

# Exploring Neural Networks for Entity Discovery and Linking (EDL)

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**York University, Toronto, Canada**

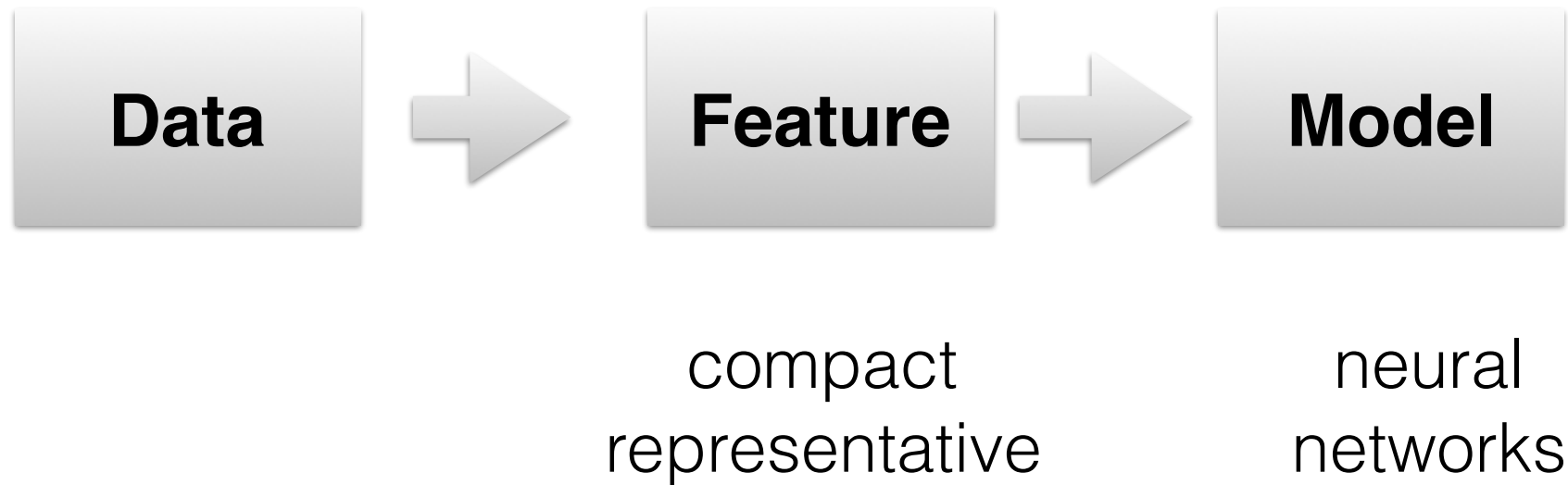


# Outline

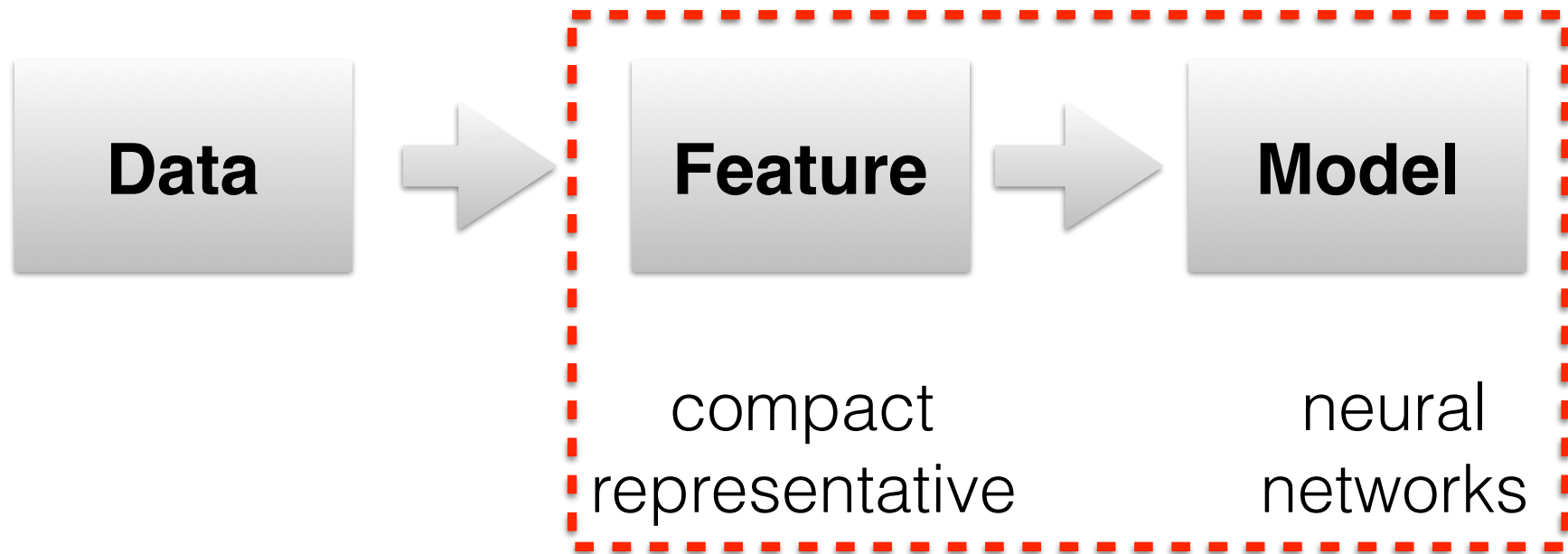
- Introduction
  - Deep Learning for NLP
- EDL Pipeline
- Two submitted systems
  - **USTC\_NELSLIP**
  - **YorkNRM**
- Experiments and Discussions
- Conclusions



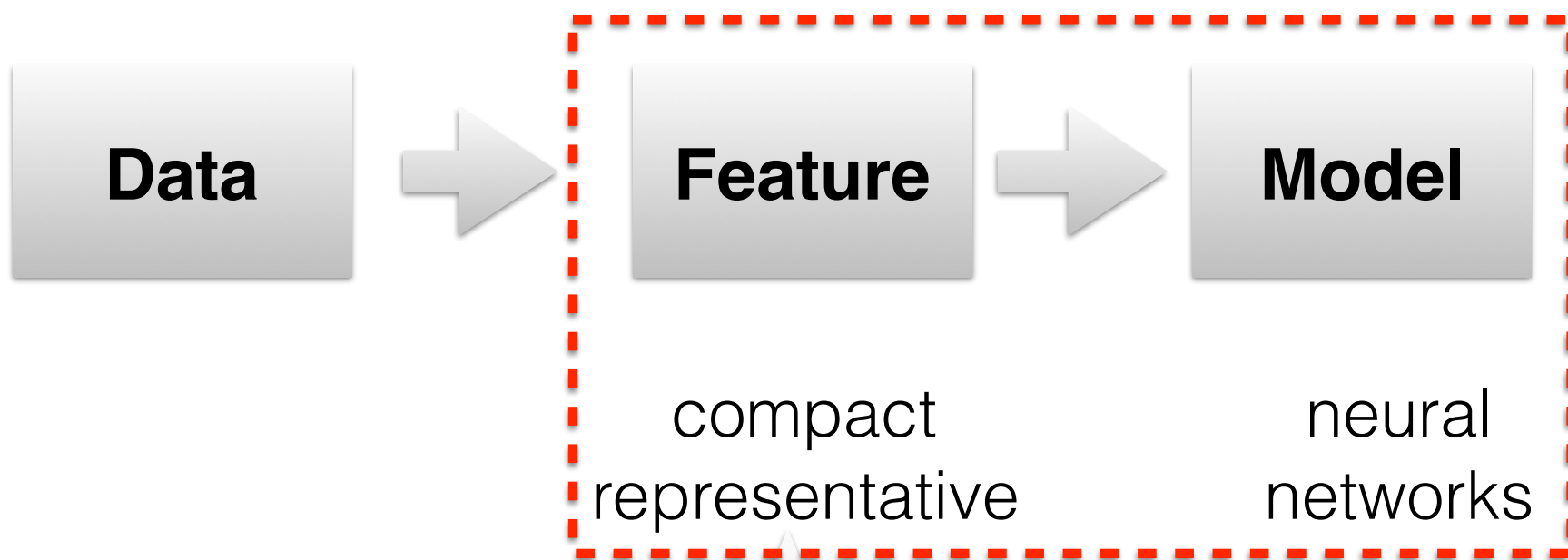
# Deep Learning for NLP



# Deep Learning for NLP



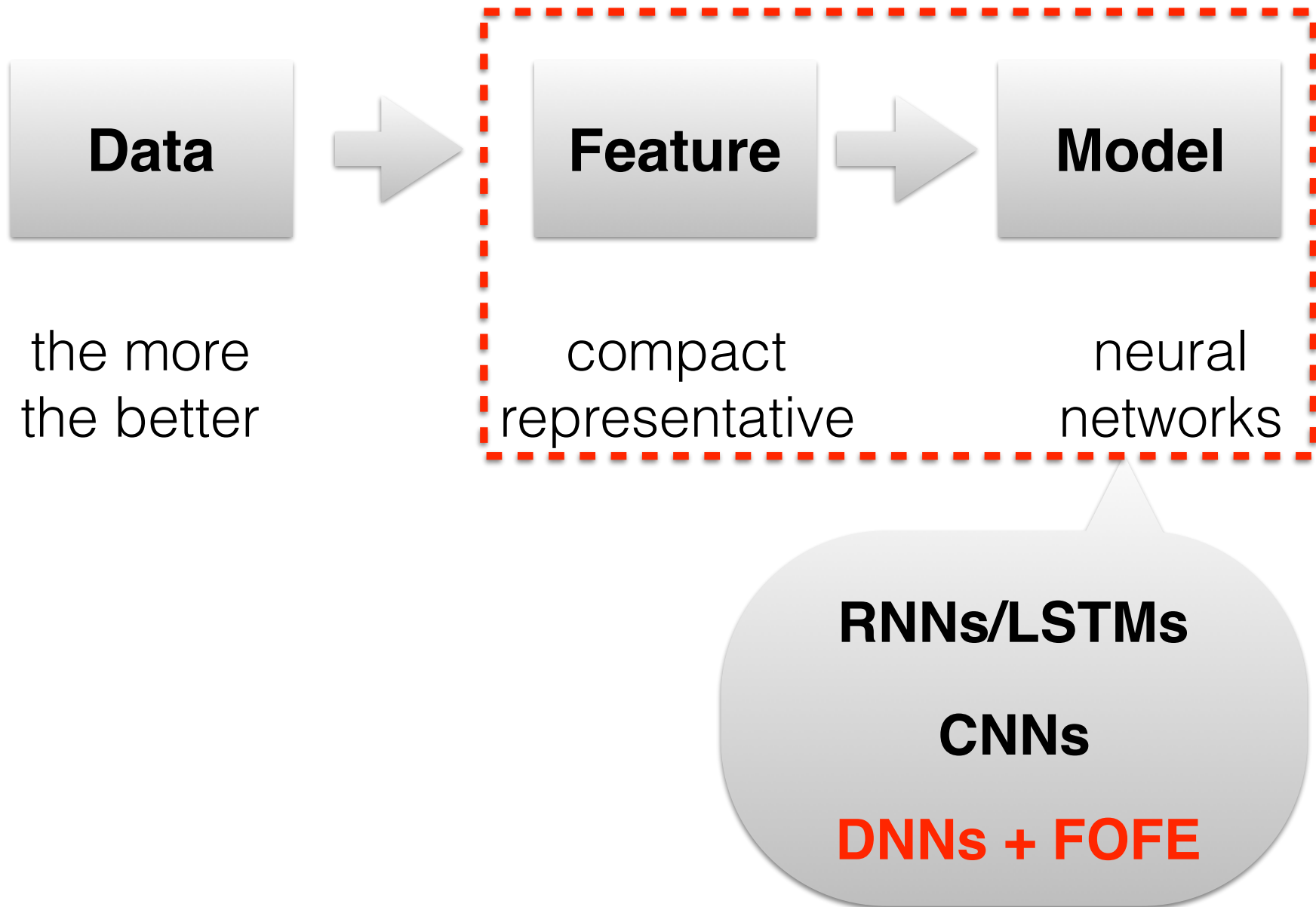
# Deep Learning for NLP



**Word:** *word embedding*

**sentence/paragraph/document:**  
*variable-length word sequences*

# Deep Learning for NLP



# Fixed-size Ordinally-Forgetting Encoding (FOFE)

- **FOFE: a fixed-size and unique encoding method for variable length sequences [Zhang et. al., 2015]**
- **Excel in some NLP tasks: language modelling, ...**

$$\mathbf{z}_t = \alpha \cdot \mathbf{z}_{t-1} + \mathbf{e}_t \quad (1 \leq t \leq T)$$

A: [1 0 0]

B: [0 1 0]

C: [0 0 1]

ABC: [a<sup>2</sup>, a, 1]

ABCBC:

[a<sup>4</sup>, a<sup>3</sup>+a, 1+a<sup>2</sup>]

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**Theorem 1** *If the forgetting factor  $\alpha$  satisfies  $0 < \alpha \leq 0.5$ , FOFE is unique for any  $K$  and  $T$ .*

**Theorem 2** *For  $0.5 < \alpha < 1$ , given any finite values of  $K$  and  $T$ , FOFE is almost unique everywhere for  $\alpha \in (0.5, 1.0)$ , except only a finite set of countable choices of  $\alpha$ .*



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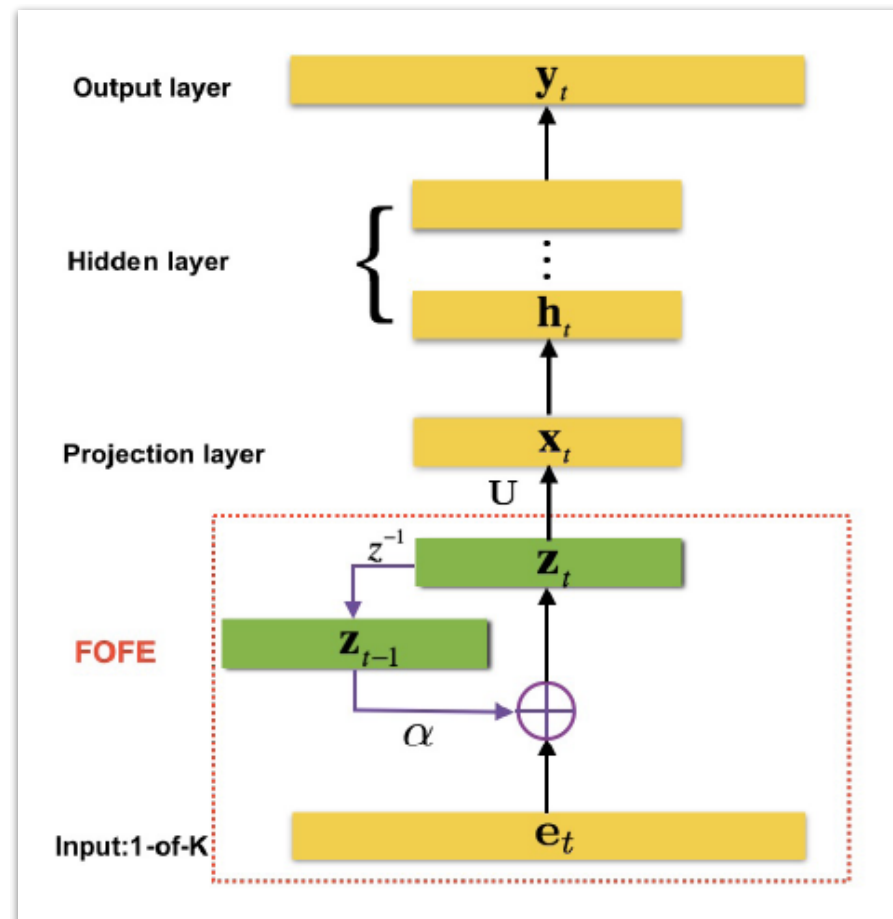
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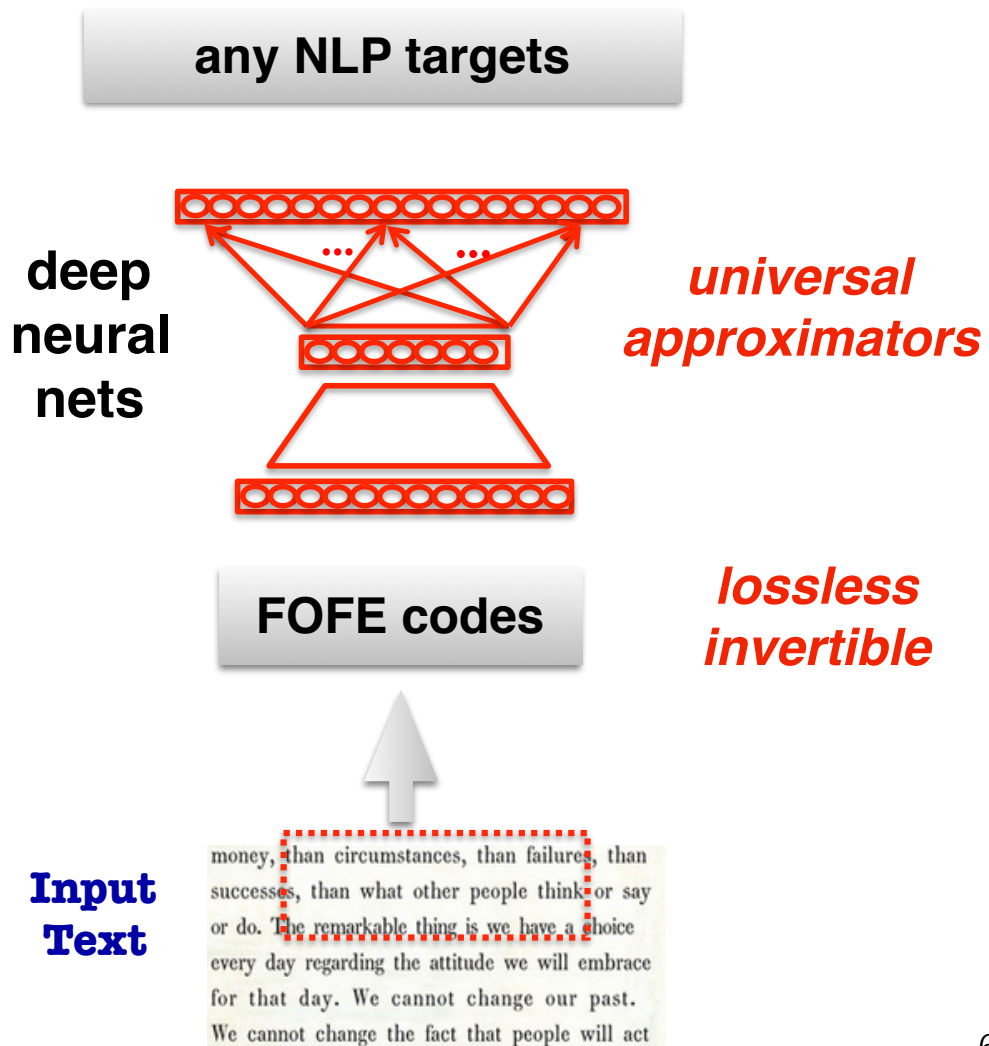
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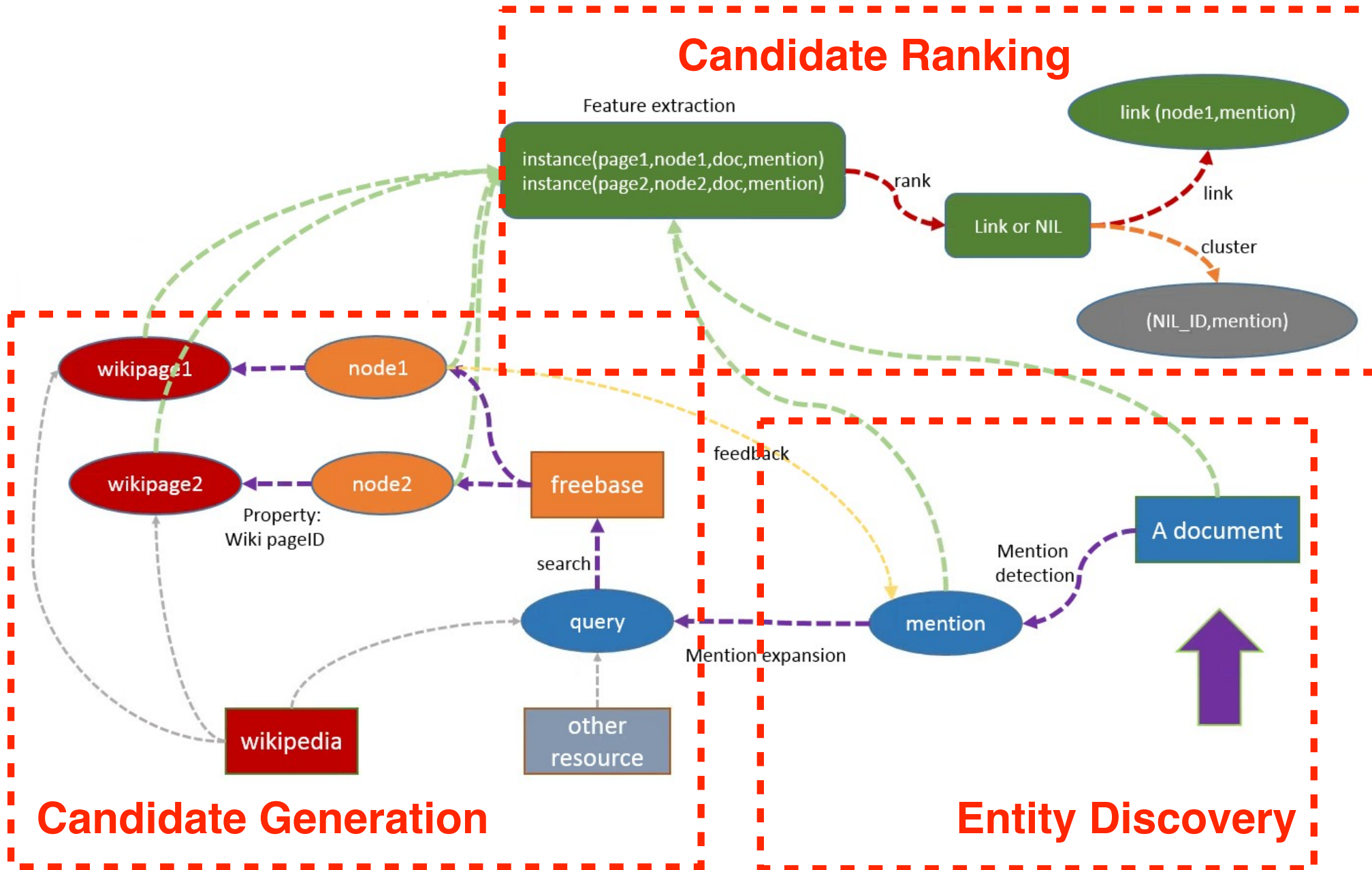
any finite sequence of any finite set of

# FOFE+DNN for all NLP tasks

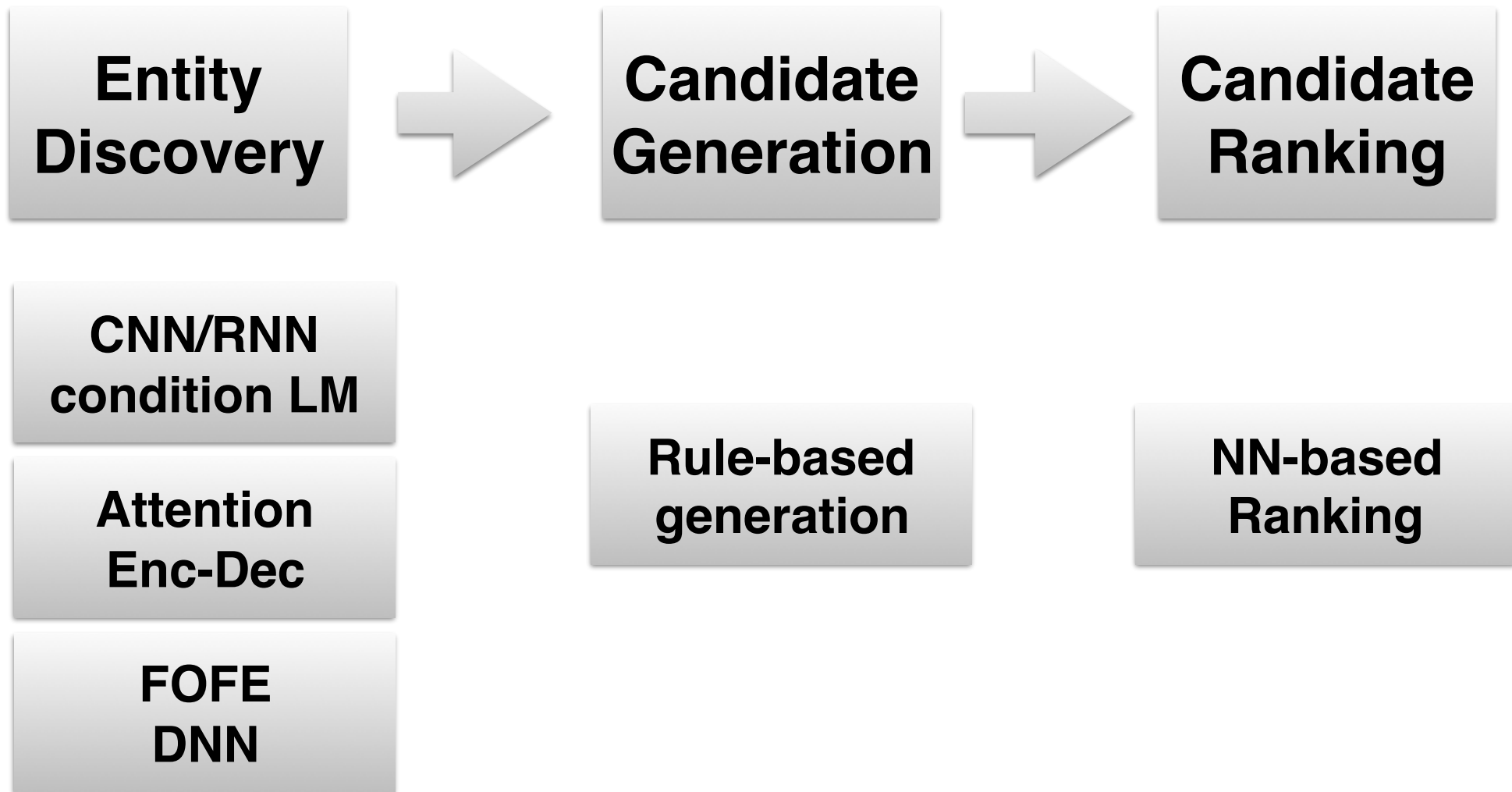


- Theoretically sound
- No feature engineering
- Simple models
- General methodology
- *not only* sequence labeling problems
- *but also* (almost) all NLP tasks

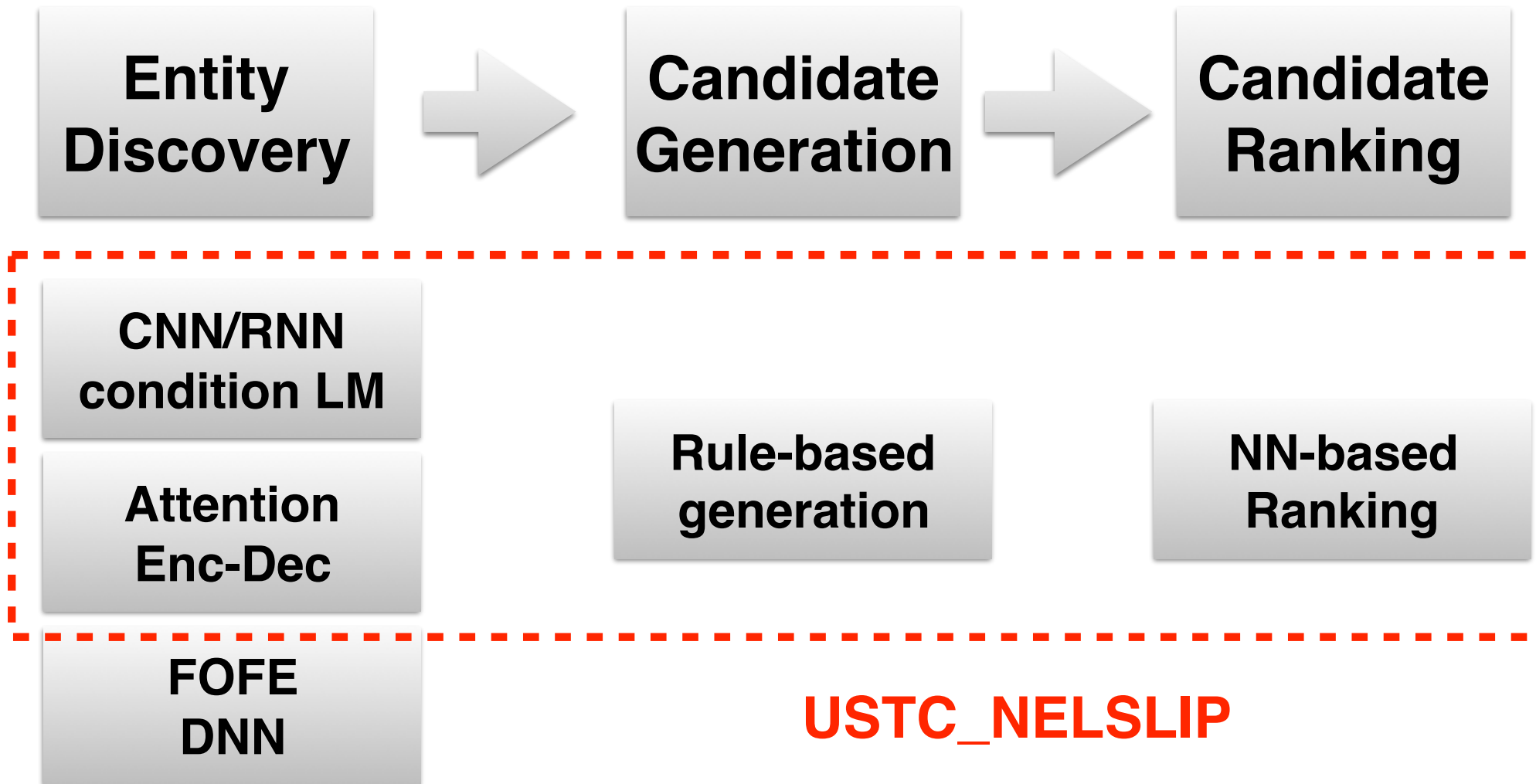
# EDL Pipeline



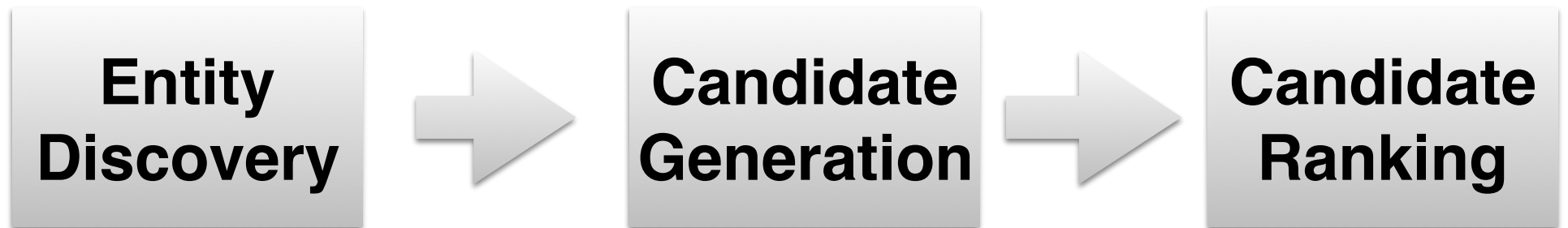
# EDL System 1: USTC



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# EDL Sytem 2: York



RNN  
condition LM

Attention  
Enc-Dec

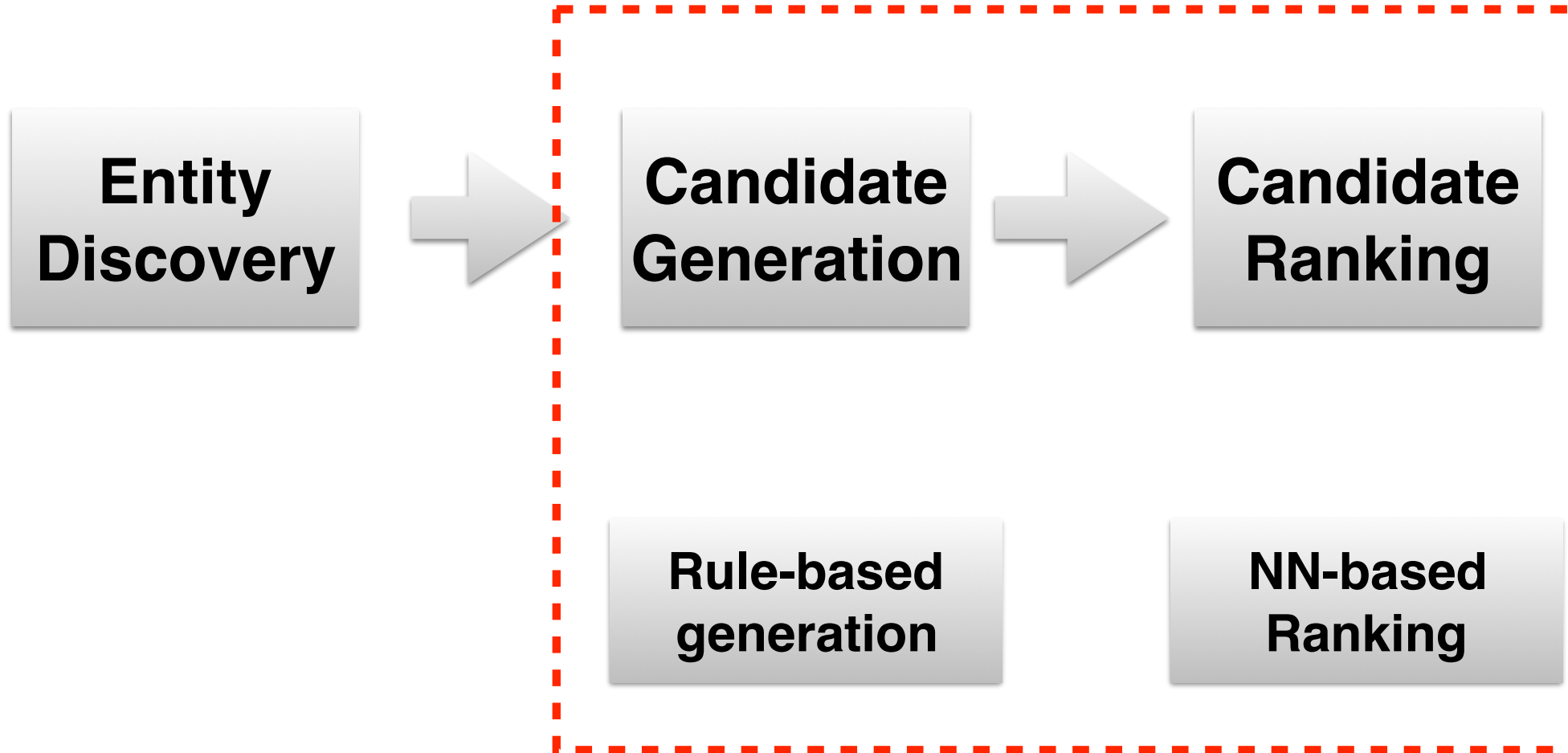
**YorkNRM**

FOFE  
DNN

Rule-based  
generation

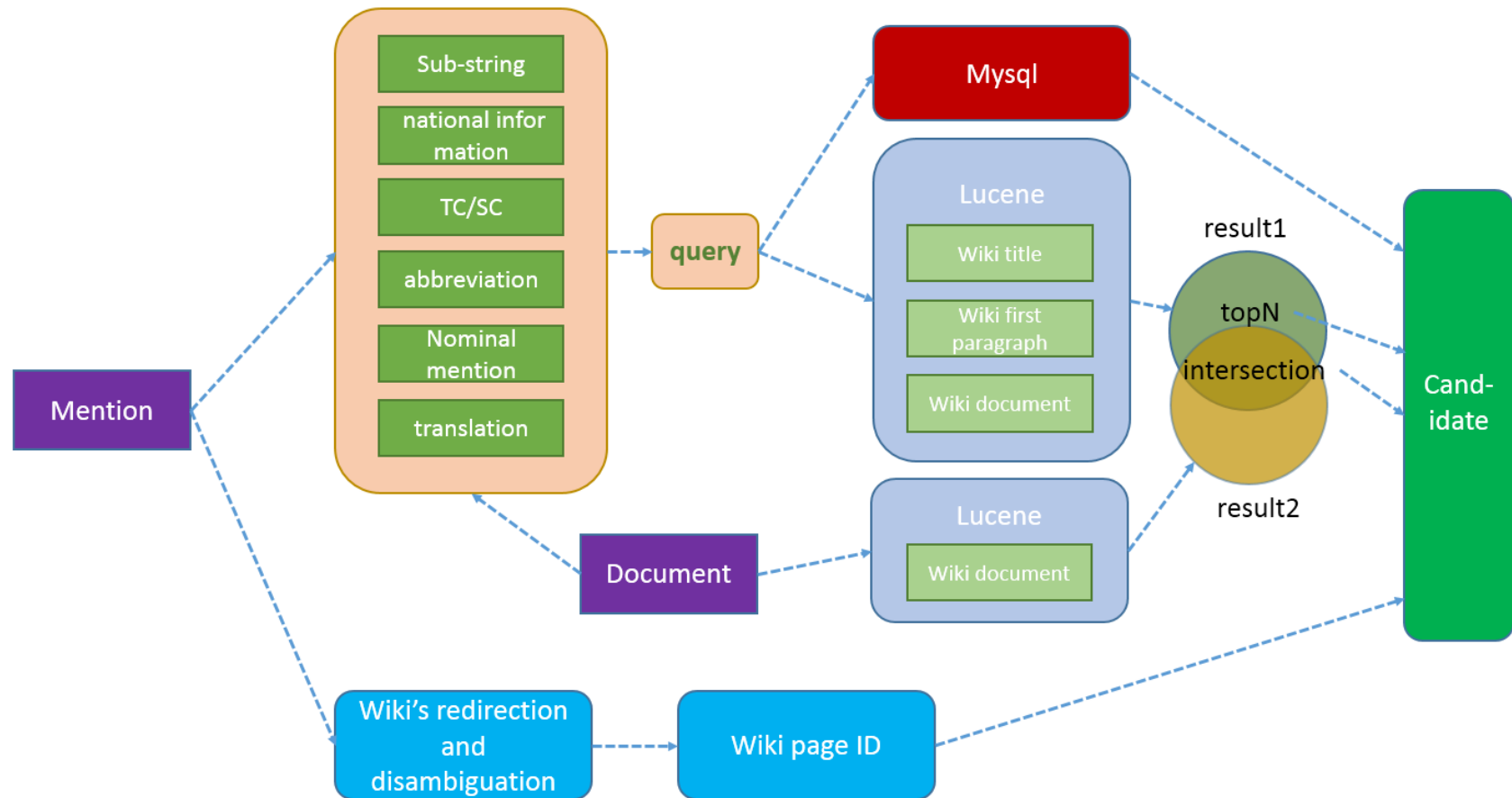
NN-based  
Ranking

# Entity Linking



# Entity Linking: Candidate Generation

- Rule-based Query Expansion
- Query search (mySQL) and fuzzy match (Lucene)





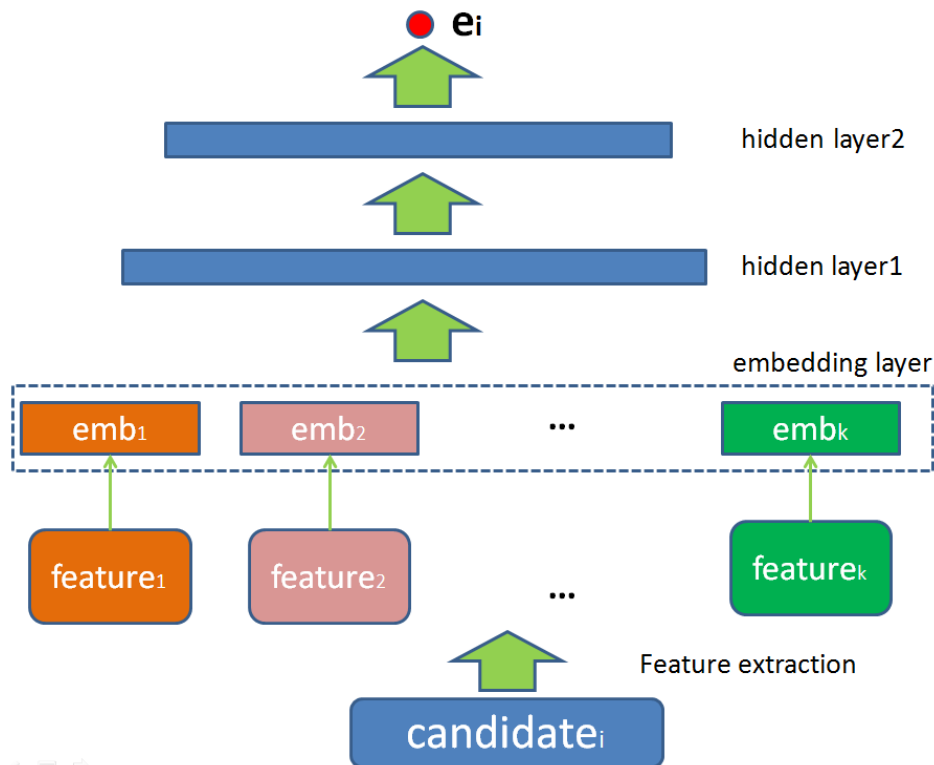
# Candidate Generation: Performance

- **Quality of generated candidate lists**
- **Average count vs. coverage rate**

<b>KBP2015 test set</b>	<b>ENG</b>	<b>CMN</b>	<b>SPA</b>
avg. count	22.60	92.96	38.55
coverage rate	93%	92.1%	88.4%

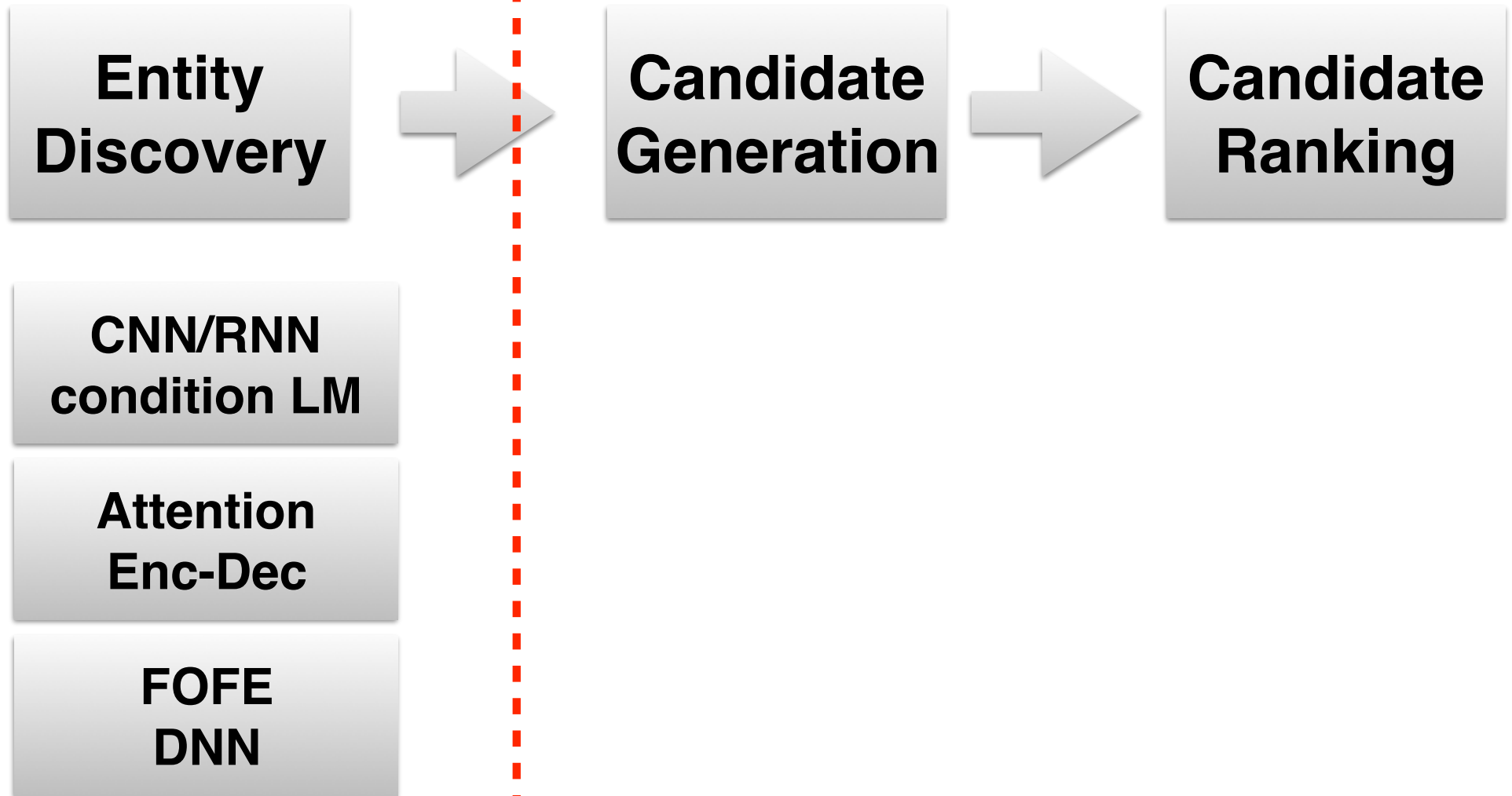
# Entity Linking: NN-based Ranking

- Use some hand-crafted features as input
- Use feedforward DNNs to compute ranking scores
- NIL clustering based on string-match

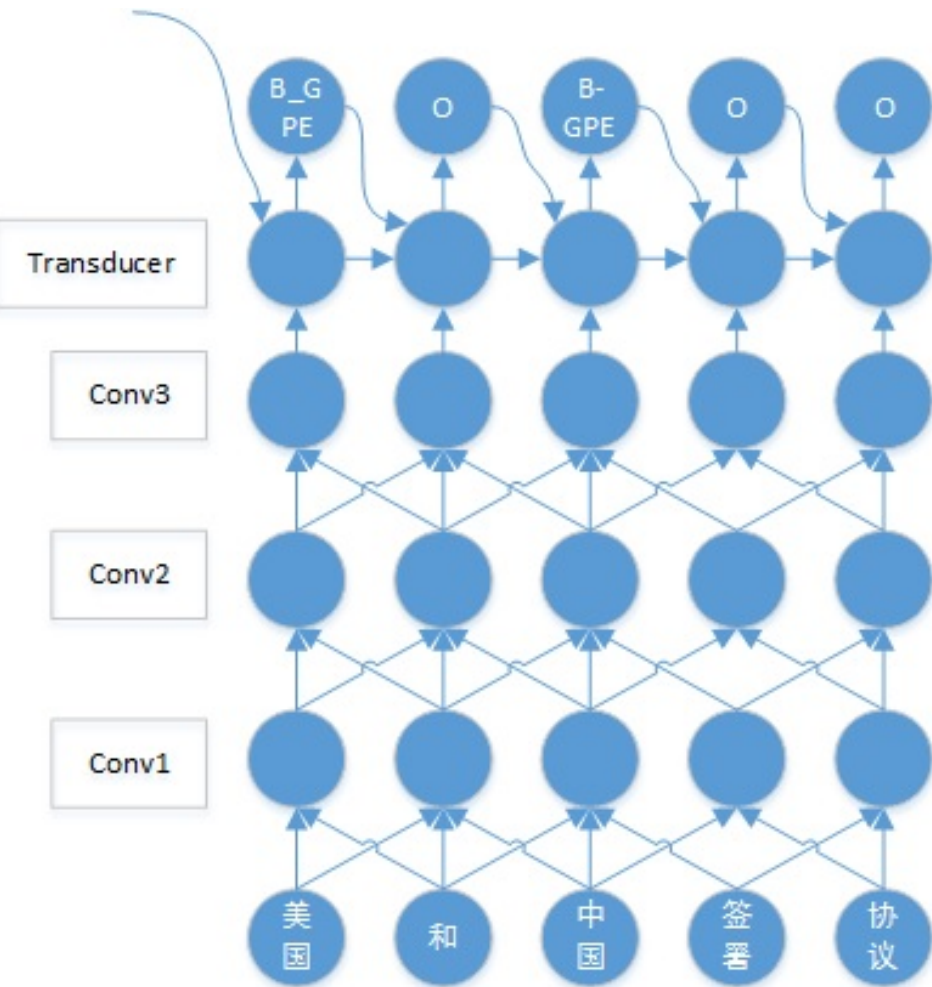


	dim	feature
$e_1$	100	mention string embedding
$e_2$	100	candidate name embedding
$e_3$	10	mention type
$e_4$	10	document type
$e_5$	10	candidate hot value vector
$e_6$	10	edit distance between mention string and candidate name
$e_7$	10	cosine similarity of document and candidate description
$e_8$	10	edit distance between translations of mention and candidate

# Entity Discovery (ED)



# USTC ED Model1

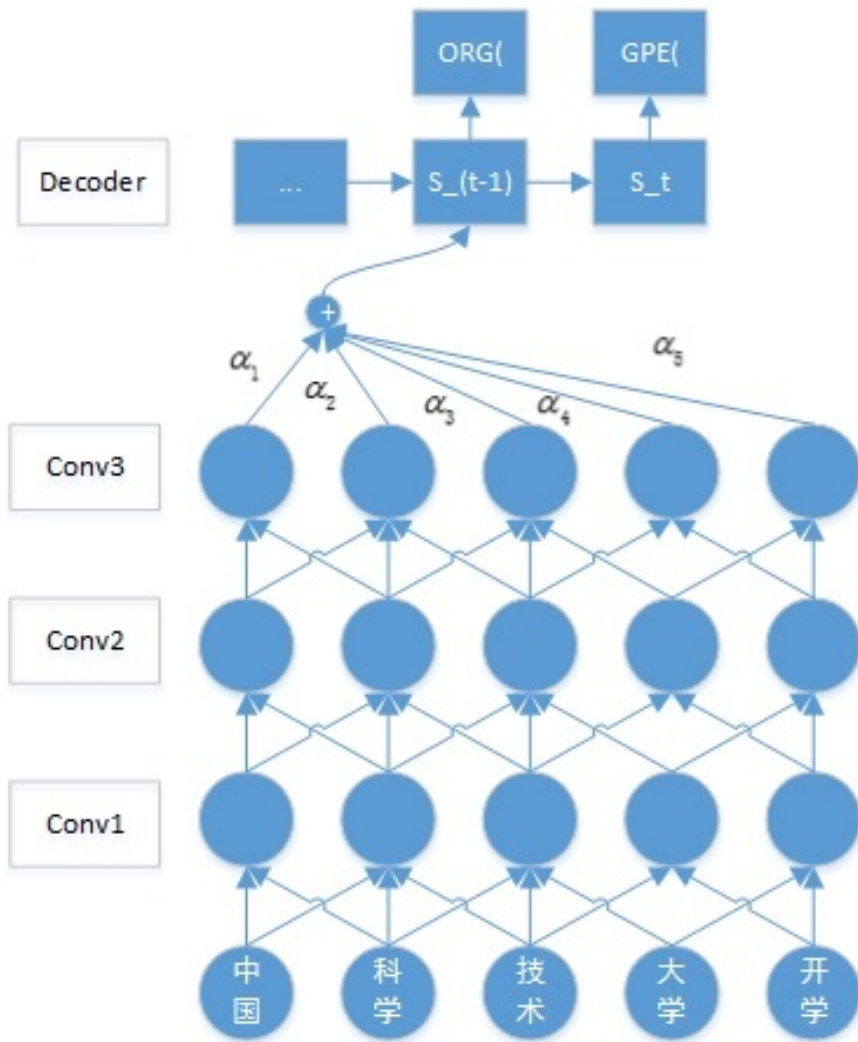


- **Mention Detection as Sequence Labelling**
- **Word sequence  $\implies$  BIO tags**

$$\Pr(Y|X) = \prod_{i=1}^N P(y_i | X, y_{i-1}, y_{i-2}, \dots, y_1)$$

- **CNN: 5 layers of convolutional layers**
- **RNN: GRU-based model**
- **Viterbi decoding**

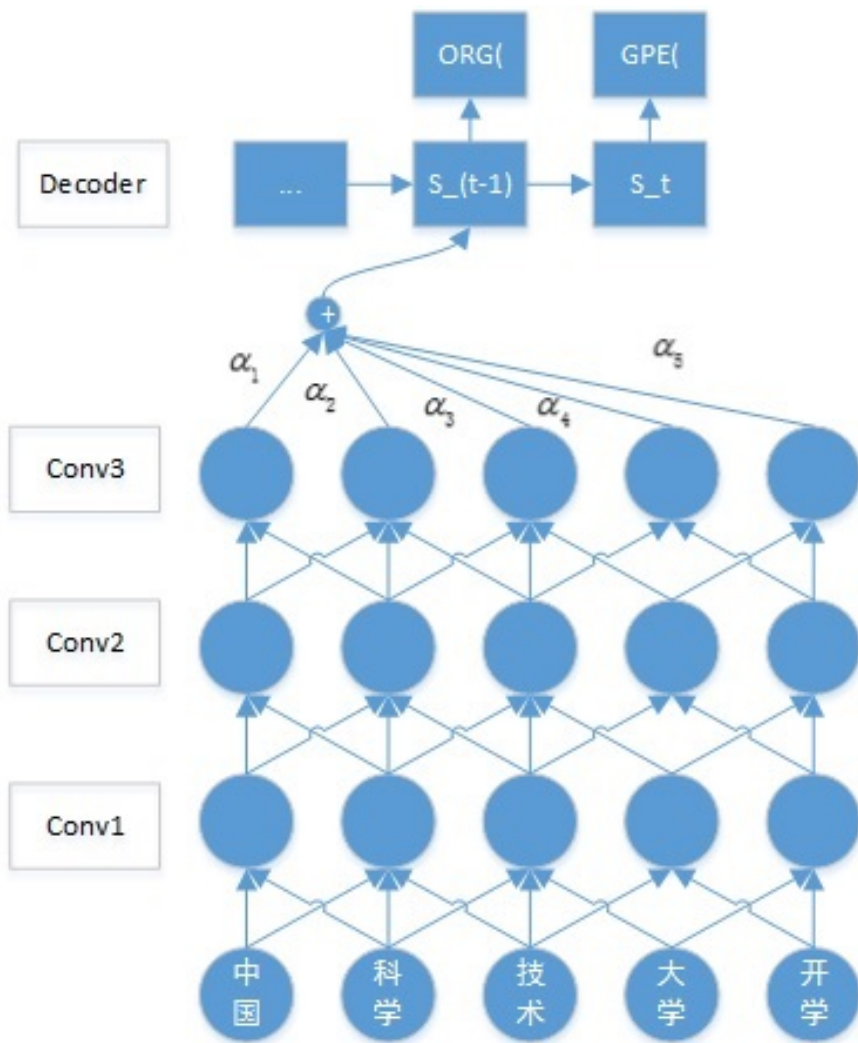
# USTC ED Model2



- Introduce **attention**
- Tree-structured tags for **nested entities**

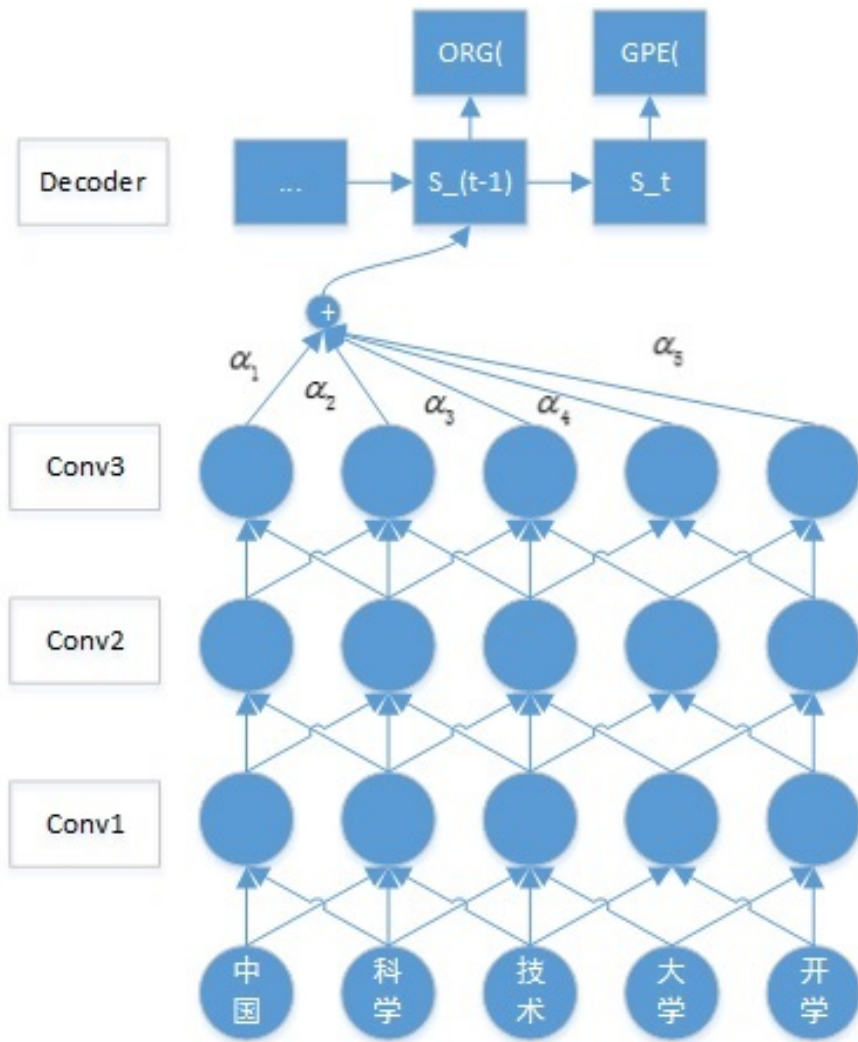
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Kentucky Fried Chicken

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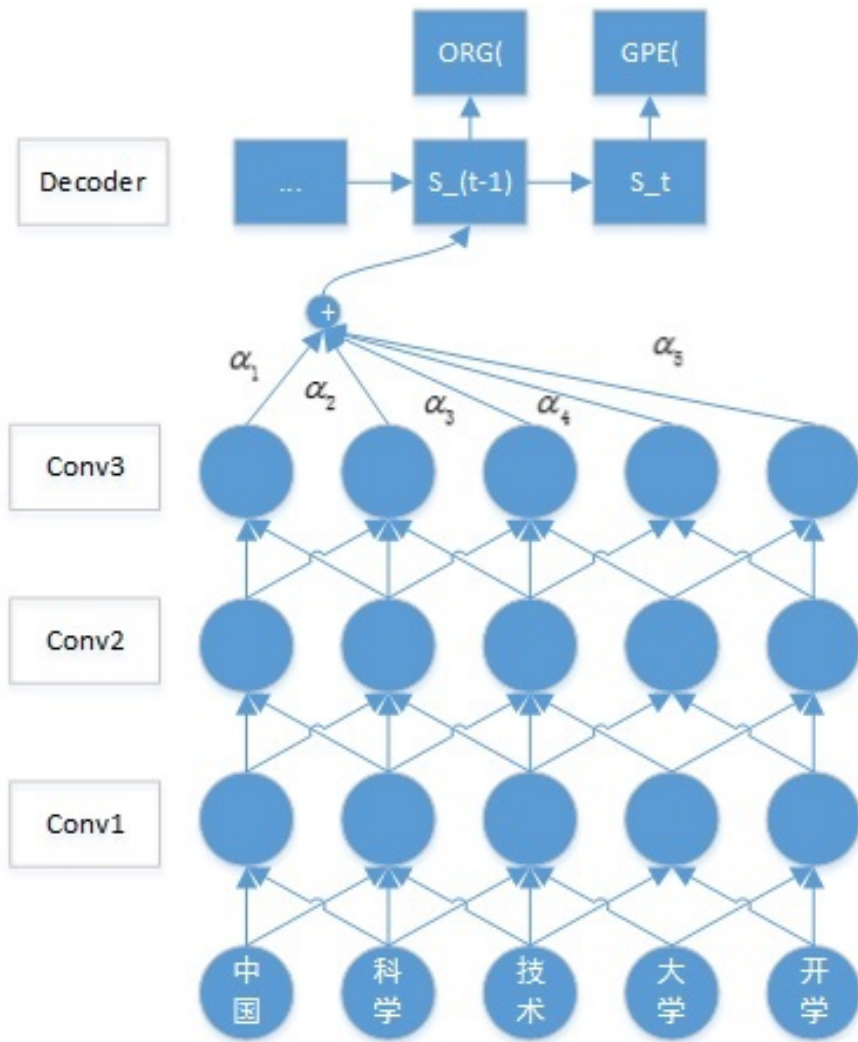


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Kentucky Fried Chicken

$[_{FAC} [_{PER} Kentucky ]_{PER} Fried Chicken ]_{FAC}$

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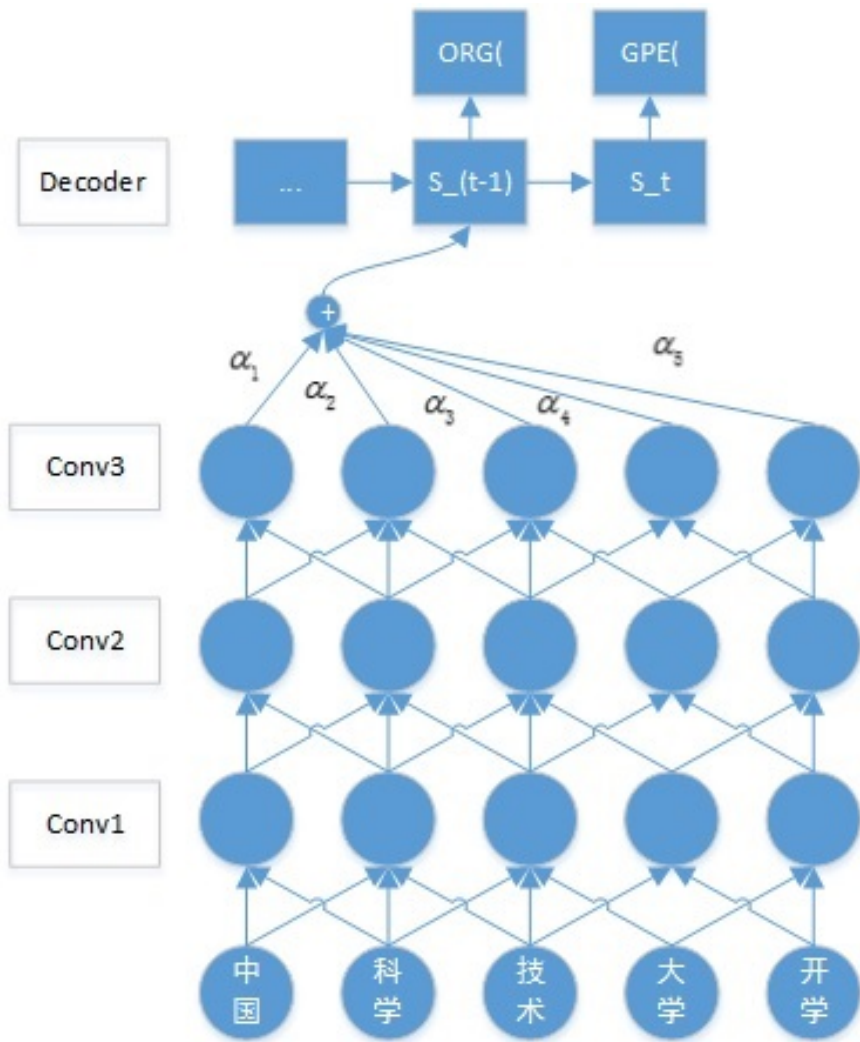
Kentucky Fried Chicken

$[FAC [PER \text{ Kentucky} ]_{PER} \text{ Fried Chicken} ]_{FAC}$

$[FAC [PER \mathbf{Z} ]_{PER} \mathbf{Z} \mathbf{Z} ]_{FAC}$



# USTC ED Model2



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- Tree-structured tags for **nested entities**

Kentucky Fried Chicken



$[FAC \ [PER \ \mathbf{Z}] \ PER \ \mathbf{Z} \ \mathbf{Z}] \ FAC$

# USTC ED Performance

- Effect of various training data sets:
  - KBP15 training data
  - iFLYTEK in-house data (10,000 labelled Chinese and English doc)

		<b>P</b>	<b>R</b>	$F_1$
KBP15	CMN	0.804	0.756	0.779
+ iFLYTEK		0.828	0.777	0.802
KBP15	ENG	0.807	0.698	0.749
+ iFLYTEK		0.802	0.815	0.751
KBP15	SPA	0.800	0.749	0.773
KBP15	ALL	0.805	0.727	0.764
+ iFLYTEK		0.817	0.759	0.787

**Entity Discovery Performance on KBP2015 Test set**

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1-2%

Entity Discovery Performance on KBP2015 Test set

# USTC ED Performance

- **5-fold system combination (5SC)**
- **System fusion**

	<b>P</b>	<b>R</b>	$F_1$
model1	0.821	0.667	0.736
model1+5SC	0.836	0.694	0.758
model2	0.811	0.675	0.737
model2+5SC	0.821	0.699	0.755
fusion	0.805	0.727	0.764

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**1.8-2.2%**

**Entity Discovery Performance on KBP2015 Test set**

# USTC ED Performance

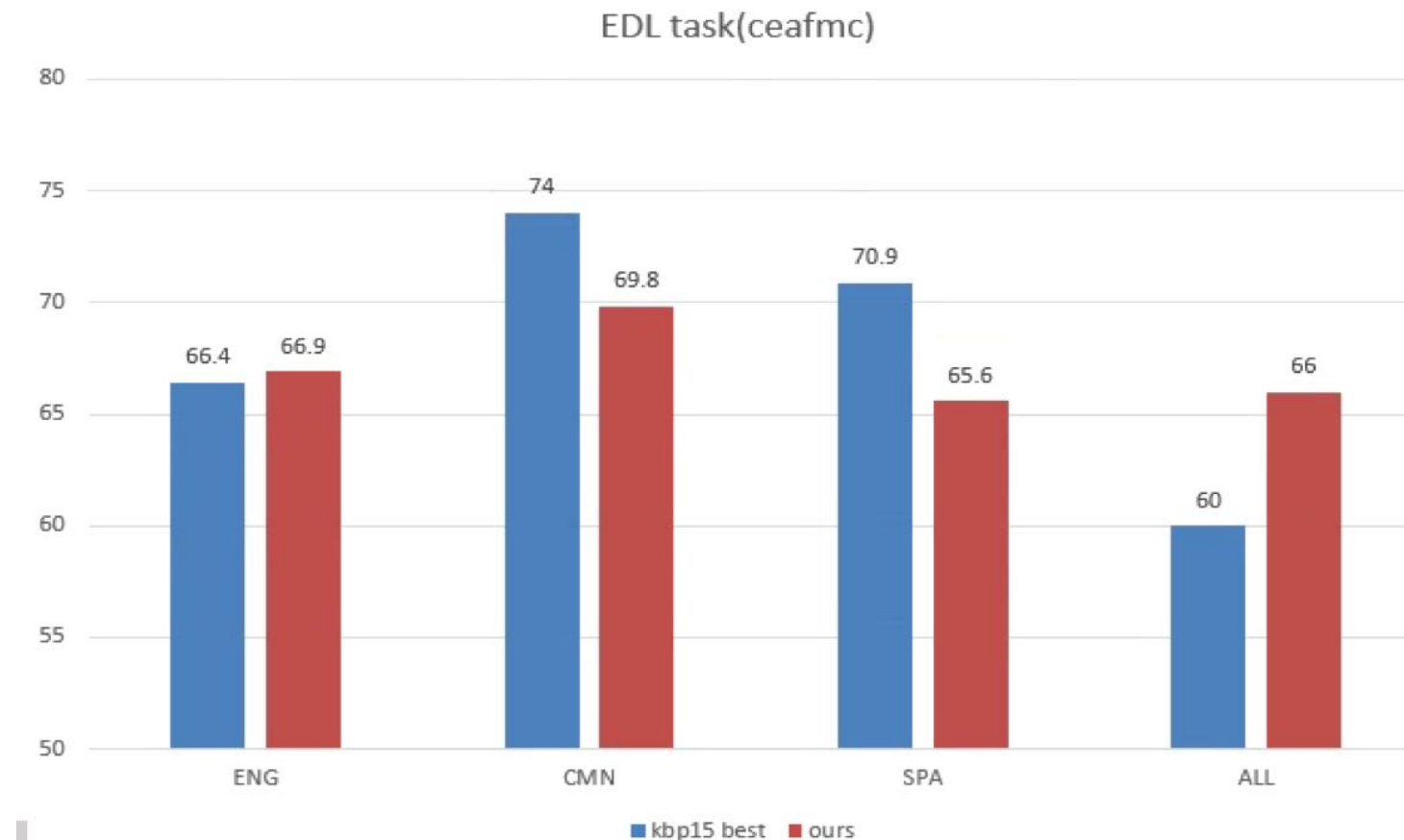
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**Entity Discovery Performance on KBP2015 Test set**

# USTC EDL Performance

- Trained with KBP2015 data
- 5SC + Fusion



**Entity Linking Performance on KBP2015 Test set**

# USTC Official KBP2016 Results

## Entity Discovery Performance on KBP2016 **EDL1** evaluation

System	P	R	F
system1 + 5SC	0.850	0.678	0.754
system2 + 5SC	0.836	0.681	0.751
fusion	0.822	0.704	<b>0.759</b>

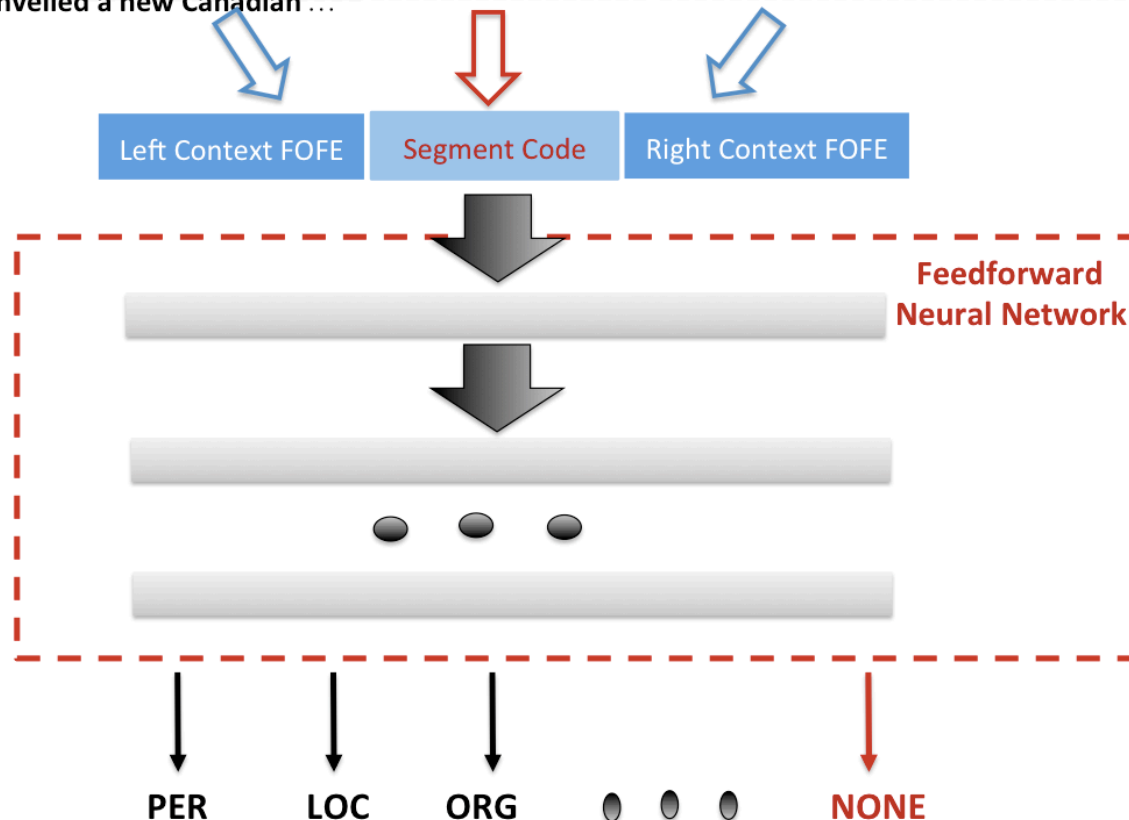
## Entity Linking Performance on KBP2016 **EDL1** evaluation

KBP2016 Trilingual EDL	P	R	F
strong_all_match	0.720	0.617	<b>0.665</b>
typed_mention_ceaf_plus	0.676	0.579	<b>0.624</b>



# York ED Model

... achievements from space did not appear off – the charts from a scientific point of view.  
He dropped a puck from space for the **Toronto Maple Leafs** home opener against the Buffalo Sabres .  
He also unveiled a new Canadian ...



- FOFE code for left context
- FOFE code for right context
- BoW vector
- Char FOFE code

- **Local detection:** no Viterbi decoding; Nested/Embedded entities
- No feature engineering: FOFE codes
- Easy and fast to train; make use of partial labels

# York System ED Performance

- Effect of various training data sets:
  - KBP2015 training set
  - Machine-labelled Wikipedia data
  - iFLYTEK in-house data

training data	P	R	$F_1$
KBP2015	0.818	0.600	0.693
KBP2015 + WIKI	0.859	0.601	0.707
KBP2015 + iFLYTEK	0.830	0.652	<b>0.731</b>

**English Entity Discovery** Performance on KBP2016 **EDL1** evaluation

# York Official KBP2016 EDL Results

## Entity Discovery Performance on KBP2016 EDL2 evaluation

	NAME			NOMINAL			OVERALL		
	P	R	F1	P	R	F1	P	R	F1
	RUN1 (our official ED result in KBP2016 EDL2)								
ENG	0.898	0.789	0.840	0.554	0.336	0.418	0.836	0.680	0.750
CMN	0.848	0.702	0.768	0.414	0.258	0.318	0.789	0.625	0.698
SPA	0.835	0.778	0.806	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.835	0.602	0.700
ALL	0.893	0.759	0.821	0.541	0.315	0.398	0.819	0.639	<b>0.718</b>
	RUN3 (system fusion of RUN1 + USTC)								
ENG	0.857	0.876	0.866	0.551	0.373	0.444	0.804	0.755	0.779
CMN	0.790	0.839	0.814	0.425	0.380	0.401	0.735	0.760	0.747
SPA	0.790	0.877	0.831	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.790	0.678	0.730
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## Entity Linking Performance on KBP2016 EDL2 evaluation

	RUN1			RUN3		
	P	R	F1	P	R	F1
strong_all_match	0.721	0.562	<b>0.632</b>	0.667	0.634	0.650
typed_mention_ceaf_plus	0.681	0.531	<b>0.597</b>	0.626	0.594	0.609

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# Conclusions

- Exploring neural network models for EDL
- Proposed some new methods for EDL
  - Encoder-decoder model using **CNN+RNN**
  - Introduce **attention** mechanism
  - Extend for **tree**-structured tags
  - **FOFE**-based **Local detection** approach for NER and mention detection
- Achieved strong (*1st and 2nd*) performance in the KBP2016 EDL evaluations