

Cyber Intelligence Workforce

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Agenda

Project Background

- Research Methodology
- Findings

Training and Education

- Project Findings
- Workshop Results
- Objectives
- Traits
- Core Competencies and Skills
- Gap Analysis
- Potential Courses of Action

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Charged with studying the state of cyber intelligence across government, industry, and academia

"Cyber intelligence is the <u>acquisition</u> and <u>analysis</u> of information to identify, track, and predict <u>cyber capabilities</u>, intentions, and activities of offer courses of action that <u>enhance decision making</u>."

Goal is to advance the capabilities of organizations performing cyber intelligence by elaborating of best practices and prototyping solutions to shared challenges



Research Methodology: Cyber Intelligence Framework



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Research Methodology: Participants and Baseline Sessions

Project Participants

- 6 government agencies
- 25+ organizations from academia and industry representing financial, legal, healthcare, retail sectors

Baseline Sessions

- Methodologies
- Technologies
- Processes
- Training

Findings: Disclaimer



www.sei.cmu.edu/goto/cyberintel

What this is:

- Snapshot of organizations' cyber intelligence process
- Synthesized based on expert judgment

- Not a Survey Monkey endeavor, lots of prodding, poking, and reading between the lines

What this is not.

- A scorecard Not all organizations need to be a best practice to get the job done
- Textbook ready Relied on kindness of strangers, not independently verified data
- All encompassing Participation bias

Findings



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What Cyber Intelligence Analysts Do...

Attribution	Configuration g	guides Hur	nan intelligence	Reverse engin	eering Lin	guistics	Motive	
Advanced Persistent Threats Supply cha		Supply chain	Competitor anal	lysis Zero d	lays Indu	stry trends	Botnets	
DNS Business intelligence Counterfeit products Academic research Mobile devices Social networking							etworking	
Email phishing Malware Routing Geospatial intelligence Organizational policy implications Financials								
Proxies Geopolitical issues Global economics IP logs Exploit kits Federal regulations Legal issues								
Insider threats Physical security DDoS Systems administration Signals intelligence Software engineering								
Incident response Risk management Supply chain Network administration Computer forensics								
Network securityCodeCryptographyVulnerability analysisBuffer overflowsCyber security blogs							ity blogs	
Full packet capturesPrinter trafficGoogle referral dataLog-insIRC trafficLarge file transfers								
Academic journals Tactics, techniques, and procedures Law enforcement information Classified information								
PatchesThreat categorizationFraudData gathering toolsNatural disastersIntellectual property								
	An	alytical tools	Brand intelligen	ce Acquisit	ion Emerg	gency respons	se	
Human factors								

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Backgrounds of Current Analysts...

Former help desk technician DNI Tradecraft undergraduate degree in undergraduate degree in Latin Training Philosophy Former military signal corps Analysis Training **Network + Certification** Undergraduate degree in Former network Computer Science security analyst Former software engineer **A+ Certification** Classes offered at Master's in Strategic SANS Training BlackHat Analysis **Forensics Certification** undergraduate degree in Former think tank Sociology employee Defense Intelligence Agency Network Training Former government intelligence analyst Undergraduate degree in International Relations Tripwire Analytic Capability Training **CEH** Certification Former military intelligence Software Engineering Institute **Carnegie** Mellon © 2013 Carnegie Mellon University

Project Findings: Challenges



- Resulting inefficiencies from the diverse job functions and skill sets
- Cultural differences
- Unrealistic job descriptions
- Education in silos

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Training and Education Objectives

- Determine current state of training and education offerings for cyber intelligence analysts across academia, industry, and government
- Define the competencies and skills organizations should look for when hiring the "ideal" cyber intelligence analyst
- Identify the gaps between the currents and desired state of cyber intelligence offerings
- Identify potential courses of action



Constraints

- Reviewed ~150 courses, trainings, and certifications from government, industry, and academia
- Very few "cyber intelligence" programs; searches were expanded to include cyber security and intelligence studies
- Searches were restricted to information found mainly online, though discussions with industry and academic contacts were insightful
- Limited number of government offerings, no classified courses

CITP Workshop



Please Join Us...

Carnegie Mellon University and the Software Engineering Institute's Innovation Center invite you to attend the Cyber Intelligence Tradecraft Project Workshop.

At the workshop, you will receive your baseline and benchmark results and the state of the practice report. You also will be able to engage with the SEI Innovation Center team, other participants, and CMU faculty on the project's future prototyping efforts and CMU's cutting-edge research in related fields.

Location: Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania

Day 1: Fairmont Hotel, 510 Market St. Pgh, PA 15222 (Map and Directions)

Day 2: Carnegie Mellon University, 5000 Forbes Ave. Pgh, PA 15213 (Map)

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CITP Workshop - 2

Training & Education Track

- Participants finished statements such as:
 - A good analyst can...
 - I need someone that can...
- Answers populated a wish list of desired skills and capabilities
- Participants utilized human-centered design concepts to identify improvements to current training and hiring practices



Traits vs Competencies



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Traits

Cyber Intel Analyst TRAITS

Inquisitive

Always interested to know more, ask questions, verity findings

Persistent

Not deterred by opposition, continues to work to find answers and solutions

Self-Motivated Team Player

Able to work independently, not need constantguidance and monitoring, also able to ask for help, recognize other's strengths, and collaborate effectively

Quick Learner

Interested in learning, able to understand and utilize new information, ask for help when needed

Open Minded

Able to accept different solutions andideas, approaches information and hypothesis with healthy skepticism.

Generalist

interested in multiple topics, not "in the weeds" on a single subject

Adaptable

Able to thrive in chaos, change focus, react quickly

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Core Competencies and Skills



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Core Competencies: Analytic Competencies





Core Competencies: Technical Competencies



Gap Analysis

		Courses		
Competency	Skill	Good	Maybe	
Critical Thinking	Problem Definition	NONE	NONE	
Critical minking	Problem Solving	NONE	AMU - Intelligence Operations	
	rissonitioning		AMIL - Analytics II	
			AMUThreat Analysis	
			MIL - Analytic Techniques	
			MUL Orbor Throat Analysis	
			ASI1 - Arbanced Intelligence analysis	
			Operating in Complex Environments	
	Diversity of Perspective	NONE	NONE	
	Big Picture/Summarization/Synthesis		ASU - Grand Strategy, Intelligence Analysis, and Rationality	
	Scope Management	HPU - Intelligence Team Management	UM - Intelligence Management and Oversight	
	Research Methodologies & Applications	UM - Intelligence Analysis: Consumers, Uses, and Issues	DC3 - Cyber Analyst Course	
		UDM - Research Methods	UM - Library Research Skills	
		NPS - Cyber Systems and Operations Research Methods		
		HPU - Open Source Intelligence		
		MU - Research Methods in Intelligence		
		AMU - Research Methods		
		ASU - Introduction to Research Methods		
	Skepticism/Validation/Verification	HPU - Vetting		
Data Collection & Examination	Research Methodologies & Applications	UM - Intelligence Analysis: Consumers, Uses, and Issues	DC3 - Cyber Analyst Course	
		UDM - Research Methods	UM - Library Research Skills	
		NPS - Cyber Systems and Operations Research Methods		
		HPU - Open Source Intelligence		
		MU - Research Methods in Intelligence		
		AMU - Research Methods		
		ASU - Introduction to Research Methods		
	Skepticism/Validation/Verification	HPU - Vetting		
	Collection Management	ISA - Intelligence Collection	ASU - Intelligence Analysis and National Security Perspectives	
		ISA - Cyber Collections	HPU - Intelligence Operations	
		HPU - Intelligence Collection	HPU - Intelligence Practicum	
		HPU - Recruitment Cycle		
		HPU - All Source Intelligence		
		NPS - Cyber Systems and Operations Research Methods		
		UM - Intelligence Collection: Sources and Challenges		
		SN - Cyber Intelligence Training		
		AMU - Collection		
	Open Source Data	HPU - Open Source Intelligence	ISA - Cyber Collections	
		AMU - SIGINT	UM - Intelligence Collection: Sources and Challenges	
	Defending Assessments	NONE	NONE	
Communication	Defending Assessments	NONE	NONE	
& Collaboration	Technical Writing	ERAU - Technical Report Writing	HPU - Writing for Publication	
	Writing for Leadership	CMU - Professional Writing	HPU - Writing for Publication	
		ISA - Analyst Training: Writing, Analysis, and Preparing Briefings		
	Debating Skills	NONE	NONE	
	Knowing your Audience	NONE	NONE	

Current offerings address little more than 50% of the identified competencies & skills

Discrepancies between needed skills and current training opportunities

Inconsistent/nonexistent training paths for cyber intelligence analysts

No academic programs that offers the ideal mix of technical and non-technical classes

Difficult for academic institutions to provide training using relevant tools and technology, especially using current data and threats

CITP Training and Education 21

Assess current analysts and identify appropriate training to address deficiencies

- Use competencies mind map to review current skillset
- Target specific skills to improve, seek training to address the gaps

Hire differently

- Review and rewrite job descriptions tailored to needed competencies and skills
- Used list of traits to ask interview questions and determine if candidate has natural ability



Explore internships and apprenticeships

 Partner with academic institutions to gain short term talent and provide feedback to schools

Rethink the traditional classroom

- Explore advanced tradecraft technology leveraging cyber intelligence, computer science, and visual analytics
- Put students in real world scenarios to enable successful learning
 - Conduct multi-source analysis
 - Emphasize the information that is critical to make recommendations and decisions
 - Demonstrate the impact of strategic decisions

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For more information

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Backup Material



Distinguishing between functions

Cyber security

• Find the threat, fix the vulnerability, move on

Cyber intelligence

• Acquire and analyze information to identify, track, and predict cyber capabilities, intentions, and activities to offer courses of action that enhance decision making



Functional analysis

 Answers "what" and "how:" Analyst identifies a compromised machine from proxy server logs and U.S. CERT security bulletins

Strategic analysis

 Answers "who" and "why:" Analyst takes functional analysis and compares it to vendor threat actor profiles to determine why the machine was compromised to predict the next possible target





Overcoming Challenges

Education

Current state

- BA, MS in intelligence
 - Limited cyber focus

Future potential

- Undergraduate
 - Major vs. minor
- Graduate
 - Certificate
 - Master's program

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<u>Training</u>

Current state

- Limited cyber specific paths for analytical core public or private
 - Ad-hoc training when time, \$ permit

Future potential

- Certification program
 - Mix functional and strategic
 - Implement life-long learning
 - Creativity to engage adult learners



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Gap Analysis – 2 – back

Competency	Skill		
Critical Thinking	Problem Definition		
	Diversity of Perspective		
Data Collection & Examination	Defending Assessments		
Communication & Collaboration	Defending Assessments		
	Debating Skills		
	Knowing your Audience		
	Attention to Detail		
	Assimilate New Information		
Technical Exploitation	Malware		
	Web Servers		
	Web Applications		
Information Security	Information Architecture		
Computing Fundamentals	Databases		
	Scripting		



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