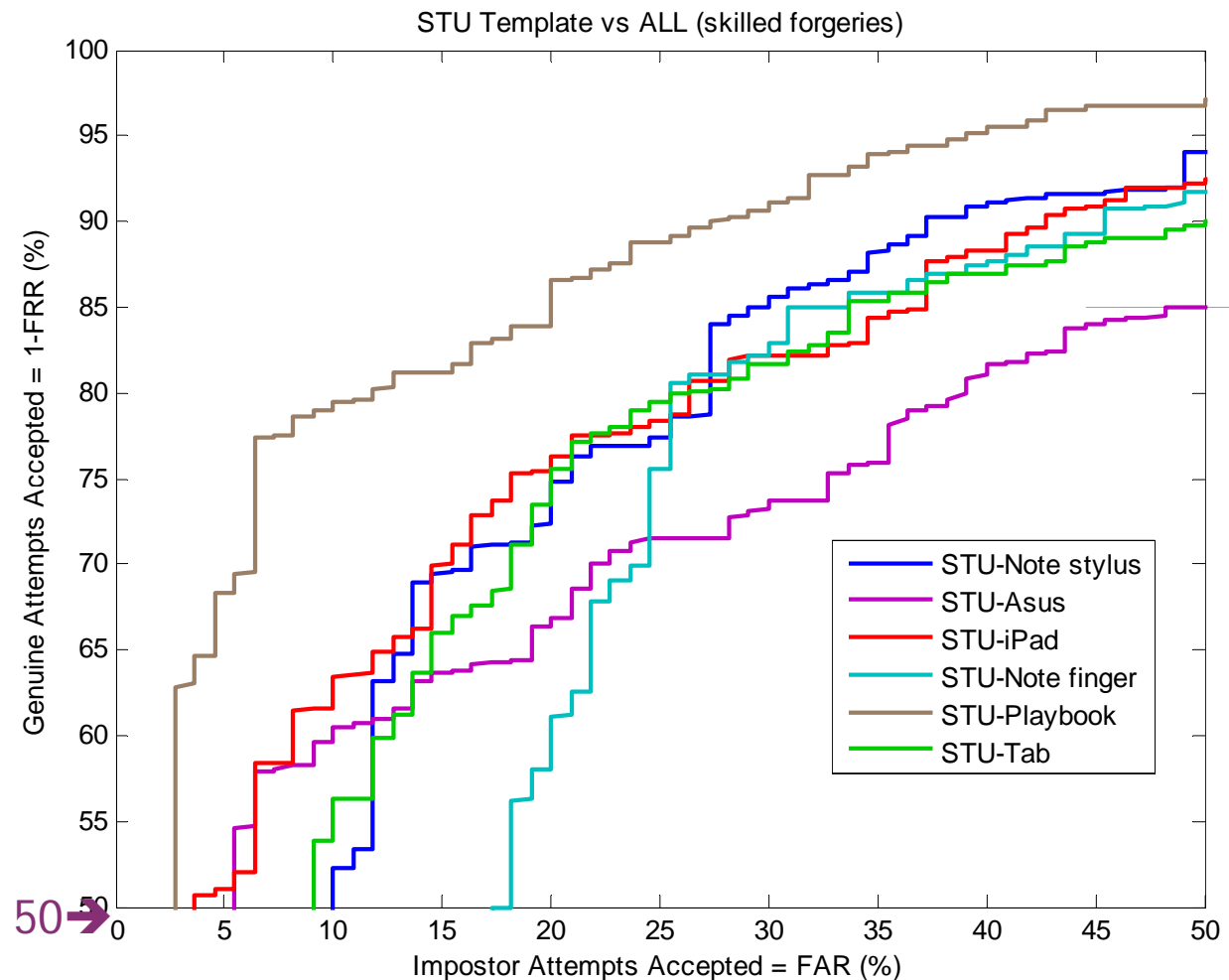
■ 1.66 → 15.33



WHAT ABOUT SKILLED FORGERIES? 7

“Office enrolment / Multiple device verification” scenario (enrolment with STU):

- Note-Stylus:
 - 22.93
- Asus:
 - 28.21
- iPad:
 - 22.61
- Note-Finger:
 - 24.55
- Playbook:
 - 17.17
- Tab:
 - 22.53



CONCLUSIONS (PERFORMANCE) - 2

- ◉ Visual Feedback is a major parameter for performance!
- ◉ No relationship with technology has been found for different behaviours
- ◉ Within genuine samples, interoperability is affordable:
 - Within stylus devices is really good
 - Within finger-based devices in affordable
 - ◉ Potential problem in some enrolments with fingers
- ◉ Results initially shows that a single modality can be considered
 - Interoperability is acceptable
 - ◉ Enrolling with stylus results may even get better
- ◉ Supra-identity shows really good results:
 - But enrolling is tiring for users
 - And what about future devices being used?
- ◉ Skilled Forgeries kill modality performance
 - Worst that State-of-the-Art
 - ◉ May pressure provide the difference?
 - Intra-device (10% approx.); Intra-modality (>20% for stylus, 30% for finger); Supra-identity (15.33%); Typical scenario (about 20%)
 - The skilled forgeries were obtained with high knowledge on the user's signature
 - ◉ Improvement on algorithm? Or real problem with advanced forgery?



USABILITY EVALUATION



SPECIFICATIONS

- ◉ Devices:
 - ASUS (Tablet PC)
 - STU-500 (Peripheral - Reference Device)
 - iPad (Tablet)
 - HTC Desire (Smartphone)
- ◉ Crew: 15 people
 - Age: 16 - 60 years old
 - Other data: Broad-spectrum in familiarity with technology, habituation to sign, etc.
- ◉ Sessions: 1
- ◉ Signatures/session: 12
- ◉ All genuine samples (NO skilled forgeries)
- ◉ All users' real signatures
- ◉ 5 Scenarios

- ◉ Target: Obtain a preliminary idea on the influence of the position for signing
 - First step towards a full usability test (based on HBSI)
- ◉ Same algorithm used



SCENARIOS



01
Reference Scenario
(All devices)



02
(HTC, iPad)



03
(Asus, HTC, STU)



04
(iPad, STU)



05
(HTC, iPad)



SAME DEVICE & SCENARIO - 1

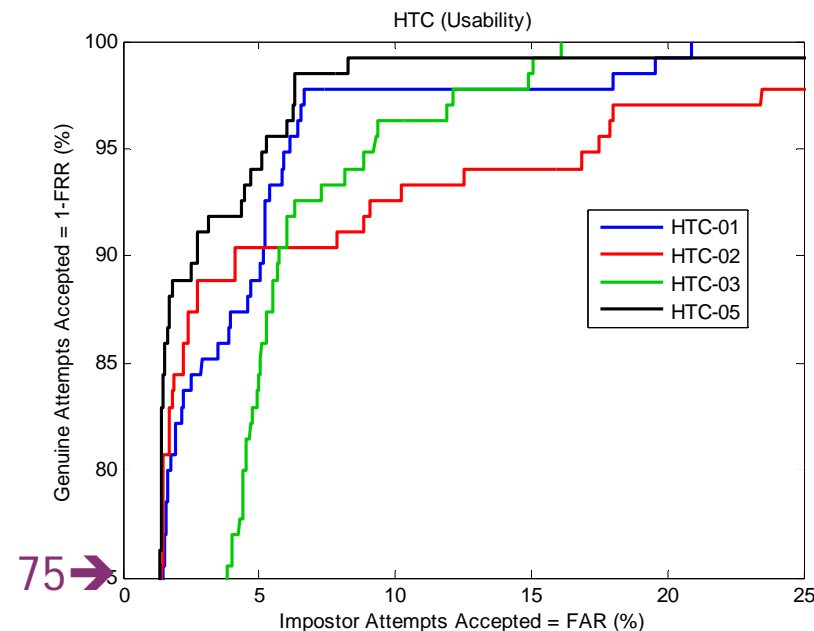
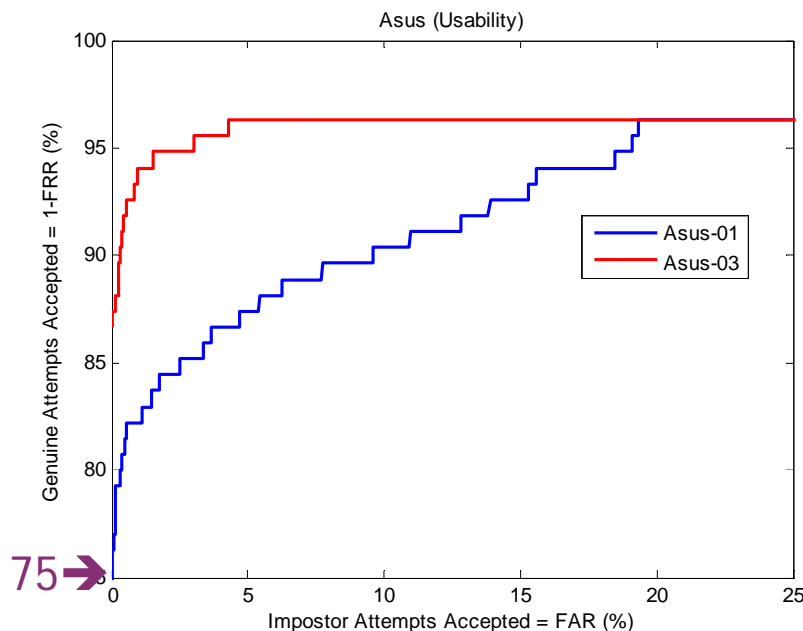
Comparing enrolling with its own scenario (same device):

ASUS:

- Scenario 01: EER = 9.62 (← 3.48)
- Scenario 03: EER = 4.37

HTC:

- Scenario 01: EER = 5.92 (← 2.38 for Tab)
- Scenario 02: EER = 8.87
- Scenario 03: EER = 7.35
- Scenario 05: EER = 5.19



SAME DEVICE & SCENARIO - 2

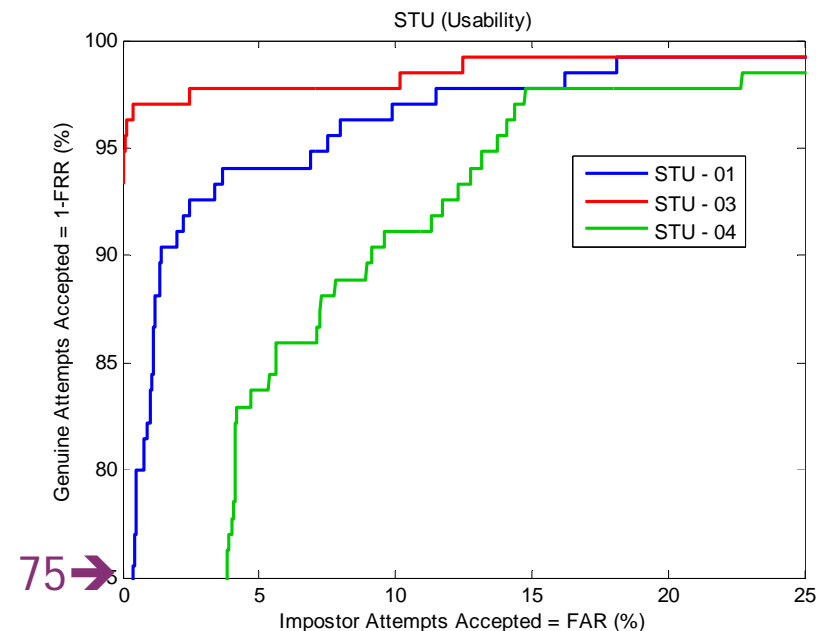
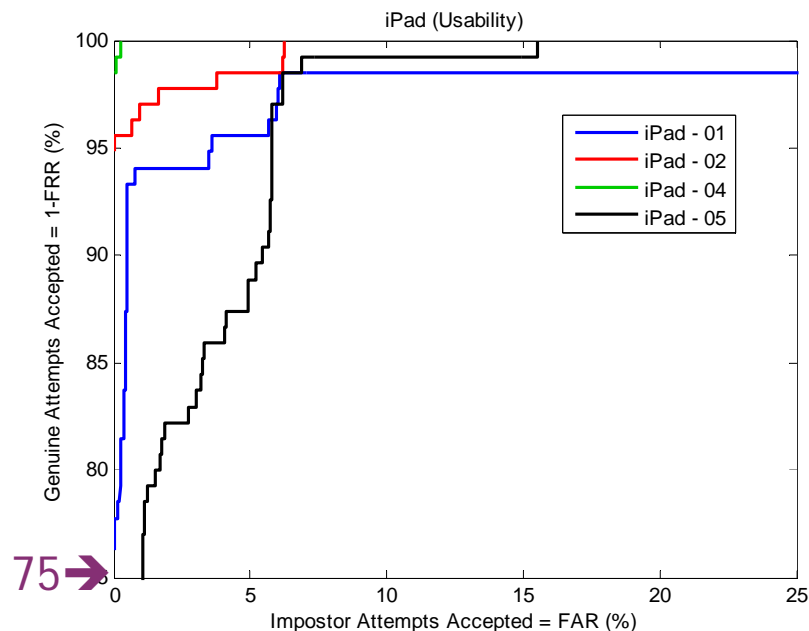
Comparing enrolling with its own scenario (same device):

■ iPad:

- Scenario 01: EER = 4.44 (← 0.47)
- Scenario 02: EER = 2.23
- **Scenario 04: EER = 0.14 !!**
- Scenario 05: EER = 5.84

■ STU:

- Scenario 01: EER = 5.92 (← 1.27)
- Scenario 03: EER = 2.35
- Scenario 04: EER = 9.60



SCENARIO INTEROPERABILITY - 1



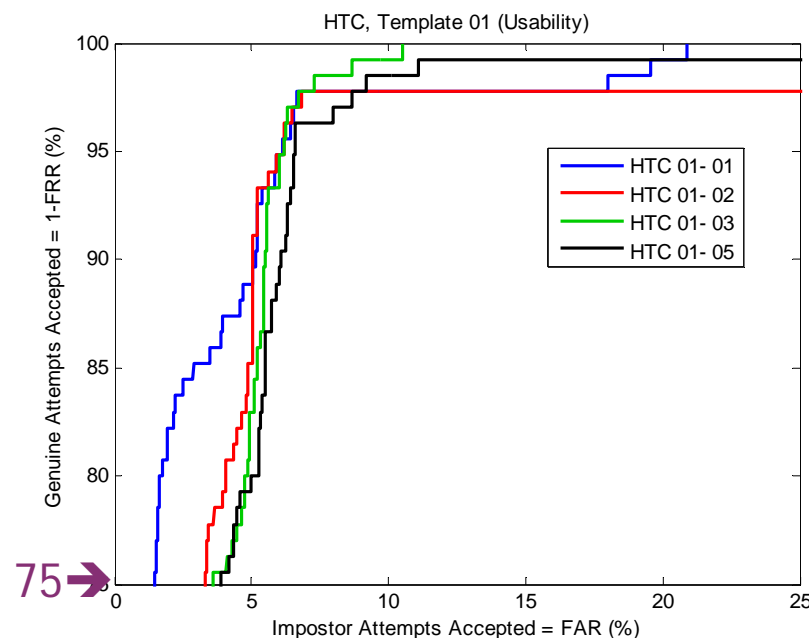
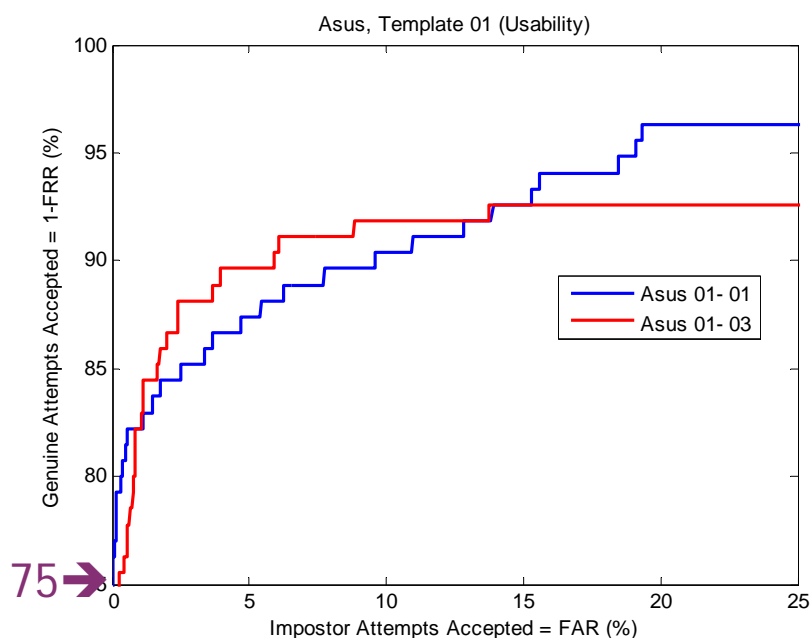
Comparing enrolling with scenario 01 (same device):

ASUS:

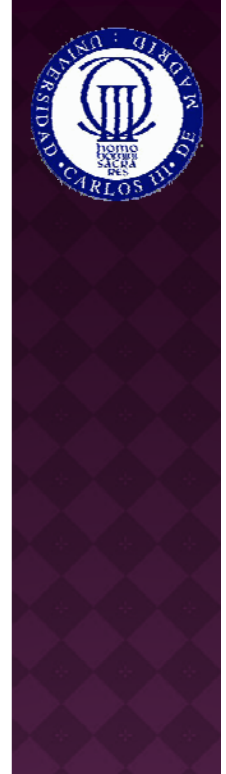
- Scenario 01: EER = 9.62
- Scenario 03: EER = 4.37 → 8.85

HTC:

- Scenario 01: EER = 5.92
- Scenario 02: EER = 8.87 → 5.92 !!**
- Scenario 03: EER = 7.35 → 5.96 !!**
- Scenario 05: EER = 5.19 → 6.60



SCENARIO INTEROPERABILITY - 2



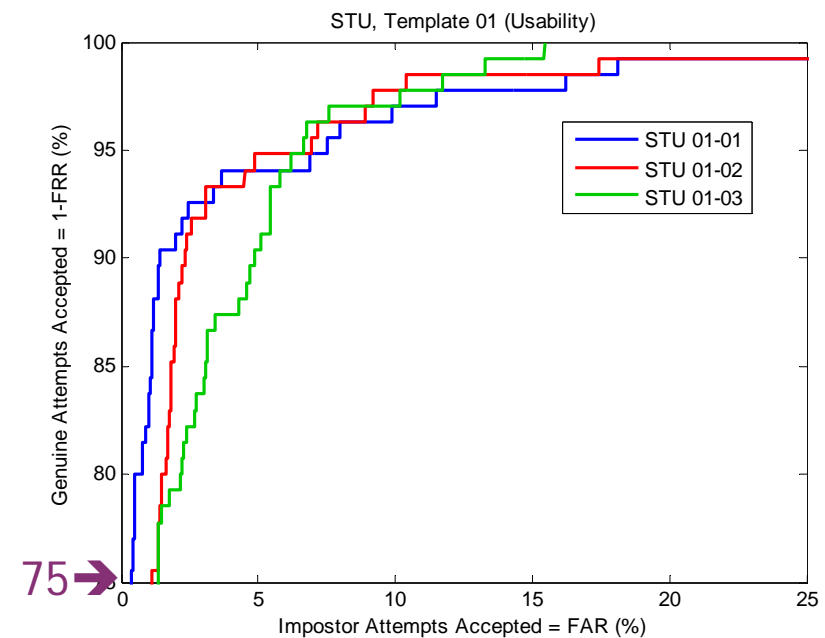
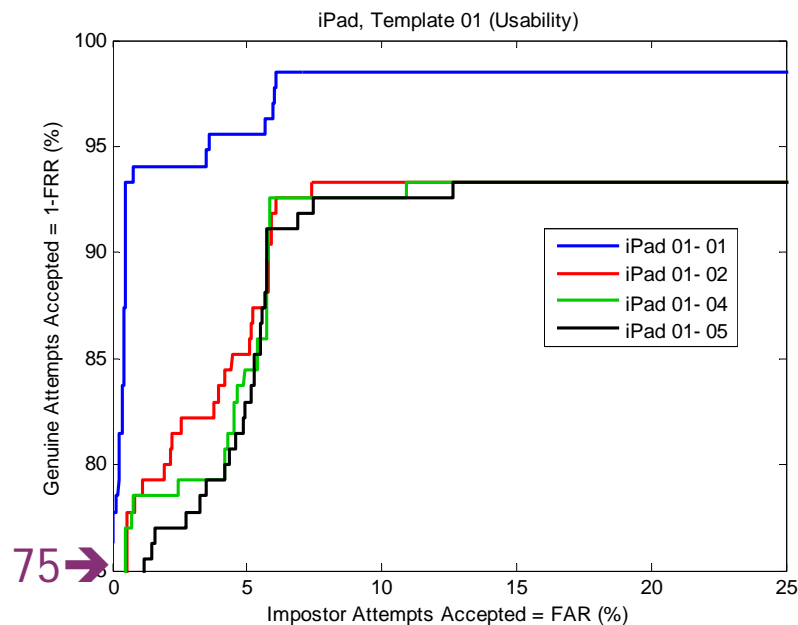
Comparing enrolling with scenario 01 (same device):

■ iPad:

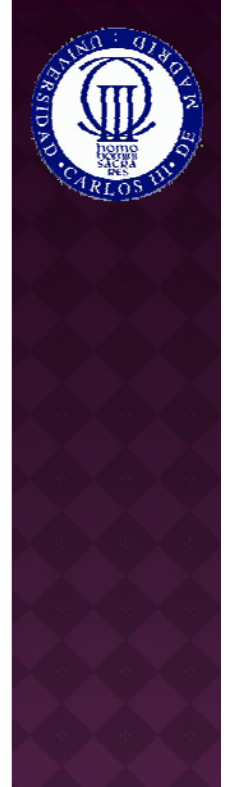
- Scenario 01: EER = 4.44
- Scenario 02: EER = 2.23 → 7.42
- Scenario 04: EER = 0.14 → 7.42
- Scenario 05: EER = 5.84 → 7.44

■ STU:

- Scenario 01: EER = 5.92
- Scenario 03: EER = 2.35 → 5.19
- **Scenario 04: EER = 9.60 → 5.92 !!**



EXPECTED IOP DEPLOYMENT - 1



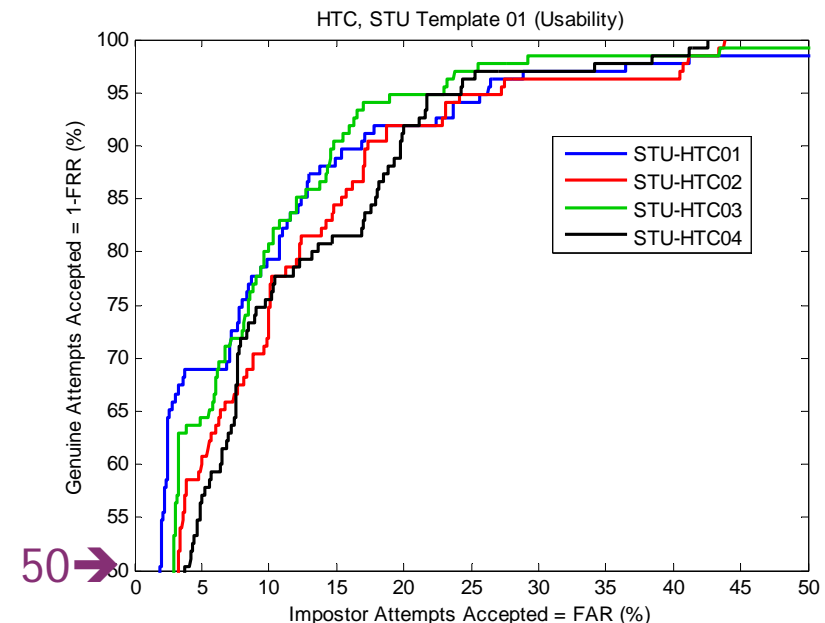
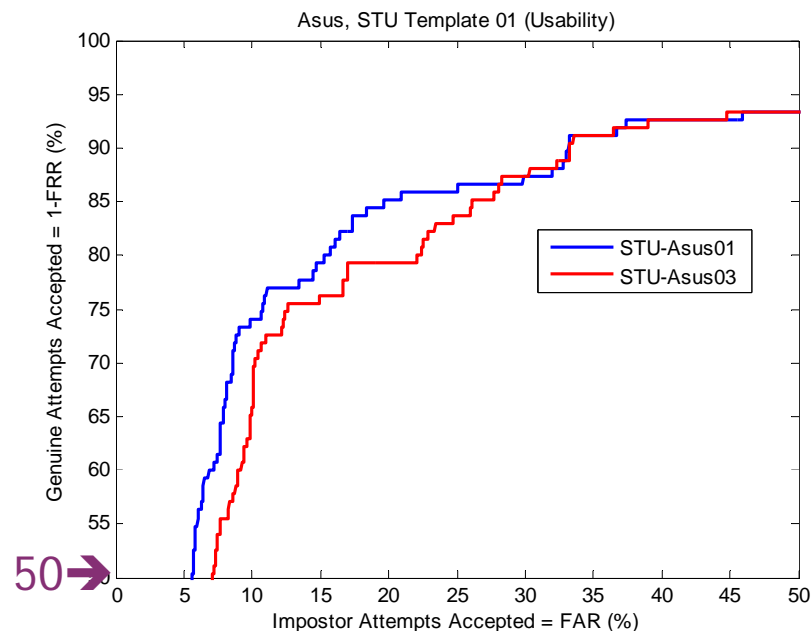
Comparing enrolling with STU (scenario 01):

ASUS:

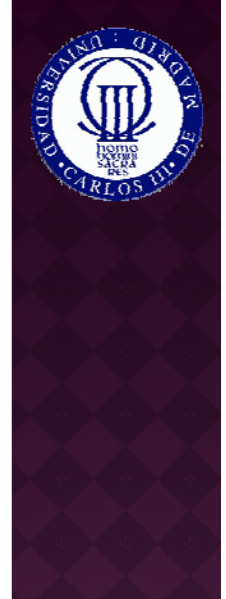
- Scenario 01: EER = 9.62 → 17.19
- Scenario 03: EER = 4.37 → 20.75

HTC:

- Scenario 01: EER = 5.92 → 13.14
- Scenario 02: EER = 8.87 → 15.49
- Scenario 03: EER = 7.35 → 13.94
- Scenario 05: EER = 5.19 → 17.04



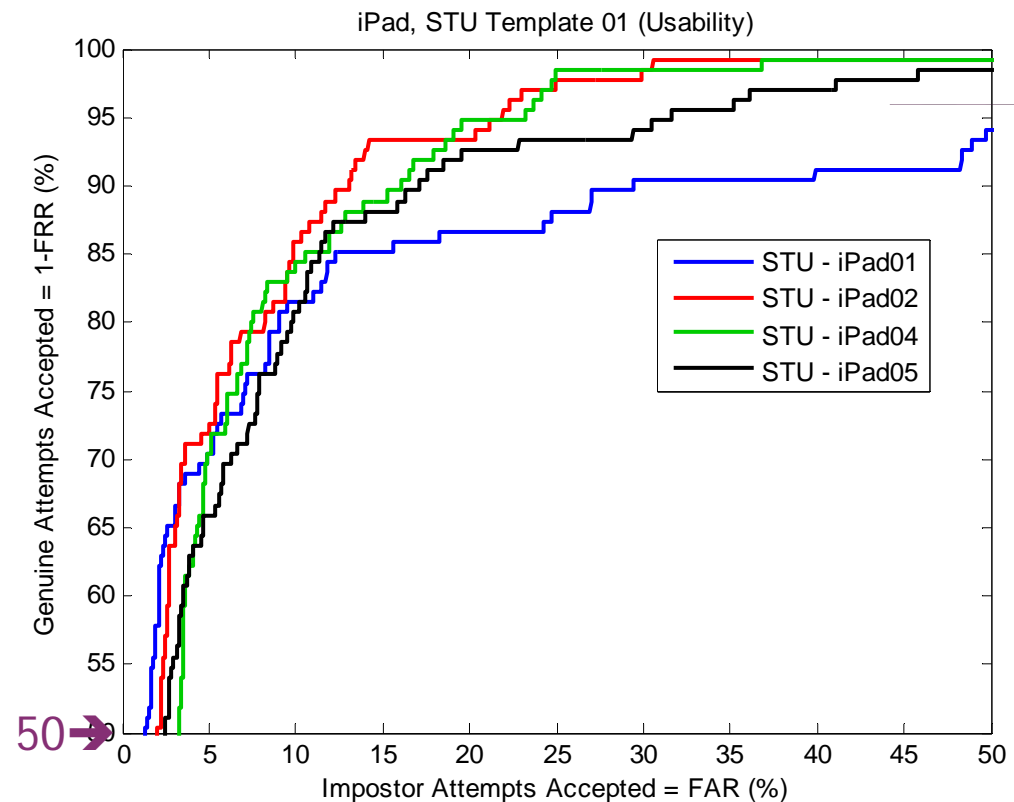
EXPECTED IOP DEPLOYMENT - 2



Comparing enrolling with STU (scenario 01):

■ iPad:

- Scenario 01: EER = 4.44 → 14.81
- Scenario 02: EER = 2.23 → 11.76
- Scenario 04: EER = 0.14 → 12.60
- Scenario 05: EER = 5.84 → 12.58



CONCLUSIONS (USABILITY)

- ◉ A change in the test crew have a major impact in performance
- ◉ Smartphones seem to present a lower dependency on the scenario
- ◉ Surprisingly the best results are achieved standing and device on a platform
 - Better rates than the reference scenario
 - **May be due to habituation!**
- ◉ Results on the 2nd session may show an improvement on the error rates
 - **Enrolment seems to present not stable signatures**
 - **Could be improvement in training a solution?**
- ◉ Interoperability (both intra-device and inter-device) show homogeneity on the error rates
- ◉ Definitely bad error rates
 - But, ... compared against what?
 - **Same kind of evaluation with other modalities?**



FUTURE WORKS!

- ◉ A lot!

- At least all the highlighted text on each of the conclusions

- ◉ Increasing size of test crews is a must!

- For both, Performance and Usability

- ◉ Carrying out a real Usability evaluation

- Following HBSI Methodology

- ◉ This kind of studies will lead to the need of further improvement in Scenario and Operational Testing

- May be new standards to arise in the following years





THANKS! QUESTIONS?

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