#### U.S. Department of Transportation

## CO<sub>2</sub> Transportation via Pipeline

Joy O. Kadnar
Pipeline & Hazardous Materials Safety
Administration

## Overall Message

- CO<sub>2</sub> pipelines are:
  - Well-established
  - Safe
    - Accident history is on par with other hazardous liquids pipelines
- Existing regulatory environment is satisfactory
- Pipeline operators know the hazards and manage their assets accordingly

#### Background

#### PHMSA

- Hazardous materials transportation regulator
- Extensive experience managing the risks of CO<sub>2</sub> in each of its physical states
- Assures operators manage risk appropriately.
- Hazardous Materials Transportation Laws pertaining to CO<sub>2</sub>
  - -49 USC. 5101 et seq. and 49 USC 60101 et seq.
  - HazMat implementing regulations in 49 CFR Parts 171-180
  - Pipeline implementing regulations in 49 CFR Parts 190-199

#### Regulatory Authority?

- Why does Part 195 apply to CO<sub>2</sub>?
  - -Properties and characteristics
    - Can cause rapid suffocation
    - May cause nervous system damage, frostbite, dizziness and drowsiness
    - Self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing may be required by rescue workers

## PHMSA's Pipeline Safety Program

- Oversight shared with authorized state programs
- Other Federal and State agencies jointly make siting and permitting decisions
- 3,468 miles of CO<sub>2</sub> transmission pipelines
- Regional pipeline safety offices
  - -# and staffing

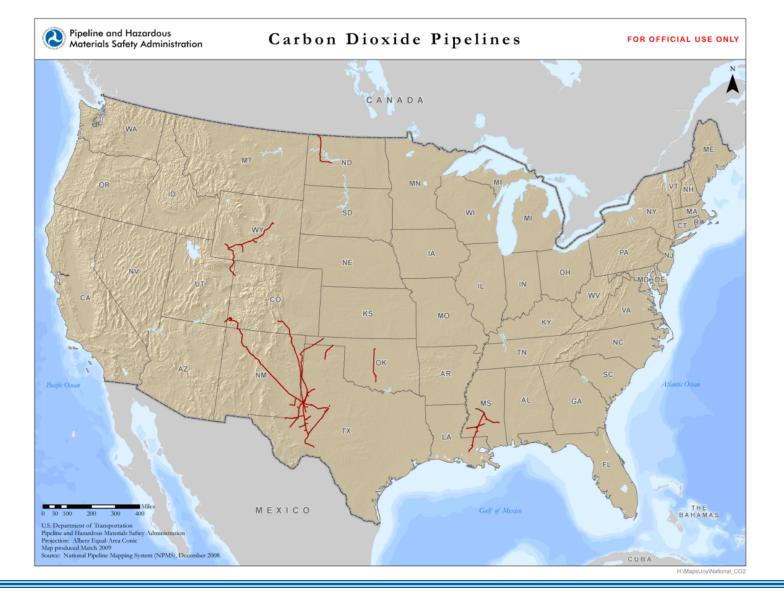
#### What do Regulations Include?

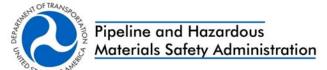
- The hazardous liquid pipeline regulations include requirements for:
  - Pipeline design
  - Construction
  - Mapping
  - Operation and maintenance
  - Qualification of personnel
  - Incident reporting
  - Emergency response
  - Integrity Management

## CO<sub>2</sub> Pipeline Infrastructure

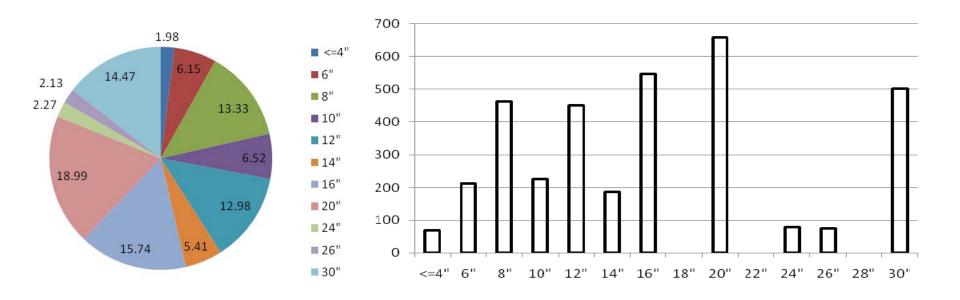
- 2007 Annual Reports
  - 3,468 miles

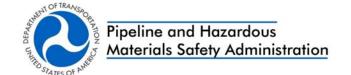
  - Midwestern corridor



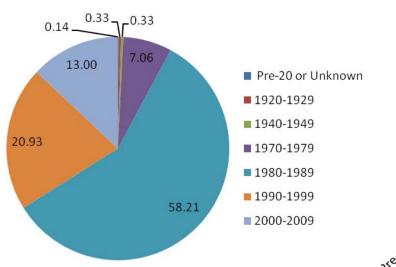


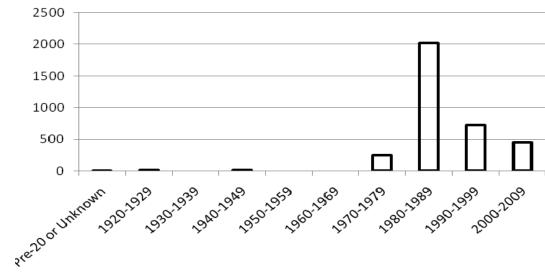
# Diameters vs. Mileages



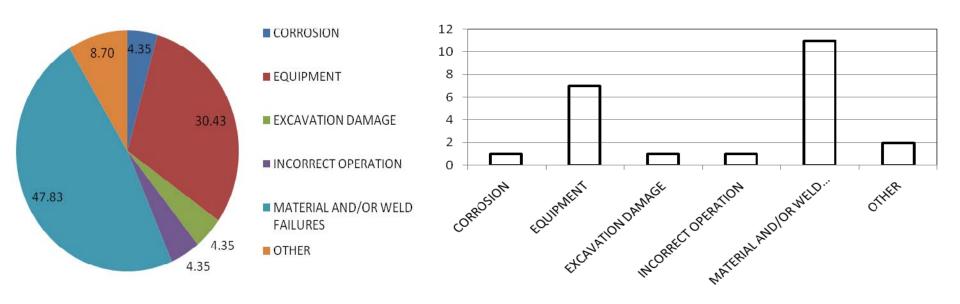


## Age of Regulated Assets





#### Failure Causes: 2004-07

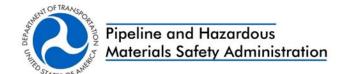


#### PEG

- PHMSA established new division
  - We will be looking at CO<sub>2</sub> as well as other pipelines using better data
  - This will provide improved information on risks to enable decisions on:
    - regulations, inspection program and enforcement

# Key Entities and Path Forward

- Federal Government—DOE, DOI, DOT and EPA
- States
- NASFM—First responders
- Pipeline siting models
  - CO<sub>2</sub>, oil, gas or hybrid?
  - DOT assistance through CATS



# Thank you

joy.kadnar@dot.gov

#### **Abbreviations**

- USC—United States Codes
- CFR—Code of Federal Regulations
- DOE—Department of Energy
- DOI—Department of Interior
- DOT—Department of Transportation
- EPA—Environmental Protection Agency
- NASFM—National Association of State Fire Marshals
- PEG—Program & Performance Evaluation Group
- CATS—Community Assistance & Technical Services

