



metrology for
SUSTAINABLE ENERGY
TECHNOLOGIES AND THE ENVIRONMENT

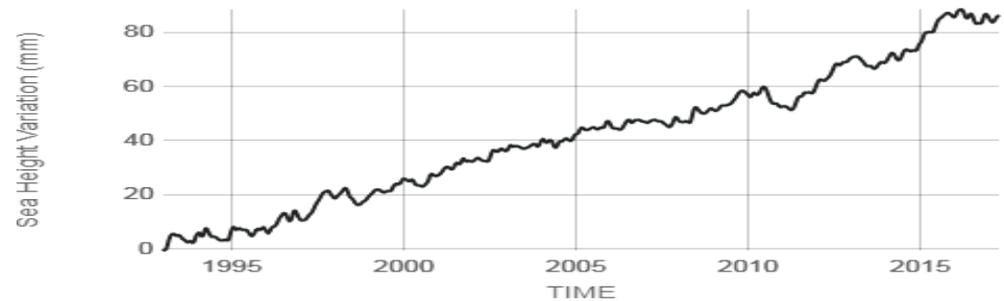
The Mexican Case

Víctor José Lizardi Nieto

General Director, CENAM

Latin American and the Caribbean are aware of the need to accelerate and intensify the actions and investments necessary for a low- carbon future.

Meeting these needs will require the concerted action of OAS Member States to increase energy efficiency and expand the use of renewable energies.

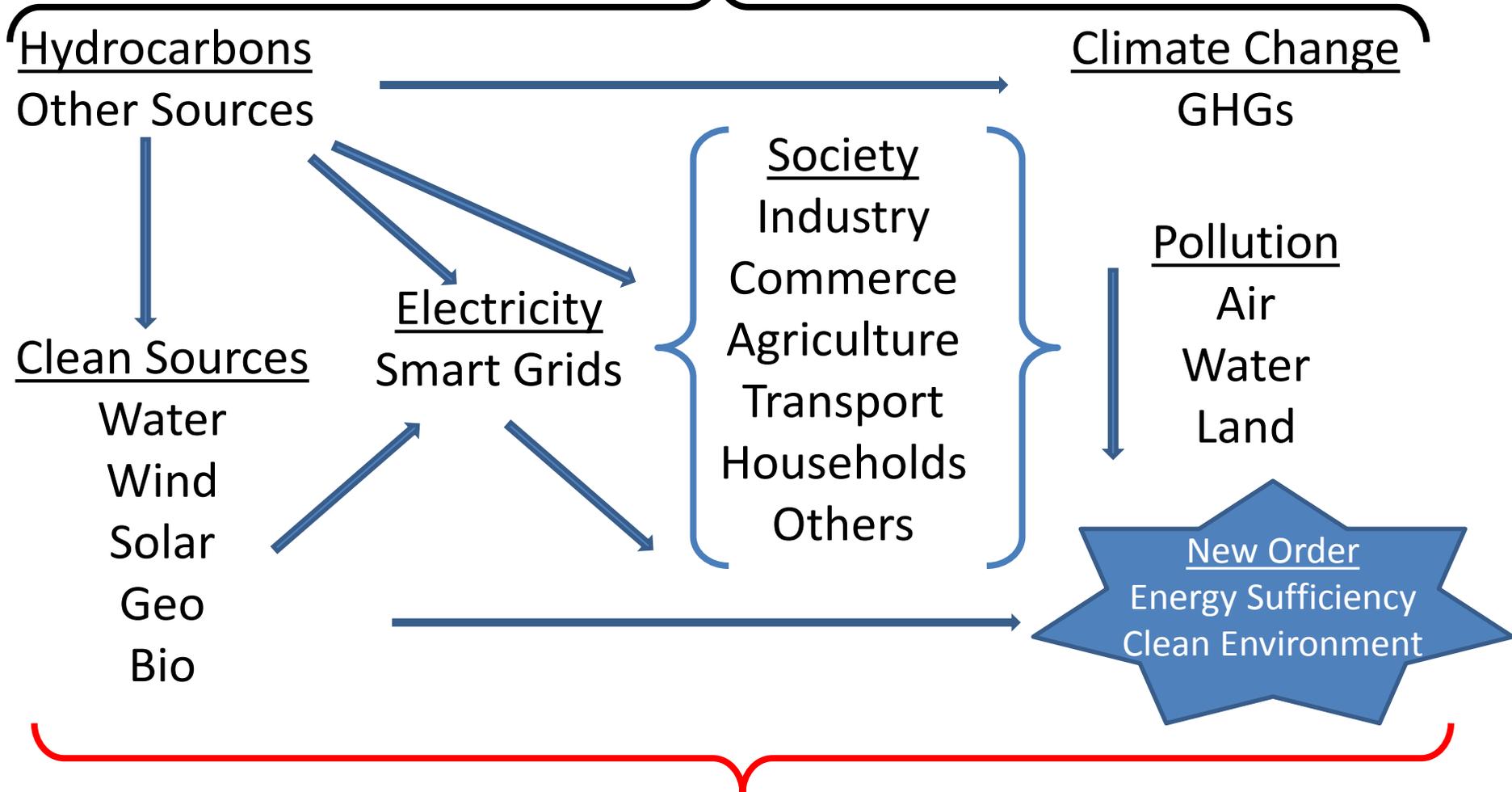


Source: climate.nasa.gov

Advanced measurement infrastructure for alternative energies and improved measurements of air quality and GHGs are required.

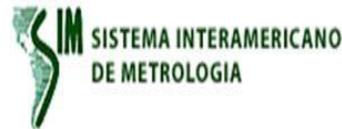
Government-Ministries:

Policies – Strategies – Regulations - Incentives



Quality Infrastructure: Support to policies, regulations, interoperability...

Pillars of the Global Quality Infrastructure



**Science
and
Tecnology**



**Industry and
Social
Sectors**

**Conformity
Assessment**

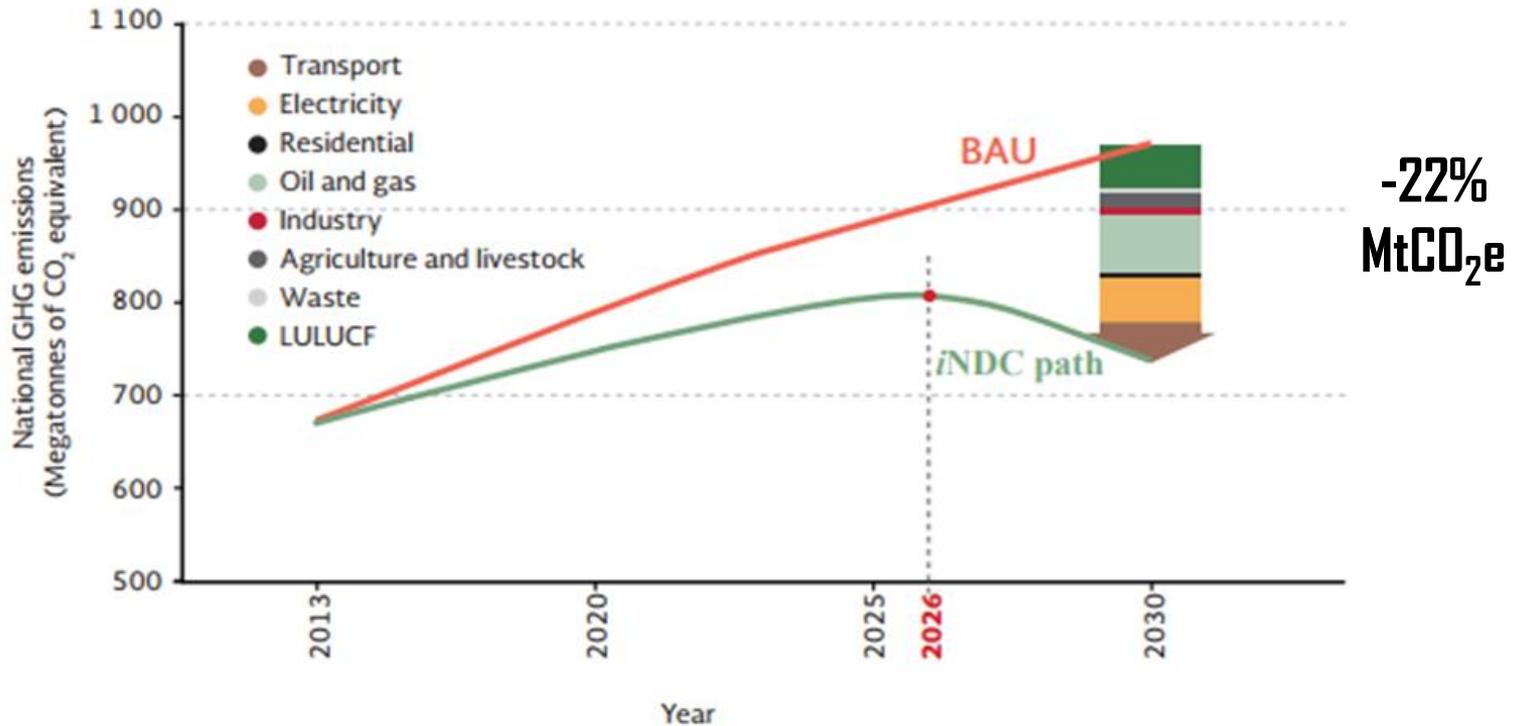


Regional Metrology Organizations (RMOs)



Source: BIPM .<http://www.bipm.org/en/worldwide-metrology/regional/>

Mexican commitment emissions of greenhouse gases under the baseline scenario (BAU) and iNDC mitigation unconditional goals, 2013-2030.

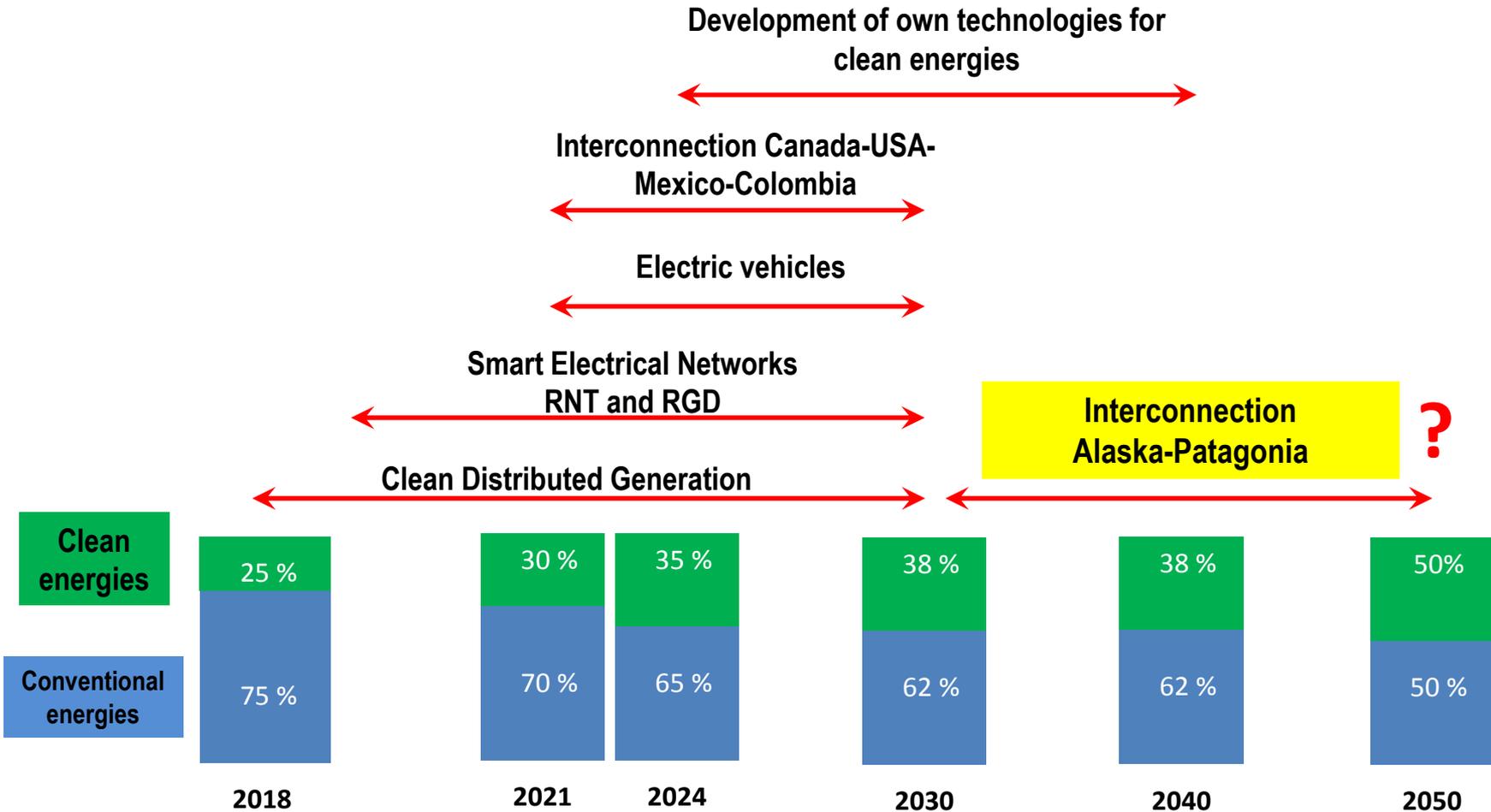


iNDC: Intended Nationally Determined Contribution
 LULUCF: Land Use, Land-Use Change and Forestry

³ Considering a BAU with no measures to address climate change.

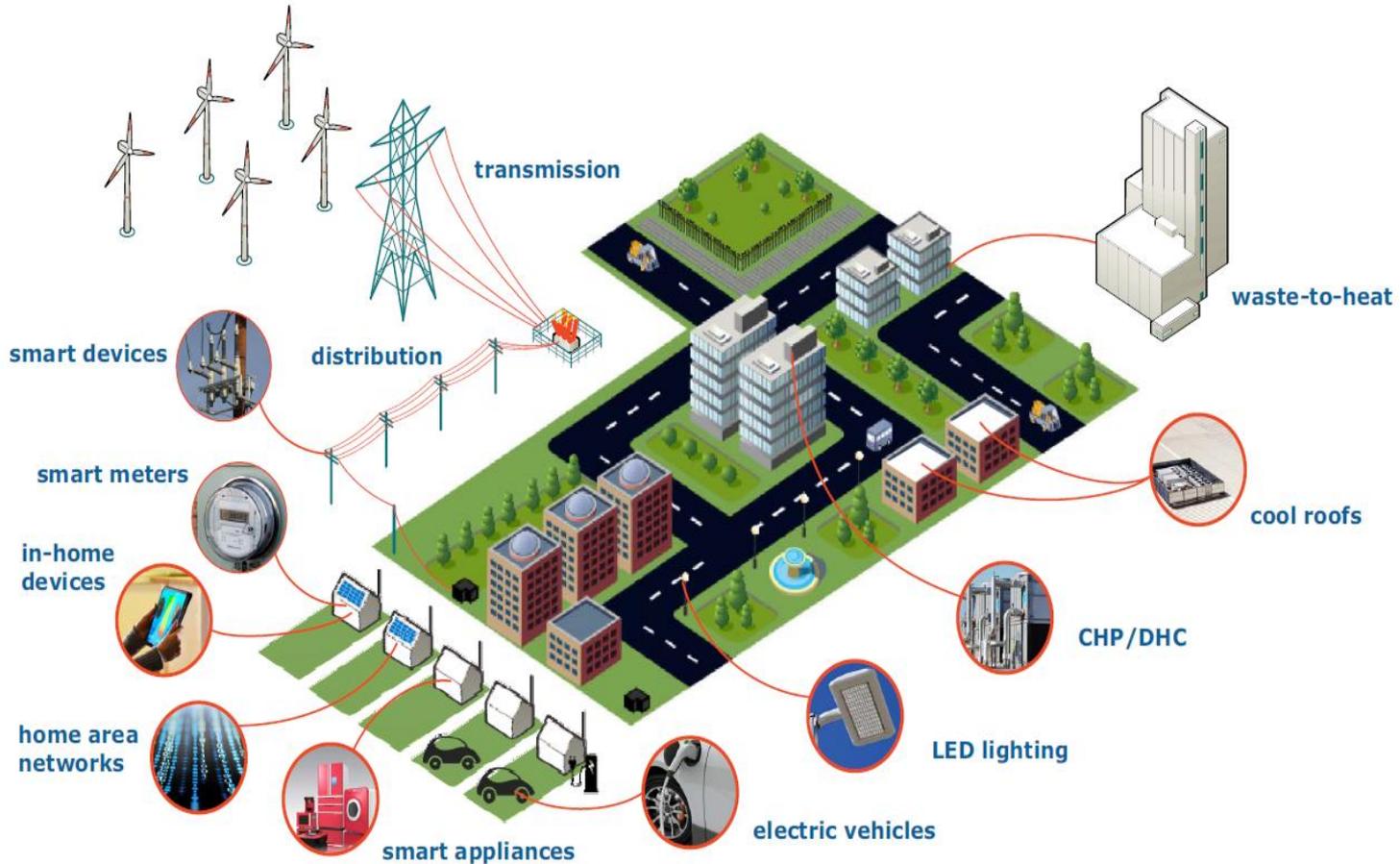
⁴ Estimated as the quotient of the volume of emissions of GHG by GDP.

American continent: How we will move towards 2050



Source: SENER- Programa de desarrollo del Sistema Eléctrico Nacional (PRODESEN) 2017-2031.

Urban Energy Transition



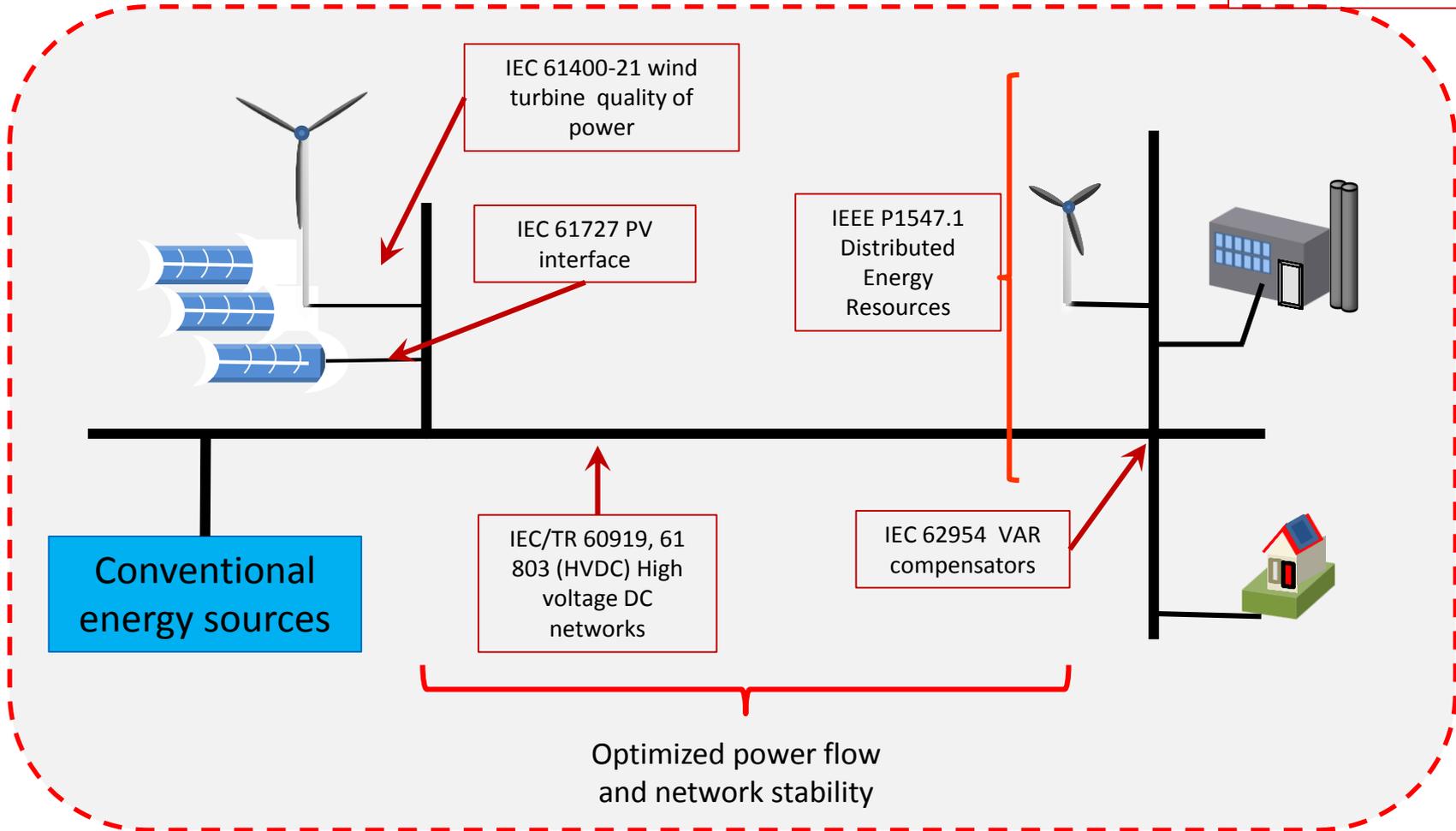
Clean sources and their measurement needs

Solar	Wind	Hydro	Geothermal	Biomass	Cogeneration
					
Irradiance	Wind Speed			Composition	
Temperature	Temperature	Temperature	Temperature	Temperature	Temperature
Pressure	Pressure	Pressure	Pressure	Pressure	Pressure
	Flow	Flow	Flow	Flow	Flow
	Height	Height			
	Density	Density	Density		Density
		Volume	Volume	Volume	
				Heat Power	Heat Power
Output Power	Output Power	Output Power	Output Power	Output Power	Output Power

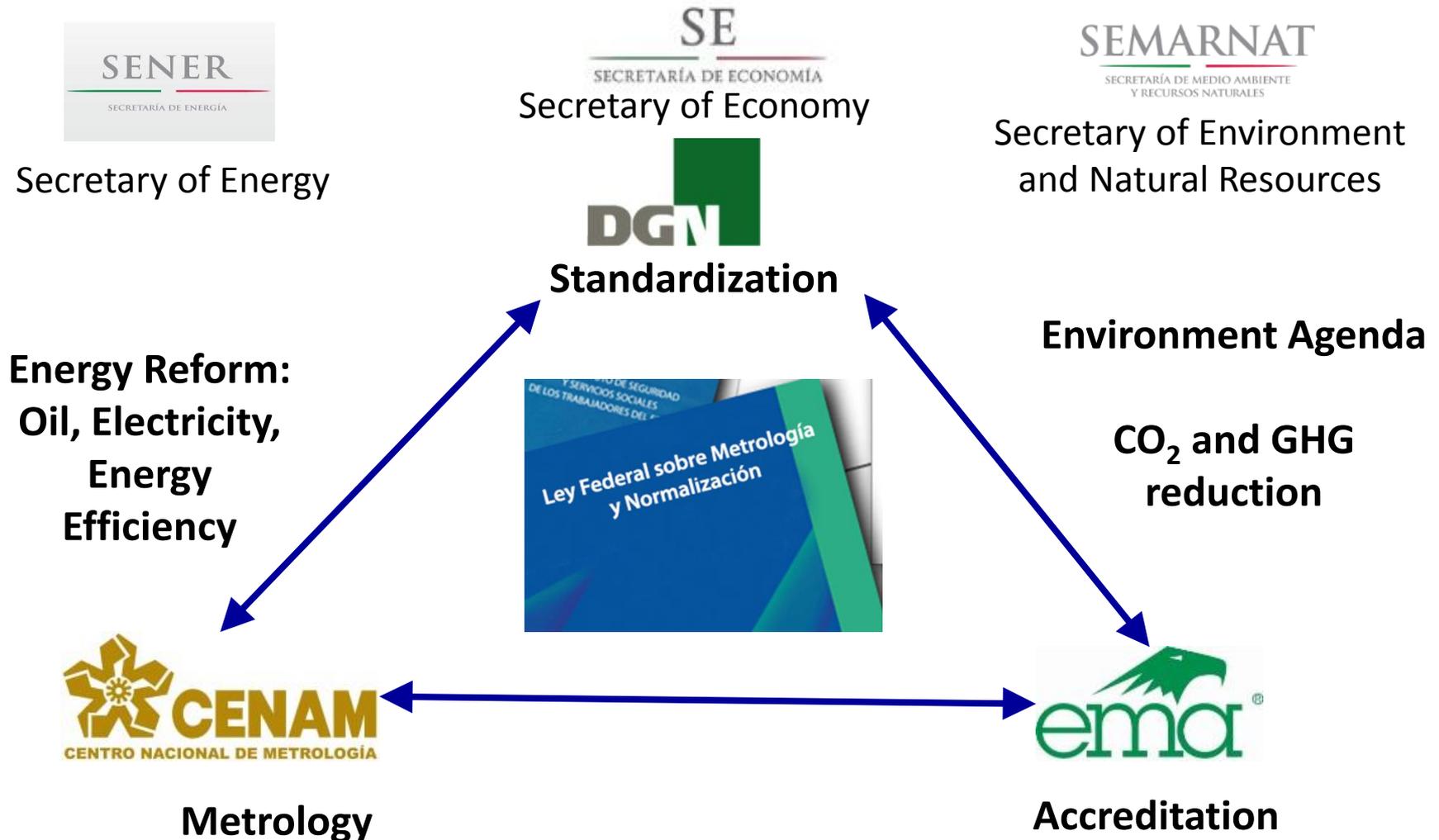
This is the issue of Metrology which is the science of measurements and its application is increasingly valid in the energy and climate change topics.

International Standards for Renewable Energy Sources

IEC 61000-4-30
Quality of power: tests and measurements



Pillars of the Global Quality Infrastructure



Solar Energy: Thermal and Photovoltaic



There is no national solar reference standard. (in process)



There is no national standards.



There is no accredited laboratories yet.



Certification

Primary Reference System for Solar Radiation Measurement in process

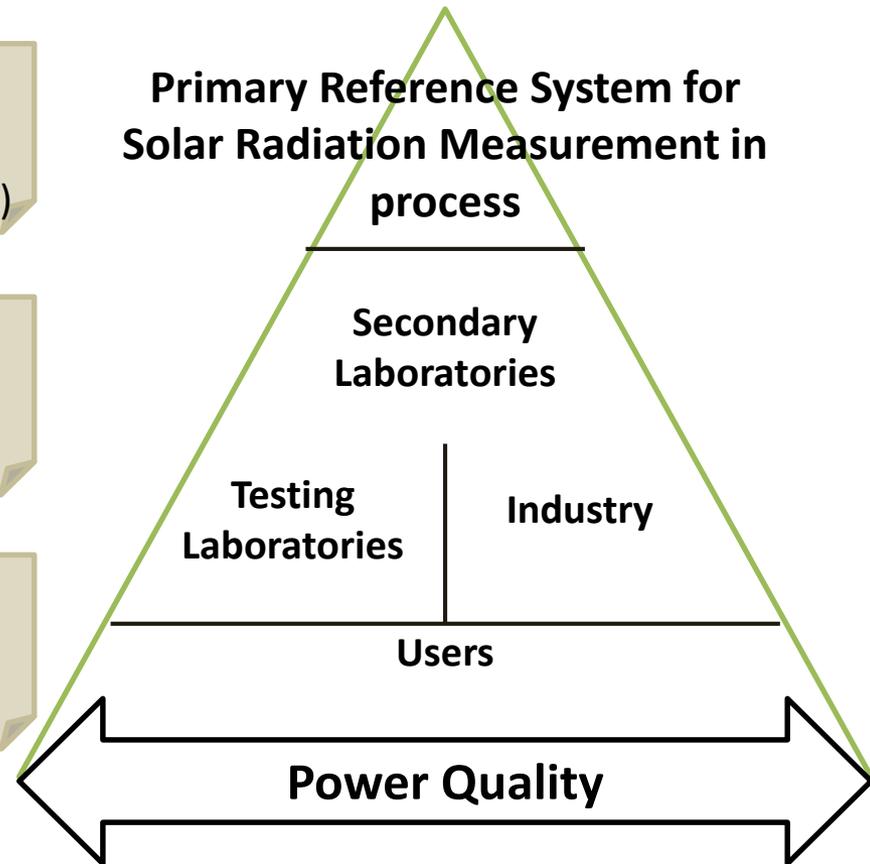
Secondary Laboratories

Testing Laboratories

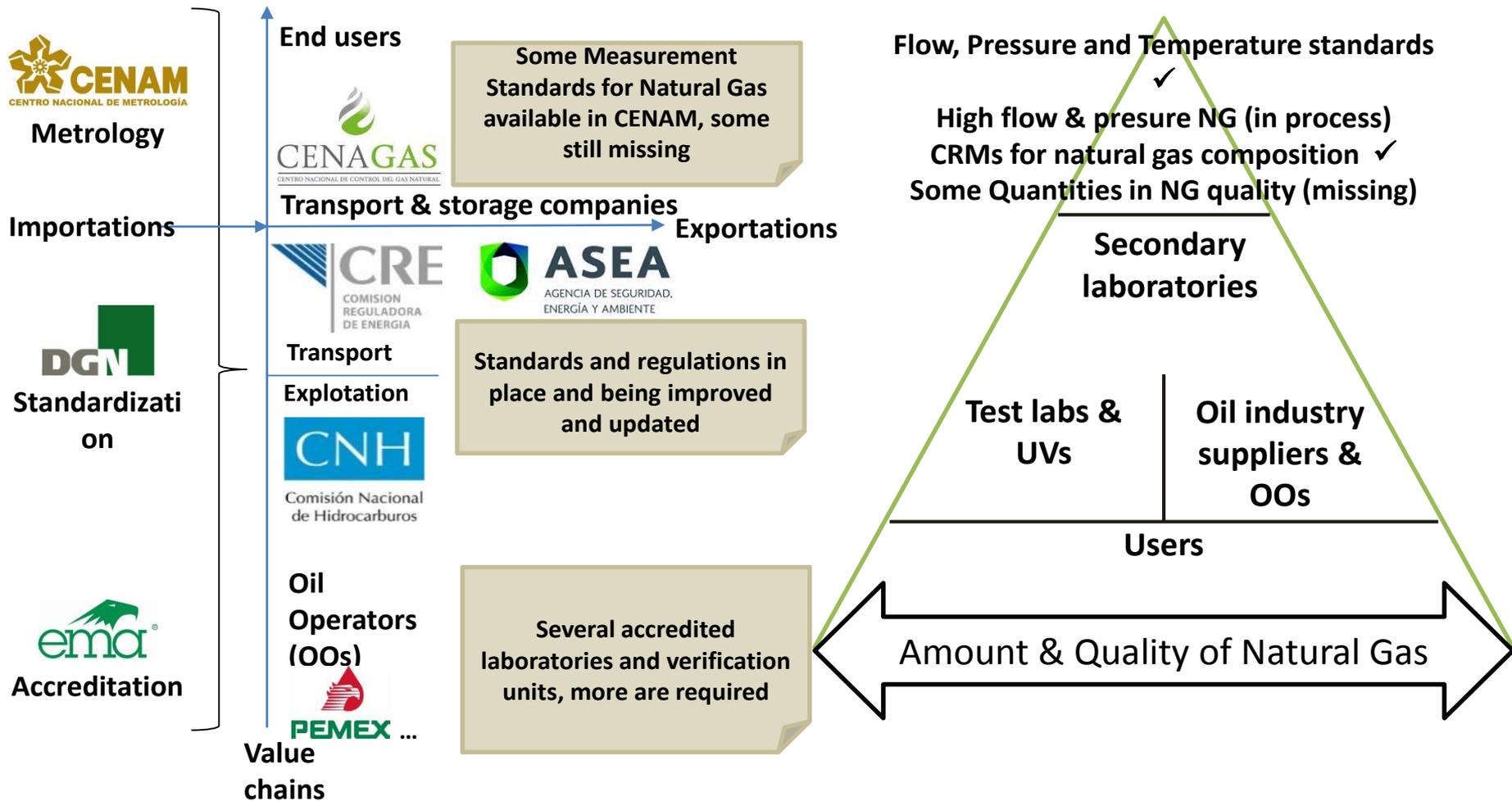
Industry

Users

Power Quality



Amount and quality of natural gas



Climate sciences and clean air: national infrastructure for policies

BIPM commitment

FT-IR now

FT-IR in 1 or 2 years

PT Stack tests



AIR QUALITY

■ OAS-NIST LA project on AQ

■ LA projects: PT and low price sensors

■ Traceability of VOCs

■ Ozone and MoU with INECC (air pollutants)

STACK EMISSIONS

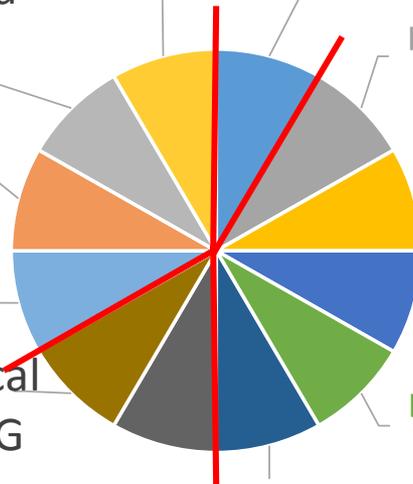
■ Traceability & PTs

■ Legal metrology

■ Traceability

■ EPA equivalent protocol of CGMs

■ Evaluation of EPA gas mixtures



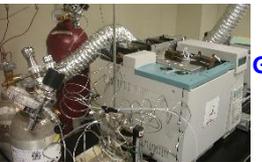
Vehicle exhaust emission technology evaluation



GC-PCR-FID for VOCs



SRP-29 UV Photometer



GC for GHGs

■ Emissions (traceable local emission factors of GHG inventories)

■ Inmissions (traceable tests of GHGs)

■ Latinamerican GHG project

■ LA mobile emission project

MOBILE EMISSIONS



NO-QL gas analyzer

NIST commitment (10 CRMs)



CRMs cylinder storage room



Collaboration with environmental Authority INECC on MINAMATA convention

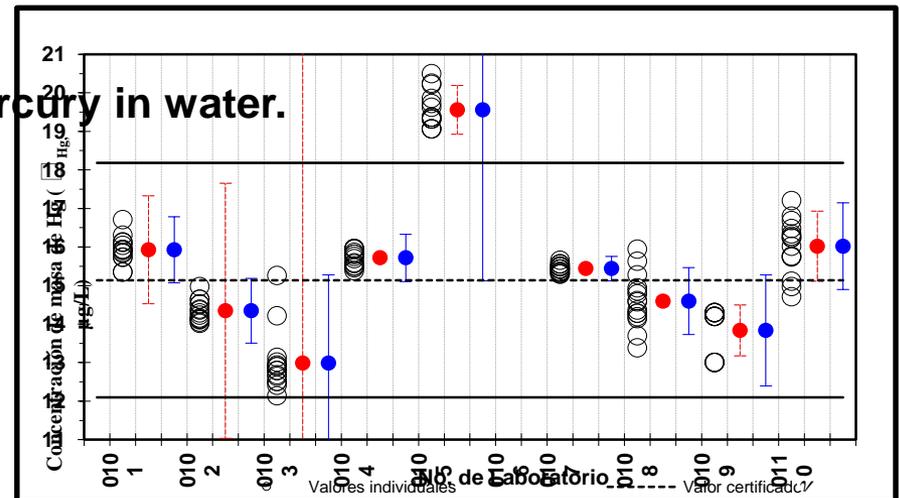
COLLABORATION PROJECT OF CERTIFIED REFERENCE MATERIALS OF MERCURY
 ENVIRONMENTAL AUTHORITIES: **SEMARNAT-INECC-MEXICO**

CENAM has been collaborating with INECC-SEMARNAT in develop Measurement Method´s and Certified Reference Materials (CRM) to allow the Mexican Analytical Laboratories to use them to validate their measurement methodologies for mercury.

Program 2017:

- Developed CRM of calibrator of total Hg.
- Developed CRM of Hg in synthetic waste water
- to organize a proficiency test service
- to strengthen capacities for measuring mercury in water.

EMPIR collaboration is underway



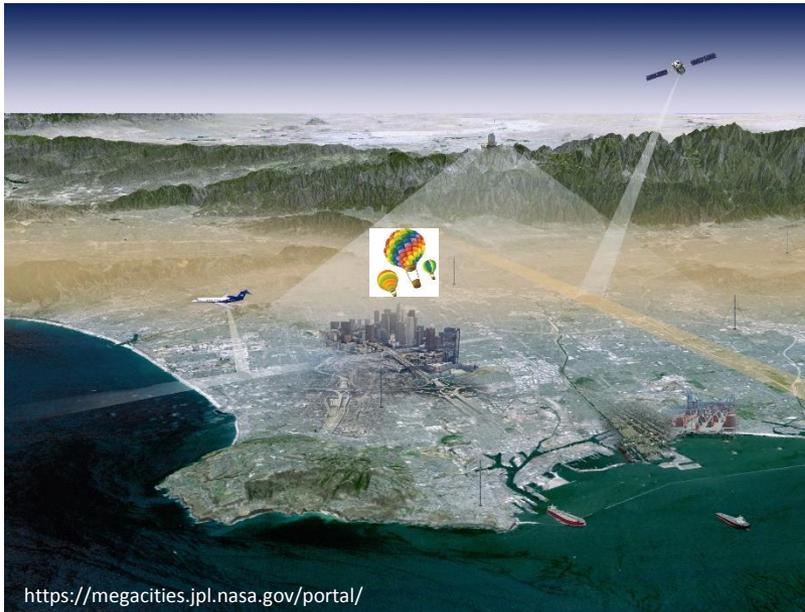
Collaboration with Cities, Organizations and Scientific atmospheric communities

Other relevant and rising measurement types for GHGs and air quality

GHG concentrations in Megacities

Satellites and remote sensors
and local stations

Several purposes



The Essential Climate Variables

Domain	GCOS Essential Climate Variables
Atmospheric (over land, sea and ice)	<p>Surface:^[1] Air temperature, Wind speed and direction, Water vapour, Pressure, Precipitation, Surface radiation budget.</p> <p>Upper-air:^[2] Temperature, Wind speed and direction, Water vapour, Cloud properties, Earth radiation budget (including solar irradiance).</p> <p>Composition: Carbon dioxide, Methane, and other long-lived greenhouse gases^[3], Ozone and Aerosol, supported by their precursors^[4].</p>
Oceanic	<p>Surface:^[5] Sea-surface temperature, Sea-surface salinity, Sea level, Sea state, Sea ice, Surface current, Ocean colour, Carbon dioxide partial pressure, Ocean acidity, Phytoplankton.</p> <p>Sub-surface: Temperature, Salinity, Current, Nutrients, Carbon dioxide partial pressure, Ocean acidity, Oxygen, Tracers.</p>
Terrestrial	<p>River discharge, Water use, Groundwater, Lakes, Snow cover, Glaciers and ice caps, Ice sheets, Permafrost, Albedo, Land cover (including vegetation type), Fraction of absorbed photosynthetically active radiation (FAPAR), Leaf area index (LAI), Above-ground biomass, Soil carbon, Fire disturbance, Soil moisture.</p>

Achievements and Challenges of the Quality Infrastructure for Energy and Climate Change in Mexico

Achievements:

- ✓ Government Policies aligned to international agreements in both, Energy Transition (Structural Reforms) and Environmental Protection.
- ✓ Increasing interactions among the actors of the Quality Infrastructure: SENER, SEMARNAT, SE, Commissions and Agencies, Standardization, Accreditation bodies,...
- ✓ Solid basis in CENAM for accurate measurements of gas and oil, electrical energy, solar radiation, temperature, flow, etc. National Standards, Talent, Reference Laboratories...

Achievements and Challenges of the Quality Infrastructure for Energy and Climate Change in Mexico

Challenges:

- To Increase collaboration in the Continent through OAS, SIM and other organizations.
- To strengthen coordination among authorities and organizations responsible for regulations, standardization, metrology and conformity assessment.
- To increase measurement capabilities in different fields: CRM-GHGs, Solar Reference Systems, Wind Speed, Biofuels composition, heat power and smart grids.

For more information please contact us at CENAM

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