FY 2006 Government Unique Standards used in lieu of Voluntary Consensus Standards (Rescinded)

Agency: Government Printing Office (GPO)

Government Standard: FED-STD 209 [Incorporated: 2000] [Rescinded: 2005]

Voluntary Standard Rationale

ISO 14644-1 & ISO 14644-2 Quality Assurance. Second ISO standard not issued until end of FY 2000. Being phased out.

Government Standard: MIL-STD 105 [Incorporated: 2000] [Rescinded: 2005]

Voluntary Standard Rationale

ANSI/ASQC Z1.4 Quality Assurance. Cited in small number of contracts due to editing errors. These are being

corrected and phased out.

Government Standard: MIL-STD 1189 [Incorporated: 2000] [Rescinded: 2005]

Voluntary Standard Rationale

ANSI/AIM X5-2 & ANSI X3.182 Quality Assurance. Cited in small number of contracts due to editing errors. These are being

corrected and phased out.

Government Standard: MIL-STD 498 [Incorporated: 2000] [Rescinded: 2005]

Voluntary Standard Rationale

IEEE/EIA 12207.0, IEEE/EIA Quality Assurance. Cited in small number of contracts due to editing errors. These are being

12207.1, & IEEE/EIA 12207.2 corrected and phased out.

Agency: General Services Administration (GSA)

Government Standard: Federal Specification A-A-1925 - Shield, Expansion (Nail Anchors) [Incorporated: 2000] [Rescinded:

2004]

Voluntary Standard Rationale

ASTM E488 - Standard Test This government-unique standard is prepared & maintained by the Defense Logistics Agency

Methods for Strength of Anchors in (DLA). Both the GSA & DLA contract for products that reference A-A-1925. In order to maintain

Concrete and Masonry Elements product continuity in the Federal marketplace, we must cite the standard as the DLA.

Government Standard: FF-L-2740 [Incorporated: 2000] [Rescinded: 2001]

Voluntary Standard Rationale

UL 768 These government specifications cover products used for the protection of national security

information. The standards were developed after government review and testing determined

that the commercial standards did not provide the required level of protection, or those

commercial products that did provide the level of protection significantly exceeded the price

of products meeting the government standards.

Agency: Department of Health and Human Services (HHS)

Government Standard: FDA Guidelines on Asceptic Processing (1987) [Incorporated: 1997] [Rescinded: 2004]

Voluntary Standard Rationale

ISO 13408-1 - Aseptic Processing of FDA/CBER is not using the ISO standard because the applicability of these requirements is

Health Care Products, Part 1, limited to only portions of aseptically manufactured biologics and does not include filtration,

General Requirements freeze-drying, sterilization in place, cleaning in place, or barrier-isolator technology. There

are also significant issues related to aseptically produced bulk drug substance that are not

included in the document

Government Standard: National Standard Format [Incorporated: 1997] [Rescinded: 2004]

Voluntary Standard Rationale

ANSI X12 837 The NSF is used widely across the health care payment industry and has become a defacto

national standard. However, the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) have

directed their contractors to discontinue use of the NSF standard and replace it with ANSI X12

837 by the beginning of FY 2003.