From Baldrige Performance Excellence Program. 2021. 2021–2022 Baldrige Excellence Framework (Education): Leadership and Management Practices for High Performance. Gaithersburg, MD: U.S. Department of Commerce, National Institute of Standards and Technology. https://www.nist.gov/baldrige.

Education Criteria for Performance Excellence

Begin with the Organizational Profile

The Organizational Profile is the most appropriate starting point for self-assessment and for writing an application. It is critically important for the following reasons:

- You can use it as an initial self-assessment. If you identify topics for which conflicting, little, or no information is available, use these topics for action planning.
- It sets the context for understanding your organization and how it operates, and allows you to address unique aspects of your organization in your responses to the Education Criteria questions in categories 1–7. Your responses to all other questions in the Criteria should relate to the organizational context you describe in this profile.
- It helps you identify gaps in key information about your organization and focus on key performance requirements and results.

P Organizational Profile

The Organizational Profile is a snapshot of your organization and its strategic environment.

P.1 Organizational Description: What are your key organizational characteristics?

- a. Organizational Environment
 - (1) **EDUCATIONAL PROGRAM AND SERVICE Offerings** What are your main EDUCATIONAL PROGRAM AND SERVICE offerings (see the note on the next page)? What is the relative importance of each to your success? What modalities do you use to deliver your EDUCATIONAL PROGRAMS AND SERVICES?
 - (2) MISSION, VISION, VALUES, and Culture What are your MISSION, VISION, and VALUES? Other than VALUES, what are the characteristics of your organizational culture? What are your organization's CORE COMPETENCIES, and what is their relationship to your MISSION?
 - (3) WORKFORCE Profile What is your WORKFORCE profile? What recent changes have you experienced in WORKFORCE composition or in your needs with regard to your WORKFORCE? What are
 - your WORKFORCE or faculty/staff groups and SEGMENTS;
 - the educational requirements for different faculty/staff groups and SEGMENTS;
 - the KEY drivers that engage them;
 - your organized bargaining units (union representation), if any; and
 - your special health and safety requirements, if any?
 - (4) Assets What are your major facilities, equipment, technologies, and intellectual property?
 - **(5) Regulatory Environment** What are your KEY applicable occupational health and safety regulations; accreditation, certification, or registration requirements; education sector standards; and environmental, financial, and EDUCATIONAL PROGRAM AND SERVICE regulations?

b. Organizational Relationships

- (1) **Organizational Structure** What are your organizational leadership structure and GOVERNANCE structure? What structures and mechanisms make up your organization's LEADERSHIP SYSTEM? What are the reporting relationships among your GOVERNANCE board, SENIOR LEADERS, and parent organization, as appropriate?
- (2) **Students, Other CUSTOMERS, and STAKEHOLDERS** What are your KEY market SEGMENTS, student and other CUSTOMER groups, and STAKEHOLDER groups, as appropriate? What are their KEY requirements and expectations for your EDUCATIONAL PROGRAMS AND SERVICES, student and other CUSTOMER support services, and operations, including any differences among the groups?

(Continued on the next page)

(3) **Suppliers, PARTNERS, and COLLABORATORS** What are your KEY types of suppliers, PARTNERS, and COLLABORA-TORS? What role do they play in producing and delivering your KEY EDUCATIONAL PROGRAMS AND SERVICES and your student and other CUSTOMER support services, and in enhancing your competitiveness? What role do they play in contributing and implementing INNOVATIONS in your organization? What are your KEY supply-network requirements?

Terms in SMALL CAPS are defined in the Glossary of Key Terms (pages 46-54).

Notes

P.1a(1). Educational program and service offerings are the activities you offer to engage students in learning or contribute to scientific or scholarly investigation. Modalities for delivering programs and services to your students might be direct or might be indirect, through partners and collaborators.

P.1a(2). If your organization has a stated purpose as well as a mission, you should include it in your response. Some organizations define a mission and a purpose, and some use the terms interchangeably. Purpose refers to the fundamental reason that the organization exists. Its role is to inspire the organization and guide its setting of values.

P.1a(2). Your values are part of your organization's culture. Other characteristics of your culture might include shared beliefs and norms that contribute to the uniqueness of the environment within your organization.

P.1a(3). Workforce or faculty/staff groups and segments (including organized bargaining units) might be based on type of employment or contract-reporting relationship, location (including remote work), tour of duty, work environment, use of flexible work policies, or other factors. Organizations that also rely on volunteers and interns to accomplish their work should include these groups as part of their workforce.

P.1a(5). Education standards might include local, state, or international statutory requirements and sector-wide codes of conduct and policy guidance, including compliance with research ethics. Depending on the regions in which you operate, environmental regulations might cover greenhouse gas emissions, carbon regulations and trading, and energy efficiency.

P.1b(1). The Organizational Profile asks for the "what" of your leadership system (its structures and mechanisms). Questions in categories 1 and 5 ask how the system is used.

P.1b(2). Student and other customer groups might be based on common expectations, behaviors, preferences, or profiles. Within a group, there may be segments based on differences, commonalities, or both. You might subdivide your market into segments based on educational programs, services, or features; delivery modalities; geography; or other defining factors.

P.1b(2). Student, other customer, stakeholder, and operational requirements and expectations will drive your organization's sensitivity to the risk of program, service, support, and supply-network interruptions, including those due to natural disasters and other emergencies.

P.1b(3). Suppliers and partners should include, as appropriate, key feeder schools that prepare students for your organization.

P.1b(3). Your supply network consists of the entities involved in producing your programs and services and delivering them to your students. For some organizations, these entities form a chain, in which one entity directly supplies another. Increasingly, however, these entities are interlinked and exist in interdependent rather than linear relationships. The Education Criteria use the term supply network, rather than supply chain, to emphasize the interdependencies among organizations and their suppliers.

For additional guidance on this item, see the Education Criteria Commentary (https://www.nist.gov/baldrige/baldrige-criteria -commentary-education).

P.2 Organizational Situation: What is your organization's strategic situation?

a. Competitive Environment

- (1) **Competitive Position** What are your relative size and growth in your education sector or the markets you serve? How many and what types of competitors do you have?
- (2) **Competitiveness Changes** What KEY changes, if any, are affecting your competitive situation, including changes that create opportunities for INNOVATION and collaboration, as appropriate?
- (3) **Comparative Data** What KEY sources of comparative and competitive data are available from within the education sector? What KEY sources of comparative data are available from outside the education sector? What limitations, if any, affect your ability to obtain or use these data?

b. Strategic Context

What are your KEY STRATEGIC CHALLENGES and ADVANTAGES?

c. PERFORMANCE Improvement System

What is your PERFORMANCE improvement system, including your PROCESSES for evaluation and improvement of KEY organizational projects and PROCESSES?

Terms in SMALL CAPS are defined in the Glossary of Key Terms (pages 46-54).

Notes

P.2a. Education organizations are frequently in highly competitive environments. Aside from direct competition for students, they must often compete to secure financial, volunteer, and human resources. This competition may involve other education organizations, as in competition for grant funding or suppliers, or the opportunity to provide supplemental services. For public education organizations, competition may involve other public agencies or departments, as in the competition for scarce budget resources.

P.2b. Strategic challenges and advantages might be in the areas of educational programs and services, operations, societal contributions, and workforce. They might relate to finances, including funding mechanisms; organizational structure and culture; emerging technology; digital integration; data and information security and cybersecurity; emerging competitors; changing stakeholder requirements; faculty and staff capability or capacity; and brand recognition and reputation.

P.2c. The Baldrige Scoring System (pages 29–34) uses performance improvement through learning and integration as a factor in assessing the maturity of organizational approaches and their deployment. This question is intended to set an overall context for your approach to performance improvement. The approach you use should be related to your organization's needs. Approaches that are compatible with the overarching systems approach provided by the Baldrige framework might include implementing PDSA methodology; completing accreditation self-studies; applying nationally validated systems to improve teaching performance; and performing independent institutional, departmental, or program assessments. It also might include using a Lean Enterprise System, applying Six Sigma methodology, using standards from ISO (e.g., the 9000 or 14000 series, or sector-specific standards), using decision science, or employing other improvement tools.

For additional guidance on this item, see the Education Criteria Commentary (https://www.nist.gov/baldrige/baldrige-criteria -commentary-education).