

**Activities 2009-2011 at the
Atomic Spectroscopy Data
Center at the
National Institute of Standards
and Technology (NIST)**

Wolfgang L. Wiese

Atomic Spectroscopy Group, NIST

The NIST Atomic Spectroscopy Data Center

Data Center Area	Principal Scientists	Staff
a. Atomic Energy Levels and Wavelengths	J. Reader	E. Saloman, C. Sansonetti, W. Martin, J. Sansonetti, A. Kramida
b. Atomic Transition Probabilities	W. Wiese	D. Kelleher, L. Podobedova, J. Fuhr
c. Spectral Line Shapes and Shifts	W. Wiese	No activities other than updating the bibliography
d. Database Design and Expansion	Y. Ralchenko, A. Kramida	
e. Bibliographical Databases	A. Kramida, J. Fuhr	R. Ibacache

NIST Spectroscopic Databases on the World Wide Web (address: <http://physics.nist.gov>)

1. Annotated Bibliographic databases:

Transition probabilities, 1914 – 2011

Line Widths and Shifts, 1992 – 2011

Energy levels and wavelengths, 1908 – 2011

NIST Spectroscopic Databases on the World Wide Web - Continued

2. Numerical databases:

(a) **Atomic Spectra Database (ASD)**, Version 4

This is a new, greatly expanded database covering spectroscopic reference data for all chemical elements. Light elements up to Cu ($Z = 29$) are covered for most states of ionization, heavier elements are usually represented by neutral atoms and low stages of ionization.

<u>Version 4.0.(Sept.2010)</u> <u>Major Update</u> Numerous additions for all data, full integration with NIST bibliographies	<u>Version 4.0.1 (Nov.2010)</u> <u>Mainly corrections</u>	<u>Version 4.1.0 (May2011)</u> <u>Additions and Updates</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• 174 000 wavelengths• 92 000 energy levels• 68 000 transition probabilities
---	--	---

NIST Spectroscopic Databases on the World Wide Web – Continued

- (b) Handbook of Basic Atomic Spectroscopic Data
- (c) Ground Levels and Ionization Energies for Neutral Atoms (updated)
- (d) X-ray Transition Energies
- (e) Precise energy levels for Hydrogen and Deuterium

plus related Atomic and Molecular Physics Databases

The NIST Reference Data Program

- The NIST Atomic Spectroscopy Data Center puts considerable effort into critical assessment of numerical data.
- Only one numerical value is presented for each quantity, estimated to be the “best” value. This may be either from a single source, evaluated as being the most accurate one, or from an average of several sources of about equal reliability.
- For atomic transition probabilities (oscillator strengths), explicit accuracy ratings are given. For wavelengths and atomic energy levels, the number of tabulated digits indicate the accuracy.
- NIST data tables are limited to REFERENCE data, i.e., data of certain minimum quality.

Critical Spectroscopic Data Compilations

Completed During 2009-2011

(usually published in the Journal of Physical and Chemical Reference Data)

a) Atomic Energy Levels and Wavelengths:

(Compilers: A. Kramida, J. Reader, E. Saloman, J. Sansonetti)

Hydrogen: H, D, T

Cesium: Cs I through Cs LV

Barium: Ba III through Ba LVI

Argon: Ar II through Ar XVII

Tungsten: W III through W LXXIV

b) Atomic Transition Probabilities:

(Compilers: J. Fuhr, D. Kelleher, L. Podobedova, J. Sansonetti, W. Wiese)

Hydrogen:	H I, D I, T I
Helium:	He I, He II
Lithium:	Li I through Li III
Beryllium:	Be I through Be IV
Boron:	B I through B V
Sulfur:	S I through S XVI
Cesium:	Cs I through Cs LV
Barium:	Ba III through Ba LVI

Major Spectroscopic Data Compilations in Progress or Nearing Completion

a) Atomic Energy Levels and Wavelengths:

(Compilers: A. Kramida, L. Podobedova, E. Saloman, J. Sansonetti)

Neon: Ne IV

Chlorine: Cl I – XVII

Nickel: Ni I – Ni VIII

b) Atomic Transition Probabilities:

(Compilers: J. Fuhr, D. L. Podobedova, J. Sansonetti, W. Wiese)

Fluorine: F V -- F IX

Neon: Ne VI – Ne X

Chlorine: Cl I – Cl XVII

Nickel: Ni I – Ni VIII



NIST Atomic Spectra Database

Version 4

Welcome to the NIST Atomic Spectra Database, NIST Standard Reference Database #78. The spectroscopic data may be selected and displayed according to wavelengths or energy levels by choosing one of the following options:

LINES

Spectral lines and associated energy levels displayed in wavelength order with all selected spectra intermixed or in multiplet order. Transition probabilities for the lines are also displayed where available.

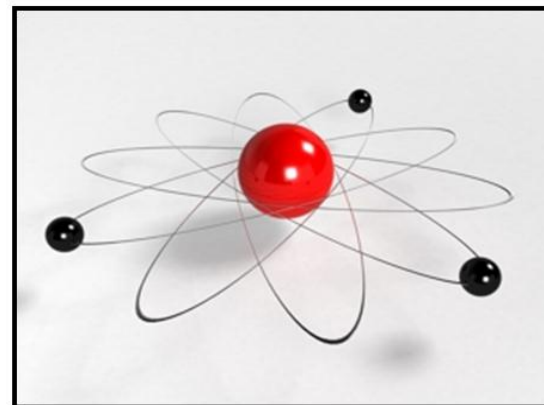
LEVELS

Energy levels of a particular atom or ion displayed in order of energy above the ground state.

Additional information about the database may be obtained through the following links:

Introduction	Introduction to the Atomic Spectra Database.
List of Spectra	Overview of data contained in the database.
Ground States and Ionization Energies	Table of Ground States and Ionization Energies for Neutral Atoms.
Bibliography	Bibliography of data sources used for this database.
Help	On-line help in using the database.

This database provides access and search capability for NIST critically evaluated data on atomic energy levels, wavelengths, and transition probabilities that are reasonably up-to-date. The [Atomic Energy Levels Data Center](#) and [Data Center on Atomic Transition Probabilities and Line Shapes](#) have carried out these [critical compilations](#). Both Data Centers are located in the [Physical Measurement Laboratory](#) at the [National Institute of Standards and Technology](#) (NIST).



© minifilm7/2010 Shutterstock.com

NIST ASD Team

Principal Developers (Currently Active):

Yu. Ralchenko,¹ A.E. Kramida,¹ and J. Reader¹

Data Compilers (Currently Active):

Atomic Energy Levels and Wavelengths:

A.E. Kramida,¹ E.B. Saloman,¹ J.E. Sansonetti,¹ and J.J. Curry¹

Atomic Transition Probabilities:

D.E. Kelleher,¹ A.E. Kramida,¹ J.R. Fuhr,¹ L. Podobedova,¹ and W.L. Wiese¹

Database Developers (Currently Active):

Database Management:

Yu. Ralchenko,¹ A.E. Kramida,¹ and K. Olsen²

World Wide Web Interface:

Yu. Ralchenko¹

Past Contributors:

G.R. Dalton,³ R. Draoaset,² F.-C. Jou,¹

NIST Atomic Spectra Database Lines Data

O VI: 126 Lines of Data Found

Example of how to reference these results:
 Raichenko, Yu., Kramida, A.E., Reader, J., and NIST ASD Team (2011). *NIST Atomic Spectra Database* (ver. 4.1.0). [Online]. Available: <http://physics.nist.gov/asd3> [2011, July 28]. National Institute of Standards and Technology, Gaithersburg, MD.

Wavelength in: vacuum below 2000 Å, air between 2000 and 20000 Å, vacuum above 20000 Å

Primary data sources		Query NIST Bibliographic Databases for O VI (new window)
Energy Levels:	Moore 1993	O VI Energy Levels
Lines:	Reader et al. 1980	O VI Line Wavelengths and Classification
Transition Probabilities:	Wiese et al. 1996	O VI Transition Probabilities

Observed Wavelength Vac (Å)	Ritz Wavelength Vac (Å)	Rel. Int. (?)	A_{ki} (s ⁻¹)	Acc.	E_i (cm ⁻¹)	E_k (cm ⁻¹)	Configurations	Terms	$J_i - J_k$	$g_i - g_k$	Type	TP Ref.
	103.206		1.73e+09	B	96 375.0	- 1 065 311.0	1s ² 2p - 1s ² 9d	2P° - 2D	1/2 - 3/2	2 - 4		T3225LS
	103.260		2.07e+09	B	96 907.5	- 1 065 337.0	1s ² 2p - 1s ² 9d	2P° - 2D	3/2 - 5/2	4 - 6		T3225LS
	103.263		3.46e+08	B	96 907.5	- 1 065 311.0	1s ² 2p - 1s ² 9d	2P° - 2D	3/2 - 3/2	4 - 4		T3225LS
	104.612		2.48e+09	B+	96 375.0	- 1 052 288.0	1s ² 2p - 1s ² 8d	2P° - 2D	1/2 - 3/2	2 - 4		T5118LS
	104.669		2.97e+09	B+	96 907.5	- 1 052 301.0	1s ² 2p - 1s ² 8d	2P° - 2D	3/2 - 5/2	4 - 6		T5118LS
	104.670		4.95e+08	B+	96 907.5	- 1 052 288.0	1s ² 2p - 1s ² 8d	2P° - 2D	3/2 - 3/2	4 - 4		T5118LS
	104.803		2.39e+08	B	96 375.0	- 1 050 543.0	1s ² 2p - 1s ² 8s	2P° - 2S	1/2 - 1/2	2 - 2		T3127LS
	104.862		4.77e+08	B	96 907.5	- 1 050 543.0	1s ² 2p - 1s ² 8s	2P° - 2S	3/2 - 1/2	4 - 2		T3127LS
	106.731		3.78e+09	B+	96 375.0	- 1 033 310.0	1s ² 2p - 1s ² 7d	2P° - 2D	1/2 - 3/2	2 - 4		T5118LS
	106.789		4.53e+09	B+	96 907.5	- 1 033 334.0	1s ² 2p - 1s ² 7d	2P° - 2D	3/2 - 5/2	4 - 6		T5118LS
	106.792		7.54e+08	B+	96 907.5	- 1 033 310.0	1s ² 2p - 1s ² 7d	2P° - 2D	3/2 - 3/2	4 - 4		T5118LS
	107.020		3.62e+08	B	96 375.0	- 1 030 780.0	1s ² 2p - 1s ² 7s	2P° - 2S	1/2 - 1/2	2 - 2		T3127LS
	107.081		7.22e+08	B	96 907.5	- 1 030 780.0	1s ² 2p - 1s ² 7s	2P° - 2S	3/2 - 1/2	4 - 2		T3127LS
	110.157		6.18e+09	A	96 375.0	- 1 004 170.0	1s ² 2p - 1s ² 6d	2P° - 2D	1/2 - 3/2	2 - 4		T5118LS



NIST Transition Probabilities Bibliographic Reference # 3225



Extra data for NIST internal use: [Abstract PDF](#)

[Transition probabilities for the alkali isoelectronic sequences, Li I, Na I, K I, Rb I, Cs I, Fr I,](#)

[A. Lindgård and S. E. Nielsen,](#)

[At. Data Nucl. Data Tables](#) **19**, 533–633 (1977)

[DOI:10.1016/0092-640X\(77\)90017-1](#)

Comment: The transition probability for this line was calculated from the multiplet value assuming a pure LS-coupling.

[Get all bibliography on O VI transition probabilities \(new window\)](#)

Search for Publications on Atomic Energy Levels and Spectra

He

The database presently contains 17223 references dating from 1802 to 2011. Last updated on July 28, 2011.

Spectra:	<input type="text" value="OV"/>	e.g., Fe I, or Na, or Mg ⁺ , or Al ³⁺ , or mg iv,vi-VIII, or Fe ne-like-S-like, or Ne-Fe I-III, or S ⁻ , or D I, or 7Li I
	<input type="radio"/> Exotic atoms only	<input type="radio"/> Exclude exotic atoms
Word/Pattern in title:	<input type="text"/>	Publication From <input type="text"/>
Author(s):	<input type="text"/>	Year: To <input type="text"/>
Publication Source:	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"><p>JOURNALS</p><p>COLLECTIONS</p><p>BOOKS</p><p>REPORTS</p><p>THESES</p><p>PREPRINTS</p><p>Acta Phys. Acad. Sci. Hung.</p><p>Acta Phys. Austriaca</p><p>Acta Phys. Hung.</p><p>Acta Phys. Hung. New Ser.</p></div>	
Method type	Specific Subject	General Interest Category
<input type="checkbox"/> Experiment <input type="checkbox"/> Theory <input type="checkbox"/> Both	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"><p>Energy Levels</p><p>Ionization Potentials</p><p>Series Formulae</p><p>Wavelengths</p><p>Classified Lines</p><p>New Designations</p><p>Hyperfine Structure</p><p>Isotopic Shift</p></div>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"><p>1. Isoelectronic Sequences</p><p>2. Compilations</p><p>3. Reviews and Bibliographies</p><p>4. Additional Theoretical Papers</p><p>5. Other</p></div>
Sort by: <input checked="" type="radio"/> published year, <input type="radio"/> first author's last name.		
<input type="button" value="Search for References"/>		<input type="button" value="Clear Form"/>

Publications on Atomic Energy Levels that include numerical data

Spectrum included: O V

Included are only references with the following research subjects:
Energy Levels or Classified Lines or Wavelengths

Publication Sources included:
All journals

101 references found

[Back to search form](#)

[LaTeX source code](#) [BibTex source code](#)  [Show search results as pdf](#)

The output below may contain links to sites outside of NIST because they have information that may be of interest to our users. NIST does not necessarily endorse the views expressed or the facts presented on these sites. Further, NIST does not endorse any commercial products that may be advertised or available on these sites.

State-Resolved Valence Shell Photoionization of Be-like Ions: Experiment and Theory,

A. Müller, S. Schippers, R. A. Phaneuf, A. L. D. Kilcoyne, H. Bräuning, A. S. Schlachter, M. Lu, and B. M. McLaughlin,

J. Phys. B **43**, 225201 (2010)

DOI:10.1088/0953-4075/43/22/225201

CHIANTI—An Atomic Database for Emission Lines. X. Spectral Atlas of a Cold Feature Observed with Hinode/EUV Imaging Spectrometer,

E. Landi and P. R. Young,

Astrophys. J. **706**, 1–20 (2009)

DOI:10.1088/0004-637X/706/1/1

Solar Transition Region Above Sunspots,

H. Tian, W. Curdt, L. Teriaca, E. Landi, and E. Marsch,

Astron. Astrophys. **505**, 307–318 (2009)

DOI:10.1051/0004-6361/200912114

Search for Publications on Atomic Transition Probabilities

[Help on search](#)

The database presently contains 8469 references dating from 1914 to 2011. Last updated on July 28, 2011.

Spectra:	<input type="text" value="O V"/>	e.g., Fe I, or Na, or Mg ⁺ , or Al ³⁺ , or mg iv,vi-VIII, or Fe ne-like-S-like, or Ne-Fe I-III, or S-, or D I, or 7Li I
Word/Pattern in title:	<input type="text"/>	Publication Year: From <input type="text"/> To <input type="text"/>
Author(s):	<input type="text"/>	
Publication Source:	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p>JOURNALS</p> <p>COLLECTIONS</p> <p>BOOKS</p> <p>REPORTS</p> <p>THESES</p> <p>PREPRINTS</p> <p>Acta Phys. Acad. Sci. Hung.</p> <p>Acta Phys. Austriaca</p> <p>Acta Phys. Pol.</p> <p>Acta Phys. Pol. A</p> </div>	
Method type	Specific Subject	General Interest Category
<input type="checkbox"/> Experiment <input type="checkbox"/> Theory <input type="checkbox"/> Both Special A-value type <input type="checkbox"/> Forbidden Lines <input type="checkbox"/> Relative A-values <input type="checkbox"/> Both	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p>EXPERIMENTAL</p> <p>Absorption</p> <p>Emission</p> <p>Hook</p> <p>Lifetime</p> <p>Miscellaneous</p> <p>THEORETICAL</p> <p>Quantum</p> </div>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p>1. Literature compilations</p> <p>2. Review articles</p> <p>3. Fundamental relationships and basic concepts</p> <p>4. Detailed descriptions of experimental or theoretical methods</p> <p>5. General Comments</p> <p>6. Environmental influences on f-values</p> </div>
Sort by: <input checked="" type="radio"/> published year, <input type="radio"/> first author's last name.		
<input type="button" value="Search for References"/> <input type="button" value="Clear Form"/>		

Publications on Atomic Transition Probabilities that include numerical data

Spectrum included: **O V**

Publication Sources included:
All journals

197 references found

[Back to search form](#)

[LaTeX source code](#) [BibTex source code](#)  [Show search results as pdf](#)

The output below may contain links to sites outside of NIST because they have information that may be of interest to our users. NIST does not necessarily endorse the views expressed or the facts presented on these sites. Further, NIST does not endorse any commercial products that may be advertised or available on these sites.

[Hyperfine-dependent lifetimes in Be-like ions,](#)

M. Andersson, Y. Zou, R. Hutton, and T. Brage,
Phys. Rev. A **79**, 032501 (2009)
DOI:10.1103/PhysRevA.79.032501

[Hyperfine quenching of the \$2s2p\ ^3P_0\$ state of berylliumlike ions,](#)

K. T. Cheng, M. H. Chen, and W. R. Johnson,
Phys. Rev. A **77**, 052504 (2008)
DOI:10.1103/PhysRevA.77.052504

[Theoretical studies of hyperfine effects,](#)

P. Jönsson,
J. Phys.: Conf. Ser. **72**, 012011 (2007)
DOI:10.1088/1742-6596/72/1/012011

[Comparison of two theoretical methods for studying 2-2 transitions in beryllium isoelectronic sequence,](#)

P. Bogdanovich and H.-S. Chou,
Lith. J. Phys. **47**(4), 387–395 (2007)

Search for Publications on Atomic Line Broadening and Shifts

[Help on search](#)

The database presently contains 6650 references dating from 1889 to 2011. Last updated on June 29, 2011.

Spectra:

e.g., Fe I, or Na, or Mg⁺, or Al³⁺, or mg iv,vi-VIII, or Fe ne-like-S-like, or Ne-Fe I-III, or S-, or D I, or 7Li I

Word/Pattern in title:

Publication Year: From

Author(s):

To

Publication Source:

- JOURNALS
- COLLECTIONS
- BOOKS
- REPORTS
- THESES
- Acta Astrophys. Sinica
- Acta Cient. Venezolana
- Acta Crystallogr.
- Acta Crystallogr., Sect. A
- Acta Fac. Rerum Nat. Univ. Comenianae, Phys.

Method type

Mechanism

General Interest Category

- Experiment
- Theory
- Both
- Comment
- Compilation

- Natural
- Doppler
- Zeeman
- Pressure
- Resonance
- Stark
- van der Waals by:
- Al

Combine mechanisms by

OR

AND

- General Articles on Line Shapes and Shifts
- PRESSURE BROADENING...
- Stark broadening and shifts...
- Hydrogen and hydrogen-like (overlapping) lines
- Isolated lines of neutral spectra
- Isolated lines of ionic spectra
- Topics of particular interest...
- Line wings

Sort by: published year, first author's last name.

Search for References

Clear Form

Publications on Atomic Line Broadening and Shifts that include numerical data

Spectrum included: O V

21 references found

[Back to search form](#)

[LaTeX source code](#) [BibTex source code](#) [Show search results as pdf](#)

The output below may contain links to sites outside of NIST because they have information that may be of interest to our users. NIST does not necessarily endorse the views expressed or the facts presented on these sites. Further, NIST does not endorse any commercial products that may be advertised or available on these sites.

[Stark broadening of O V 1371 Å line in stellar atmospheres,](#)

M. S. Dimitrijević, A. Kovačević, Z. Simić, and M. Dačić,

AIP Conf. Proc. **1043**, 410–411 (2008)

DOI:10.1063/1.2993686

[Electron impact broadening of spectral lines in Be-like ions: Quantum calculations,](#)

H. Elabidi, N. Ben Nessib, M. Cornille, J. Dubau, and S. Sahal-Bréchet,

J. Phys. B **41**, 025702 (2008)

DOI:10.1088/0953-4075/41/2/025702

[Influence of dense plasma on the low-lying transitions in Be-like ions: Relativistic multiconfiguration Dirac-Fock calculation,](#)

B. Saha and S. Fritzsche,

J. Phys. B **40**, 259–270 (2007)

DOI:10.1088/0953-4075/40/2/002

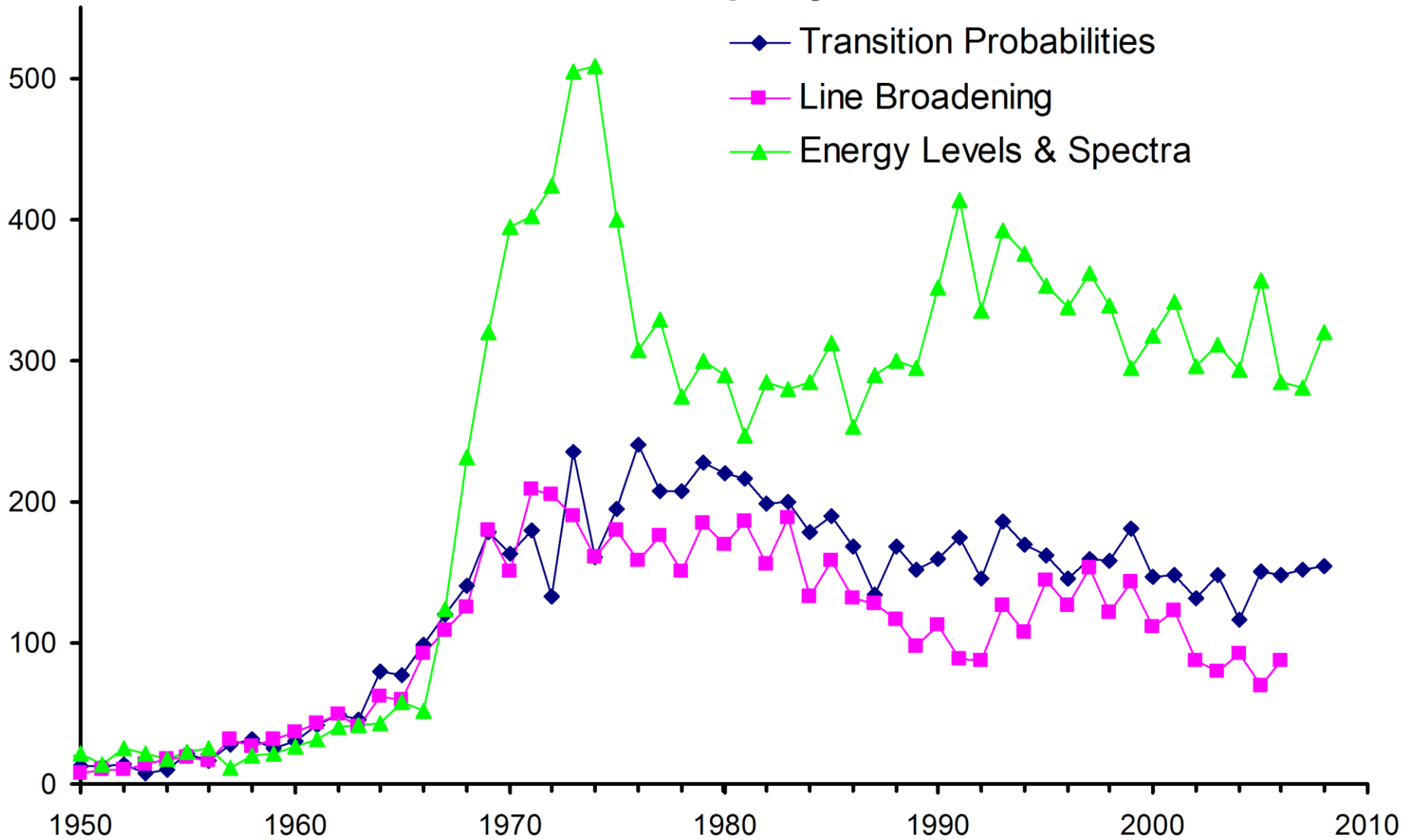
[Semiclassical calculations of line broadening in plasmas: Comparison with quantal results,](#)

S. Alexiou and R. W. Lee,

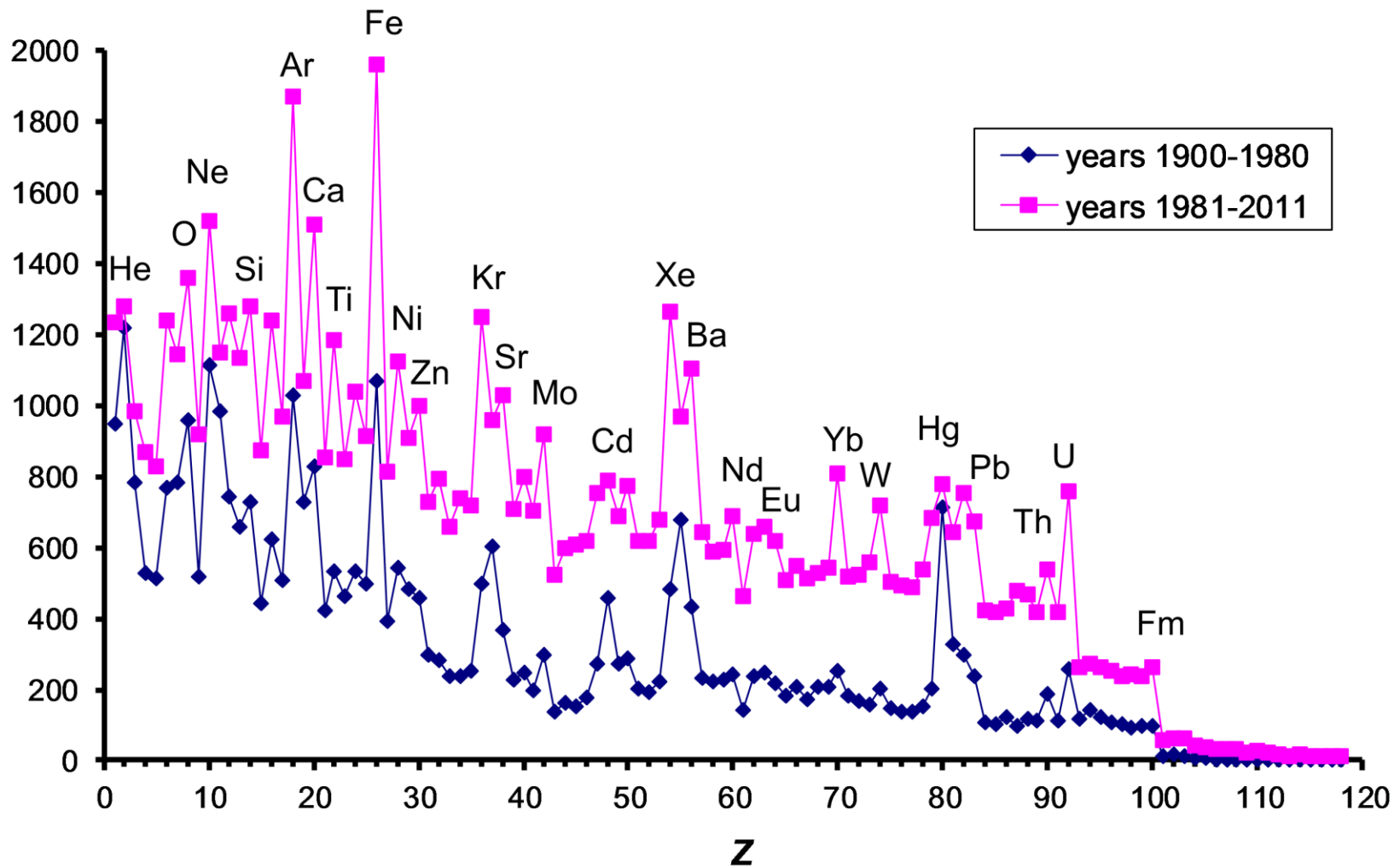
J. Quant. Spectrosc. Radiat. Transfer **99**, 10–20 (2006)

DOI:10.1016/j.jqsrt.2005.05.001

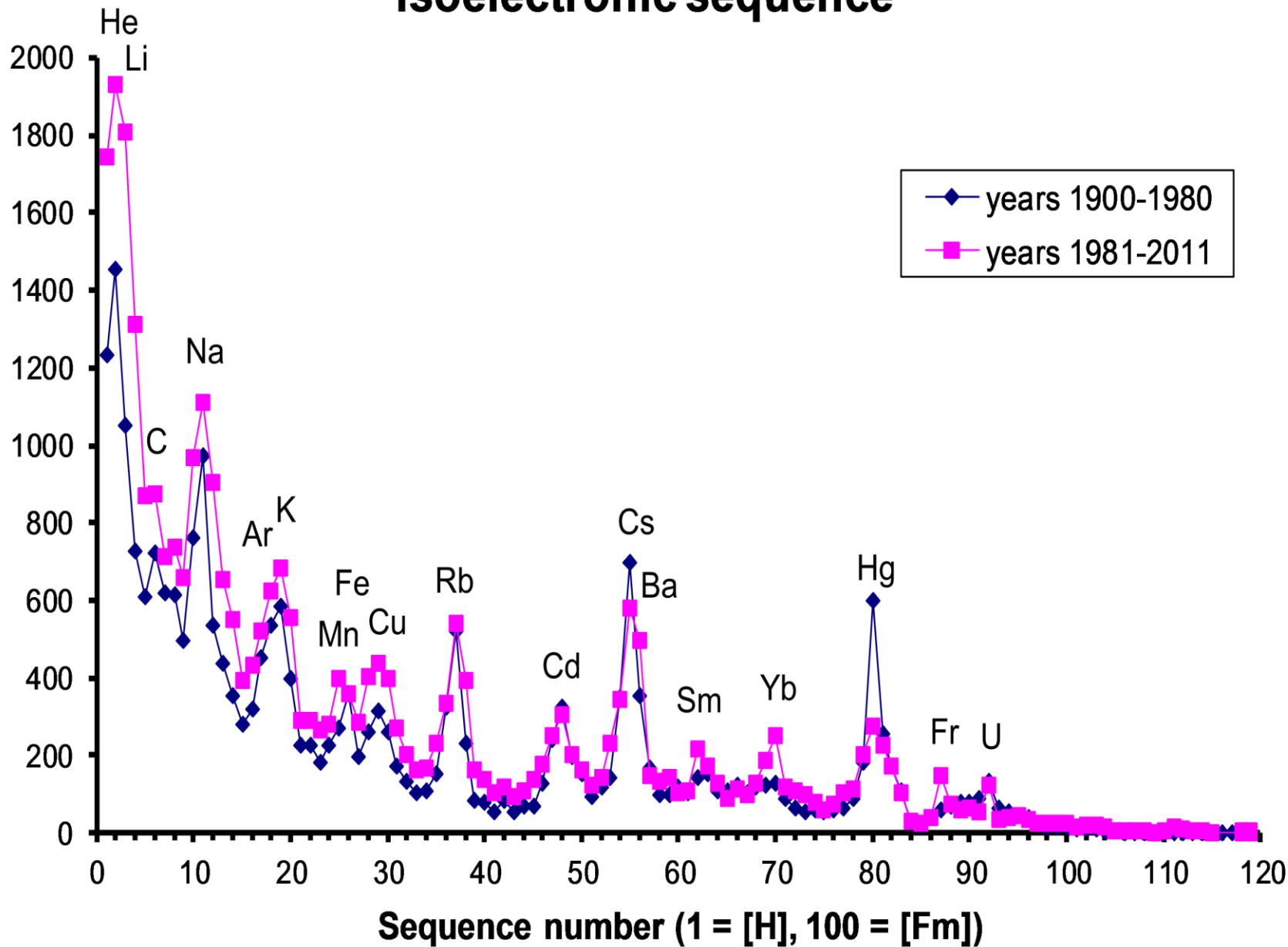
Papers in NIST Atomic Spectra Bibliographic Databases per year



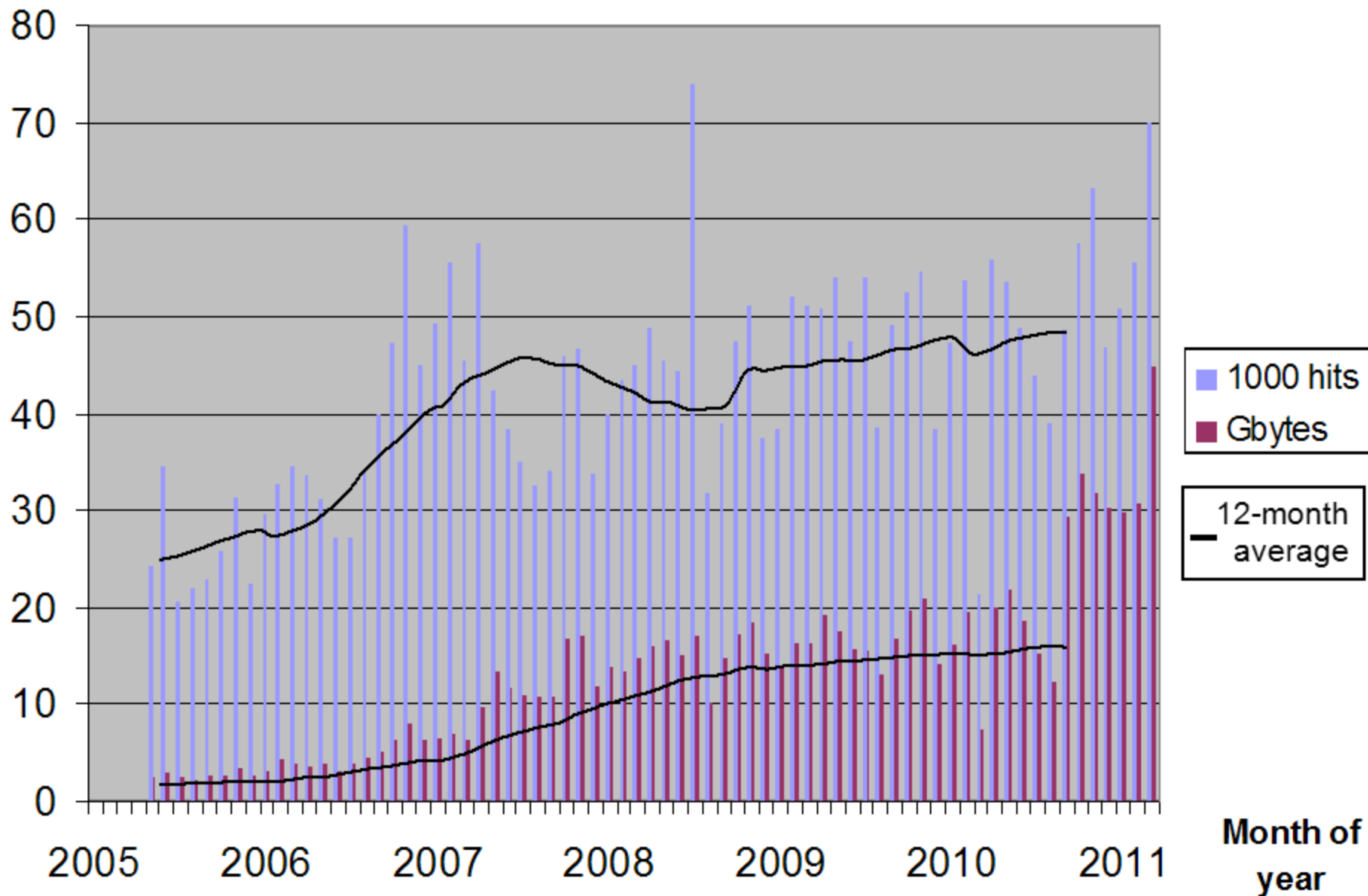
Number of atomic-spectroscopy papers per element



isoelectronic sequence



ASD data requests served per month



The NIST Reference Data Program

- The NIST Atomic Spectroscopy Data Center puts considerable effort into critical assessment of numerical data.
- Only one numerical value is presented for each quantity, estimated to be the “best” value. This may be either from a single source, evaluated as being the most accurate one, or from an average of several sources of about equal reliability.
- For atomic transition probabilities (oscillator strengths), explicit accuracy ratings are given. For wavelengths and atomic energy levels, the number of tabulated digits indicate the accuracy.
- NIST data tables are limited to REFERENCE data, i.e., data of certain minimum quality.

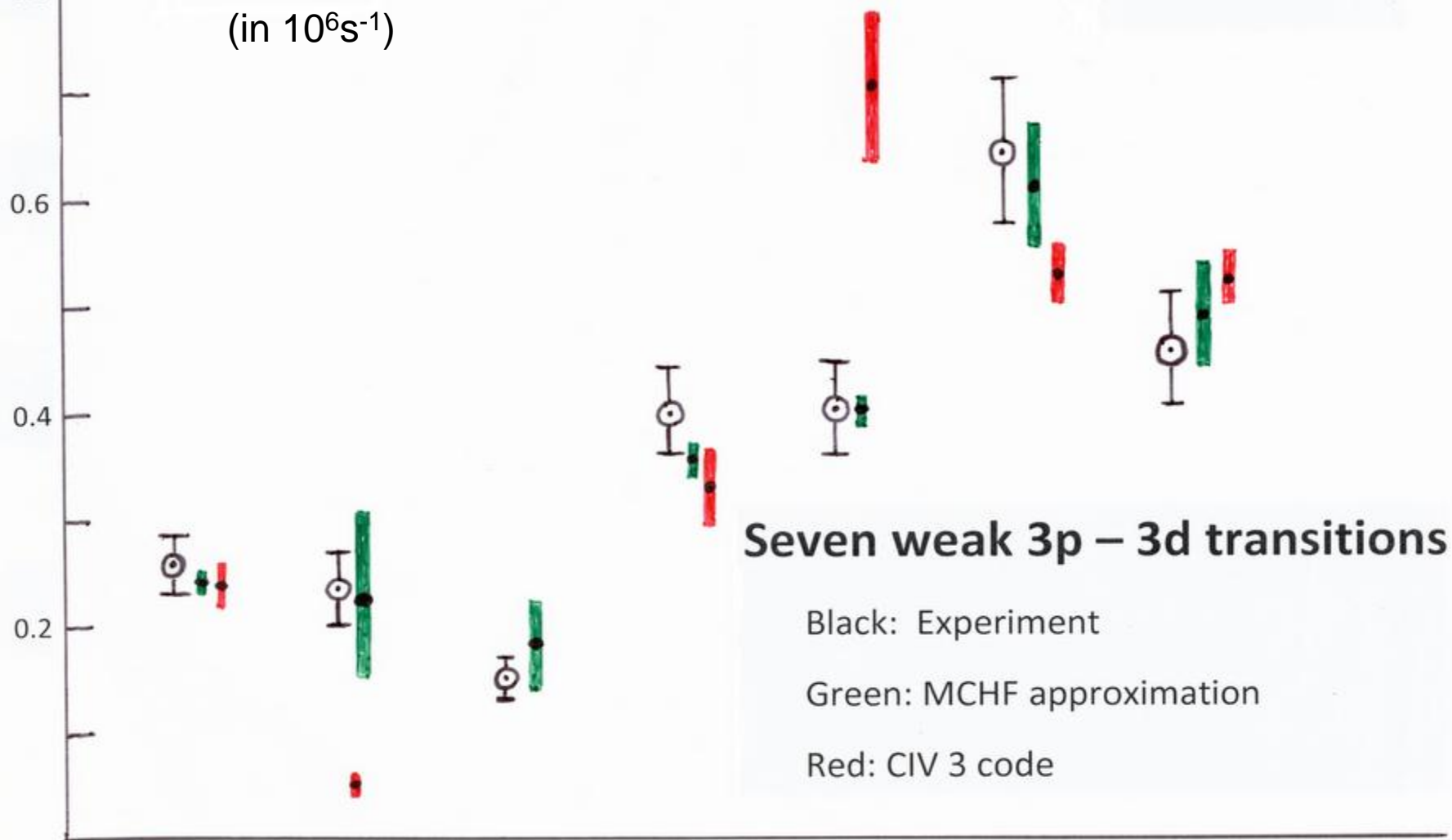
Radiative Lifetimes (in ns) for two N I Levels

<u>Energy Level</u>	Bengtsson et al. (1992)	Copeland et al. (1987)	Catherinot et al. (1979)
$3p\ ^4D^{\circ}_{7/2}$	44 ± 2	43 ± 3	-----
$3p\ ^4S^{\circ}_{3/2}$	26.0 ± 1.5	-----	23.3 ± 2.3

(Selected from 21 available publications)

NI

Transition Probabilities
(in 10^6s^{-1})



ICAMDATA 2012



Washington, DC skyline at night. © Shutterstock/fstockfoto

September 30-October 4, 2012

National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST)
Gaithersburg, MD 20899-0001 USA

[International Program Committee](#)

[Local Conference Committee](#)

[ICAMDATA Charter](#)

[ICAMDATA History](#)

[Visitor Information](#) - NIST is located about 25 miles (40 kilometers) from the center of Washington, D.C.

Click here to be added to the conference [mailing list](#).

Eighth International Conference on Atomic and Molecular Data and Their Applications (ICAMDATA 2012)

ICAMDATA 2012 continues the series of international conferences since 1997 that promotes the use of atomic and molecular data in various fields of science and technology, and provides a forum for interaction of producers and users of such data. The conference will focus on the following topics:

I. Applications of and needs for atomic and molecular data:

- Astrophysics and atmospheric physics
- Magnetic and inertial fusion
- Laboratory and industrial plasmas
- Lighting science and technology
- Biomedicine and biophysics
- Combustion and environmental sciences and technology
- Surface physics, gaseous electronics, solid state optics and spectroscopy, optoelectronics, etc.

II. Atomic and molecular data collections, assessment and dissemination:

- Data collection and selection, critical evaluation, estimate of uncertainties
- Databases, data exchange and dissemination
- Data center activities, standardization of data formats

III. Experimental and theoretical atomic and molecular data generation:

- Atomic and molecular structure and spectroscopy
- Electron collisions with atoms and molecules
- Heavy particle collisions
- Particle - surface interactions

The scientific program will include invited review lectures, oral reports and poster sessions. Both experimental and theoretical contributions will be welcome. A first announcement will be posted in the fall of 2011.