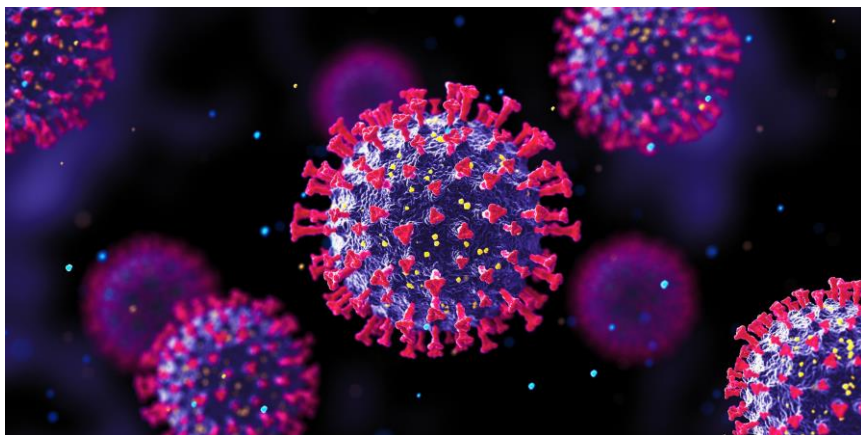


Effects of Mixing, Aging and pH on Lipid Nanoparticle RGTM

Clara Do, University of Massachusetts Amherst

Mentor: Chelsea Edwards

Lipid Nanoparticles (LNP)



NIST

PROJECTS/PROGRAMS

LNP-RNA Research Grade Test Material

Lipid Nanoparticle (LNP) Formulation

Components

Cationic ionizable lipid

Zwitterionic lipid

PEG Lipid

Cholesterol

Nucleic acid cargo

Aqueous Buffer

Ethanol

Different
chemistry and
concentration



DLS and
Encapsulation
Assays

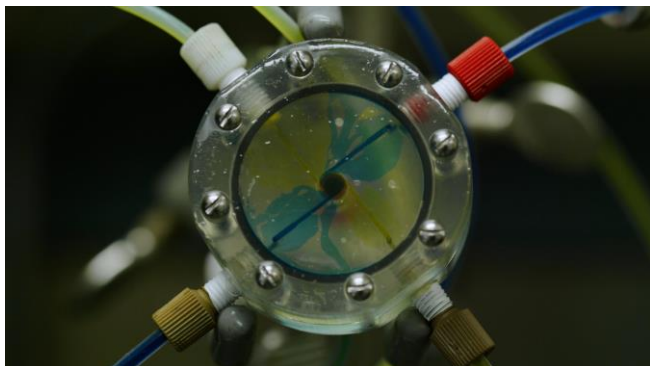


LNP
Library



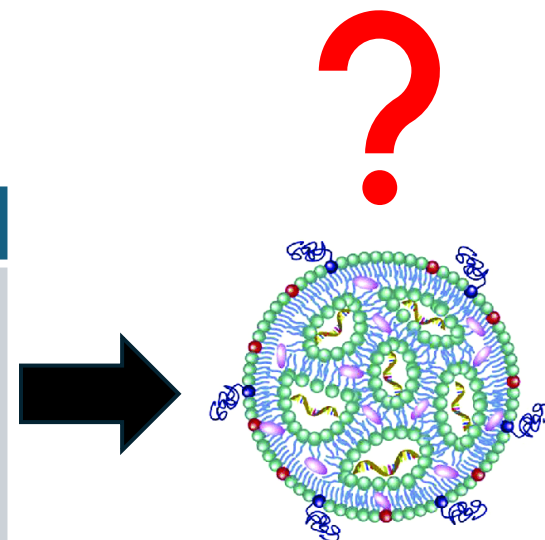
In vitro/vivo
experiments

Variables Involved in LNP Production



Variables

- **Mixing modality**
- Flow rate
- **pH**
- Concentration
- **Aging**, etc.

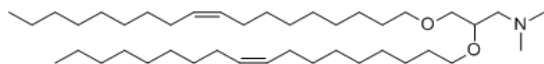


Final size and
structure of LNP

LNP RGTM Production

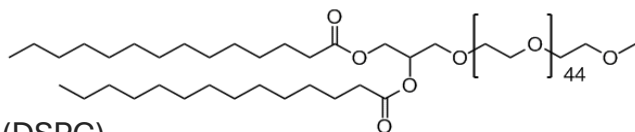
(DODMA)

1,2-dioleoyloxy-3-dimethylaminopropane



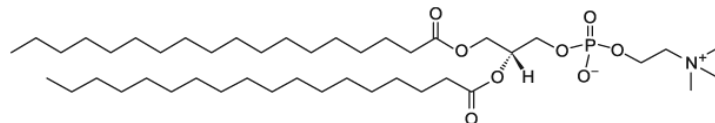
(DMG-PEG 2000)

1,2-dimyristoyl-rac-glycero-3-methoxypolyethylene glycol-2000

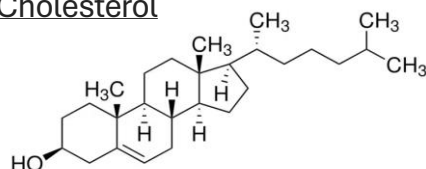


(DSPC)

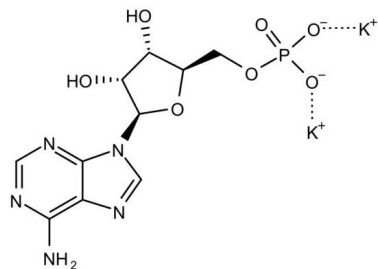
1,2-distearoyl-sn-glycero-3-phosphocholine



Cholesterol

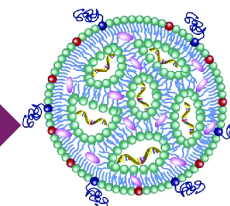


Adenylic Acid (polyadenylic acid, polyA)



Ethanol Stream

Aqueous Stream



Project Objective

- Testing 3 variables on formation and structure of LNP with RGTM composition:
 - Mixing modality
 - pH of aqueous buffer – Ionizable lipid and cargo charge
 - pH 3.5, 4.1, 4.7, 5.3, 5.9
 - Aging

Experimental Approach

Mixing Modalities:

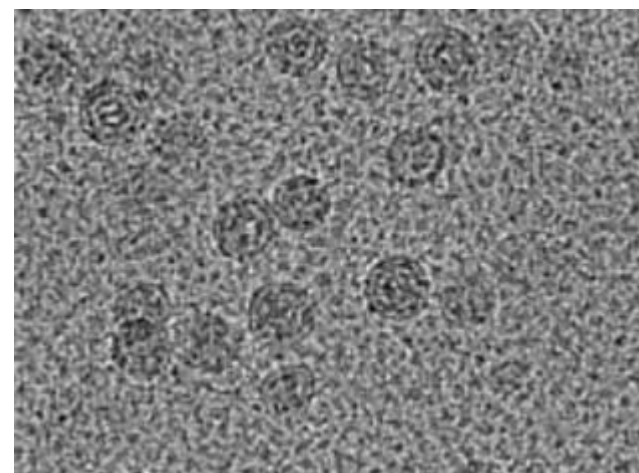
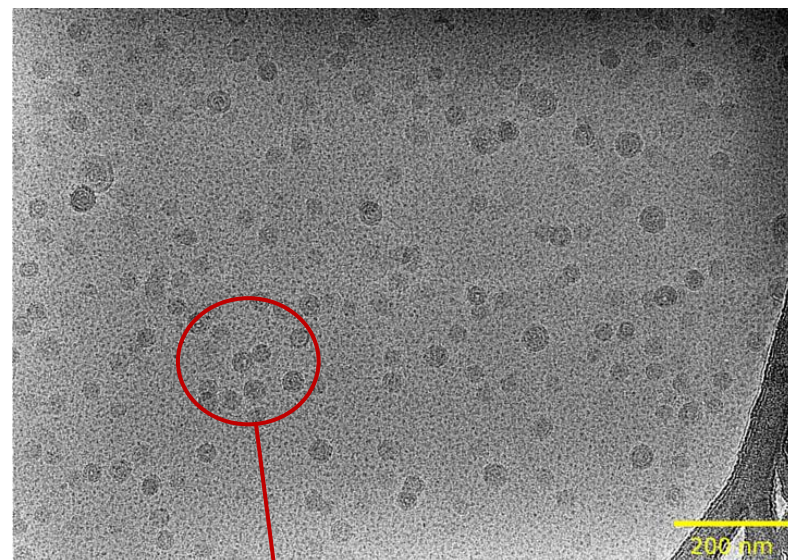
- Multi-Inlet Vortex Mixer (MIVM)
- Stopped Flow Mixer (SFM)

Compare loaded & unloaded LNPs

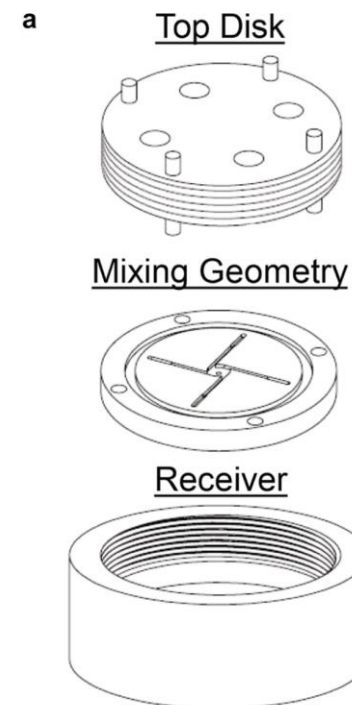
Analysis:

Dynamic Light Scattering (DLS)

- Size distribution



Multi-inlet Vortex Mixer (MIVM) Set Up



Mixing Ratio 3:1
Total flow rate 40mL/min

DLS Analysis Protocol

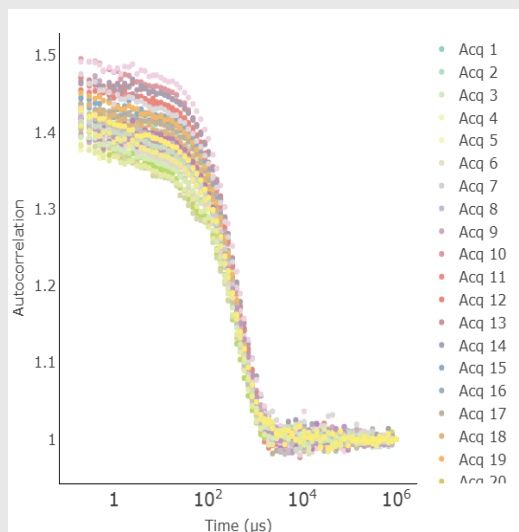
Raw ACF data from
DLS instrument

Raynals DLS
Analysis Software

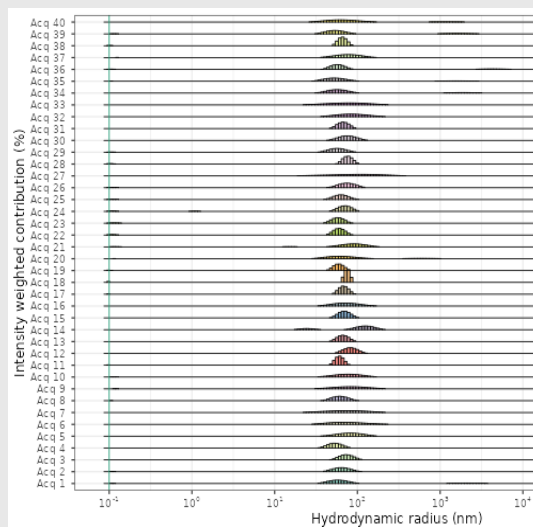
Particle Size
Distribution CSV File

Python code

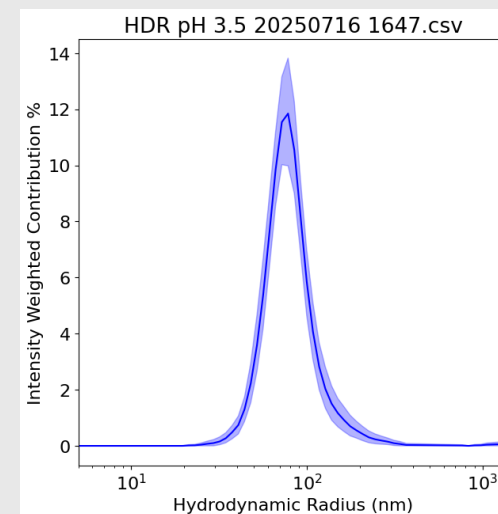
Autocorrelation Functions



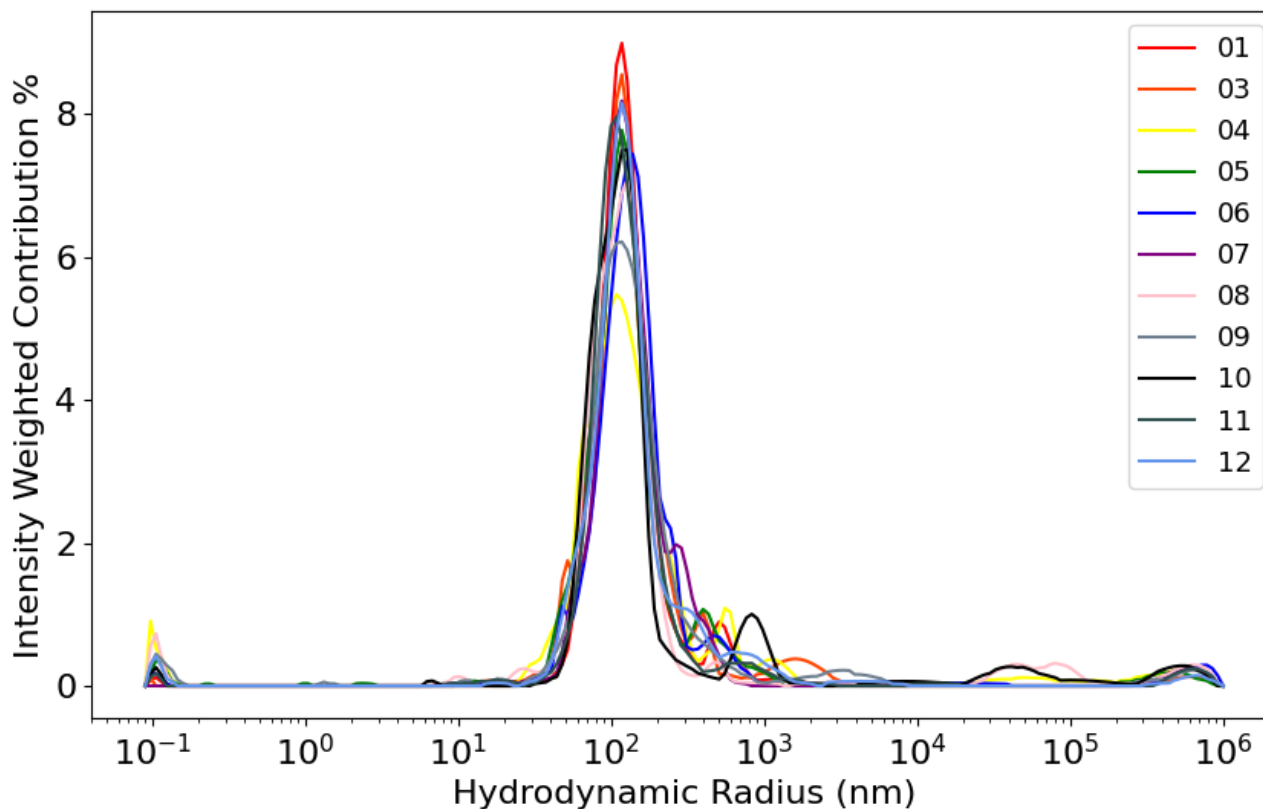
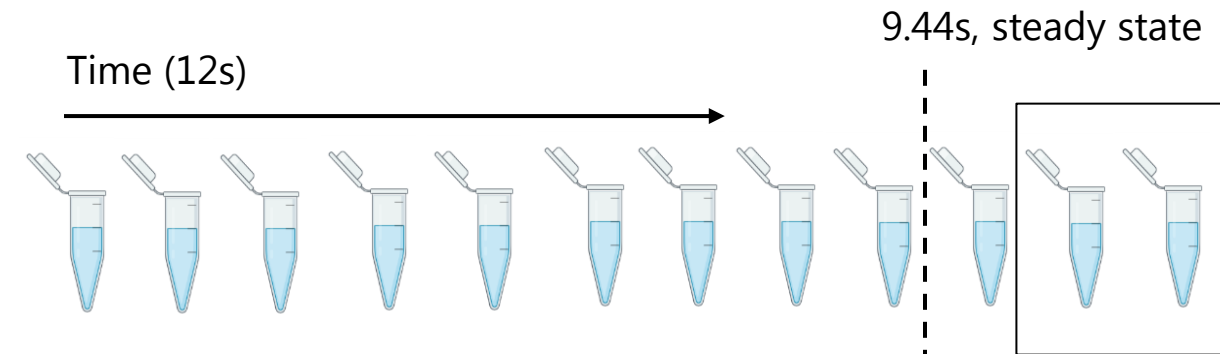
Size Distribution Fit



Average



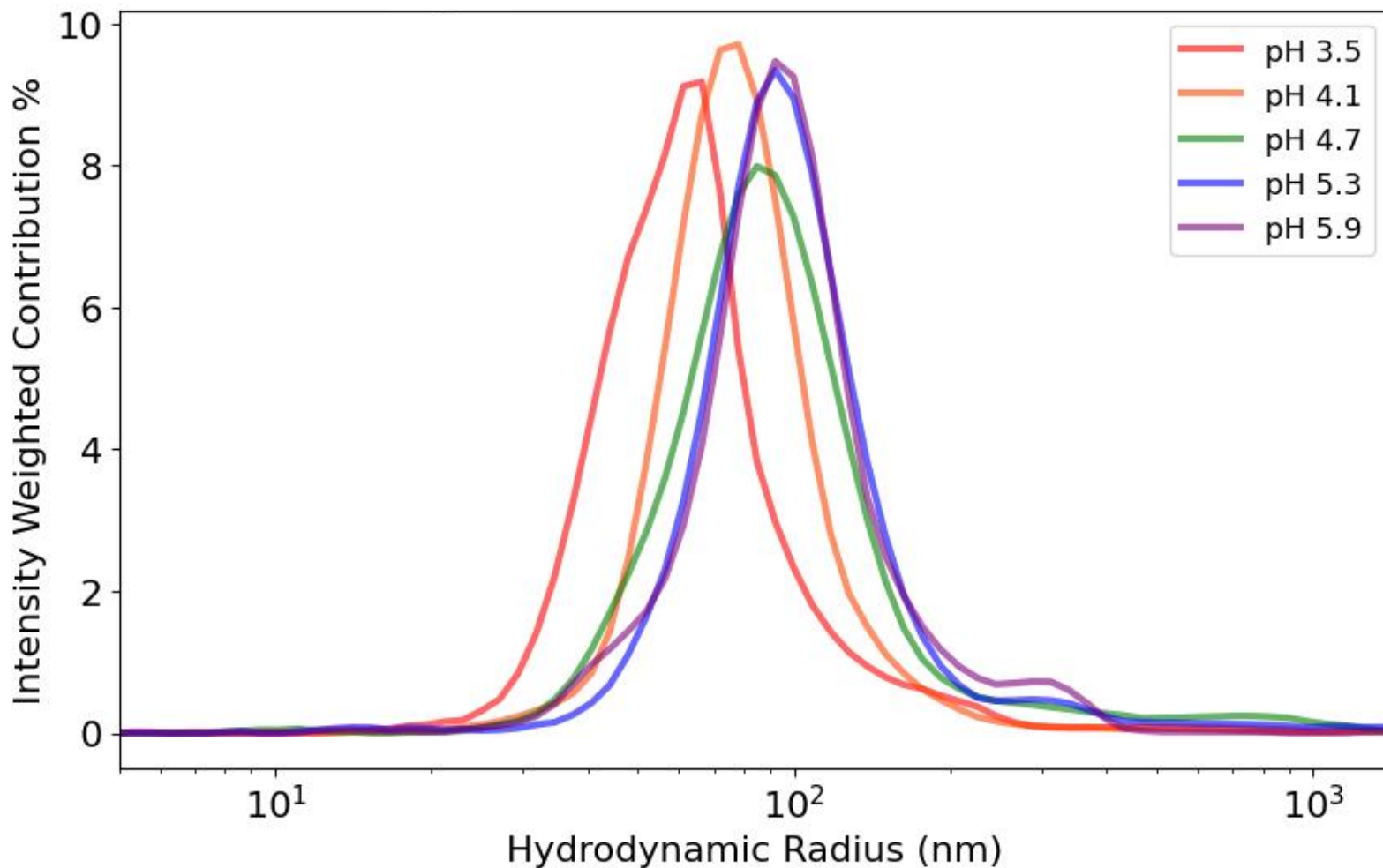
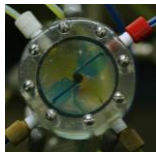
MIVM Steady State Flow Study



LNP Synthesis and DLS

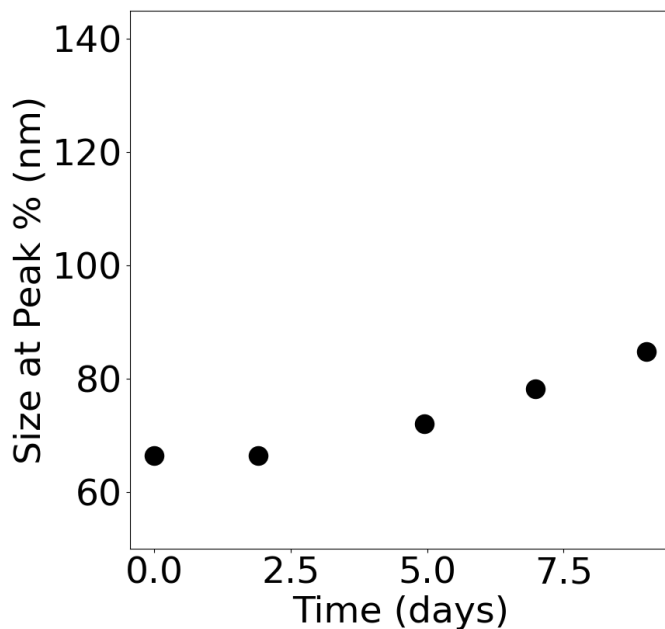
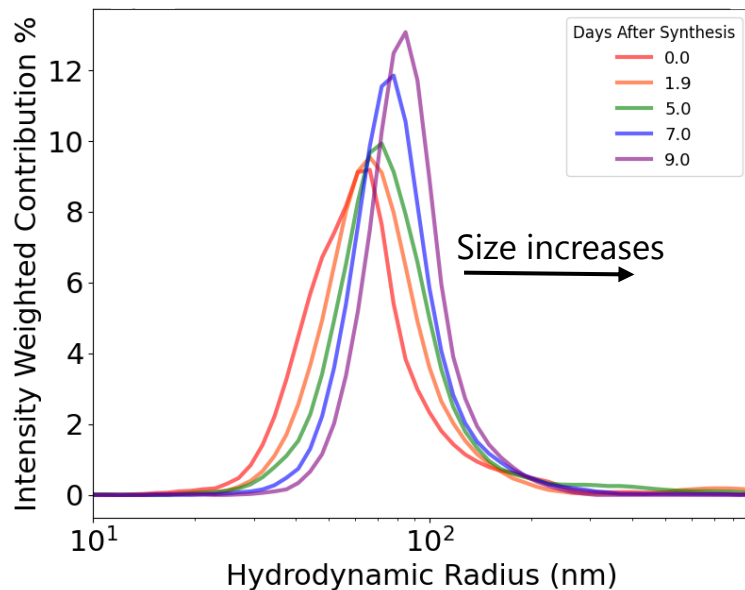
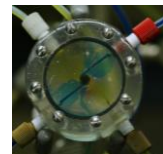
MIVM: pH-Dependent **Empty** LNP Size

Synthesis 1

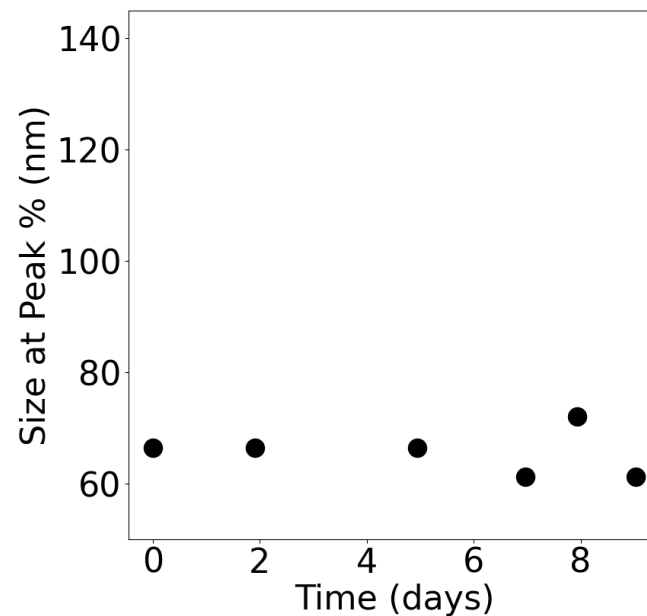
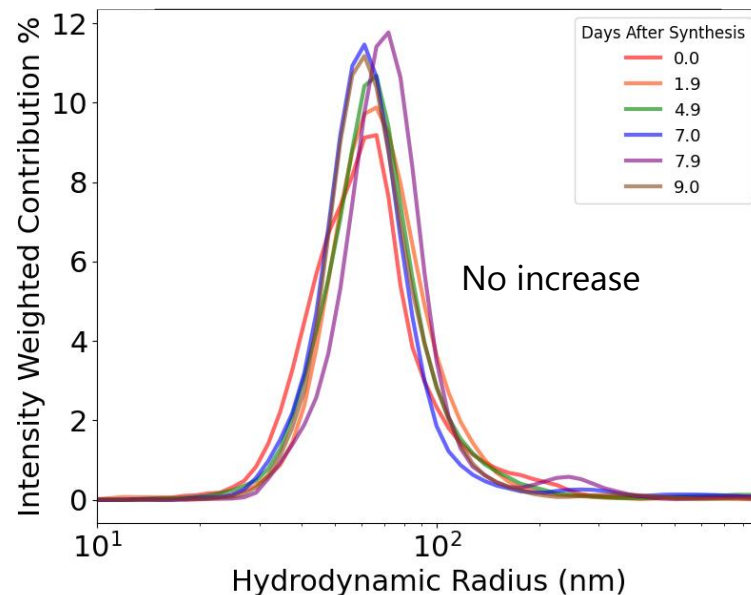


MIVM Empty LNP Aging, pH 3.5

25°C

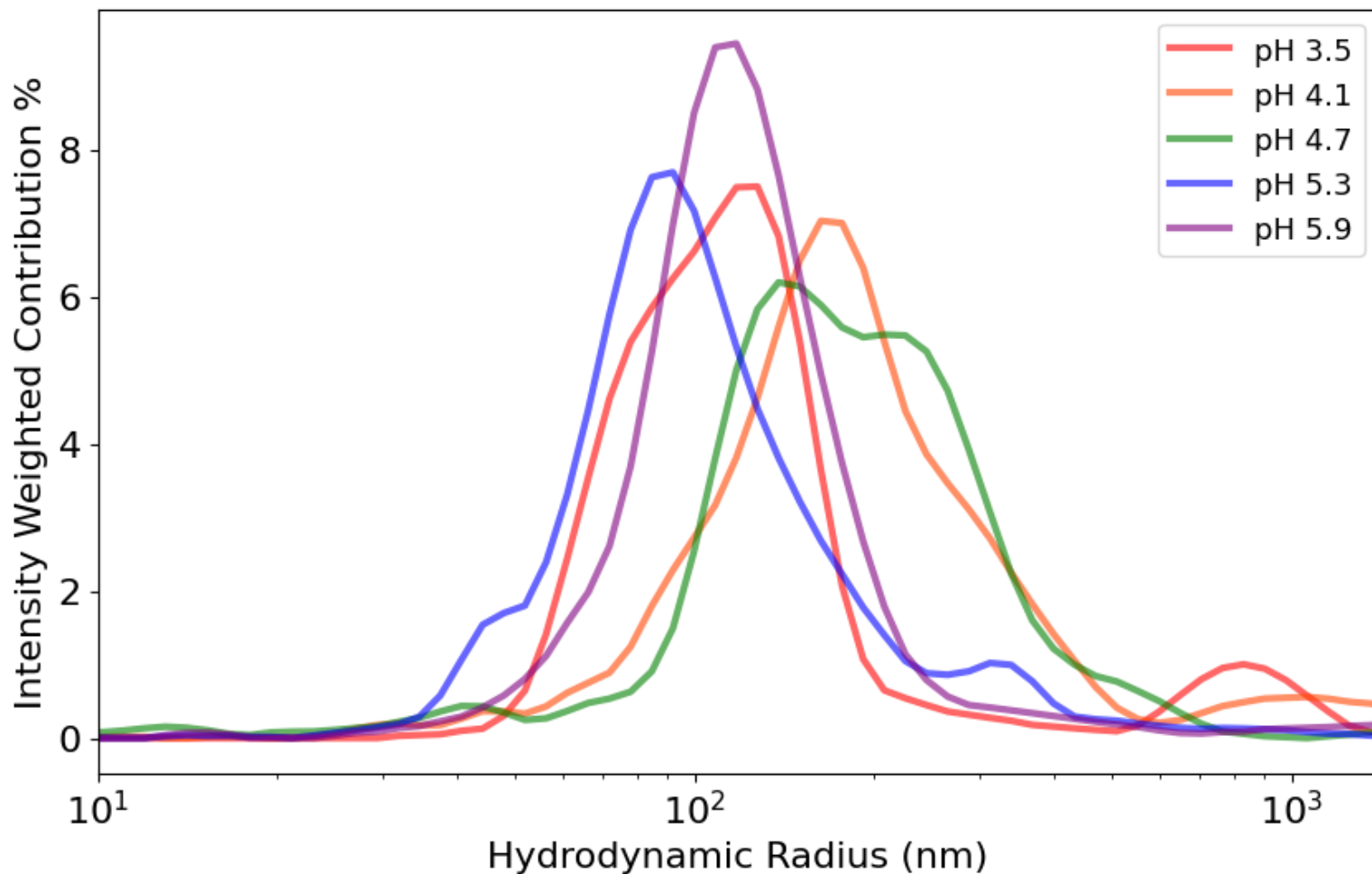
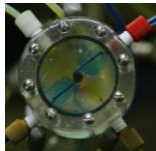


4°C

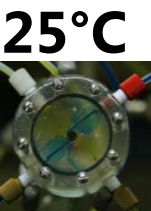


MIVM: pH-Dependent **polyA** LNP Size

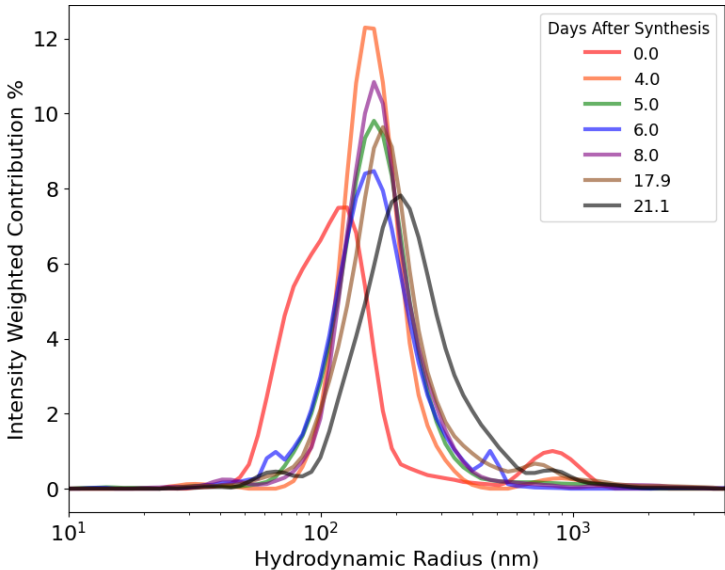
Synthesis 1



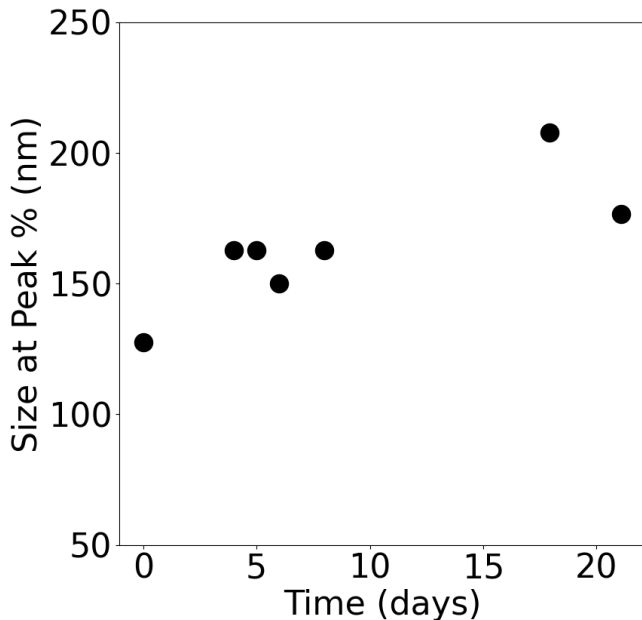
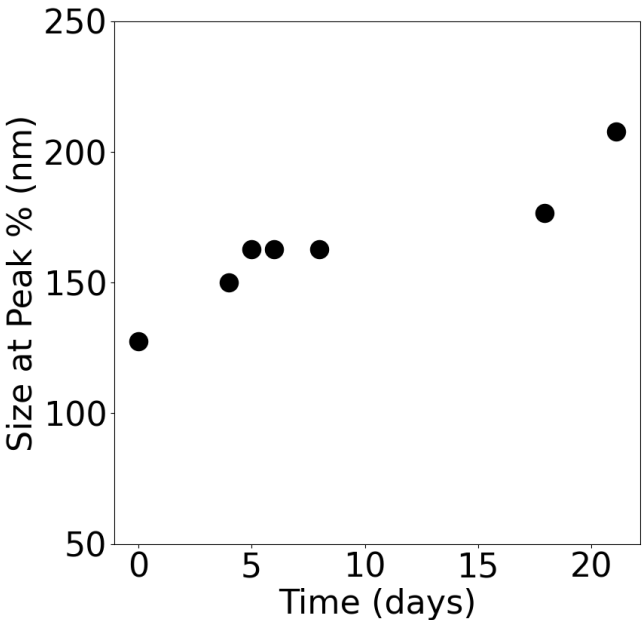
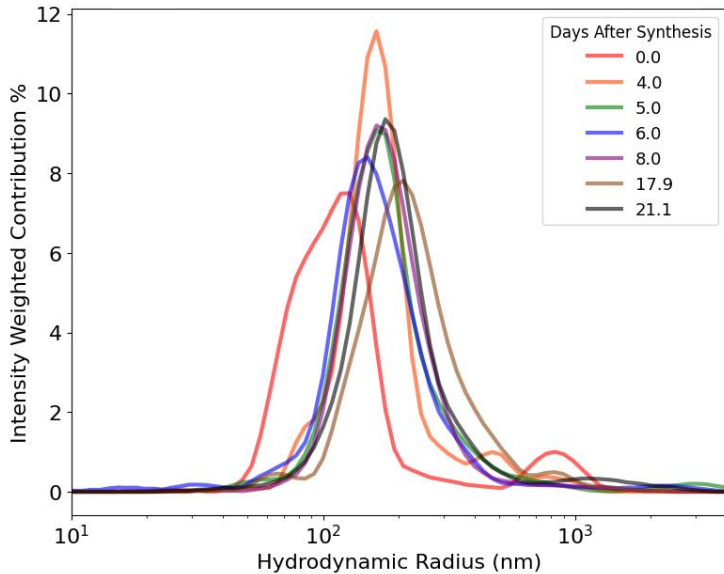
MIVM PolyA LNP Aging, pH 3.5



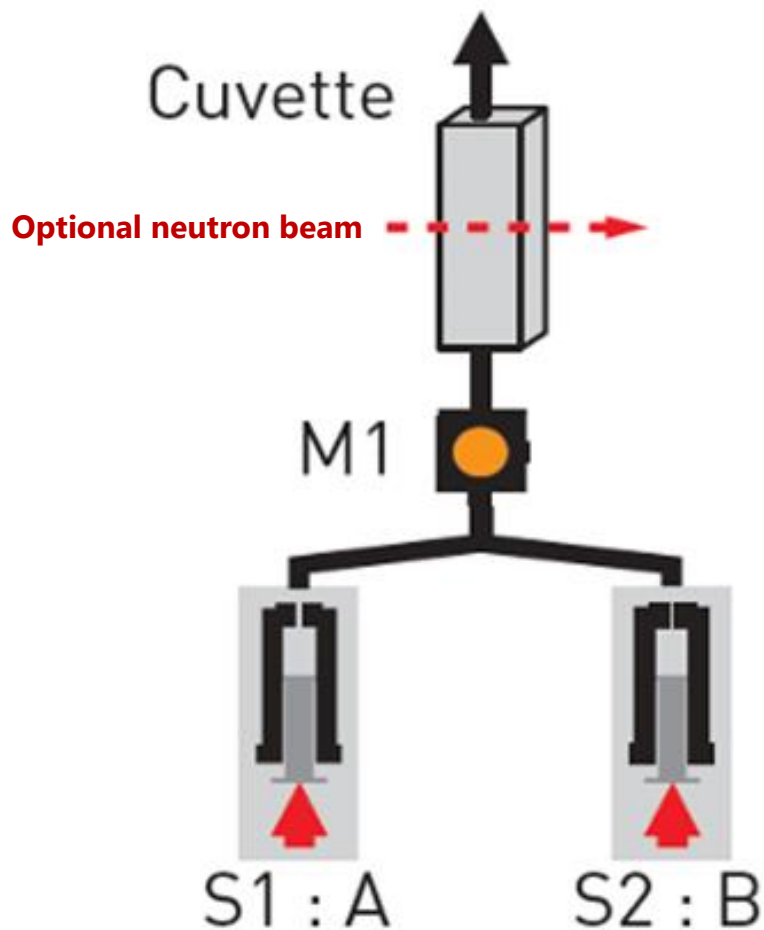
25°C



4°C



Stopped Flow Mixer (SFM) Set Up

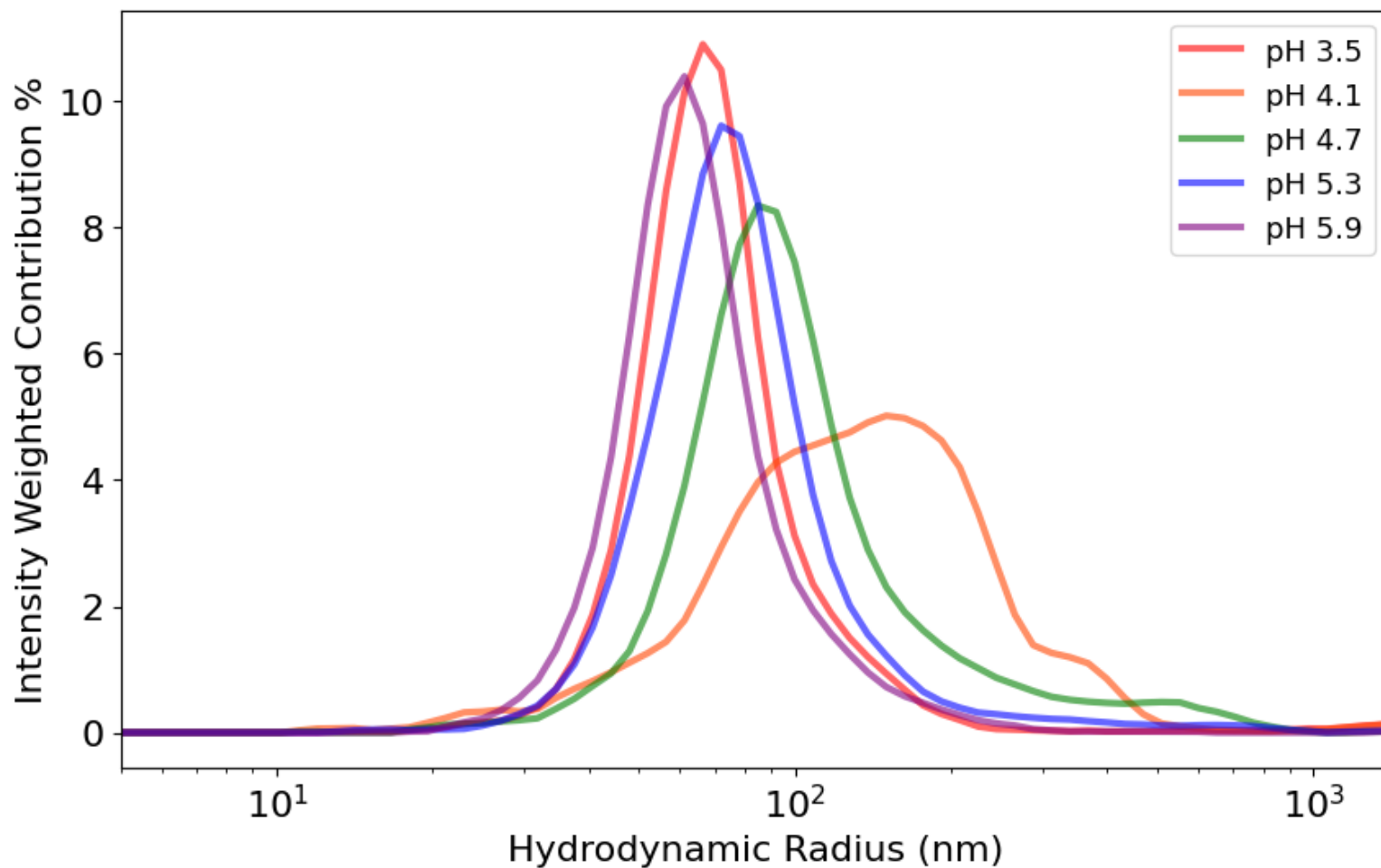


Removed waste outlet tubing to collect samples directly from the cell

Cell where neutron beam would pass through

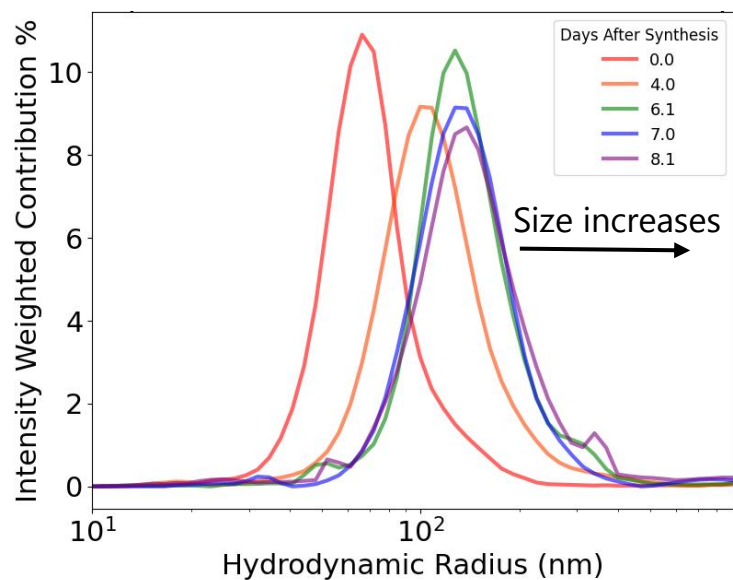
SFM: pH-Dependent **Empty** LNP Size

Synthesis 1

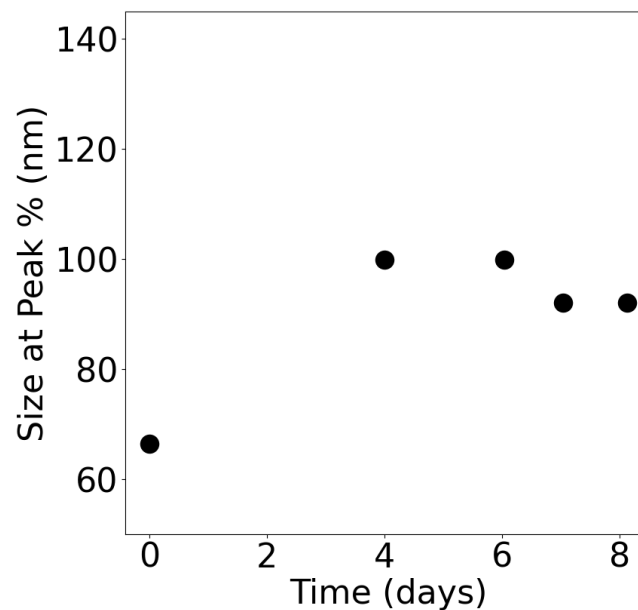
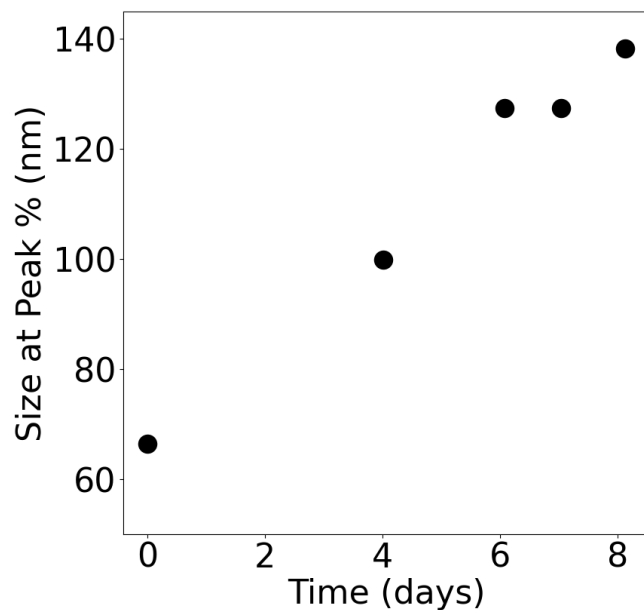
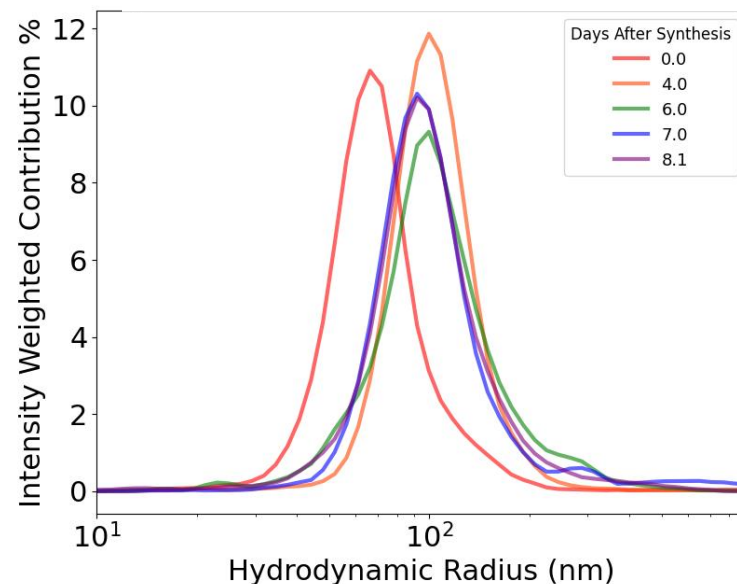


SFM: Empty LNP Synthesis Aging, pH 3.5 **NLST**

25°C



4°C



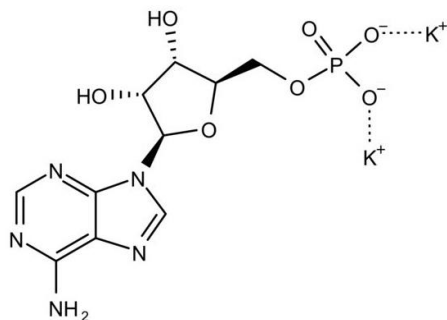
Conclusion

- Similar initial size between MIVM and stopped-flow
- Empty:
 - Aging slower/less significant at 4C
 - Significant aging at 25C
- polyA:
 - Generally, insignificant aging compared to empty LNPs
- Differences between pH, but nonmonotonic

Future Directions

Microfluidic Mixing

PolyA-loaded LNPs



Adenylic Acid (polyadenylic acid, polyA)

Stopped Flow Neutron Scattering

Thank you!

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