ANSI/NIST-ITL 1-2011 SUPPLEMENT:

VOICE RECORD

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Contents

[Introduction 4](#_Toc348448213)

[Investigatory Voice Biometric Committee (IVBC) Membership 5](#_Toc348448214)

[Definitions of Specialized Terms Used in this Document 6](#_Toc348448215)

[Scope of the Type-11 Record 9](#_Toc348448216)

[Source Documents 10](#_Toc348448217)

[General Organization of the Type-11 Record 10](#_Toc348448218)

[Record Type-11: Voice Record 12](#_Toc348448219)

[1. **Field 11.001: Record header** 28](#_Toc348448220)

[2. **Field 11.002: Information Designation Character/IDC** 28](#_Toc348448221)

[3. **Field 11.003: Audio Object Descriptor/AOD** 28](#_Toc348448222)

[4. **Field 11.004: Voice Recording Source Organization/VRSO** 29](#_Toc348448223)

[5. **Field 11.005:**  Voice Recording Content Descriptor/VRC; 30](#_Toc348448224)

[6. **Field 11.006: Audio Recording Device/REC** 30](#_Toc348448225)

[7. **Field 11.007: Acquisition source / AQS** 31](#_Toc348448226)

[8. **Field 11.008: Record Creation Date/RCD** 31](#_Toc348448227)

[9. **Field 11.009: Voice Recording Creation Date/VRD** 31](#_Toc348448228)

[10. **Field 11.010: Total Recording Duration/TRD** 31](#_Toc348448229)

[11. **Field 11.011: Physical Media Object/ PMO** 32](#_Toc348448230)

[12. **Field 11.012: Container Format/CFT** 33](#_Toc348448231)

[13. **Field 11.013: Codec/CDC** 34](#_Toc348448232)

[14. **Field 11.014: Preliminary Signal Quality/PSQ** 35](#_Toc348448233)

[15. **Fields 11.015-020: Reserved Fields** 36](#_Toc348448234)

[16. **Field 11.021: Redaction/ RED** 36](#_Toc348448235)

[17. **Field 11.022: Redaction Diary/RDD** 37](#_Toc348448236)

[18. **Field 11.023: Snipping Segmentation/ SNP** 38](#_Toc348448237)

[19. **Field 11.024: Snipping Diary/SPD** 38](#_Toc348448238)

[20. **Field 11.025: Diarization/DIA** 39](#_Toc348448239)

[21. **Field 11.026: Segment Diary/SGD** 40](#_Toc348448240)

[22. **Field 11.027-030: Reserved Fields** 41](#_Toc348448241)

[23. **Field 11.031: Time of Segment Recording /TME** 41](#_Toc348448242)

[24. **Field 11.032: Segment Geographical Information/GEO** 42](#_Toc348448243)

[25. **Field 11.033: Segment Quality Values/SQV** 44](#_Toc348448244)

[26. **Field 11.034: Vocal Collision Identifier/VCI** 45](#_Toc348448245)

[27. **Field 11.035: Processing Priority /PPY** 45](#_Toc348448246)

[28. **Field 11.036: Segment Content/SCN** 46](#_Toc348448247)

[29. **Field 11.037: Segment Speaker Characteristics/SCC** 47](#_Toc348448248)

[30. **Field 11.038: Segment Channel/SCH** 50](#_Toc348448249)

[31. **Field 11.039-050: Reserved Fields** 52](#_Toc348448250)

[32. **Field 11.051: Comments/COM** 52](#_Toc348448251)

[33. **Fields 11.052-099: Reserved Fields** 52](#_Toc348448252)

[34. **Fields 11.100-900: User-defined fields/UDF** 52](#_Toc348448253)

[35. **Field 11.901: Reserved field** 52](#_Toc348448254)

[36. **Field 11.902: Annotation information/ANN** 52](#_Toc348448255)

[37. **Fields 11.903-992: Reserved Fields** 53](#_Toc348448256)

[38. **Field 11.993: Source agency name/SAN** 53](#_Toc348448257)

[39. **Field 11.994: External file reference/EFR** 53](#_Toc348448258)

[40. **Field 11.995: Associated Context/ACN** 53](#_Toc348448259)

[41. **Field 11.996: Hash/HAS** 53](#_Toc348448260)

[42. **Field 11.997: Source representation/SOR** 53](#_Toc348448261)

[43. **Field 11.998: Reserved field** 54](#_Toc348448262)

[44. **Field 11.999: Voice record/DATA** 54](#_Toc348448263)

# Introduction

Speaker recognition presents some unique challenges not found in other forms of human recognition, such as fingerprint, iris or face. The human voice, generally carrying both speech and non-speech sounds, propagates varying distances through air (principally) or another medium to reach acoustic transducers (usually microphones) of varying amplitude and phase response. For purposes of the Type-11 record, a “speaker” is any person producing “vocalizations” from the throat or oral cavity, which may be voiced (activating the vocal cords) or unvoiced (such as aspirations, whispers, tongue clicks and other similar sounds). The current state of technology for speaker recognition usually requires vocalizations containing some speech (linguistic content). An automated interlocutor is considered to be a “speaker” for the purposes of this record type, since the intent is to directly mimic human speech, although such a speaker will not be the primary subject of a speaker recognition transaction.

When voice sounds carry speech, that speech usually occurs within a social context involving more than one speaker. Consequently, a speech signal collected *in situ* may contain the voices of multiple speakers, each voice signal with its own transfer function between the speaker and the transducer. Segmenting and de-conflicting overlapped voice signals (“speaker separation”) through automation is currently an unsolved problem in the general case, thus implying that many operational applications of speaker recognition technology will involve audio recordings containing multiple speakers and multiple acoustic transmission paths.

The ANSI/NIST-ITL standard was originally developed for the interchange of fingerprint data, whether collected from latent prints lifted from crime scenes, scanned off of ink-based fingerprint cards or taken directly from electronic “live” scanners. The standard, therefore, is explicitly restricted to cases where, “All records in a transaction shall pertain to a single subject.” This restriction presents special challenges for use of the standard for interchange of natural voice signals, containing both speech and non-speech sounds, collected in a social, multi-speaker context and stored either digitally or in analog form and either electronically or on physical media. Therefore, a voice record type will have to accommodate:

1) bespoke recordings of single speaker voice signals for the specific purpose of speaker recognition;

2) conversational and interview scenario voice signals, digitized and segmented into clips, or “snips”, restricted to speech from the single speaker of interest (the voice data subject). In a conversational setting, a speaker “turn” might be divided into several segments as the conditions of the speech and its collection change;

3) unsegmented natural voice signals on digital or analog media, with or without an accompanying timing diary of the segments attributable to speech from the single speaker of interest;

4) unannotated speech segment(s) for input to annotation work-flow tools. In all cases, the voice recordings referred to in the Type-11 record must accommodate signals collected non-continuously and stored in multiple segments, a requirement that has been encountered before in other ANSI/NIST record types. For example, the Type-14 (variable-resolution fingerprint images) record has the capacity to carry multiple fingerprints in one image with segment boundary information for each finger in the image, albeit from a single individual, and serves as a model in this regard.

There are other challenges facing a speaker recognition standard. The most significant ones include:

* Voice signals generally contain both speech and non-speech elements, either of which might be useful in speaker recognition applications.
* Unlike other modalities, voice signals are collected in time, not spatial, dimensions and will not have a single “time of collection”.
* In mobile applications, even a single segment of a voice signal may not be linkable to a single geographic location.
* Voice signals containing speech have direct informational content. Unlike other forms of biometric recognition, the speech itself means something and, even if stripped of all personally identifiable information including the acoustic content itself, may require protection for privacy or security reasons.
* Unlike other modalities, voice signals may reflect the social and behavioral conditions of the collection environment, including the relationship between the data subject and any interlocutors.

Consequently, creating a Type-11 record for voice signal transmission with the ANSI/NIST-ITL context is more complicated than simply copying an existing ANSI/NIST record type and changing terminology ( for example, substituting “voice” for “fingerprint” and “signal” for “image”). In the case of DNA Type-18 records, the standard has previously shown significant flexibility in dealing with record types which carry non-spatial data with significant content beyond that required for the recognition of individuals.

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**TO BE ADDED TO AS NEEDED (CHECK SIGN-IN LIST)**

# Definitions of Specialized Terms Used in this Document

The following definitions are supplemental to Section 4 of ANSI/NIST-ITL 1-2011

Acoustic signal

Pressure waves in a media with information content.

Audio signal

Information in analog or digital form that contains acoustic content (voice or otherwise)

Audio recording

A stored audio signal capable of being transduced into an acoustic signal.

Contemporaneous

Existing at or occurring at the same period of time.

Note: In this record type, the phrase “contemporaneous capture of a voice signal” indicates recording of the voice signal at the time of the speaker vocalization.

Diary

List giving the start and stop times of speech segments of interest pertaining to the primary voice subject within the voice signal.

Note: Diarization of segments from multiple speakers requires multiple Type-11 records, one for each speaker. These multiple Type-11 records may be contained in a single transaction, as long as the transaction is focused upon a single subject.

Interlocutor

Definition solicited

Known Voice Signal

A voice signal from an individual who has been “identified”, or individuated in a way that allows linking to additional, available information about that individual.

Digital sample (n)

Authoritative definition solicited.

A representative value of a signal at a chosen instant, derived from a portion of that signal.

Vocabulary of Digital Transmission and Multiplexing, and Pulse Code Modulation (PCM) Terms, ITU-T Recommendation G.701 (March, 1993)

(v) obtain the values of a function for regularly or irregularly spaced distinct values from its domain ISO 2382-2

Metadata

Documentation about the biometric data objects necessary or helpful in supporting the types of transactions likely to be encountered in law enforcement and homeland security applications.

Note: Metadata may include both signal-related and content-related information.

Physical medium

Any external storage material of the voice signal and content information in either analog or digital form. Examples include reel-to-reel recording tape, cassette tape, Compact Disc, and phonograph record.

Quality

An ordinal estimate of the usefulness of a biometric data for the purpose of recognition.

Questioned Voice Signal

A voice signal from an individual who is unknown and has not yet been linked to any previously encountered individual. Note: The task of speaker identification is to link a questioned voice signal to a known voice signal through determination of a common speaker.

Record (n)

An ANSI/NIST-ITL biometric data format type, in its entirety, within an ANSI/NIST-ITL transaction.

Note 1:In this document, this will be the Type-11 record unless otherwise stated.

Note 2: An ANSI/NIST-ITL transaction might contain multiple Type-11 records, as well as other record types, including the mandatory Type-1 record.

Record (v)

The act of converting an acoustic voice signal directly from an individual into a storage media, perhaps through contemporaneous, intermediate (transient) signal types.

Note: This definition is retained because of its entrenchment in natural language use. Consequently, a record (n) is not recorded, it is created.

Note: Transcoding is the term used for further processing of the voice signal and any digital or analog representation of that signal.

Record creation

The act of creating a record contained in an ANSI/NIST-ITL transaction.

Recording (n)

A stored acoustic signal in either analog or digital form.

Redaction

Over-writing of segments of a voice signal for the purpose of masking speech content in a way that does not disrupt the time record of the original recording.

Snip (n)

A segment of a voice signal extracted from a larger voice signal recording.

Note: Also called a “clip” or a “cut” in some communities.

Snip (v)

Extraction of segments of a voice signal in a way that disrupts the continuity and time record of the original recording.

Speaker

A vocalizing human, whether or not the vocalizations contain speech.

Note: An interlocutor might be a synthesized voice, which can be considered a “speaker” within the context of this supplement.

Speech

Audible vocalizations made with the intent of communicating information through linguistic content.

Note 1: Nonsensical vocalizations with linguistic content will be considered as speech.

Note 2: Speech can be made by humans, by machine synthesizers, or by other means.

Subject of the record

The person to whom the data in the record applies.

Note: The subject of the record need not be the subject of the transaction, because a transaction can include Type-11 records for interlocutors and others not named as the subject of the transaction.

Subject of the transaction

The person to whom the transaction applies.

Note: The subject of a record need not be the subject of the transaction.

Track

Authoritative definition solicited.

 On a data medium, a path associated with a single read/write head as the data medium moves past it. ISO 2382-12 International Organization for Standardization. Geneva : ISO, 1988. 1 v.

Transaction

A transmission between sites or agencies comprised of records, types of which are defined in ANSI/NIST-ITL.

Note: An ANSI/NIST-ITL transaction is called a file in Traditional encoding and an Exchange Package in XML encoding.

Transcoding

Any transfer, compression, manipulation, re-formatting or re-storage of the original recorded material.

Note 1: Transcoding is not the first recording of the acoustic signal.

Note 2: Transcoding can be lossless or lossy.

Voice data file

The digital, encoded file primarily containing the sounds of vocalizations of both speech and non-speech content, convertible to an acoustic signal replicating the original acoustic signal.

Note 1: A voice data file is extracted from an audio recording, but not all audio recordings contain voice signals and not all voice data is speech.

Note 2: A physical medium, such as a cassette tape, contains a voice signal but is not a voice data file.

Voice recording

A signal, stored on a digital or analog medium, of vocalizations containing both speech and non-speech content.

Voice signal

Any audible vocalizations emanating from the human mouth, throat and nasal cavity with or without speech content.

# Scope of the Type-11 Record

The following updates Section 5.3.11 of ANSI/NIST-ITL 1-2011

Type-11 records shall support the transmission of audio recordings containing speech by one or more speakers, including noise (data of no interest to the transaction, whether speech, non-speech voice data, or non-voice data) in the context of an ANSI/NIST- ITL transaction pertaining to a single, perhaps unknown, individual. These transmissions support transactions related to detecting and recognizing speakers, extracting from an audio recording speech segments attributable to a single speaker, and linking speech segments by speaker, whether these functions are to be accomplished through automated means (computers), human experts, or hybrid human-assisted systems. Related functions, such as redaction, authentication, phonetic transcription and enhancement, while also supported, are not the primary concern of this record type, although audio recordings supporting these related functions may be transmitted via Type-11 records. This standard does not specify which techniques will be used in any human expert, automated or hybrid voice processing application and does not specify the form of the examination report. Although not designed for use in logical or physical access control, *time-and-attendance*, *point-of-sale*, or other consumer or commercial applications, nothing in this record type should be construed as preventing its application in these or other transaction types not specifically addressed here. This record type does not support streaming transactions. This record does not define the transmission of features or models extracted from voice data, but does allow the user to define specific fields to contain such information, in accordance with an implementation domain or application profile. Fields that may be used for user-specific purposes are specified as such in this supplement. This record type does not restrict the media by which the audio recording will be transmitted, but will support digital transmission of transaction information regardless of the audio recording media.

# Source Documents

The following is added to Annex I of ANSI/NIST-ITL 1-2011

1. Collaborative Digitization Program, Digital Audio Working Group, “Digital Audio Best Practices”, version 2.1, October, 2006, http://ucblibraries.colorado.edu/systems/digitalinitiatives/docs/digital-audio-bp.pdf
2. Audio Engineering Society, “AES standard for audio metadata - Audio object structures for preservation and restoration”, AES57-2011, Sept. 21, 2011
3. Audio Engineering Society, “AES standard for audio metadata -Core audio metadata”, AES60-2011, Sept. 22, 2011

# General Organization of the Type-11 Record

The Type-11 record is organized into 6 parts:

1. Mandatory fields;
2. Initial global fields, applying to the entire voice data record;
3. Indication of presence and definition of segments within the voice data record;
4. Fields applying to the individual segments;
5. Additional global fields modeled on other record types in the ANSI/NIST standard;
6. Fields containing or pointing to the voice recording.
7. Mandatory fields:

01 Record header

02 Information designation character

1. The initial global fields are:

03 Audio object descriptor (internal or external digital file, external physical media containing digital/analog known/unknown recording)

04 Voice recording information (source of the voice recording, phone numbers and POCs)

05 Voice recording content descriptor (number of speakers, status of speakers)

06 Recording device (hardware/software)

07 Acquisition source

08 Type-11 record creation date

09 Voice recording creation date

10 Total recording duration

11 Physical media object (tape, CD, phonograph record,...)

12 Container Format (wav, ogg, mp3/4)

13 Codec (PCM types)

14 Preliminary signal quality (multiple quality metrics possible)

15-20 Fields reserved for future ANSI/NIST use

1. The presence and definition of segments within the audio file follow.

21 Redaction (yes/no, by whom?)

22 Redaction diary (where in recording and why redaction occurred)

23 Snipping (yes/no, by whom?)

24 Snipping diary (separate snips/clips/cuts are numbered and identified by relative start/end times, comments)

25 Diarization (yes/no, by whom?)

26 Segment diary (segments are numbered with relative start/end times, labels of attributes attributed to the speech and speaker of each segment, and comments.)

27-30 Fields reserved for future ANSI/NIST use

1. Repeating sets of sub-fields labeled by segment numbers as designated in the diarization. (If the segment number is "0", that becomes the default for all segments not otherwise listed.)

31 Date/time of recording of segment/snip and labeled date/time of recording

32 Geolocation of data subject of this Type-11 record at start of segment/snip

33 Segment/snip quality values (possible multiple values for each segment)

34 Vocal collision indicator (two or more persons speaking at once)

35 Processing priority of the segment/snip

36 Segment content (language, prompted/read/conversation, word transcript, phonetic transcript, translations)

37 Segment/snip speaker characteristics (impairment, intelligibility, health, emotion, vocal effort, vocal style, language proficiency)

38 Segment channel (transducer, capture environment, channel type)

39-50 Fields reserved for future ANSI/NIST use

1. More global fields modeled on other record types in ANSI/NIST-ITL 1-2011:

51 Global comments

52 – 99 Fields reserved for ANSI/NIST future use

100-900 Fields reserved for user-defined use

902 Annotation information

903-992 Fields reserved for future ANSI/NIST use

1. Source Agency Name
2. The voice recording or pointers to that recording:

994 External file reference

995 Associated context reference (Type 21 record)

996 Voice data file hash

997 Source representation reference (Type 20 record with original audio)

998 Field reserved for future ANSI/NIST use

999 Voice data file

The following is a replacement for Section 8.11 of ANSI/NIST-ITL 1-2011

# 

# Record Type-11: Voice Record

The Type-11 record shall be used to exchange a single voice data file or a physical medium containing a digital or analog voice recording, together with fixed and user-defined textual information fields (referred to in this standard as “metadata”) pertinent for understanding and processing the voice signal.

The Type-11 record references a recording of a voice signal stored as a digital voice data file within the record, or a recording external to the transaction. Information regarding the recording type, the voice data file size, and other parameters or comments required to process the voice data file are given as fields within the Type-11 record. If the Type-11 record references a voice recording contained in a physical medium (i.e., an analog tape, a digital tape, a CD, a phonograph record), the label and location of that medium shall be indicated in this Type-11 record, along with the information necessary to render the stored recording as acoustic output.

A transmitted voice recording may be processed by the recipient agencies to isolate the voice signal of interest and to extract the desired feature or model information required for voice comparison, speaker detection, or speech attribution purposes.

If there are multiple speakers of interest in a voice recording supported by a Type-11 record, then a separate ANSI/NIST-ITL transaction may be created for each individual of interest, each transaction possibly containing the same Type-11 records. If the voice recording included in or pointed to by a Type-11 record has been extracted from a longer source recording, that source recording may be included in digital form within the transaction as a Type-20 record, or referred to as an external source in either digital or analog format in the Type-20 record. Voice models or features extracted from voice data are not explicitly accommodated in this record, but may be transmitted in user-defined fields.

All text fields are to be in Unicode.

**Table 1 Type-11 record layout**

Key for Character type: N=Numeric; A=Alphabetic; AN=Alphanumeric; B=Binary or Base64; U=Unicode

Key for Cond. code: M=Mandatory; O=Optional; D = Dependent upon another value or condition described in the text; M↑=Mandatory if the field/subfield is used; O↑=Optional if the field/subfield is used; S=special character

| **Field**  **Number** | **Mnemonic** | | | **Content Description** | | | | **Cond**  **code** | | | | | **Character** | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | **Value Constraints** | | | | | | | **Occurrence** | | | | | | | | | | | |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| T  y  p  e | | | | | | | | | | | | | | M  i  n  # | | | | | | | | | | | | | M  a  x  # | | | | | | | | | | | M  i  n  **#** | | | | | M  a  x  **#** | | | | | | | |
| 11.001 |  | | | **RECORD HEADER** | | | | M | | | | | encoding specific: see **Annex B: Traditional encoding** or **Annex C: NIEM-conformant encoding rules** | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | encoding specific: see **Annex B: Traditional encoding** or **Annex C: NIEM-conformant encoding rules** | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | |
| 11.002 | **IDC** | | | **INFORMATION DESIGNATION CHARACTER** | | | | M | | | | | N | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0 ≤ IDC ≤ 99  integer | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| 11.003 | **AOD** | | | **AUDIO OBJECT DESCRIPTOR** | | | | M | | | | | N | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | See Supplement Table2  0 ≤ AOD ≤ 5 | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| 11.004 | **VRSO** | | | **VOICE RECORDING SOURCE ORGANIZATION** | | | | O | | | | |  | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | |
| STC | | | source organization type code | | | | M↑ | | | | | A | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | STC = U, P, I, G, or O | | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| SON | | | source organization name | | | | O↑ | | | | | U | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 400 | | | | | | | | | | | | | none | | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| POC | | | point of contact | | | | O↑ | | | | | U | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 200 | | | | | | | | | | | | | none | | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| CSC | | | code of sending country | | | | O↑ | | | | | AN | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | value from  *ISO-3166-1* | | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| 11.005 | **VRC** | | | **Voice Recording Content Descriptor** | | | | O | | | | |  | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | |
| AVI | | | assigned voice indicator | | | | O↑ | | | | | B | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0=questioned voice  1=assigned voice | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| SPC | | | speaker plurality code | | | | O↑ | | | | | A | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | S=single speaker  M=multiple speakers | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| 11.006 | **REC** | | | **AUDIO RECORDING DEVICE** | | | | O | | | | |  | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| RDD | | | recording device description text | | | | O | | | | | U | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | 4000 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | none | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| MAK | | | recording device make | | | | O | | | | | U | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | 50 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | none | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| MOD | | | recording device model | | | | O | | | | | U | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | 50 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | none | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| SER | | | recording device serial number | | | | O | | | | | U | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | 50 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | none | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| COM | | | comments | | | | O | | | | | U | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | 4000 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | none | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| 11.007 | **AQS** | | | **ACQUISTION SOURCE** | | | | M | | | | |  | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | |
| AQT | | | acquisition source type | | | | M | | | | | N | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2 | | | | | value from  **Table 88** | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| A2D | | | analog to digital conversion | | | | D | | | | | U | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 200 | | | | | none | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| FDN | | | radio transmission  format description | | | | D | | | | | U | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 200 | | | | | none | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| AQSC | | | acquisition special characteristics | | | | O | | | | | U | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 200 | | | | | none | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| 11.008 | **RCD** | | | **RECORD CREATION DATE** | | | | M | | | | | See Section 7.7.2.4 Local date and time; encoding specific: see Annex B: Traditional encoding or Annex C: NIEM-conformant encoding rules | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | See Section 7.7.2.4 Local date and time; encoding specific: see Annex B: Traditional encoding or Annex C: NIEM-conformant encoding rules | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | |
| 11.009 | **VRD** | | | **VOICE RECORDING CREATION DATE** | | | | O | | | | | See Section 7.7.2.4 Local date and time; encoding specific: see Annex B: Traditional encoding or Annex C: NIEM-conformant encoding rules | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | See Section 7.7.2.4 Local date and time; encoding specific: see Annex B: Traditional encoding or Annex C: NIEM-conformant encoding rules | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | |
| 11.0010 | **TRD** | | | **TOTAL RECORDING DURATION** | | | | O | | | | |  | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | |
| TIM | | | total time | | | | O↑ | | | | | N | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | 11 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 ≤ TIM ≤ 99999999999 (in microseconds)  (no commas) | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| CBY | | | compressed bytes | | | | O↑ | | | | | N | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | 14 | | | | | | | | | | | 1 ≤ CBY ≤ 999999999 99999  (no commas) | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| TSM | | | total digital samples | | | | O↑ | | | | | N | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | 14 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 ≤ TSM ≤ 9999999999999  (no commas) | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| 11.011 | **PMO** | | | **PHYSICAL MEDIA OBJECT** | | | | D | | | | |  | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | |
| MTD | | | media type description | | | | M↑ | | | | | U | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | 300 | | | | | | | | | | none | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| RSP | | | recording speed | | | | O↑ | | | | | NS | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | 9 | | | | | | | | | | 0.9999999 ≤ RSP ≤ 999999999  value may include a decimal point or be an integer  (no commas) | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| RSU | | | recording speed measurement units description text | | | | D↑ | | | | | U | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | 300 | | | | | | | | | | none | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| EQ | | | equalization | | | | O↑ | | | | | AN | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | 100 | | | | | | | | | | none | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| TRC | | | track count | | | | O↑ | | | | | N | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | 2 | | | | | | | | | | 1 ≤ TRC ≤ 99 | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| STK | | | speaker track number | | | | O↑ | | | | | NS | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | 200 | | | | | | | | | | list of integer values between 1 and 99 inclusive that are separated by commas | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | 99 | | | | | | | |
| COM | | | comments | | | | O↑ | | | | | U | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | 4000 | | | | | | | | | | none | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| 11.012 | **CFT** | | | **CONTAINER FORMAT** | | | | O | | | | | N | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | 2 | | | | | | | | | | See **Supplement Table3** | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| 11.013 | **CDC** | | | **CODEC** | | | | D | | | | |  | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | |
| CDT | | | codec type code | | | |  | | | | | N | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | 3 | | | | | | | | | See **Supplement Table4** | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| SRT | | | digital sampling rate number | | | |  | | | | | N | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | 9 | | | | | | | | | 0 ≤ SRT < 100000000  (Hz) integer value  0 = variable or unknown | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| BIT | | | bit depth count | | | |  | | | | | N | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | 2 | | | | | | | | | 0 ≤ BIT ≤60  positive integer  0 = variable or unknown | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| EDN | | | endian code | | | |  | | | | | N | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | 0=big; 1=little; 2=native | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| PNT | | | fixed point indicator | | | |  | | | | | N | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | 0=floating point  1=fixed point | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| CHC | | | channel count | | | |  | | | | | N | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | 2 | | | | | | | | | 1 ≤ CHC ≤ 99 | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| COM | | | comments | | | |  | | | | | U | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | 4000 | | | | | | | | | none | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| 11.014 | **PSQ** | | | **PRELIMINARY SIGNAL QUALITY** | | | | O | | | | |  | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | |
|  | | | ***Subfields: Repeating sets of information items*** | | | |  | | | | | 1 | | | | | 9 | | | | | | |
| QVU | | | quality value | | | | M↑ | | | | | N | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | 3 | | | | | | | | | | 0 ≤ QVU ≤ 100 or 255= quality not assessed; Integer | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| QAV | | | algorithm vendor identification | | | | M↑ | | | | | H | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 4 | | | | | | | | | 4 | | | | | | | | | | 0x00 ≤ QAV ≤ FFFF | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| QAP | | | algorithm product identification | | | | M↑ | | | | | N | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | 5 | | | | | | | | | | 0 ≤ QAP ≤ 65534 positive integer | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| COM | | | comments | | | | D | | | | | U | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | 300 | | | | | | | | | | none | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| 11.015--11.020 |  | | | **RESERVED FOR FUTURE USE only by ANSI/NIST-ITL** | | | |  | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 11.021 | **RED** | | | **REDACTION** | | | | O | | | | | |  | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | | 1 | | | | |
| RDI | | | redaction indicator | | | | M↑ | | | | | | B | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | 0=no  1=yes | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| RDA | | | redaction authority organization name | | | | O↑ | | | | | | U | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 300 | | | | | | none | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| COM | | | comments | | | | O↑ | | | | | | U | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 4000 | | | | | | none | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| 11.022 | **RDD** | | | **REDACTION DIARY** | | | | O | | | | | |  | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | 1 | | | | | |
|  | | | ***Subfields: Repeating sets of information items*** | | | | M↑ | | | | | | 1 | | | | | 600,000 | | | | | |
| RID | | | redaction identifier | | | | M↑ | | | | | | N | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 6 | | | | | | | | 1 ≤ RID ≤ 600000 | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| TRK | | | tracks | | | | D↑ | | | | | | NS | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 297 | | | | | | | | List of integers separated by commas | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| RST | | | relative start time | | | | M↑ | | | | | | N | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 11 | | | | | | | | 1≤ RST ≤ 99999999998 | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| RET | | | relative end time | | | | M↑ | | | | | | N | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 11 | | | | | | | | 99999999999 ≥ RET > RST | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| COM | | | comments | | | | O↑ | | | | | | U | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 4000 | | | | | | | | none | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| 11.023 | **SNP** | | | **SNIPPING SEGMENTA-TION** | | | | O | | | | | |  | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | 1 | | | | | |
| SGI | | | snipping indicator | | | | M↑ | | | | | | B | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | 0=no  1=yes | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| SPA | | | snipping authority organization name | | | | O↑ | | | | | | U | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 300 | | | | | | | | none | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| COM | | | comments | | | | O↑ | | | | | | U | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 4000 | | | | | | | | none | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| 11.024 | **SPD** | | | **SNIPPING DIARY** | | | | O | | | | | |  | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | 1 | | | | | |
|  | | | ***Subfields: Repeating sets of information items*** | | | |  | | | | | | 1 | | | | | 600000 | | | | | |
| SPI | | | snip identifier | | | | M↑ | | | | | | N | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 6 | | | | | | | | | 1 ≤ SPI ≤ 600000 | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| TRK | | | tracks | | | | D↑ | | | | | | NS | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 297 | | | | | | | | | List of integers separated by commas | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| RST | | | relative start time | | | | M↑ | | | | | | N | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 11 | | | | | | | | | 99999999998≥RST ≥ 0 | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| RET | | | relative end time | | | | M↑ | | | | | | N | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 11 | | | | | | | | | 99999999999> RET > RST | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| COM | | | comments | | | | O↑ | | | | | | U | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 4000 | | | | | | | | | none | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| 11.025 | **DIA** | | | **DIARIZATION** | | | | D | | | | | |  | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | 1 | | | | | |
| DII | | | diarization indicator | | | | M↑ | | | | | | B | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | 0=no  1=yes | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| DAU | | | diarization authority | | | | O↑ | | | | | | U | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 300 | | | | | | | | none | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| COM | | | comments | | | | O↑ | | | | | | U | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 4000 | | | | | | | | none | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| 11.026 | **SGD** | | | **SEGMENT DIARY** | | | | D | | | | | |  | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | 1 | | | | | |
|  | | | ***subfields: repeating sets of information items*** | | | | M↑ | | | | | |  | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | 600,000 | | | | | |
| SID | | | segment identifier | | | | M↑ | | | | | | N | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 6 | | | | | | | 1 ≤ SID ≤600000 | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| TRK | | | tracks | | | | D↑ | | | | | | NS | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 297 | | | | | | List of integers separated by commas | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| RST | | | relative start time | | | | M↑ | | | | | | N | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 11 | | | | | | 99999999998 ≥ RST ≥ 0 | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| RET | | | relative end time | | | | M↑ | | | | | | N | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 11 | | | | | | 99999999999 ≥ RET > RST | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| COM | | | comments | | | | O↑ | | | | | | U | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 10000 | | | | | | | | | | none | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | |
| 11.027 –11.030 |  | | | **RESERVED FOR FUTURE USE only by ANSI/NIST-ITL** | | | |  | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 11.031 | **TME** | | | **TIME OF SEGMENT RECORDING** | | | | D | | | | | | |  | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | 1 | | | | | |
|  | | | ***Subfield: repeating sets of information items*** | | | | M↑ | | | | | | |  | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | \* | | | | | |
| DIA | | | diary identifier | | | | M↑ | | | | | | | B | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | 0=snip diary  1=segment diary | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| SID | | | segment identifier | | | | M↑ | | | | | | | N | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 6 | | | | | 1 ≤ SID ≤ 600000 | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| ORD | | | original recording date | | | | O↑ | | | | | | | encoding specific: see **Annex B** or **Annex C** | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | encoding specific: see **Annex B** or **Annex C** | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | 1 | | | | | |
| TDT | | | tagged date | | | | O↑ | | | | | | | encoding specific: see **Annex B** or **Annex C** | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | encoding specific: see **Annex B** or **Annex C** | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | 1 | | | | | |
| SRT | | | segment recording start time | | | | O↑ | | | | | | | encoding specific: see **Annex B** or **Annex C** | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | encoding specific: see **Annex B** or **Annex C** | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | 1 | | | | | |
| TST | | | tagged start time | | | | O↑ | | | | | | | encoding specific: see **Annex B** or **Annex C** | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | encoding specific: see **Annex B** or **Annex C** | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | 1 | | | | | |
| END | | | segment recording end time | | | | O↑ | | | | | | | encoding specific: see **Annex B** or **Annex C** | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | encoding specific: see **Annex B** or **Annex C** | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | 1 | | | | | |
| TET | | | tagged end time | | | | O↑ | | | | | | | encoding specific: see **Annex B** or **Annex C** | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | encoding specific: see **Annex B** or **Annex C** | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | 0 | | | | | |
| TMD | | | time source description text | | | | O↑ | | | | | | | U | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | 300 | | | | | | | | | | | | none | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| COM | | | comments | | | | O↑ | | | | | | | U | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | 4000 | | | | | | | | | | | | none | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| 11.032 | **GEO** | | | **SEGMENT GEOGRAPHIC-AL INFORMATION** (about person of interest at start of segment) | | | | D | | | | | | |  | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | 1 | | | | | |
|  | | | ***Subfields: repeating sets of information items*** | | | | M↑ | | | | | | |  | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | \* | | | | | |
| DIA | | | diary identifier | | | | M↑ | | | | | | | B | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | 0=snip diary  1=segment diary | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| SID | | | segment identifiers | | | | M↑ | | | | | | | NS | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | \* | | | | | | | | 0 or a list of integers separated by commas | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| SCT | | | segment cell phone tower code | | | | O↑ | | | | | | | U | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 100 | | | | | | | | none | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| LTD | | | latitude degree value | | | | D | | | | | | | NS | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 9 | | | | | | | | -90 ≤ LTD ≤ 90 | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| LTM | | | latitude minute value | | | | D | | | | | | | NS | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 8 | | | | | | | | 0 ≤ LTM < 60 | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| LTS | | | latitude second value | | | | D | | | | | | | NS | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 8 | | | | | | | | 0 ≤ LTS < 60 | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| LGD | | | longitude degree value | | | | D | | | | | | | NS | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 10 | | | | | | | | -180 ≤ LGD ≤ 180 | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| LGM | | | longitude minute value | | | | D | | | | | | | NS | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 8 | | | | | | | | 0 ≤ LGM < 60 | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| LGS | | | longitude second value | | | | D | | | | | | | N | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2 | | | | | | | | 0 ≤ LGS < 60  positive integer | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| ELE | | | elevation | | | | O↑ | | | | | | | NS | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 8 | | | | | | | | -442.000 < ELE < 8848.000  Decimal point is the allowed special character. | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| GDC | | | geodetic datum code | | | | O↑ | | | | | | | AN | | | | | | | | | | | | | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 6 | | | | | | | | value from  **Supplement Table??** | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| GCM | | | geographic coordinate universal transverse mercator zone | | | | D | | | | | | | AN | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 3 | | | | | | | | one or two integers followed by a single letter | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| GCE | | | geographic coordinate universal transverse mercator easting | | | | D | | | | | | | N | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 6 | | | | | | | | integer | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| GCN | | | geographic coordinate universal transverse mercator northing | | | | D | | | | | | | N | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 8 | | | | | | | | integer | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| GRT | | | geographic reference text | | | | O↑ | | | | | | | U | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 150 | | | | | | | | none | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| OSI | | | geographic coordinate other system identifier ( or landmark) | | | | O↑ | | | | | | | U | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 10 | | | | | | | | none | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| OCV | | | geographic coordinate other system value | | | | D | | | | | | | U | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 126 | | | | | | | | none | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| 11.033 | **SQV** | | | **SEGMENT QUALITY VALUES** | | | | D | | | | | | |  | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | 1 | | | | | |
|  | | | ***Subfields: Repeating sets of information items*** | | | | M↑ | | | | | | | 1 | | | | \* | | | | | |
| DIA | | | diary identifier | | | | M↑ | | | | | | | B | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | 0=snip diary  1=segment diary | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| SID | | | segment identifiers | | | | M↑ | | | | | | | NS | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | \* | | | | | | | | 0 or a list of positiveintegers, each *≤* 600000, separated by commas | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| QVU | | | quality value | | | | M↑ | | | | | | | N | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 3 | | | | | | | | positive integer, 0 ≤ QVU ≤ 100 or 255 = quality not assessed | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| QAV | | | algorithm vendor identification | | | | M↑ | | | | | | | H | | | | | | | | | | | 4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 4 | | | | | | | | 0x00 ≤ QAV ≤ FFFF | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| QAP | | | algorithm product identification | | | | M↑ | | | | | | | N | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 5 | | | | | | | | positive integer, 0 ≤ QAP ≤ 65534 | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| COM | | | comments | | | | D | | | | | | | U | | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 300 | | | | | | | | none | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| 11.034 | **VCI** | | | **VOCAL COLLISION IDENTIFIER** | | | | D | | | | | | |  | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | 1 | | | | | |
|  | | | ***Subfields: Repeating sets of information items*** | | | |  | | | | | | | 1 | | | | 2 | | | | | |
| DIA | | | diary identifier | | | | M↑ | | | | | | | B | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | 0=snip diary  1=segment diary | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| SID | | | segment identifiers | | | | M↑ | | | | | | | NS | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | \* | | | | | | 0 or a list of positive integers, each ≤ 600000, separated by commas | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| 11.035 | **PPY** | | | **PROCESSING PRIORITY** | | | | D | | | | | | |  | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | 1 | | | | | |
|  | | | ***Subfields: Repeating sets of information items*** | | | |  | | | | | | | 1 | | | | \* | | | | | |
| DIA | | | diary identifier | | | | M↑ | | | | | | | B | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | 0=snip diary  1=segment diary | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| SID | | | segment identifiers | | | | M↑ | | | | | | | NS | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | \* | | | | | | | | 0 or a list of positive integers, each *≤* 600000, separated by commas | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| PTY | | | priority | | | | M↑ | | | | | | | N | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | positive integer, 1 ≤ PTY ≤ 9 | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| 11.036 | **SCN** | | | **SEGMENT CONTENT** | | | | D | | | | | | |  | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | 1 | | | | | |
|  | | | ***Subfields: Repeating sets of information items*** | | | | M↑ | | | | | | | 0 | | | | TBD | | | | | |
| DIA | | | diary identifier | | | | M↑ | | | | | | | B | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0=snip diary  1= segment diary | | | | | | | 1 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| SID | | | segment identifiers | | | | M↑ | | | | | | | NS | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | \* | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0 or a list of positive integers, each ≤ 600000*,* separated by commas | | | | | | | 1 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| TRN | | | transcript text | | | | O↑ | | | | | | | U | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | 100,000 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | none | | | | | | | 0 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| PTT | | | phonetic transcript text | | | | O↑ | | | | | | | U | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | 100,000 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | none | | | | | | | 0 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| TLT | | | translation text | | | | O↑ | | | | | | | U | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | 100,000 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | none | | | | | | | 0 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| COM | | | segment content comments | | | | O↑ | | | | | | | U | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | 100,000 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | none | | | | | | | 0 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| TAC | | | transcript authority comment text | | | | O↑ | | | | | | | U | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | 10,000 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | none | | | | | | | 0 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| 11.037 | **SCC** | | | **SEGMENT SPEAKER CHARACTERISTICS** | | | | D | | | | | | |  | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | 1 | | | | | |
|  | | | ***Subfields: Repeating sets of information items*** | | | | M↑ | | | | | | | 1 | | | | TBD | | | | | |
| DIA | | | diary identifier | | | | M↑ | | | | | | | B | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | 0=snip diary  1=segment diary | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| SID | | | segment identifiers | | | | M↑ | | | | | | | NS | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | \* | | | | | | | | | | | 0 or a list of positive integers, each ≤ 600000, separated by commas | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| IMP | | | impairment level number | | | | O↑ | | | | | | | N | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | positive integer, 0 ≤ IMP ≤ 5 | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| DSL | | | dominant spoken language code | | | | O↑ | | | | | | | A | | | | | | | | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | Value from  ISO 639-3 | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| LPS | | | language proficiency scale number | | | | O↑ | | | | | | | N | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | positive integer, 0 ≤ LPS ≤ 9 | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| STY | | | speech style code | | | | O↑ | | | | | | | N | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2 | | | | | | | | | | | See **Supplement Table 5** | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| INT | | | intelligibility scale code | | | | O↑ | | | | | | | N | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | positive integer, 0 ≤ INT ≤ 9 | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| FDC | | | familiarity degree code | | | | O↑ | | | | | | | N | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | positive integer, 0 ≤ FDC ≤ 5 | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| HCM | | | health comment | | | | O↑ | | | | | | | U | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 4000 | | | | | | | | | | | none | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| EMC | | | emotional state code | | | | O↑ | | | | | | | N | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2 | | | | | | | | | | | See **Supplement Table 6** | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| VES | | | vocal effort scale number | | | | O↑ | | | | | | | N | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | positive integer, 0 ≤ VES ≤ 5 | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| VSC | | | vocal style code | | | | O↑ | | | | | | | N | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2 | | | | | | | | | | | See **Supplement Table 7** | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| RAI | | | recording awareness indicator | | | | O↑ | | | | | | | N | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | 0=unknown  1=aware  2=unaware | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| SCR | | | script text | | | | O↑ | | | | | | | U | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 9999 | | | | | | | | | | | none | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| COM | | | comments | | | | O↑ | | | | | | | U | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 4000 | | | | | | | | | | | none | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| 11.038 | **SCH** | | | **SEGMENT CHANNEL** | | | | D | | | | | | |  | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | 1 | | | | | |
|  | | | ***Subfields: Repeating sets of information items*** | | | | M↑ | | | | | | | 1 | | | | TBD | | | | | |
| DIA | | | diary identifier | | | | M↑ | | | | | | | B | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | 0=snip diary  1=segment diary | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| SID | | | segment identifiers | | | | M↑ | | | | | | | NS | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | \* | | | | | | | | 0 or a list of positive integers, each ≤ 600000*,* separated by commas | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| ACD | | | audio capture  device code | | | | O↑ | | | | | | | N | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2 | | | | | | | | See **Supplement Table 8** | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| MTC | | | microphone type  code | | | | O↑ | | | | | | | N | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | unknown=0  carbon=1  electret=2  dynamic=3  other=4 | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| ENV | | | capture environment description text | | | | O↑ | | | | | | | U | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 4000 | | | | | | | | Text | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| DST | | | transducer distance | | | | O↑ | | | | | | | N | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 5 | | | | | | | | positive integer, 0 ≤ DST ≤ 99999 | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| ACS | | | acquisition source | | | | O↑ | | | | | | | N | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2 | | | | | | | | See **Table 88** | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| VMT | | | voice modification  description text | | | | O↑ | | | | | | | U | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 400 | | | | | | | | none | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| COM | | | comments | | | | O↑ | | | | | | | U | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 4000 | | | | | | | | none | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| 11.039-11.050 |  | | | **RESRRESERVED FOR FUTURE USE only by ANSI/NIST-ITL** | | | |  | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 11.051 | COM | | | **COMMENTS** | | | | O↑ | | | | | U | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | 4000 | | | | | | | | | | None | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| 11.052-11.099 |  | | | **RESERVED FOR FUTURE USE only by ANSI/NIST-ITL** | | | | Not to be used | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 11.100-11.900 | **UDF** | | | **USER-DEFINED FIELDS** | | | | O | | | user-defined | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | user-defined | user-defined | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 11.901 |  | | | **RESERVED FOR FUTURE USE only by ANSI/NIST-ITL** | | | | Not to be used | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 11.902 | **ANN** | | | **ANNOTATION INFORMATION** | | | | O | | | |  | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | | 1 | | | | | |
|  | | | ***Subfields: Repeating sets of information items*** | | | | M↑ | | | | 1 | | | | | | \* | | | | | |
| GMT | | | Greenwich mean time | | | | M↑ | | | | encoding specific: see **Annex B** or **Annex C** | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | encoding specific: see **Annex B** or **Annex C** | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | 1 | | | | | |
| NAV | | | processing algorithm name version | | | | M↑ | | | | U | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 64 | | | | | | | | None | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| OWN | | | algorithm owner | | | | M↑ | | | | U | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 64 | | | | | | | | None | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| PRO | | | process  description | | | | M↑ | | | | U | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 255 | | | | | | | | None | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| 11.903-11.992 |  | | | **RESERVED FOR FUTURE USE only by ANSI/NIST-ITL** | | | | Not to be used | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 11.993 | **SAN** | | | **SOURCE AGENCY NAME** | | | O | | | | | | | | | U | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 125 | | | | | | None | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| 11.994 | **EFR** | | | **EXTERNAL FILE REFERENCE** | | | D | | | | | | | | | U | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 200 | | | | | | None | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| 11.995 | **ACN** | | | **ASSOCIATED CONTEXT** | | | O | | | | | | | | |  | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | |
|  | | | ***Subfields: Repeating sets of information items*** | | | M ↑ | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | 255 | | | | |
|  | | CAN | | | associated context number | | | | | M↑ | | | | | | | | N | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 3 | | | | | 1 ≤ ACN ≤ 255  positive integer | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| ASP | | | associated segment position | | | | | O↑ | | | | | | | | N | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2 | | | | | 1 ≤ ASP ≤ 99  positive integer | | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| 11.996 | | **HAS** | | | **HASH** | | | | | O | | | | | | | | H | | | | | | | 64 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 64 | | | | | none | | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| 11.997 | | **SOR** | | | **SOURCE REPRESENTA-TION** | | | | | O | | | | | | | |  | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | |
|  | | | ***Subfields: Repeating sets of information items*** | | | | | M↑ | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | 255 | | | | | | |
| SRN | | | source representation number | | | | | M↑ | | | | | | | | N | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 3 | | | | | | | | | 1 ≤ SRN ≤ 255  positive integer | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| RSP | | | reference segment position | | | | | O↑ | | | | | | | | N | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2 | | | | | | | | | 1 ≤ RSP ≤ 99  positive integer | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| 11.998 | |  | | | RESERVED FOR FUTURE USE only by ANSI/NIST-ITL | | | | | Not to be used | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 11.999 | | | **DATA** | | | **VOICE DATA** | | | D | | | | | | | | B | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 22 | | | | | | | | | | none | | | | | 0 | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |

1. **Field 11.001: Record header**

The content of this mandatory field is dependent upon the encoding used. See the relevant annex of this standard for details. See **Section 7.1**.

1. **Field 11.002: Information Designation Character/IDC**

This mandatory field shall contain the **IDC** assigned to this Type-11 record as listed in the information item **IDC** for this record in **Field 1.003 Transaction content/CNT.** See **Section 7.3.1.** This field can be used to identify, within the Type-1 record, the various Type-11 records in a single transaction.

1. **Field 11.003: Audio Object Descriptor/AOD**

This mandatory field shall be a numeric entry selected from the attribute code column of Supplement Table2. Only one value is allowed and indicates the type of audio object containing the voice recording which is the focus of this Type-11 record. Attribute code 0 indicates that the audio object of this record is a digital voice data file in the **Field 11.999**. Attribute code 1 indicates that the audio object is a digital voice data file at the location specified in **Field 11.994**. Attribute codes 2-4 indicate that the audio object is a physical media object at a location described in **Field 11.994**.

If the Type-11 record contains only metadata (such as in a response to a voice recording submission), attribute code 5 shall be selected.

**Table 2**

**Audio Object Descriptor**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Audio Object** | **Attribute Code** |
| Internal digital voice data file | 0 |
| External digital voice data file | 1 |
| Physical Media Object containing digital data | 2 |
| Physical Media Object containing analog signals | 3 |
| Physical Media Object containing unknown data or signals | 4 |
| No audio object associated with this record | 5 |

1. **Field 11.004: Voice Recording Source Organization/VRSO**

This is an optional field and shall contain information about the site or agency that created the voice recording pointed to or included in this record. In the case of files created from previous recordings, this is not necessarily the source of the original transduction of the acoustic vocalizations from the person to whom the Type-11 record pertains. This need not be the same as the **Source agency/SRC** or the Originating agency of **Field 1.008** or the Destination agency of **Field 1.007.**

* The first information item, the **source organization type code/STC,** is mandatory if this field is used. There may be no more than one occurrence of this item. This information item contains a single character describing the site or agency that created the voice recording:

U = Unknown

P = Private individual

I = Industry/Commercial

G = Government

O = Other

* The second information item (**source organization** **name/ SON**) is optional and shall be the name of the group, organization or agency that created the voice recording. There may be no more than one occurrence for this item. This is an optional information item in Unicode characters and is limited to 400 characters in length.
* The third information item is the **point of** c**ontact/POC** who composed the voice recording. This is an optional information item that could include the name, telephone number and e-mail address of the person or persons responsible for the creation of the voice recording. This information item may be up to 200 Unicode characters.
* The fourth information item is optional. It is the *ISO-3166-1* **code of the sending country/CSC**. This is the code of where the voice recording was created – not necessarily the nation of the agency entered in **Field 11.993: Source agency/SRC** . All three formats specified in *ISO-3166-1* are allowed (Alpha2, Alpha3 and Numeric). A country code is either 2 or 3 characters long.

1. **Field 11.005:**  Voice Recording Content Descriptor/VRC;

This field is optional and shall describe the content of the voice recording. It consists of 2 information items, one of which must be included if this field is used:

* The first information item (**assigned voice indicator /AVI)** is an optional binary indicator and is mandatory if this field is used. It indicates if the voice recording sample was obtained from a known subject. 0 indicates that the recording contains a questioned voice; 1 indicates that the recording contains an assigned voice.

* The second information item (**speaker plurality code/SPC)** is optional andindicates plurality of speakers represented on voice recording: M = multiple speakers; S = single speaker.

1. **Field 11.006: Audio Recording Device/REC**

This field is optional and shall indicate information about the recording equipment that created the voice recording

contained in or pointed to by this record. There may be no more than one occurrence of this field.

NOTE: As recordings or data files may be transcoded from previously recorded or broadcast content, this equipment may or may not be the equipment used to record the original acoustic vocalization of the person to whom the Type-11 record pertains.

* The first information item (**recording device descriptive text/RDD)** is an optional text field of up to 4000 characters describing the recording device that created the voice recording. An example would be “Home telephone answering device”.

* The second, third and fourth information items (**recording device make/MAK, recording device model/MOD, recording device serial number/SER)** are optional items of up to 50 characters each and shall contain the make, model and serial number, respectively, for the recording device. There may be no more than one entry for this item. See Section 7.7.1.2 for details.

1. **Field 11.007: Acquisition source / AQS**

This mandatory field shall specify and describe the acquisition source.

* The first information item, **Acquisition source type / AQT,** is mandatory and it

shall be a numeric entry selected from the “attribute code’ column of **Table 88**.

* The second information item is mandatory if the acquisition source is analog, and the data is stored in digital format. It is a text field, **analog to digital conversion / A2D**, that describes the analog to digital equipment used to transform the source. This field should address parameters used, such as sample rate, if known.
* The third information item is mandatory if the **AQT** is 23 or 24. It is a text field, **radio transmission format description / FDN**. It is optional for other radio transmission codes.
* The fourth information item is optional. It is a free text field, **acquisition special characteristics / AQSC** that is used to describe any specific conditions not mentioned in the table.

1. **Field 11.008: Record Creation Date/RCD**

This mandatory field shall contain the date and time of creation of this Type-11 record. This date will generally be different from the voice recording creation date and may be different from the date at which the acoustic vocalization originally occurred. See **Section 7.7.2.4** **Local date and time** for details.

1. **Field 11.009: Voice Recording Creation Date/VRD**

This optional field shall contain the date and time of creation of the voice recording contained in the record. If pre-recorded or transcoded materials were used, this date may be different from the date at which the acoustic vocalization originally occurred. See **Section 7.7.2.4** **Local date and time** for details.

1. **Field 11.010: Total Recording Duration/TRD**

This field is optional and gives the total length of the voice recording in time, compressed bytes and total digital samples. At least one of the three information items must be entered if this field is used.

* The first information item (**time/TIM**) is optional and gives the total time of the voice recording in microseconds. The size of this item is limited to 11 digits, limiting the total time duration of the signal to 99,999 seconds, which is approximately 28 hours.
* The second information item (**compressed bytes/CBY**) is optional and gives the total number of compressed bytes in the voice data file. Consequently, this information item applies only to digital voice recordings stored as voice data files. The size of this item is limited to 14 digits, limiting the total size of the voice data file to 99 terabytes.
* The third information item (**total digital samples/TSM**) is optional and gives the total number of digital samples in the voice data file after any decompression of the compressed signal. This information item applies only to digital voice recordings stored as voice data files. The size of this item is limited to 14 digits.

1. **Field 11.011: Physical Media Object/ PMO**

This field is optional and identifies the characteristics of the physical media containing the voice recording. There can be only one physical media object per Type-11 record, but multiple Type-11 records can point to the same physical media object. This field only applies if Field 11.003 has an attribute code of 2, 3 or 4. The location of the physical media object is given in Field 11.994.

* The first information item (**media type description/MTD**) is mandatory if this field is used and contains text of up to 300 characters describing the general type of media (e.g., analog cassette tape, reel-to-reel tape, CD, DVD, phonograph record) upon which the voice recording is stored. If an analog media is used for storage, and **AQS** of Field 11.006 is 14, then a description of the digital to analog procedure should be noted in **Field 11.902** and the reasons for such a conversion noted in **COM** of Field 11.010.
* The second information item (**recording speed/RSP**) is optional and gives a numerical value to the speed at which the physical media object must be played to reproduce the voice signal content. This value may be integer or floating point and shall not exceed 9 characters.
* The third information item (**recording speed measurement units description text /RSU**) is mandatory if the second information item, **RSP**, is entered and contains text of up to 300 characters to indicate the units of measure to which **RSP** refers.
* The fourth information item (equalization description/EQ) is an optional text field containing up to 1000 characters and indicating the the equalization that should be applied for faithful rendering of the voice recording on the physical media object.
* The fifth information item (**track count/TRC**) is an optional integer between 1 and 99, inclusive, that gives the number of tracks on the physical media object. For example, a stereo phonograph record will have 2 tracks.
* The sixth information item (**speaker track number/STK**) is an optional list of integers which indicate which tracks carry the voices of the speaker(s).
* The seventh information item **(comments/COM)** is optional and allows for additional comments of up to 4000 Unicode characters in length describing the physical media object.

1. **Field 11.012: Container Format/CFT**

This is an optional field (**container format/CFT**) that gives information about the container format, if any, which encapsulates the audio data of the electronic file used to carry the voice data in the digital recording. This field is not used if the voice recording is stored on a physical media object as an analog signal. If present, this field overrides the **CDC** Field 11.012. This field does not accommodate multiple Container Formats in a single Type‐11 record. The Container Format shall be entered as the appropriate integer code from Table 3 below.

Container files incorporate audio samples and specifications to properly decode the audio, such as the codec, and its parameters, e.g., number of channels, sample rate, bit/byte depth, and big/little endian. More generally, the container formats can specify a codec, or simply encapsulate one or more audio channels as Linear PCM.

The well‐known Wave container specification has fields such as chunk ID, chunk size, audio format (codec), sampling rate, number of channels, space for extra parameters (for the codec or other uses).

**Table 3**

**Table of Audio Visual Container Types**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Container Type** | **Windows Extension(s)** | **Attribute Code** |
| RAW format (no Container) |  | 0 |
| WAV (RIFF audio) | .wav | 1 |
| 3GP and 3G2 mobile video | .3gp .3g2 | 1 |
| AIFF | .aiff .aif | 1 |
| MP3 (MPEG-1, Layer 3 audio) | .mp3 | 1 |
| QuickTime (Apple VBR-audio/video/image) | .mov .qt | 1 |
| Video for Windows | .avi | 1 |
| Vorbis (OGG audio) | .ogg | 1 |
| Windows Media | .wmv .wma .asf .asx | 1 |
| Other |  | 2 |

All the audio characteristics required to properly interpret RAW format data must be provided elsewhere, so if RAW is specified, then Field 11.012 is mandatory since the codec type and its parameters (SRT, BIT, EDN, PNT, and CHC) must be specified for retrieval of the audio.

A Container Type of Other (**CFT**=2) indicates that the Container is not given in Table 3 and is specified externally to the Type-11 Standard. Containers not specified in Table 3 are optional, are not guaranteed to exist in a given implementation of the standard, and should be used with caution. Optional Containers are specified in Table 3-External, as published in the document *External Container Formats,* available: http://xyx.gov.

1. **Field 11.013: Codec/CDC**

This is an optional field that gives information about the codec used to encode the voice and audio data in the digital recording. This field is not used if the voice recording is stored on a physical media object as an analog signal. This field is only used if the digital audio file lacks a Container. Information in Field 11.011 (**Container Type/CFT**) overrides this Field if both are present. The following information types can be specified.

* The first information item **(Codec type code/CDT)** is mandatory if this information item is used and indicates the single codec type used for all audio segments in the record. This format does not accommodate multiple codec types within a single record. It shall be a numeric entry selected from the Attribute Code column of **Table 4**. If the codec type is identified as Other (**CDT**=7), the final information item (**comments/COM**) shall be used to describe the codec.

**Table 4**

**Table of Codec Types**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Codec Type** | **Attribute Code** |
| Linear PCM | 1 |
| Floating-point linear PCM | 2 |
| ITU-T G.711 (PCM): μ-law with forward order digital samples | 3 |
| ITU-T G.711 (PCM): μ-law with reverse order digital samples | 4 |
| ITU-T G.711 (PCM): A-law with forward order digital samples | 5 |
| ITU-T G.711 (PCM): A-law with reverse order digital samples | 6 |
| Other | 7 |

The second information item (S**ampling rate number/SRT**) is ?????? and indicates the number of digital samples per second that represent a second of analog voice data upon conversion to an acoustic signal. The sampling rate is expressed in Hz and must be an integer value. Acceptable values are between 1 and 100,000,000 Hz, but unknown or variable sampling rates shall be given the value of 0. Common values of SRT are 8000, 11025, 16000, 22050, 32000, 44100, and 48000 Hz. The value of 0 shall only be used to indicate unknown or variable sampling rate.

The third information item (B**it depth count/BIT**) is ?????? and indicates the number of bits that are used to represent a single digital sample of voice data. Acceptable values are between 1 and 64, inclusive. Encoders of unknown or variable bit depth shall be given the value of 0. (This field is not intended to be an indication of the actual dynamic range of the voice data.) Changes to the bit depth should be logged in Type-98 or **Field 11.902** audit logs. Common values for **BIT** are 8, 16, 24, and 32 bits.

* The fourth information item (E**ndian code/EDN**) is ?????? and indicates which byte goes first for digital samples containing two or more bytes. The values for **EDN** are 0=big, 1=little, or 2=native endian. (EDN is optional and ignored for digital samples that do not contain two or more integer multiples of bytes.)

The fifth information item (F**ixed point indicator/PNT**) is ?????? and indicates the digital sample representation. The value is 0 if the digital samples are represented as fixed-point or 1 if the samples are floating-point.

* The sixth information item (C**hannel count/HC**) is ????? and gives the integer number of channels of data represented in the digital voice data file. The number of channels must be between 1 and 99, inclusive. Common values for **CHC** are 1 and 2 channels.

The seventh information item (C**omments/COM**) is an optional, unrestricted text string of up to 4000 characters in length. It is required if the Codec Type is Other (**CDT**=7). For Codec Types other than Other, **COM** is optional and it can contain additional information about the codec or additional instructions for reconstruction of audio output from the stored digital data. Codec parameters shall be specified in this field when required for unambiguous decoding. This item should include a description of any noise reduction processing or equalization that must be applied to faithfully render the voice recording.

1. **Field 11.014: Preliminary Signal Quality/PSQ**

This field is optional and gives an assessment of the general “quality” of the voice recording. There may be as many as 9 **PSQ** subfields for the audio file to indicate different types of quality assessments.

* The first information item (**quality value/QVU**) is mandatory if this field is used and shall indicate the general quality as an integer value between 0 (low quality) and 100 (high quality). A value of 255 indicates that quality was not assessed.
* A second information item is mandatory if this field is used and shall specify the ID of the vendor of the quality assessment algorithm used to calculate the quality score, which is an **algorithm vendor identification/QAV**. This 4-digit hex value (See **Section 5.5 Character types**)is assigned by IBIA and expressed as four characters. The IBIA maintains the Vendor Registry of CBEFF Biometric Organizations that map the value in this field to a registered organization. For algorithms not registered with the IBIA, the value of 0x00 shall be used.
* A third information item is mandatory if this field is used and shall specify a numeric product code assigned by the vendor of the quality assessment algorithm, which may be registered with the IBIA, but registration is not required. This is the **algorithm product identification/QAP** that indicates which of the vendor’s algorithms was used in the calculation of the quality score. This information item contains the integer product code and should be within the range 1 to 65,534. For products not registered with the IBIA, the code 0 shall be used.
* The fourth information item (**comments/COM**) is optional and should be used to give additional information about the quality assessment process. It shall be used to describe unregistered algorithms.

1. **Fields 11.015-020: Reserved Fields**

These fields are reserved for future use by ANSI/NIST-ITL.

1. **Field 11.021: Redaction/ RED**

This field is optional and indicates whether the voice recording has been redacted, meaning that some of the audio record has been overwritten (“Beeped”) or erased to delete speech content without altering the relative timings within, or the length of, the segments. This field is not to be used to indicate that audio content has been snipped with the alteration of the relative timings in, or length of, the segment.

* The first information item (**redaction indicator/RDI)** is a binary indicator and is mandatory if this field is used. It indicates whether the voice recording contains overwritten or erased sections intended to remove, without altering the length of the segment, semantic content deemed not suitable for transmission or storage. 0 indicates no redaction and 1 indicates that redaction has occurred.
* The second information item (**redaction authority organization name/RDA)** is an optional text field of up to 300 characters in length containing information about the agency that directed, authorized or performed the redaction. Agencies undertaking redaction activities on the original speech should log their actions by appending to this item and noting the change of field contents in the Type-98 record and/or **Field 11.902** of this record.
* The third information item (**comments/COM)** is an optional unrestricted text string of up to 4000 characters in length that may contain text information about the redactions affecting the stored voice data.

1. **Field 11.022: Redaction Diary/RDD**

This optional field (**redaction diary/RDD**) indicates the timings with the voice recording of redacted (overwritten) audio segments. The redactions need not be dominated by speech from the subject of this transaction or record. Four items (uniquely numbering the redactions identified by recording track and giving relative start and end times of each) are mandatory if this field is used and shall repeat for each redaction. A fifth item is optional and accommodates comments on the individual redactions. The record type accommodates up to 600,000 redactions by repeating the subfield.

* The first information item (**redaction identifier/RID**) is mandatory if this field is used and uniquely numbers the redactions to which the following items in the field apply. There is no requirement that the redactions be numbered sequentially. The **RID** may contain up to 6 digits. The number of redactions is limited to 600,000.
* The second information item (**tracks/TRK**) is mandatory if item **PMO\_TRC** in Field 11.010 or **CDC\_CHC** of Field 11.013 is greater than one and lists all tracks or channels on the recording to which the redaction identifier applies. The track numbers are separated by commas. No value in this list should be greater than the value of **PMO\_TRC** or **CDC\_CHC**, whichever applies. For example, in the case of a two-track stereo recording where both tracks contain a redaction at the same start and end times, this item will be “1,2”
* The third information item (**relative start time/RST**) is a mandatory integer for every redaction identified by an **RID** and indicates in microseconds the time of the start of the redaction relative to the beginning of the voice recording. The item can contain up to 11 digits, meaning that the start of a redaction might occur anywhere within a voice recording limited to about 28 hours. It is not expected that redactions on the same track of the audio object will overlap, meaning that the **RST** of a redaction is not expected to occur between the **RST** and **RET** of any other redaction on the same track, although this is not prohibited. If the Type-11 record refers to an analog recording, the method of determining the start time shall be given in the comment item of this field.
* The fourth information item **(relative end time/RET**) is a mandatory integer for every redaction identified by an **RID** and indicates in microseconds the time of the end of the redaction relative to the beginning of the voice recording. The item can contain up to 11 digits, meaning that the end of a redaction might occur anywhere within a voice recording limited to about 28 hours. As with the **RST**, it is not expected that redactions on the same track of the audio object will overlap, although this is not prohibited.

* The fifth information item (**comments/COM**) is an optional unrestricted text string of up to 4000 characters in length that allows for comments of any type to be made on a redaction.

1. **Field 11.023: Snipping Segmentation/ SNP**

This field is optional and indicates whether the voice recording referenced in this Type-11 record has had segments removed meaning that the voice signal is not a continuous recording in time. This field is used to indicate removal, for any reason, of audio signal from the original recording of the acoustic vocalizations in a way that disrupts time references.

* The first information item **(snip indicator/SGI)** is a binary variable and is mandatory if this field is used. It indicates whether the voice recording contains temporal discontinuities caused by snipping of segments from a longer original recording. 0 indicates no snipping and 1 indicates that snipping has occurred.
* The second information item (**snipping authority organization name/SPA)** is an optional text field of up to 300 characters containing information about the agency that performed the snipping segmentation. Agencies undertaking snipping activities on the original speech should log their actions by appending to this item and noting the change of field contents in the Type-98 record and/or **Field 11.902** of this record.
* The third information item (**comments/COM)** is an optional unrestricted text string of up to 4000 characters that may contain text information about the snip activities affecting the voice recording.

1. **Field 11.024: Snipping Diary/SPD**

This optional field (**snipping diary/SPD**) allows the documentation of snips obtained from larger voice recordings, which might themselves be included in the transaction as Type-20 records. There may be up to 600,000 snips diarized in repeating subfields. Each snip shall be dominated by speech from the subject of this Type-11 record. Four items (uniquely numbering the snips by track and giving relative start and end times of each) are mandatory in each subfield. A fifth item is optional within each subfield and allows for comments on the identified snip. If there is no snipping (**Field 11.023**) indicated, then all of the data in the voice recording will be considered as *in toto* and the subfields will not repeat. There can be at most one snipping diary for each Type-11 record.

* The first information item (**snip identifier/SPI**) is mandatory in each subfield and uniquely numbers the snip to which the following items in the subfield apply. There is no requirement that the snips be numbered sequentially. The **SPI** may contain up to 6 digits and up to 600,000 snips may be identified. If **Field 11.023** indicates snipping, the voice recording must consist of at least one snip.
* The second information item (**tracks/TRK**) is mandatory if item **PMO\_TRC** in Field 11.010 or **CDC\_CHC** of Field 11.013 is greater than one and lists all tracks or channels on the recording to which the snip identifier applies. The track numbers are separated by commas. No value in this list should be greater than the value of **PMO\_TRC** or **CDC\_CHC**, whichever applies. For example, in the case of a two-track stereo recording where both tracks contain a snip at the same start and end times, this item will be “1,2”
* The third information item (**relative start time/RST**) is a mandatory integer for every snip identified by an **SPI** and indicates in microseconds the time of the start of the snip relative to the beginning of the voice recording. The item can contain up to 11 digits, meaning that the **RST** might occur anywhere within a voice recording limited to about 28 hours. Because each snip is obtained independently from a larger voice recording, snips from a single track on the audio object described in Field 11.003 shall not overlap, meaning that the **RST** of a snip shall not occur between the **RST** and **RET** of any other snip on the same track. If the Type-11 record refers to an analog recording, the method of determining the start time shall be given in the comment item of this field.
* The fourth information item **(relative end time/RET**) is a mandatory integer for every snip identified by an **SPI** and indicates in microseconds the time of the end of the snip relative to the beginning of the voice recording. The item can contain up to 11 digits, meaning that the snip may end anywhere within the 28 hour voice recording. Because each snip is obtained independently from a larger voice recording, snips from the same track of the audio object of Field 11.003 shall not overlap, meaning that the **RET** of a snip shall not occur between the **RST** and **RET** of any other snip from the same track.
* The fifth information item **(comments/COM**) is an optional unrestricted text string of up to 4000 characters in length that allows for comments of any type to be made on a snip. This allows for comments on a snip-by-snip basis. This comment field could contain word or phonic level transcriptions, language translations or security classification markings, as specified in exchange agreements.

1. **Field 11.025: Diarization/DIA**

This field (**Diarization/DIA**) is optional and indicates whether the voice recording has been diarized, meaning that time markings are included in **Field 11.026** to indicate the speech segments of interest pertaining to the subject of this Type-11 record.

* The first information item (**diarization indicator/DII)** is mandatory if this field is used. It is a binary indicator that indicates whether the voice recording is accompanied by a segment diary in **Field 11.026** indicating speech segments from the voice signal subject of the Type-11 record. 0 indicates no accompanying diary and 1 indicates one or more accompanying diaries.
* The second information item (**diarization authority/DAU)** is an optional text field of up to 300 characters containing information about the agency that performed the diarization. Agencies undertaking diarization activities on the original speech should log their actions by appending to this item and noting the change of field contents in the Type-98 record and/or **Field 11.902** of this record
* The third information item (**comments/COM)** is an optional unrestricted text string of up to 4000 characters that may contain text information about the diarization activities undertaken on the voice data.

1. **Field 11.026: Segment Diary/SGD**

This field only appears if **Field 11.025** is present and **DII** = 1. This field (**segment diary/SDI**) contains repeating subfields that name and locate the segments within the voice recording of this Type-11 record associated with a single speaker. In a conversational setting, a speaker “turn” might be divided into several segments as the content, speaking style and collection conditions change. Within a Type-11 record, there may be only one segment diary describing a single speaker within the single voice recording. If additional diarizations of this voice recording are necessary -- for example, to locate segments of speech from a second speaker in the voice recording, additional Type-11 records must be created. Each segment diarized shall contain speech from the subject of this record, although a segment may contain speech collisions. The first four items (uniquely identifying the segments, identifying the tracks from the audio media object of Field 11.003 to which the segment number applies, and giving start and end times of each relative to the absolute beginning of the voice recording) are mandatory if this field is used and shall repeat for each speech segment identified. A fifth item is optional and accommodates comments on the individual segments. This record type accommodates up to 600,000 speech segments as repeating subfields. For voice recordings consisting of snips, the snipping diary **SPD** of Field 11.024 may be included in the **SGD** as a subset and may be identical.

* The first information item (**segment identifier/SID**) is mandatory in each subfield and uniquely numbers the segment to which the following items in the subfield apply. There is no requirement that the segments be numbered sequentially in sequential subfields. The **SID** may contain up to 6 digits, but the number of segments identified in the field (the total number of recurring subfields) is limited to 600,000.
* The second information item (**tracks/TRK**) is mandatory if item **PMO\_TRC** in Field 11.010 or **CDC\_CHC** of Field 11.013 is greater than one and lists all tracks or channels on the recording to which the segment identifier applies. The track numbers are separated by commas. No value in this list should be greater than the value of **PMO\_TRC** or **CDC\_CHC**, whichever applies. For example, in the case of a two-track stereo recording where both tracks contain a segment at the same start and end times, this item will be “1,2”
* The third information item (**relative start time/RST**) is a mandatory integer for every segment identified and indicates in microseconds the time of the start of the segment relative to the absolute beginning of the voice recording. The item can contain up to 11 digits, meaning that the segment can start at any time within the 28 hour voice recording. Because each segment is expected to be dominated by the primary subject of this Type-11 record, it is expected that segments from the same track of the audio object identified in Field 11.003 not will overlap, meaning that the **RST** of a segment is not expected to occur earlier than the end of a previous segment from the same track, although this is not prohibited. In multiple ANSI/NIST-ITL transactions involving multiple speakers using the same voice data record, segments on the same track across the transactions may overlap during periods of voice collision. If the Type-11 record refers to an analog recording, the method of determining the start time shall be given in the comment item of this subfield.
* The fourth information item **(relative end time/RET**) is mandatory for every segment and indicates in microseconds the time of the end of the segment relative to the absolute beginning of the voice recording. The item can contain up to 11 digits, meaning that the segment can end at any time within the 28 hour voice recording. As with the **RST**, it is expected that segments from the subject of this Type-11 record will not overlap, although this is not prohibited.
* The fifth information item **(comments/COM**) is an optional unrestricted text string of a maximum of 10,000 characters in length that allows for comments of any type to be made on a segment. This comment item could contain word- or phonic level transcriptions, language translations or security classification markings, as specified in exchange agreements.

1. **Field 11.027-030: Reserved Fields**

These fields are reserved for future use by ANSI/NIST-ITL.

1. **Field 11.031: Time of Segment Recording /TME**

This optional field (**Time of Segment Recording/TME**) contains subfields, each referring to a segment identified in either the snip diary **SPD** of **Field 11.024** or the segment diary **SGD** of **Field 11.026** and gives the date, start, and end times of the original transduction of the contemporaneous vocalizations in the identified segment. This field is only present if **Field 11.024** or **Field 11.026** is present in this record. This field also accommodates circumstances in which the original voice recording was tagged with a time and date field. There is no requirement that the date and times for the original recording match the dates and times of the tags, if the tags have been determined to be inaccurate.

* The first information item (**diary identifier/DIA**) is mandatory in each subfield and is a binary value that indicates the diary to which this subfield refers. If this item refers to a segment in the **SPD** of **Field 11.024**, the value is 0. If this item refers to a segment in the **SGD** of Field 11.026, the value is 1.
* The second information item **(segment identifier/SID**) is mandatory and gives the segment identifier from the diary given in **DIA** to which the values in this subfield pertain. Together, the first and second information items of each subfield uniquely identify the segment to which the following items apply.
* The third information item **(original recording date/ORD**) is optional and gives the date of the original, contemporaneous capture of the voice data in the segment identified. See **Section 7.7.2.3.**
* The fourth information item (tagged date/TDT) is optional and gives the date indicated on the original, contemporaneous capture of the voice data in the segment identified. This item may be different from the value of the **ORD** above, if the tag is determined to be inaccurate. See **Section 7.7.2.3.**
* The fifth information item (**segment recording start time/SRT**) is optional and gives the local start time of the original, contemporaneous capture of the voice data in the segment identified. See **Section 7.7.2.4** **Local date and time** for details.
* The sixth information item (**tagged** **start time/TST**) is optional and gives the time tagged on original, contemporaneous capture of the voice data at the start of the segment identified. This item may be different from the value of the **SRT** above, if the tag is determined to be inaccurate. See **Section 7.7.2.4** **Local date and time** for details.
* The seventh information item (**segment** **recording end time/END**) is optional and gives the local end time of the original, contemporaneous capture of the voice data in the segment identified. See **Section 7.7.2.4** **Local date and time** for details.
* The eight information item (**tagged** **end time/TET**) is optional and gives the time tagged on original, contemporaneous capture of the voice data at the end of the segment identified. This item may be different from the value of the **END** above, if the tag is determined to be inaccurate. See **Section 7.7.2.4** **Local date and time** for details.
* The ninth information item (**time source description text/TMD**) is an optional string of up to 300 characters that gives the reference for the values used for **DOR**, **SRT** and **END**.
* The tenth information item (**comments/COM**) is an unrestricted text string of up to 4000 characters in length that allows for comments of any type to be made on the timings of the segment recording, including the perceived accuracy of the values of **DOR**, **SRT** and **END**.

1. **Field 11.032: Segment Geographical Information/GEO**

This field (**Segment Geographical Information/GEO**) contains repeating subfields, each referring to a segment identified in either the snip diary **SPD** of **Field 11.024** or the segment diary **SGD** of **Field 11.026** and giving geographical location of the primary subject of the Type-11 record at the beginning of that segment. This field is only present if **Field 11.024** or **Field 11.026** is present in this record.

* The first information item (**diary identifier/DIA**) is mandatory in each subfield and is a binary indicator of the diary to which this subfield refers. If this item refers to a segment in the **SPD** of **Field 11.024**, the value is 0. If this item refers to a segment in the **SGD** of Field **11.026**, the value is 1.
* The second information item (**segment identifiers/SID**) is mandatory in each subfield and gives the segment identifiers from diary to which the values in this subfield pertain. The number of segment identifiers listed is limited to 600,000. A value of 0 in this subfield indicates the segment geographical information in this subfield shall be considered the default value for all segments not specifically identified in other occurrences of this subfield. If multiple segments are identified, they are designated as integers separated by commas.
* The third information item (**segment cell phone tower code/SCT)** is optional and identifies the cell phone tower, if any, that relayed the audio data at the start of the segment or segments referred to in this subfield. It is a text field of up to 100 unrestricted characters.
* The next six information items are latitude and longitude values.  **See Section 7.7.3**
* The tenth information item (**elevation/ELE)** is optional. It is expressed in meters. **See Section 7.7.3.** Permitted values are in the range of -442 to 8848 meters. For elevations outside of this range, the lowest or highest values shall be used, as appropriate.
* The eleventh information item (**geodetic datum code/GDC)** is optional. **See Section 7.7.3.**
* The twelfth, thirteenth and fourteenth information items (**GCM**/**GCE**/**GCN**) are treated as a group and are optional. These three information items together are a coordinate which represents a location with a Universal Transverse Mercator (**UTM**) coordinate. If any of these three information items is present, all shall be present. **See Section 7.7.3**
* The fifteenth information item (**geographic reference text /GRT)** is optional. **See Section 7.7.3.**
* A sixteenth information item (**geographic coordinate other system identifier/OSI)** is optional and allows for other coordinate systems and the inclusion of geographic landmarks. **See Section 7.7.3.**

* A seventeenth information item (**geographic coordinate other system value/OCV)** is optional andshall only be present if **OSI** is present in the record**. See Section 7.7.3**

The Geographic entry may be modified slightly based upon some issues related to National Information Exchange Model (NIEM) in the XML encoding.

1. **Field 11.033: Segment Quality Values/SQV**

This field (**Segment Quality Values/SQV**) contains repeating subfields, each referring to a list of segments identified in either the snip diary **SPD** of **Field 11.024** or the segment diary **SGD** of **Field 11.026.**  The items in each subfield give an assessment of the quality of the voice data within the segments identified in the subfield. This field is present only if Field 11.024 or Field 11.026 exists in the record. This contrasts with **Field 11.014** that gives the general quality across the entire audio recording. Values in this field dominate any values given in **Field 11.014**. It is possible for each segment given in the associated diary to have different quality. The subfields accommodate only a single quality value. If segments have multiple quality values based on different types of quality assessments, then multiple subfields are entered for those segments.

* The first information item (**diary identifier/DIA**) is mandatory and is a binary indicator of the diary to which this subfield refers. If this item refers to a segment in the **SPD** of **Field 11.024**, the value is 0. If this item refers to a segment in the **SGD** of **Field 11.026**, the value is 1.
* The second information item (**segment identifiers/SID**) is a mandatory list of integers and gives the segment identifiers from the diary to which the values in this subfield pertain. The number of segment identifiers listed is limited to 600,000. A value of 0 in this subfield indicates the segment quality information in this subfield shall be considered the default value for all segments not specifically identified in other subfields of this field. If multiple segments are entered, they are listed as integers separated by commas.
* The third **information item (quality value/QVU**) is mandatory and shall indicate the segment quality value between 0 (low quality) and 100 (high quality). A value of 255 indicates that quality was not assessed. An example would be the *Speech Intelligibility Index, ANSI 3.5 1997.*
* A fourth information item is mandatory and shall specify the ID of the vendor of the quality assessment algorithm used to calculate the quality score, which is an **algorithm vendor identification/QAV**. This 4-digit hex value (See **Section 5.5 Character types )** is assigned by IBIA and expressed as four characters. The IBIA maintains the Vendor Registry of CBEFF Biometric Organizations that map the value in this subfield to a registered organization. A value of 0x00 indicates a vendor without a designation by IBIA. In such case, an entry shall be made in COM of this subfield describing the algorithm and its owner/vendor.
* A fifth information item is mandatory and shall specify a numeric product code assigned by the vendor of the quality assessment algorithm, which may be registered with the IBIA, but registration is not required. This is the **algorithm product identification/QAP** that indicates which of the vendor’s algorithms was used in the calculation of the quality score. This information item contains the integer product code and should be within the range 0 to 65,534. A value of 0 indicates a vendor without a designation by IBIA. In such case, an entry shall be made in COM of this subfield describing the algorithm and its owner/vendor.
* The sixth information item (**comments/COM**) is optional but shall be used to provide information about the quality assessment process, including a description of any unregistered quality assessment algorithms used. (if QAV= 0x00 or QAP = 0)

1. **Field 11.034: Vocal Collision Identifier/VCI**

This optional field (**Vocal Collision Identifier/VCI**) contains 2 mandatory information items, each referring to a list of segments identified in either the snip diary **SPD** of **Field 11.024** or the segment diary **SGD** of **Field 11.026** and indicating that a vocal collision (two or more persons talking at once) occurs within the segment. This field shall only appear if **Field 11.024** or **Field 11.026** exists in this record.

* The first information item (**diary identifier/DIA**) is mandatory and is a binary indicator of the diary to which this subfield refers. If this item refers to a segment in the **SPD** of **Field 11.024**, the value is 0. If this item refers to a segment in the **SGD** of **Field 11.0**26, the value is 1.
* The second information item (**segment identifiers/SID**) is a mandatory list of integers separated by commas and gives the segment identifiers from the diary named in the item above in which vocal collisions occur. There may be up to 600,000 segments identified in this subfield.

1. **Field 11.035: Processing Priority /PPY**

This optional field (**Processing Priority/PPY**) contains repeating subfields, each referring to a list of segments identified in either the snip diary **SPD** of **Field 11.024** or the segment diary **SGD** of **Field 11.026** and indicating the priority with which the segments named in those diaries should be processed. If this field exists, segments not identified should be given the lowest priority.

* The first information item (**diary identifier/DIA**) is mandatory and is a binary indicator of the diary to which this subfield refers. If this item refers to a segment in the **SPD** of **Field 11.024**, the value is 0. If this item refers to a segment in the **SGD** of **Field 11.026**, the value is 1.
* The second information item (**segment identifiers/SID**) is a mandatory list of integers, separated by commas, and gives the segment identifiers from diary named in the first information item above to which the values in this subfield pertain. There may be up to 600,000 values of this field, one for each segment identified in the diaries of **Field 11.024** or **Field 11.026**. A value of 0 in this item indicates the segment content information in this field shall be considered the default value for all segments not specifically identified in other subfields of this field.
* The third information item (**processing priority/ PTY**) is mandatory if this field is used and indicates the priority with which the segments identified in this subfield should be processed. Priority values shall be between 1 and 9 inclusive. A value of 1 will indicate the highest priority and 9 the lowest.

1. **Field 11.036: Segment Content/SCN**

This optional field (**Segment Content/SCN**) contains subfields, each referring to a segment identified in either the snip diary **SPD** of **Field 11.024** or the segment diary **SGD** of **Field 11.026.** Each subfield gives an assessment of the content of the voice data within the identified segment and includes provision for semantic transcripts, phonetic transcriptions and translations of the segment. It may only appear if Field 11.024 or Field 11.026 is present in this record. At

least one of the third, fourth, fifth, sixth or seventh information items must be used if this field is used.

* The first information item (**diary identifier/DIA**) is mandatory and is a binary indicator of the diary to which this subfield refers. If this item refers to a segment in the **SPD** of **Field 11.024**, the value is 0. If this item refers to a segment in the **SGD** of **Field 11.026**, the value is 1.
* The second information item (**segment identifiers/SID**) is a mandatory list of integers separated by commas and gives the segment identifiers from diary to which the values in this subfield pertain. There may be 600,000 values of this item, one for each segment identified in related diary. A value of 0 of this item indicates the segment content information in this subfield shall be considered the default value for all segments not specifically identified in other subfields of this field.
* The third information item (**transcript text/TRN**) is mandatory if this field is used and shall be a text field of up to 100,000 characters. It may contain a semantic transcription of the segment.
* The fourth information item (**phonetic transcript text/PTT**) is an optional text field containing a phonetic transcription of the segment.
* The fifth information item (**translation text/TLT**) is an optional text field containing a translation of the segment into a language other than the one in which the original segment was spoken.
* The sixth information item (**segment content comments/COM)** is an optional text field containing comments on the content of the segment.
* The seventh information item (**transcript authority comment text/TAC**) is an optional text field and shall state the authority providing the transcription, translation or comments if SMC, PTS or COM is used. If an automated process was used to develop the transcript, information about the process (i.e., the automated algorithm used) should be included in this text.

1. **Field 11.037: Segment Speaker Characteristics/SCC**

This optional field (**Segment Speech Characteristics/SCC**) contains subfields, each referring to a segment identified in either the snip diary **SPD** of **Field 11.024** or the segment diary **SGD** of **Field 11.026**. Each subfield gives an assessment of the characteristics of the voice within the segment, including intelligibility, emotional state and impairment. This field shall only appear if Field 11.024 or Field 11.026 exists in the record.

* The first information item (**diary identifier/DIA**) is mandatory and is a binary indicator of the diary to which this subfield refers. If this item refers to a segment in the **SPD** of **Field 11.024**, the value is 0. If this item refers to a segment in the **SGD** of **Field 11.026**, the value is 1.
* The second information item (**segment identifiers/SID**) is a mandatory list of integers separated by commas and gives the segment identifiers from **Field 11.024** to which the values in this subfield pertain. There may be up to 600,000 values in this item, one for each segment identified in **Field 11.026**. A value of 0 indicates the segment content information in this item shall be considered the default value for all segments not specifically identified in other occurrences of this item.
* The third information item **(impairment level number/IMP**) is optional and shall indicate an observed level of neurological diminishment, whether from fatigue, disease, trauma, or the influence of medication/substances, across the speech segments identified. No attempt is made to differentiate the sources of impairment**.** The valueshall be an integer between 0 (no noticed impairment) and 5 (significant), inclusive.
* The fourth information item (dominant spoken **language code/DSL**) is optional and gives the 3 character *ISO 639-3* code for the dominant language in the segments identified in this subfield.
* A fifth information item (**language proficiency scale number/LPS**) is an optional integer and rates the fluency of the language being spoken on a scale of 0 (no proficiency) to 9 (high proficiency).
* The sixth information item **(speech style code/STY**) is optional and shall be an integer as given in **Supplement Table 5**. There may be no more than one value for each of the segments identified in this subfield and will indicate the dominant style of speech within the segments. If attribute code “12” is chosen to indicate “other”, additional explanation should be included in the tenth item (**comments/COM**) below.

**Table 5**

**Speech Style**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Speech Style** | **Attribute Code** |
| Unknown | 0 |
| Public speech (oratory) | 1 |
| Conversational telephone | 2 |
| Conversation face-to-face | 3 |
| Read | 4 |
| Prompted/repeated | 5 |
| Storytelling/Picture description | 6 |
| Task induced speech | 7 |
| Interview | 8 |
| Recited/memorized | 9 |
| Spontaneous/free | 10 |
| Variable | 11 |
| Other | 12 |
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* The seventh information item (**intelligibility scale code/INT**) is optional and shall be an integer from 0 (unintelligible) to 9 (clear and fully intelligible).
* The eighth information item (**familiarity degree code/FDC**) is an optional integer between 0 and 5, inclusive, and indicates the degree of familiarity between the data subject and the interlocutor, which ranges from 0 indicating no familiarity to 5 indicating high familiarity/intimacy.
* The ninth information item **(health comment/HCM**) is optional text noting any observable health issues impacting the data subject during the speech segment, such as symptoms of the common cold (hoarse voice, pitch lowering, increased nasality) and an indicator if the data subject regularly smokes tobacco products.
* The tenth information item **(emotional state code/EMC**) is an optional integer giving an estimation of the emotional state of the data subject across the segments identified in this subfield. Admissible attribute values are given in **Supplement Table 6**. Only one value for this item is allowed across all of the segments identified in this subfield. If attribute code “9” or “10” is chosen to indicate “variable” or “other”, additional explanation may be included in the tenth information item (**comments/COM**) below.

**Table 6**

**Emotional State**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Emotional State** | **Attribute Code** |
| Unknown | 0 |
| Calm | 1 |
| Hurried | 2 |
| Happy/joyful | 3 |
| Angry | 4 |
| Fearful | 5 |
| Agitated /Combative | 6 |
| Defensive | 7 |
| Crying | 8 |
| Variable | 9 |
| Other | 10 |
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* The eleventh information item **(vocal effort scale number/VES**) is an optional integer between 0 (very low vocal effort) and 5 (screaming/crying) which reports perceived vocal effort of the data subject across the identified segments. Only one value is allowed for this item in each subfield.
* The twelfth information item (**vocal style code/VSC**) is an optional integer assessing the predominant vocal style of the data subject across the identified segments. The attribute value shall be chosen from **Supplement Table 7**. Only one value is allowed for this item in each subfield.

**Table 7**

**Vocal Style**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Vocal Style** | **Attribute Code** |
| Unknown | 0 |
| Spoken | 1 |
| Whispered | 2 |
| Sung | 3 |
| Chanted | 4 |
| Rapped | 5 |
| Mantra | 6 |
| Falsetto/Head voice | 7 |
| Spoken with laughter | 8 |
| Megaphone/Public Address System | 9 |
| Shouting/yelling | 10 |
| Other | 11 |
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* The thirteenth information item (**recording** **awareness indicator/RAI**) is optional and indicates whether the data subject is aware that a recording is being made. 0 indicates unknown, 1 indicates aware and 2 indicates unaware.

* The fourteenth information item (**script text/SCR**) is optional and may be used to give the script used for read, prompted or repeated speech. This item may have up to 9,999 characters.
* The fifteenth information item (**comments/COM**) is optional and may be used to give additional information about the characteristic assessment process, including a description of any characteristic assessment algorithms used, notes on any known external stresses applicable to the data subject, such as extreme environmental conditions or heavy physical or cognitive load, and a description of how the values in the items of this subfield were assigned. If the sixth information item indicates read or prompted speech, this item may contain the read or prompted text. This item may have up to 4,000 characters.

1. **Field 11.038: Segment Channel/SCH**

This field (**Segment Channel/SCH**) contains subfields, each referring to a segment identified in either the snip diary **SPD** of **Field 11.024** or the segment diary **SGD** of **Field 11.026**. Each subfield describes the transducer and transmission channel within the identified segments. This field shall only be present if **Field 11.024** or **Field 11.026** appears in this record.

* The first information item (**diary identifier/DIA**) is mandatory and is a binary indicator of the diary to which this subfield refers. If this item refers to a segment in the **SPD** of **Field 11.024**, the value is 0. If this item refers to a segment in the **SGD** of **Field 11.026**, the value is 1.
* The second information item (**segment identifiers/SID**) is a mandatory list of integers separated by commas, and gives the segment identifiers from the diary to which the values in this subfield pertain. There may be up to 600,000 values in this item. A value of 0 in this item indicates the segment content information in this subfield shall be considered the default value for all segments not specifically identified in other subfields of this field.
* The third information item **(audio capture device type code/ACD)** is an optional integer with attribute values given in **Supplement Table 8.** A value of “2” indicates that more than one type of microphone is being used simultaneously to collect the audio signal.It is recognized that for most of the acquisition sources in Field 11.006 **REC\_AQS**, as specified by Table 88, the transducer type will not be known.

**Table 8**

**Audio Capture Device Type Code**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Device Type** | **Attribute Code** |
| Unknown | 0 |
| Array | 1 |
| Multiple style microphones | 2 |
| Earbud | 3 |
| Body Wire | 4 |
| Microphone | 5 |
| Handset | 6 |
| Headset | 7 |
| Speaker phone | 8 |
| Lapel Microphone | 9 |
| Other | 10 |
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* The fourth information item (**microphone type code/MTC**)is an optional integer that specifies the transducer type as unknown=0, carbon=1, electret=2, dynamic=3, or other=4. Transducer arrays using mixed transducer types shall be designated “other”.
* The fifth information item (**capture environment description text/ENV**) is an optional text field of up to 4000 characters to describe the acoustic environment of the recording. Examples of text placed in this item would be “reverberant busy restaurant”, “urban street”, “public park during day”.
* The sixth information item (**transducer distance /DST**) is an optional integer and specifies the approximate distance in centimeters, rounded to the nearest integer number of centimeters, between the speaker in the identified segments and the transducer. A value of 0 will be used if the distance is less than one-centimeter. Some example distances: handheld = 5cm; throat mic = 0cm, mobile telephone = 15cm; Voice-over-internet-protocol (VOIP) with a computer = 80cm, unless other information is available.
* The seventh information item (**acquisition source/ACS**) is an optional integer that specifies the source from which the voice in the identified segments was received. Only one value is allowed. Permissible values are given in **Table 88** of the **Type-20** record. Any conflict between this value and **Field 11.006** **REC\_AQS** shall be resolved by taking this item to be correct for all segments identified in the subfield, **SCH\_DIA** and **SCH\_SID,** of this occurrence of **Field 11.038**.
* The eighth information item (**voice modification description text/VMT**) is an optional, unrestricted string for a description of any digital masking between transducer and recording, disguisers or other attempts to change the voice quality. Any processing techniques used on the recording should be indicated, such as Automated Gain Control (AGC), noise reduction, etc.
* The ninth information item (**comments/COM**) is an optional, unrestricted string for additional information to identify or describe the transduction and transmission channels of the identified segments.

1. **Field 11.039-050: Reserved Fields**

These fields are reserved for future use by ANSI/NIST-ITL.

1. **Field 11.051: Comments/COM**

This field (**Comments/COM**) is an optional unrestricted text string of up to 4000 characters in length that may contain comments of any type on the **Type 11** record as a whole. Comments on individual segments shall be given in **Field 11.024, SNP\_COM**, or in **Field 11.026, SGD\_COM**. This field should record any intellectual property rights associated with any of the segments in the voice recording, any court orders related to the voice recording and any administrative data not included in other fields.

1. **Fields 11.052-099: Reserved Fields**

These fields are reserved for future use by ANSI/NIST-ITL.

1. **Fields 11.100-900: User-defined fields/UDF**

These fields are user-defined fields. Their size and content shall be defined by the user and be in accordance with the receiving agency

1. **Field 11.901: Reserved field**

This field is reserved for future use by ANSI/NIST-ITL.

1. **Field 11.902:** **Annotation information/ANN**

This is an optional field, listing the operations performed on the original source in order to prepare it for inclusion in a biometric record type. This field logs information pertaining to this Type-11 record and the voice recording pointed to or included herein. See **Section 7.4.1.** This section is not intended to contain any transcriptions or translations themselves, but may contain information about the source of such fields in the record.

1. **Fields 11.903-992: Reserved Fields**

These fields are reserved for future use by ANSI/NIST-ITL.

1. **Field 11.993: Source agency name/SAN**

This is an optional field. It may contain up to 125 Unicode characters. This is the name of the agency referred to in **Field 11.004** using the identifier given by domain administrator.

1. **Field 11.994: External file reference/EFR**

This conditional field shall be used to enter the URL/URI or other unique reference to a storage location for all source representations, if the data is not contained in **Field 11.999.** If this field is used, **Field 11.999** shall not be set. However, one of the two fields shall be present in all instances of this record type. A non-URL reference might be similar to: “Case 2009:1468 AV Tape 5”. It is highly recommended that the user state the format of the external file in **Field 11.051: Comment/COM .**

1. **Field 11.995: Associated Context/ACN**

This optional field applies to all audio object type records, not just ones with included binary files as **Type-21 Records**. See **Section 7.3.3. Record Type-21** contains audio, video and images that are NOT used to derive the biometric data in **Field 11.999: Voice Record/DATA** but that may be relevant to the collection of that data.

1. **Field 11.996: Hash/HAS**

This optional field applies to all digital audio records, whether stored in Field 11.999 or reference to an external storage location in Field 11.994 and shall contain the hash value of the data in **Field 11.999: Voice Data** of this record, calculated using SHA-256. See **Section 7.5.2**. Use of the hash enables the receiver of the data to check that the data has been transmitted correctly, and may also be used for quick searches of large databases to determine if the data already exist in the database. It is not intended as an information assurance check, which is handled by **Record Type-98.**

1. **Field 11.997: Source representation/SOR**

This optional field refers to a representation in **Record Type-20** with the same **SRN**.

1. **Field 11.998: Reserved field**

This field is reserved for future use by ANSI/NIST-ITL.

1. **Field 11.999: Voice record/DATA**

This field contains the voice data. See Section **7.2** for details.

Annex B of ANSI/NIST-ITL 1-2011 Table 97 is updated as follows:

Record Identifier Logical record contents Type of Data

11 Voice ASCII/Binary

Annex B Section B.2.7 is updated:

There are no special requirements for this record type.

Annex G, Insert table Type-11

DEVELOP TABLE FOR XML REPRESENTATION HERE