# Future Direction & Trends in Information Technology Panel

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## **My Perspective**

- Software engineering
  As seen from academia
- Interests
  - Testing, security, usability
  - "Why things go wrong"
- 25 years teaching at George Mason
  - Many students who actually build stuff
- Former faculty associate at NIST (about 5 years)





### Advanced Technology

- It is everywhere, and is becoming more so
- It changes how people do things
  - Do people still use phones to make calls?
  - Autonomous vehicles won't just drive themselves
    - Our entire notion of transportation will change
- How advanced technology is built is changing
  - 3D printers let anyone produce most anything
  - No longer the exclusive domain of engineers at tech companies
- In this new world
  - What do "standards" mean, and how are they most useful?

#### **Ubiquitous Updates**

- There are no more "finished" products
  - Even washing machines get software updates
  - Updates are a strong motivator for the "internet of things"
- Often updates have problems
  - Sometimes the problems are very serious
- Every company has its own update approach
  - Shouldn't this be standardized?
  - What are "best practices"?

## Quality

- Changing role for quality in IT products
  - Market forces *have* produced higher quality
    - If your product is lousy, your customers have options
      - In the shrink-wrap days, the customer had already paid
    - The bar is set by the competition
  - Challenge for engineers: How to make quality routine?
    - One way to think about the Agile movement
- Quality problems often turn into security problems
   What does a "minimum bar" look like here?

#### More on Market Forces

- Security, Privacy, Reliability
  - Often market forces work against these attributes
    - Companies want data! It's valuable!
- NIST Challenge:
  - Providing direction where the market is
    - weak
    - countervailing

#### **Usability Matters for Security**

IT Departments No Longer Control Security

– Users Have Many Options, Especially Smartphones

• The Ability and Willingness Model



Can't do

Simply unreasonable for most users Example: Memorize strong, unique passwords

**Could do but won't** More effort than perceived return on investment Example: Authentication with RSA token

*Willing and able* Sweet spot! *Ideally not the empty set...*