

Exoskeleton Standards Technical Interchange Meeting (TIM): Medical Applications Section

Vivek Pinto, PhD

Chief

Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation Devices Branch (PMDB) Division of Neurological and Physical Medicine Devices (DNPMD) Office of Device Evaluation (ODE) Center for Devices and Radiological Health (CDRH) Food and Drug Administration (FDA)



Full Medical Agenda and Speakers

Time	Торіс	Discussion	Speaker
Day 1	User Representative Introduction		Chris Tagatac Board of Directors for the Christopher Reeves Foundation
12:15 – 12:45 PM	FDA Introduction and Medical Exoskeleton Process Overviews	FDA Device Regulatory Introduction	Vivek Pinto, PhD
		Medical Exoskeletons	Devjani Saha, PhD
12:45 – 1:15 PM	Ongoing Related Standards Work	FDA Standard Recognition Process	lan Broverman, MS
		JWG 36 Medical Robots for Rehabilitation	Eric Franca, PhD
1:15-2:40 PM	Unique Aspect Characterization, Open Discussion, & Generating Prioritization List	Open Discussion	All





Center for Food Safety & Applied Nutrition



Center for Drug Evaluation & Research



Center for Biologics Evaluation & Research



FDA

Center for Tobacco Products



Center for Devices & Radiological Health



Center for Veterinary Medicine



National Center for Toxicological Research



Investing in Review-A New Division at FDA

<u>Center for Devices and Radiological Health (CDRH) Organization</u> Pathway for Neurological and Physical Medicine Regulatory Submissions







- Patients in the U.S. have access to highquality, safe, and effective medical devices of public health importance first in the world.
- The U.S. is the world's leader in regulatory science, medical device innovation and manufacturing, and radiation-emitting product safety.
- U.S. post-market surveillance quickly identifies poorly performing devices, accurately characterizes real-world performance, and facilitates device approval or clearance.
- Devices are legally marketed in the U.S. and remain safe, effective, and of high-quality.
- Consumers, patients, their caregivers, and providers have access to understandable science-based information about medical devices and use this information to make health care decisions.



Division of Neurological and Physical Medicine Devices New Branch Organization

Neurodiagnostic and Neurosurgical Devices

- •Cranial Materials & Other Sealants
- •EEG & Non-EEG Diagnostic Devices
- •Neurocognitive Diagnostic Devices
- Surgical Instruments & Tools for the Neurovasculature
- Stereotactic Systems for the Neurovasculature

Neurointerventional Devices

- Embolization Coils
- Flow Diverters
- •Guidewires & Catheters for the Neurovasculature
- Neurothrombectomy
 Devices
- Neurovascular & Cerebral Interventional Devices
- •Cerebrospinal Fluid Shunts

Neurostimulation Devices Neurology Branch

- Stimulation Devices for Movement Disorders, Epilepsy, Alzheimer's Disease, Headache, and Traumatic Brain Injury
- Devices may include cortical stimulation devices and deep brain stimulation devices

Neurostimulation Devices Psychiatry Branch

• Stimulation Devices for Major Depression, Obsessive Compulsive Disorder, and Post Traumatic Stress Disorder

•Devices may include cranial electrical stimulation devices, electroconvulsive therapy, and transcranial magnetic stimulation devices

Physical Medicine & Rehabilitation Devices

- •Brain Computer Interfaces
- Diathermy
- •Functional Electrical Stimulators
- Iontophoresis Devices
- Massagers/Vibrators
- •Orthoses, Exoskeletons
- Powered Muscle
 Stimulators
- Rehabilitation
 Equipment
- •Wheelchairs, Walkers



Experience in Moving Neurological and Physical Medicine Medical Devices From Bench to Market





following concussion









Medical Device Definition

- Definition of a medical device is specified in section 201(h) of the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 321) *
- Section 201(h) states:
 - The term "device"...means an instrument, apparatus, implement, machine, contrivance, implant, in vitro reagent, or other similar or related article, including any component, part, or accessory, which is..."
 - "...intended for use in the <u>diagnosis</u> of disease or other conditions, or in the <u>cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention</u> of disease, in man..." or
 - "...intended to <u>affect the structure or any function</u> of the body of man and which does not achieve any of its primary intended purposes through chemical action...."



What makes a device a medical device?

- Usage and Risks
 - Clinical use may require different (sometimes higher) standards
 - How and where is the device used? (IFU)
 - How does the device work? (Technology)
- Example: Lego Mindstorm
 - As a toy and teaching tool
 - Optional, low risk
 - Minimal consequences
 - Actuating a rehabilitation device
 - At risk population
 - Health consequences for misuse or error





A Risk Based Approach for Medical Devices since 1976

Increasing Risk

Classification determines extent of regulatory control (Risk Based)

General Controls

Class II

- General controls
- Performance data
- Special controls

Class III

- General controls
- Premarket approval (PMA)
- Scientific evidence to support safety and effectiveness

General Controls

- Electronic Establishment Registration
- Electronic Device Listing
- Quality Systems
- Labeling
- Medical Device Reporting (MDR)
- Premarket Notification [510(k)] (unless exempt)

Special Controls (addressing Risk)

- Guidelines (e.g., Glove Manual)
- Mandatory Performance Standard
- Performance testing, such as biocompatibility, engineering, animal, etc.
- Special Labeling



Roles in the Review Process



Classifications & Regulatory Pathways

- Class III: generally PMA (Premarket Approval)
- Class II: 510(k) (or premarket notification), if the intended use and technology are similar to something already classified
- De Novo: devices that aren't comparable enough to something on the market. This generates a new device classification regulation, and will typically (but not always) be Class II



Physical Medicine Panel (21 CFR 890)

(Visit <u>www.ecfr.gov</u> → Title 21 Food and Drugs → Part 890) Diagnostic, prosthetic, and therapeutic Physical Medicine

Diagnostic examples

- 21 CFR 890.1375 Diagnostic electromyograph
- 21 CFR 890.1925 Isokinetic testing and evaluation system

Prosthetic examples

- 21 CFR 890.3480 Powered lower extremity exoskeleton
- 21 CFR 890.3860 Powered wheelchair

Therapeutic examples

- 21 CFR 890.5300 Ultrasound diathermy
- 21 CFR 890.5700 Cold pack



Public Databases: de novo

http://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cdrh/cfdocs/cfPMN/denovo.cfm

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Panel		~	r	Priority Review			Recalls	Corrective Actions
Center			-	quester Name			 Standard 	tion & Listing Is duct Life Cycle
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Decision Date								

Public Databases: de novo (DEN130034)

http://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cdrh/cfdocs/cfPMN/denovo.cfm?ID=DEN130034

<u>New Search</u>		BackTo Search Results
	Device Classification Name	Powered Exoskeleton
	De Novo Number	DEN130034
	510(K) Number	K131798
	Device Name	REWALK
	Requester	ARGO MEDICAL TECHNOLOGIES, INC. 33 Locke Dr. Suite 240 Marlborough, MA 01752
	Contact	John VHamilton
	Regulation Number	890.3480
	Classification Product Code	PHL
	Date Received	06/17/2013
	Decision Date	06/26/2014
	Decision	Granted (DENG)
	Classification Advisory Committee	Physical Medicine
	Review Advisory Committee	Physical Medicine
	Reclass ification Order	Reclassification Order
	FDA Review	Decision Summary
	Туре	Direct

Public Databases: Product Classification

http://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cdrh/cfdocs/cfPCD/classification.cfm

This database includes: • a list of all medical devices with their associate review organizations, and other regulatory infor <u>Learn More</u>	ed classifications, product codes, FDA premarket mation.	ther Databases 510(k)s De Novo Medical Device Reports (MAUDE) CDRH Export Certificate Validation (CECV)
Search Database	Help 🖲 Dow nload Files	CDRH FOIA Electronic Reading Room CFR Title 21 CLIA
Device Review Panel	Product Code	FDA Guidance Documents Humanitarian Device Exemption Medsun Reports Premarket Approvals (PMAs) Post-Approval Studies
SubmissionType	Third Party Bligible	Postmarket Surveillance Studies Radiation-Emitting Products Radiation-Emitting Electronic Products Corrective Actions
Implanted Device Life-Sustain/Support Device	<u>Clear Form</u> Search	Recalls Registration & Listing Standards Total Product Life Cycle



Public Databases: Product Code PHL

http://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cdrh/cfdocs/cfPCD/classification.cfm?ID=3598

Product Classification

FDA Home Ø Medical Devices Ø Databases

New Search	Back To Search R
Device	Powered Exoskeleton
Regulation Description	Powered Lower extremity exos keleton.
Definition	A powered exoskeleton is a prescription device that is composed of an external, powered, motorized orthosis used for medical purposes that i placed over a person's paralyzed or weakened limbs for the purpose of providing ambulation.
Physical State	The device is a wearable exoskeleton device that allows the user to enable ambulation over the course of the day. The control of the device achieved through a wrist-worn user-operated wireless communicator, sensor and specific body movements
Technical Method	The movement of the swing leg is controlled by a seat of gears and DC motors at the knee and hip joints. Minimizing energy expenditure with g approximation is critical for maximizing battery life between charges.
Target Area	The device legs consist of left and right interconnect hip and knee segments. Multiple attachment straps are mounted along the length of each leg. The pelvic band support provides a structure to join the two le together and the pelvic strap helps hold the user firmly in the system. A sensor is mounted on the left side of the pelvic band. The ankle foot be holds the calves of the user to the system.
Regulation Medical Specialty	Physical Medicine
Review Panel	Neurology
Product Code	PHL
Premarket Review	<u>Office of Device Evaluation (</u> ODE) Division of Neurological and Physical Medicine Devices (DNPMD) Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation Devices Branch (PMDB)
Submission Type	510(k)
Regulation Number	<u>890.3480</u>
Device Class	2
Total Product Life Cycle (TPLC)	TPLC Product Code Report
GMP Exempt?	No
Implanted Device?	No
Life-Sustain/Support Device?	No
Third Party Review	Not Third Party Eligible



Public Databases: 510(k) Premarket Notification

http://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cdrh/cfdocs/cfPMN/pmn.cfm

510(k) Premarket Notification

FDA Home Medical Devices Databases

A510(K) is a premarket submission made to FDA to demonstrate that the device to be marketed is at least as safe and effective, that is, substantially equivalent, to a legally marketed device (21 CFR §807.92(a)(3)) that is not subject to premarket approval. Learn more			 De Novo Medical Device Reports (MAUDE) CDRH Export Certificate Validation (CECV) CDRH FOIA Electronic
Search Databa	9e	Reading Room CFR Title 21 CLIA	
510K Number	Туре	Product Code	 Device Classification FDAGuidance Documents
Center		Combination Products	 Humanitarian Device Exemption
Applicant Name Device Name		Cleared/Approved In Vitro Products	 Medsun Reports Premarket Approvals (PMAs) Post-Approval Studies
Panel	✓	Third Party Review ed	 Postmarket Surveillance Studies
Decision		~	 Radiation-Emitting Products Radiation-Emitting Electronic
Decision Date Sort by	becision Date (descending)	Clinical Trials	Products Corrective Actions Recalls Registration & Listing Standards
	Quick Search	Clear Form Search	 Total Product Life Cycle X-Ray Assembler



Public Databases: Cleared 510(K)'s

510(k) Premarket Notification

FDA Home Medical Devices Databases

1 to 4 of 4 Results ProductCode: PHL Decision Date To: 01/10/2017			Results per Pag	ge	10 🗸	
New Search Search New Search						
Device Name	\$	Applicant	510(K) Number		Decision Date	¢
Rewalk(Tm)		Rewalk Robotics Inc.	<u>K160987</u>		07/22/2016	
Ekso™ (Version 1.1) And Ekso Gt™ (Versio		Ekso Bionics, Inc.	<u>K161443</u>		07/19/2016	
Ekso™ (Version 1.1) And Ekso Gt™ (Versio		Ekso Bionics, Inc.	<u>K143690</u>		04/01/2016	
Indego		Parker Hannifin Corporation	<u>K152416</u>		02/26/2016	



Powered lower extremity exoskeleton

21 CFR 890.3480 Powered lower extremity exoskeleton

- (a) *Identification*. A powered lower extremity exoskeleton is a prescription device that is composed of an external, powered, motorized orthosis that is placed over a person's paralyzed or weakened limbs for medical purposes.
- (b) *Classification*. Class II (special controls). The special controls for this device are:
 - » List of 7 Special Controls (with parts) to provide a reasonable assurance of safety and effectiveness
- Dr. Saha will elaborate in her presentation

Assistive Devices for the Upper Extremity



- At this time we've cleared assistive devices wrapped around the upper extremity of stroke patients undergoing rehabilitation for muscle re-education, and maintaining or increasing range of motion.
- Devices can involve different control mechanisms (i.e., myoelectric)
- Consider submitting a 513(g) if you want our feedback on what regulation your device would be classified.

Indications for Use vs. Intended Use

- Indications for use The disease or condition the device will diagnose, treat, prevent, cure or mitigate, including a description of the patient population for which the device is intended.
- Intended use The general purpose of the device or its function. The intended use of a device encompasses the indications for use.

New Indications for Use are cleared through the 510(k) Notification whereas new intended use is granted/approved through a *de novo* application or premarket approval

How to determine whether a different indications for use presents a new intended use - <u>http://www.fda.gov/downloads/MedicalDevices/.../UCM284443.pdf</u>



FDA Guidance Documents

FDA Guidance Documents

http://www.fda.gov/MedicalDevices/DeviceRegulationandGuidance/GuidanceDocuments/ default.htm

- Significant Risk/Non-Significant Risk Guidance Document
 - <u>http://www.fda.gov/downloads/RegulatoryInformation/Guidances/UCM126418.pdf</u>
- 513(g) Guidance Document when to assess the appropriate device classification
 - <u>http://www.fda.gov/downloads/medicaldevices/deviceregulationandguidance/guidance</u> <u>documents/ucm209851.pdf</u>
- The 510(k) Program: Evaluating Substantial Equivalence in Premarket Notifications [510(k)]
 - <u>http://www.fda.gov/downloads/MedicalDevices/.../UCM284443.pdf</u>
- Draft: De Novo Classification Process (Evaluation of Automatic Class III Designation
 - <u>http://www.fda.gov/downloads/medicaldevices/deviceregulationandguidance/guidance</u> <u>documents/ucm273903.pdf</u>



Pre-Submissions

<u>WHAT</u>: an opportunity to obtain FDA feedback prior to IDE or marketing submission

Guidance Document

"Requests for Feedback on Medical Device Submissions: The Pre-Submission Program and Meetings with Food and Drug Administration Staff"

(Document issued on February 18, 2014)



Point of Contact for General Submission Questions DICE

Division of Industry and Consumer Education EMAIL : <u>DICE@fda.hhs.gov</u> **Phone:** 1(800) 638-2041 or (301) 796-7100 *Press 1 to speak to the Consumer Team*

Press 2 to speak to the Industry Team





NeuroView

FDA Regulation of Neurological and Physical Medicine Devices: Access to Safe and Effective Neurotechnologies for All Americans

Anderson L, Antkowiak P, Asefa A, Ballard A, Bansal T, Bello A, Berne B, Bowsher K, Blumenkopf B, Broverman I, Bydon M, Chao K, Como P, Cork K, Costello A, De Laurentis K, DeMarco A, Dean H, Doucet J, Dworak B, Epperson L, Franca E, Ghassemian N, Ghosh C, Govindarajan A, Gupta J, Gutowski S, Herrmann R, Hoffmann M, Heetderks W, Hsu S, Kaufman D, Keegan E, Kittlesen G, Khuu K, Lee H, Lo L, Marcus I, Marjenin T, Mathews B, Misra S, Pinto V, Ramos V, Raben S, Russell A, Saha D, Seog J, Shenouda C, Smith M, Tang X, Wachrathit K, Waterhouse J, Williams D, Zheng X, Peña C.

Neuron. 2016 Dec 7;92(5):943-948. doi: 10.1016/j.**neuron**.2016.10.036.

NEW FDA Website for Neurological Devices:

http://www.fda.gov/MedicalDevices/Pr oductsandMedicalProcedures/Neurolog icalDevices/default.htm

Medical Device Premarket Review Contact Information



Vivek Pinto, PhD <u>Vivek.Pinto@fda.hhs.gov</u>

Branch Chief, Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation Devices Branch (PMDB), Division of Neurological and Physical Medicine Devices (DNPMD), Office of Device Evaluation (ODE)

Devjani Saha, PhD <u>Devjani.Saha@fda.hhs.gov</u> Lead Reviewer, ODE/DNPMD

Ian Broverman, MSIan.Broverman@fda.hhs.govLead Reviewer, ODE/DNPMD

Eric Franca, PhD <u>Eric.Franca@fda.hhs.gov</u> Lead Reviewer, ODE/DNPMD

Kimberly Kontson, PhD <u>Kimberly.Kontson@fda.hhs.gov</u> Staff Fellow, Division of Biomedical Physics (DBP), Office of Science and Engineering Laboratories (OSEL)

Ian Marcus, MS <u>Ian.Marcus@fda.hhs.gov</u> Lead Reviewer, ODE/DNPMD

