



Homeland Security

Science and Technology

Towards a Mobile Biometric Test Framework

NIST IBPC | 8 March 2012

Presented by: Eric Kukula, PhD & Frank Shaw

Noblis Team Members:

Eric Kukula, *Technical Lead & Project Manager*
Ann Breckenkamp, Emily Keener, George Kiebuszinski,
Larry Nadel, PhD, Frank Shaw & Rachel Wallner

DHS S&T Team Members:

Patty Wolfhope, *DHS S&T Biometrics Transition Program Manager*
Ryan Bednar, Rick Lazarick & Brad Wing

This work is sponsored by DHS S&T HSARPA
Human Factors Division

Background

*Why test mobile
biometric devices?*

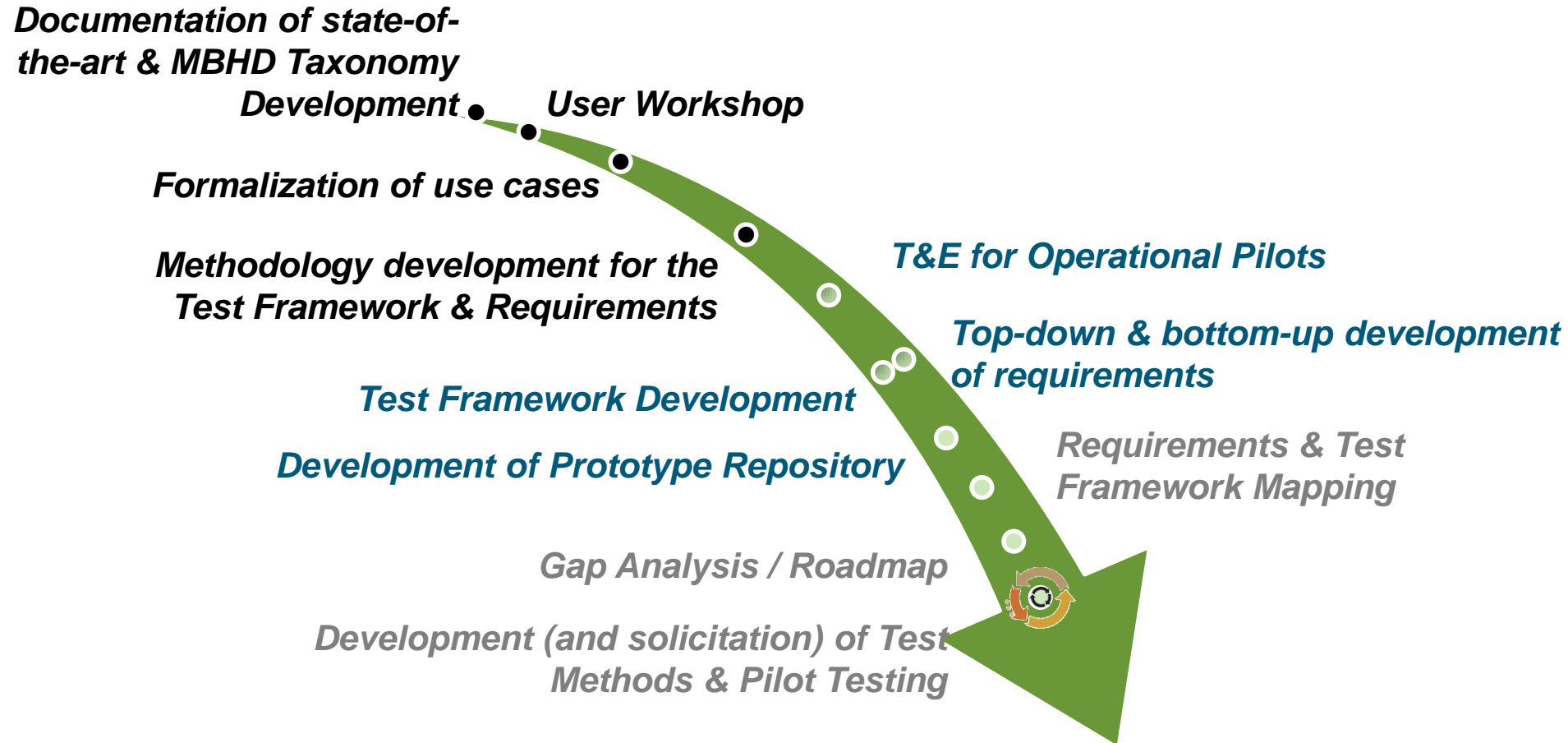
*How was the test framework
developed?*

*Who will use the test
framework and
repository?*

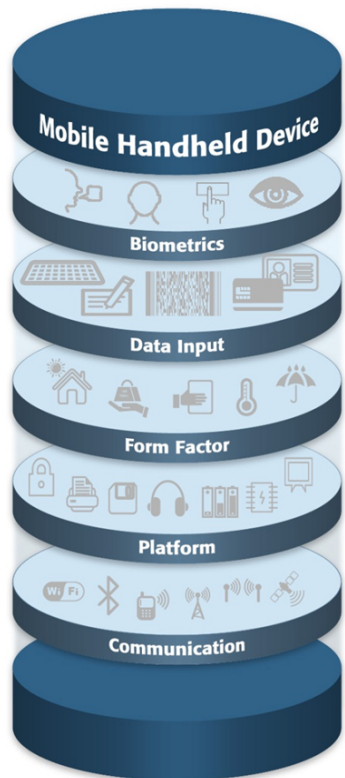
Why Test?



Methodology & Roadmap



MBHD Taxonomy



| | | | | | | |
|---------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|--|
| System | Biometric | | | | | |
| Subsystem | Form Factor | Biometrics | Data Input | Platform | Communication | |
| Hardware Components | Chassis | Imager (size/characteristics) | Keyboard | Processor & Memory | Wired Connectivity | |
| | Ingress Protections | Processor/Controller | Programmable Buttons | Power | Wireless Connectivity | |
| | Battery Casings | Imager Housing | Pointing Devices | Output | | |
| | Access Panels | Illuminator | Touchscreen | Display Device | | |
| Software Components | | | Microphone | Storage | | |
| | | | Readers | Interfaces | | |
| | | | Other | Feedback | | |
| | N/A | Data Acquisition | Acquisition | Operating System | Network Management | |
| | | Signal Processing | Encoding/Decoding | Applications | Protocols | |
| | | Matching | Metadata Management | Formatting/Template | | |
| | | Data Management | | Security | | |
| | | Template Generator* | | Template Generator* | | |
| | | Interface Control | | Protocol Management | | |
| | | Biometric Status Monitoring | | | | |
| | | Dynamic Workflow Manager | | | | |
| | | Spoofing/Evasion | | | | |

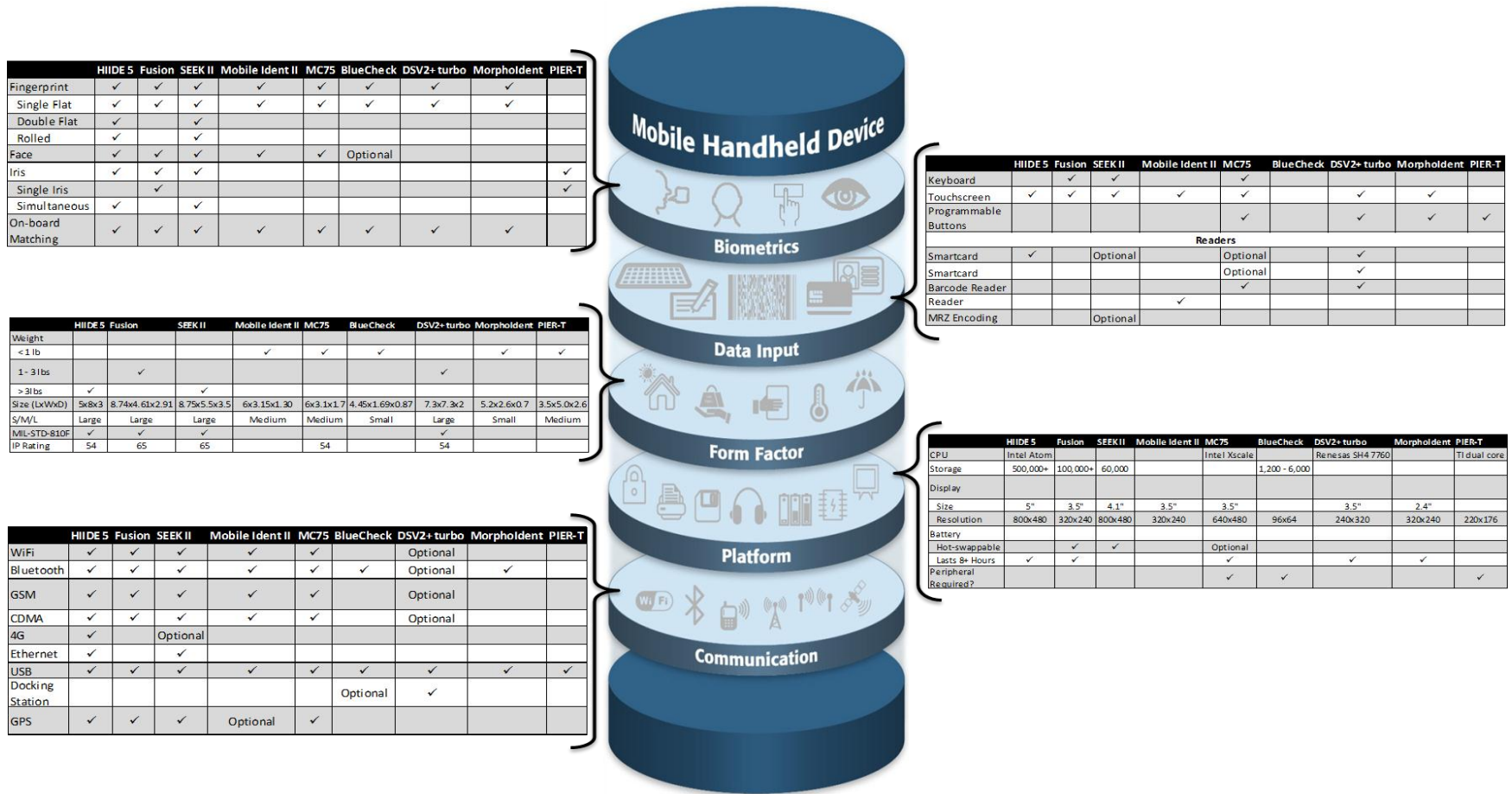
** Exists in multiple subsystems*

MBHD Expanded Taxonomy

| | | | | | |
|---------------------|----------------------------|---|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|
| System | Biometric | | | | |
| Subsystem | Form Factor | Biometrics | Data Input | Platform | Communication |
| Hardware Components | Chassis | <u>Imager (size/characteristics)</u> | Keyboard | <u>Processor & Memory</u> | <u>Wired Connectivity</u> |
| | Ingress Protections | Camera | Programmable | CPU | RS-232* |
| | Battery Casings | Sensor | Trackpad | Memory | Ethernet* |
| | Access Panels | Other | Mouse | <u>Power</u> | USB* |
| | External Connectors | Processor/Controller | Touchscreen | Battery | Firewire* |
| | Switches | <u>Imager Housing</u> | Stylus | Charging Circuit | Docking Station Interface* |
| | | Frame | Microphone | Charge Status Indicator | Wiegand Interface* |
| | | Seals | <u>Readers</u> | Charger Interface | <u>Wireless Connectivity</u> |
| | | Protective Coating | Magnetic Stripe | Docking Station Interface* | PAN |
| | | <u>Illuminator</u> | Bar Codes | <u>Output</u> | BlueTooth |
| | | Optical | Smart Card | Speaker | Body Area Networks |
| | | Flash | RFID | Printer | ZigBee |
| | | Multi-Spectral | MRZ / OCR | <u>Display Device</u> | LAN |
| | | IR | Other | Backlight | IEEE 802.11 a/g/n |
| | | | | <u>Storage</u> | IEEE 802.11af |
| | | | | Internal | WAN |
| | | | | Fixed | GSM/GPRS/EDGE/UMTS |
| | | | | External | 1xEV-DO |
| | | | | Remove | HSPA and HSPA+ |
| | | | | <u>Interfaces</u> | WiMAX (IEEE 802.16e and IEEE 802.16m) |
| | | | | SAM | LTE and LTE-Advanced |
| | | | | SDIO | Mobile Satellite Communication Systems |
| | | | | Memory Expansion | Global Navigation Satellite Systems (GNSS) |
| | | | | RS-232* | |
| | | | | Ethernet* | |
| | | | | USB* | |
| | | | | Firewire* | |
| | | | | Docking Station Interface* | |
| | | | | Wiegand Interface* | |
| | | | | <u>Feedback</u> | |
| | | | | LEDs | |
| | | | | Symbols/Pictograms | |
| | | | | Aural | |
| | | | | Tactile (Haptic) | |
| Software Components | N/A | Data Acquisition | Acquisition | Operating System | <u>Network Management Protocols</u> |
| | | <u>Signal Processing</u> | Encoding/Decoding | <u>Applications</u> | Secure Communications |
| | | Segmentation | Metadata | General Status Monitoring | Mobile Virtual Private Network |
| | | Quality | | Dynamic Workflow Manager | |
| | | Feature Extraction | | Output Formatting | |
| | | Template Generator* | | <u>Formatting/Template</u> | |
| | | <u>Matching</u> | | Compression | |
| | | On-Board (Biometric Module) | | Encryption | |
| | | Host/API/Software | | Transmission | |
| | | Workstation | | Template Generator* | |
| | | CMS | | <u>Security</u> | |
| | | <u>Data Management</u> | | Physical Access Control | |
| | | Storage | | Logical Access Control | |
| | | Case Management | | Hard Drive Encryption | |
| | | Template Generator* | | Cryptography | |
| | | Interface Control | | Template Generator* | |
| | | Biometric Status Monitoring | | Protocol Management | |
| | | Dynamic Workflow Manager | | | |
| | | <u>Spoofing/Evasion</u> | | | |
| | | Liveness | | | |

COTS Devices Mapped to the Taxonomy

- Analyzed over 30 COTS MBHD devices*



*Trade names and company products have been listed in the text above. In no case does such identification imply recommendation or endorsement by Noblis or DHS S&T, nor does it imply that the products are necessarily the best available.

User Workshop :: 31 March 2011

Tucson Border Patrol Sector HQ

■ *Report for the Mobile Biometric Technology Workshop for Developing a Test Framework and Supporting Requirements*

- Workshop context, rationale, and purpose
- User Survey Results and Analysis
- User/Participant Presentation Summaries
- Use Cases
- Scenarios
- Mapping of Scenarios to Use Cases
- Results
- Conclusions
- Recommendations



Homeland Security

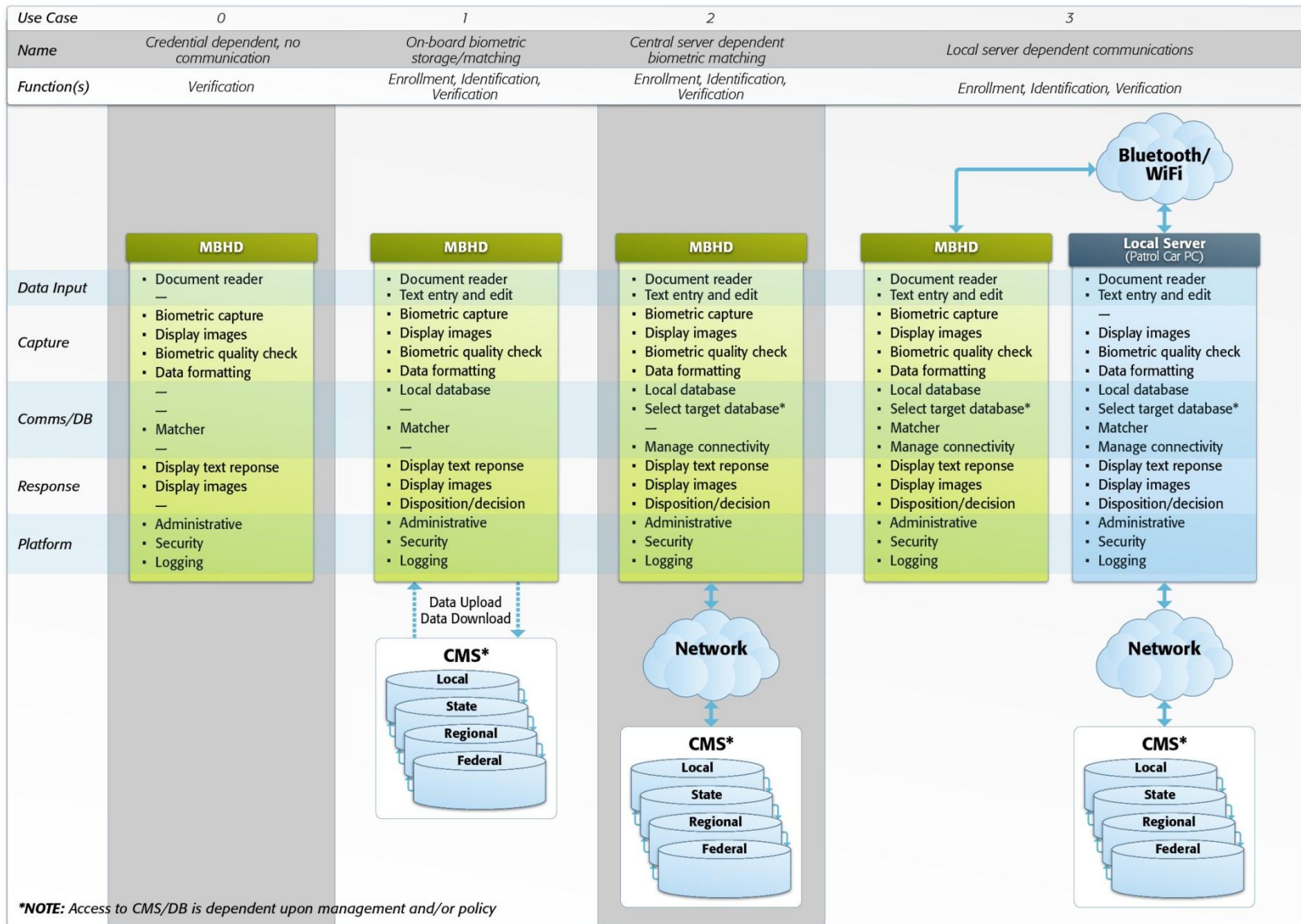
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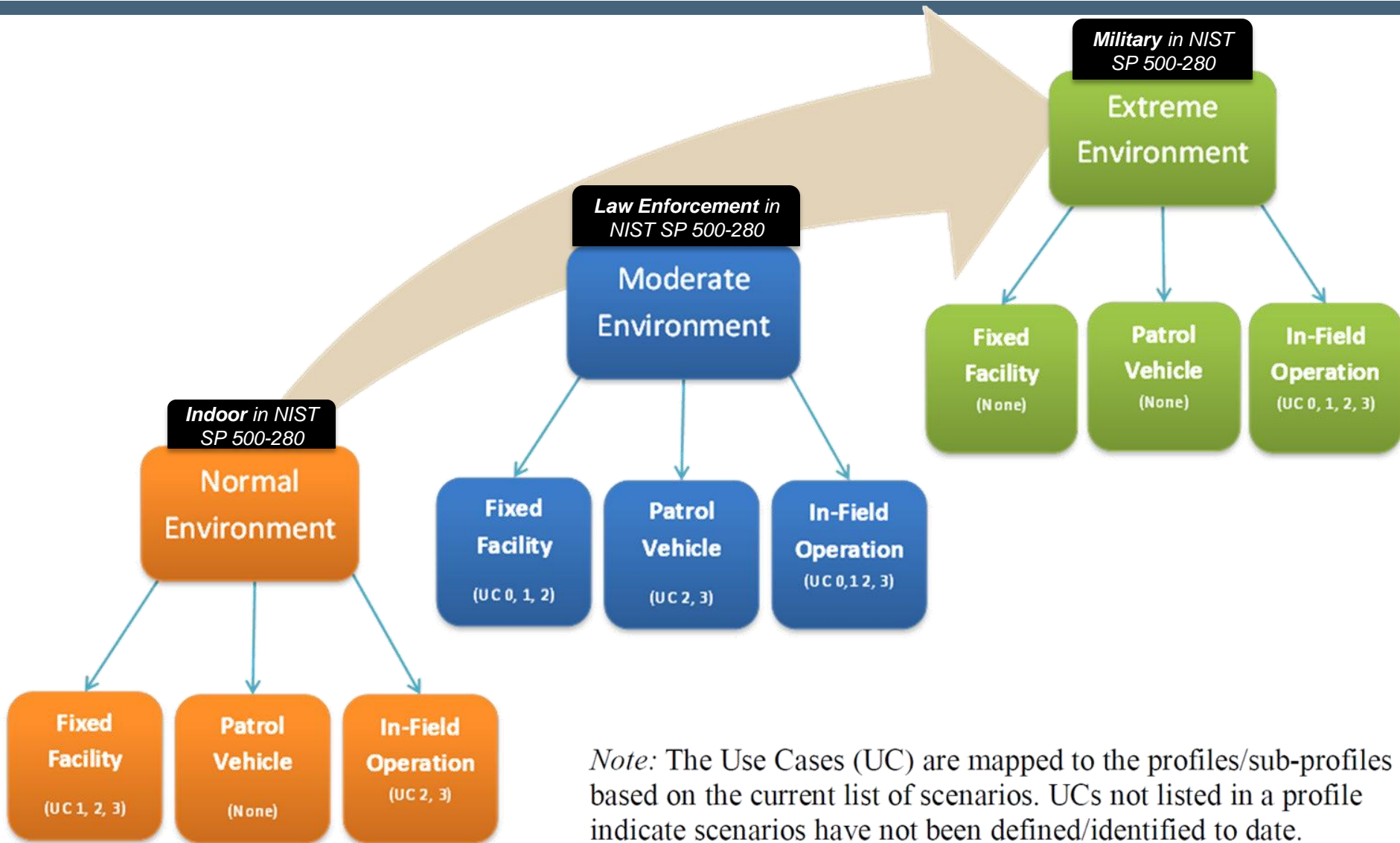
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Consolidated Use Cases



Requirement Profiles & Sub-Profiles



Requirements Methodology

Operational Requirements ("Problem Space")

High Level
Qualitative

Strategic Goals define the organization's future direction and describe how resources should be prioritized and postured to support the *strategic vision at a high level*.

Mission and Implementation Goals define principles and rules to *guide execution of the overall mission* that the proposed system will be tasked to accomplish, including its users and its scope.

Capability describe the means to *accomplish a mission and achieve the desired outcomes* by performing critical tasks for specific application and implementation of scenarios.

Customer Requirements (1) Statements of fact and assumptions that define the expectations of the system in terms of *mission objectives, environment, constraints, and measures of effectiveness and suitability*. (2) Define the required outcomes of system action; they are independent of any particular implementation, should not refer to specific technologies, and do not commit developers to a design.

Functional Requirements *define the necessary tasks, actions, or activities* that must be accomplished. Functional (what has to be done) requirements identified in the requirements analysis will be used as the top-level functions for functional analysis.

Performance Requirements describe the *extent to which a mission or function must be executed*; generally measured in terms of quantity, quality, coverage, timeliness or readiness.

Derived Requirements are implied or *transformed from higher-level requirements*. For example, a requirement for long range or high speed may result in a design requirement for low weight.

Design Specifications define the "build to," "code to," and "buy to" specifications for products and *"how to execute" specifications for processes* expressed in technical data packages and technical manuals.

Technical Requirements ("Engineering Solution Space")

Low Level
Quantitative

Approach adapted from:

- *Developing Operational Requirements: A Guide to the Cost-Effective and Efficient Communication of Needs* v2.0, DHS, 2008
- *System Engineering Fundamentals*, Defense Acquisition University, 2001

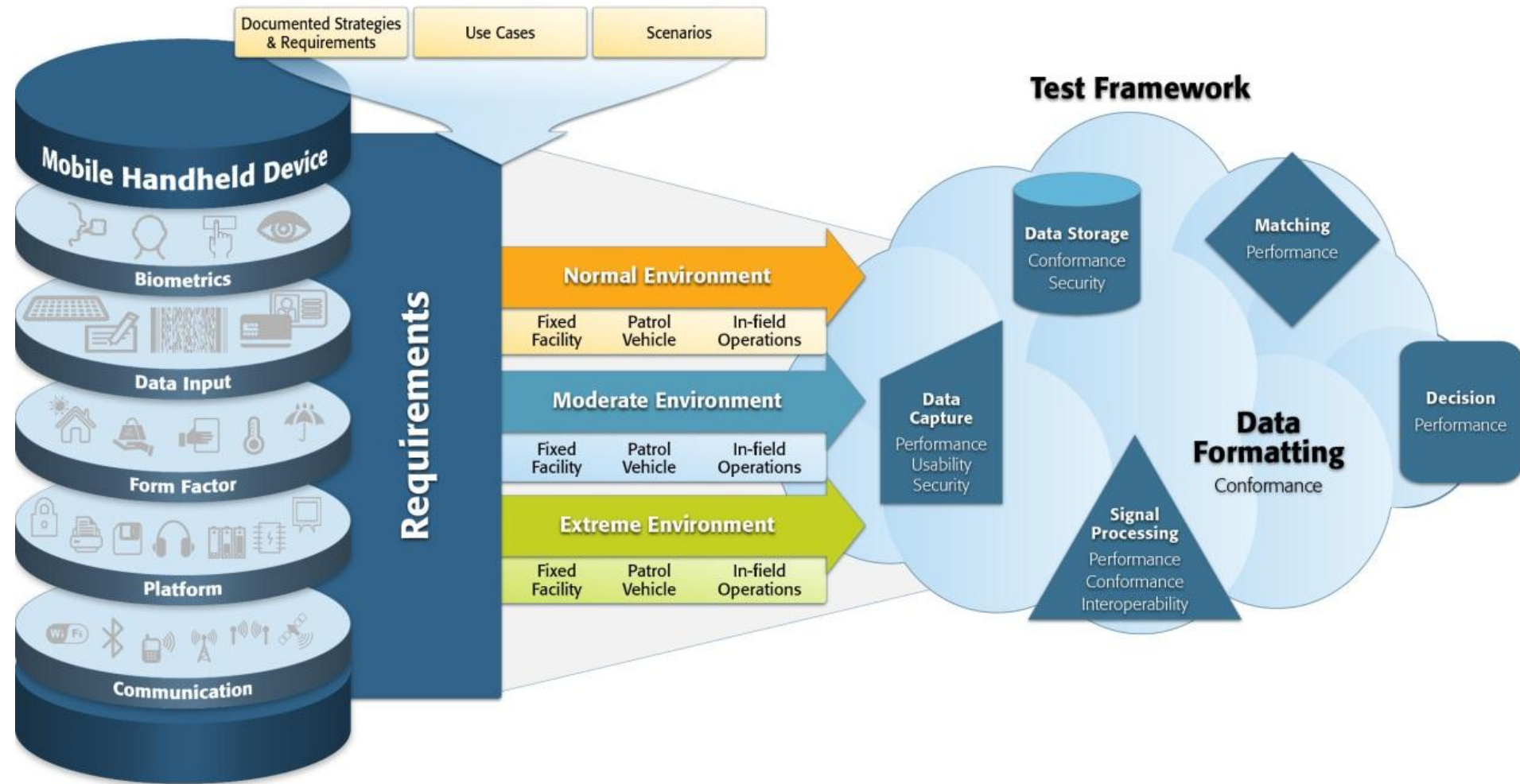
Operational Requirements

Strategic Goals Through Customer Requirements

| | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Strategic Goals | Top Strategic Goal: Ensure the safety and security (includes preventing and reducing the vulnerability of terrorist attacks) of the American people, the Homeland, America's allies, and America's national interests. | | | | | | |
| | Strategic Goal #1: Prevent the inflow and outflow of harmful and illegal people, business, and goods across the National borders | Strategic Goal #2: Enable quick recovery from man-made and natural disasters | Strategic Goal #3: Prevent and reduce crime and illegal activity (transnational and domestic) | Strategic Goal #4: Respect for universal values | Strategic Goal #5: Protect the nation's critical infrastructure, leaders, and events | | |
| Mission & Implementation Goals | Protect the maritime, air and land transportation systems from terrorism, harmful people, and harmful goods. | Protect national leaders and leaders of ally governments | Protect vulnerable sites and events and prevent suspicious or unauthorized persons from gaining access to secure or sensitive areas | Protect key resources of the United States | Enforce the nation's immigration laws to support national security, public safety, and integrity of the borders | Prevent and disrupt the trade, production and usage of illegal drugs | Prevent the illegal trade of goods and facilitate in lawful goods crossing the national borders |
| Capabilities | Identify persons attempting to enter the U.S. illegally, who have violated immigration laws, or who are previous deportees | Identify individuals who are on terrorist or other watch lists | Identify encountered individuals wanted for criminal activity | Detect and identify suspicious persons at a distance in a lawful manner | Determine the identity of hurt or deceased persons | Verify the identity of a person carrying a credential/documentation | Verify the identity of a person claiming an identity without documentation (credential) |
| | Detect threats and report these threats back to authorities in near/real time. | Provide access to necessary data for mission related activities | Protect individuals from physical harm | Protect the privacy of individuals | Create records for lawbreakers | | |
| Customer Requirements | Identify subject using one or more biometric modalities | Verify subject identity using one or more biometric modalities | Verify [the validity of] documentation and its ownership | Create, enroll, and augment biometric and/or available biographic data into the selected <i>on-site</i> database(s) | Create, enroll, and augment biometric and/or available biographic data into the selected <i>central</i> database(s) | Present data from database to the requestor for investigative purposes | Conduct a biometric search against a system and/or database |
| | Protect mission sensitive information | Permit authorized agent(s) to manage operation of the mobile device | Design shall not jeopardize agent safety | Properly function in targeted operating ambient environment(s) | Properly function in targeted architectural environment(s) | Monitor and indicate the status of transactions and designated conditions | Detect and prevent device malfunctions and errors |

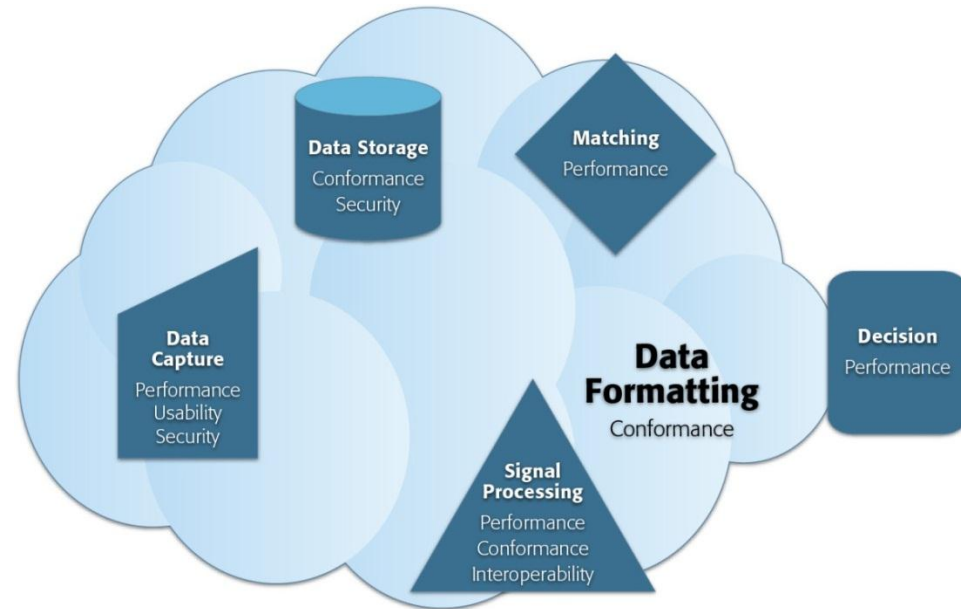
| | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Key | | | | | | |
| Derived from Documents | | | | | | |
| Derived from Scenarios, Appendix D Requirements, or Other Requirements | | | | | | |
| Created by Team | | | | | | |

Linkage of the Taxonomy to the Test Framework



Test Framework Overview

- Currently only houses ***component-level*** tests for the ***biometric subsystem***
- Organization based on general biometric model subsystems
 - Data Input
 - Signal Processing
 - Data Storage
 - Matching
 - Decision
- New subsystem
 - Data Formatting
- Types of testing based on existing test programs and reports



Structure of the Test Framework

- Each subsystem has 3 components
 - Framework
 - Structure for user interaction
 - Relationship between products tested vs. tests passed
 - Description
 - Description of the purpose of each test
 - Breakdown of test structure within the repository
 - Methods
 - Breakdown of test methods for each test
 - Where applicable, metric(s) and threshold(s) are specified

Test Framework Organization & Navigation

Example :: Appendix F

Data Capture

Performance

Usability

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|-----------------|-----|-----|---|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---|---|-----|-----|-----|
| | Fingerprint | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Imager - Sensor | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Performance | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Appendix F | | | | | | | | PIV | | | | | | | |
| Method | 1 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 3 | 4 | 5.1 | 5.2 | 5.3 | 1 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 3 | 4 | 5.1 | 5.2 | 5.3 |
| Product A | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | | | | | | | | |
| Product B | | | | | | | | | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | x |

| Test category | HW/SW | Component | Modality | Test | Description |
|---------------|----------|-----------------|-------------|---|--|
| Performance | Hardware | Imager - Sensor | Fingerprint | Appendix F - Test Procedures for Verifying the IAFIS Image Quality Requirements for Fingerprint Scanners and Printers | This assesses the performance of fingerprint image scanners and printers to ensure the meet the specification laid out in FBI Electronic Biometric Transmission Sepecification (EBTS) Appendix F |

| Test | Method | Description | Metric | Threshold |
|-------|--------|---|-------------|--|
| App F | 1 | A linear, least squares regression is run between the step-averaged target reflectance or transmission values and the corresponding step-averaged scanner output gray-levels. The deviation of each step-averaged scanner output step gray-level from the linear, least squares regression line of best fit is noted. | Gray-Levels | Within 7.65 gray-levels of a linear, least squares regression line |

Test Framework Organization & Navigation

Example :: MINEX

Signal
Processing
Performance
Conformance
Interoperability

| Interoperability | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|--------------------|---|---|---|---|---------------|---|---|---|---|
| Modality | Fingerprint | | | | | | | | | |
| Component | Template Generator | | | | | | | | | |
| Test | MINEX | | | | | Ongoing MINEX | | | | |
| Method | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| Product A | x | x | x | x | x | | | | | |
| Product B | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | x |
| Product C | | | | | | x | x | x | x | x |

| Signal Processing | | | | | |
|-------------------|----------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|--|
| Test Category | HW/SW | Component | Modality | Test | Description |
| Interoperability | Software | Template Generator | Fingerprint | MINEX 04 | The MINEX04 test was created to assess the interoperability of the INCITS 378 fingerprint minutiae template as well as compare the performance of the template with proprietary (image based) implementations. |
| | Software | Template Generator | Fingerprint | On-going MINEX | This test follows the same approach of the MINEX04 test. This test continues to evaluate template generators and matchers submitted to NIST for use in biometrically-enabled PIV readers. |
| | Software | Template Generator | Iris | IREX I | The IREX I test was created in cooperation with the iris recognition industry to develop and test standard image formats and test their interoperability. This results of this test provided insight to ISO/IEC JTC1/SC37 biometric data interchange format standard for iris image data (ISO/IEC 19794-6) |
| | Software | Template Generator | Iris | IREX I | |

| Test | Method | Description | Metric | Threshold |
|-------|--------|--|----------------------------|------------------------------------|
| MINEX | 1 | Each matcher was tested by matching enrollment templates versus its own authentication templates for the MIN:A, MIN:B and their own proprietary templates. | | |
| | 2 | Scenario 1 | | |
| | 2.1 | The enrollment template is prepared by vendor X to be used in the later verification transaction. | | |
| | 2.2 | The verification template is then prepared by vendor Y. | | |
| | 2.3 | The enrollment template prepared by vendor X and the verification template prepared by vendor Y are then matched using vendor Y's matching algorithm. | FNMR at specific FMR value | FMR = 0.01: mean FNMR <= 0.0098 |

Prototype Repository

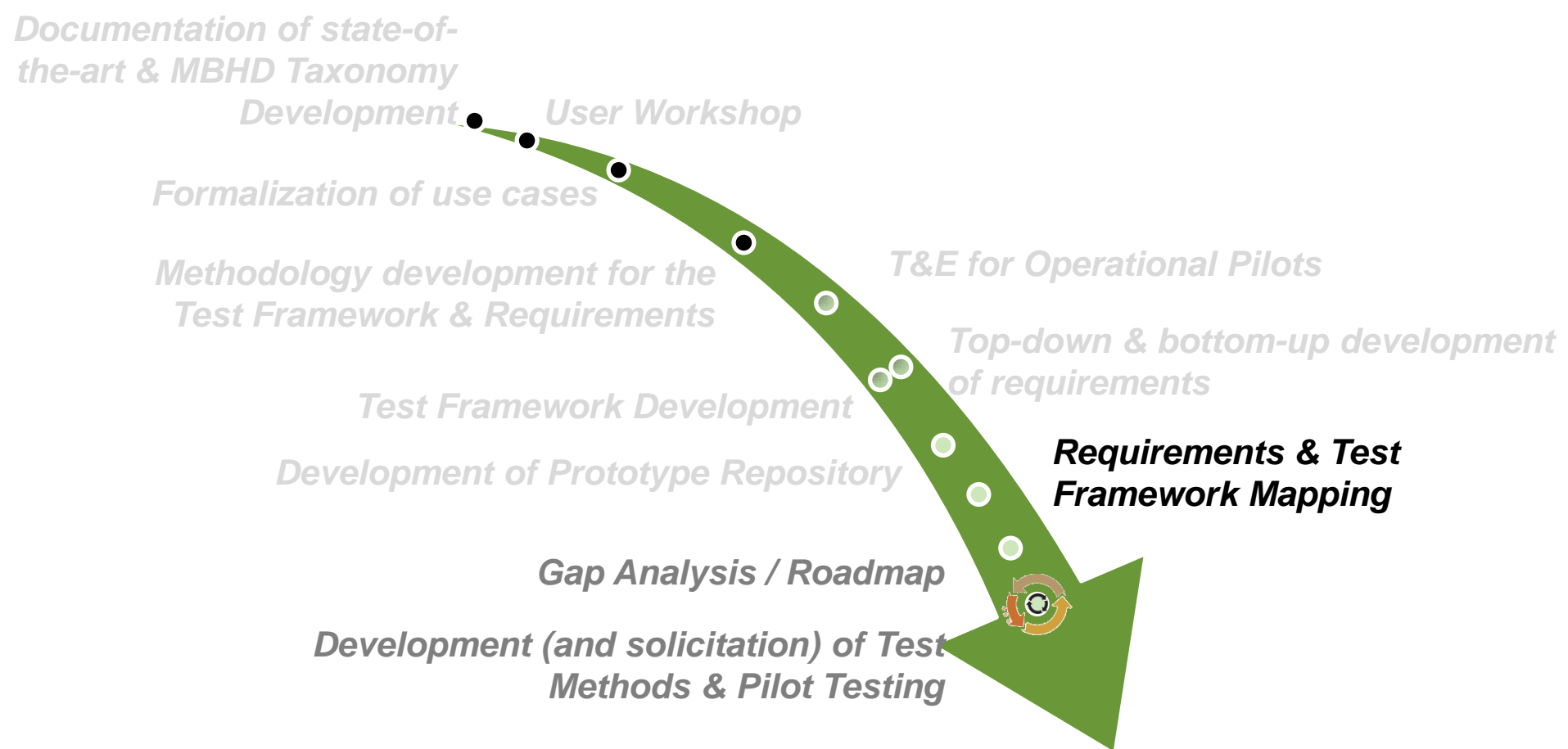
- Place for storage of the test framework information and mobile biometric device requirements.
- Provides methods of user interaction and navigation through information
- Role-based access
 - Acquisition Personnel
 - Testing Laboratories
 - Vendors and Manufacturers
- Built using [LabKey Software](#) open-source framework*

*Trade names and company products have been listed in the text above. In no case does such identification imply recommendation or endorsement by Noblis or DHS S&T, nor does it imply that the products are necessarily the best available.

Next Steps

- Integrate all levels of test integration to the test framework
 - Subsystem
 - System
 - System-of-Systems
- Map requirements to the test framework
 - Using metrics and thresholds
 - Maps to engineering space requirements (functional, performance, derived)

Methodology & Roadmap

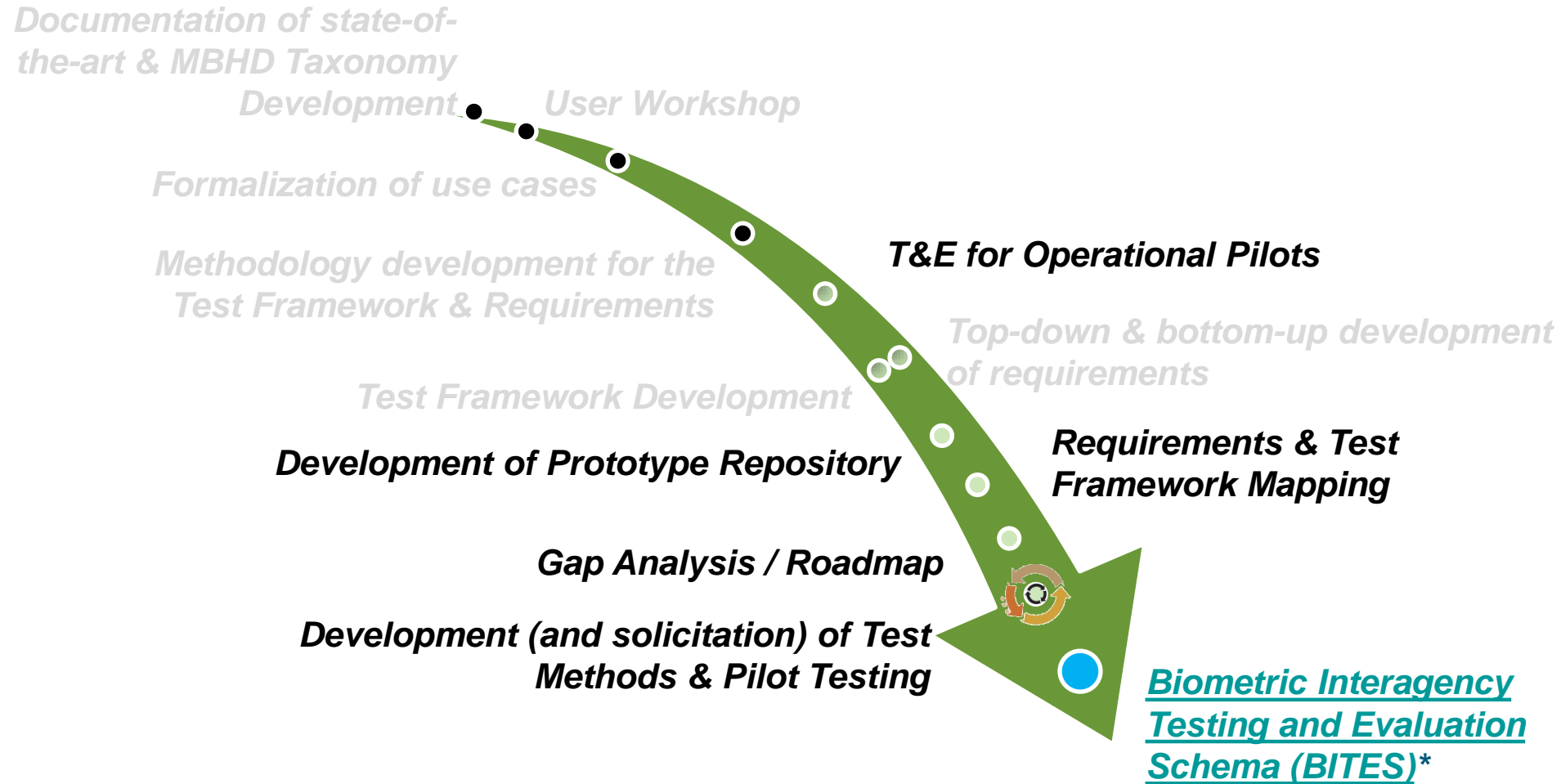


Requirements Traceability Matrix

| ID | Functional Requirement | Condition | Requirement Source | Biometric Subsystem | Backward Traceability (corresponding customer requirements) | Forward Traceability (corresponding performance requirements) | Corresponding Test(s) |
|------|--|-----------|--------------------|---------------------|---|---|-----------------------|
| F1.1 | The mobile device shall capture a single flat fingerprint image for use in identification | | | | C1 | P6, P7 | |
| F1.2 | The mobile device shall capture a single flat fingerprint image for identity verification | | | | C2, C3, C9 | P6, P7 | |
| F1.3 | The mobile device shall capture a single flat fingerprint image for enrollment in a fingerprint database | | | | C4, C5 | P6, P7 | |
| F1.4 | The mobile device shall capture a single flat fingerprint image for documentation | | | | C4, C5 | P6, P7 | |

| ID | Performance Requirement | Condition | Source | Biometric Subsystem | Backward Traceability (corresponding functional requirements) | Forward Traceability (corresponding derived requirements) | Corresponding Test(s) |
|----|--|-----------|--------|---------------------|---|---|-----------------------|
| P6 | The mobile device shall have a minimum FAP level of ____ as specified in the most current version of ANSI/NIST-ITL | | | | F1.1, F1.2, F1.3, F1.4 | | |
| P7 | The mobile device shall capture a single flat fingerprint in less than 3 seconds | | | | F1.1, F1.2, F1.3, F1.5 | | |

Next Steps



Benefits

- Improved testing efficiency and thoroughness
 - Traceability between devices, requirements and test methods
- Uniformity of test methods to support sharing between agencies and programs
- Addresses challenges laid out in the NSTC National Biometrics Challenge Document
 - Repository of test methods and results
 - Lowers costs by reusing test procedures and certifications
 - Development of testing and evaluation methodologies
 - Development of frameworks for test data and results

Thank You For Your Attention

Questions?

Contact Information:

Patricia Wolfhope, DHS S&T

patricia.wolfhope@dhs.gov

Eric Kukula, PhD, Noblis

eric.kukula@noblis.org

Frank Shaw, Noblis

frank.shaw@noblis.org

Sponsor:



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