

P E R I O D I C T A B L E

Atomic Properties of the Elements



National Institute of
Standards and Technology
U.S. Department of Commerce

Group		Atomic Properties of the Elements																		18 VIIIA																																																																																																	
Period	Group	1 IA		FREQUENTLY USED FUNDAMENTAL PHYSICAL CONSTANTS [§]																		2 IA																																																																																															
		1 H	2 He	1 second = 9 192 631 770 periods of radiation corresponding to the transition between the two hyperfine levels of the ground state of ^{133}Cs																		13 IIIA	14 IVA	15 VA	16 VIA	17 VIIA																																																																																											
1	1 IA	1 H Hydrogen 1.008 1s 13.5984	2 He Helium 4.0026 1s ² 24.5874	speed of light in vacuum <i>c</i>	299 792 458 m s ⁻¹	(exact)	Planck constant <i>h</i>	6.626 070 15 × 10 ⁻³⁴ J Hz ⁻¹	(exact)	elementary charge <i>e</i>	1.602 176 634 × 10 ⁻¹⁹ C	(exact)	Avogadro constant <i>N_A</i>	6.022 140 76 × 10 ²³ mol ⁻¹	(exact)	Boltzmann constant <i>k</i>	1.380 649 × 10 ⁻²³ J K ⁻¹	(exact)	electron volt <i>eV</i>	1.602 176 634 × 10 ⁻¹⁹ J	(exact)	electron mass <i>m_e</i>	9.109 383 70 × 10 ⁻³¹ kg		energy equivalent <i>m_hc²</i>	0.510 998 950 MeV		proton mass <i>m_p</i>	1.672 621 924 × 10 ⁻²⁷ kg		energy equivalent <i>m_pc²</i>	938.272 088 MeV		fine-structure constant <i>α</i>	1/137.035 999		Rydberg energy <i>R_∞hc</i>	13.605 693 123 eV		Newtonian constant of gravitation <i>G</i>	6.674 × 10 ⁻¹¹ m ³ kg ⁻¹ s ⁻²																																																																												
2	2 IIA	3 Li Lithium 6.94 1s ² 2.5917	4 Be Beryllium 9.0122 1s ² 9.327	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108	109	110	111	112	113	114	115	116	117	118
3	3 IIA	11 Na Sodium 22.990 [Ne]3s 5.1391	12 Mg Magnesium 24.305 [Ne]3s 7.6462	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108	109	110	111	112	113	114	115	116	117	118								
4	4 IIA	19 K Potassium 39.098 [Ar]4s 4.3407	20 Ca Calcium 40.078 [Ar]4s 6.1132	21 Sc Scandium 44.956 [Ar]3d ¹ 4s ² 6.5615	22 Ti Titanium 47.867 [Ar]3d ² 4s ² 6.8281	23 V Vanadium 50.942 [Ar]3d ³ 4s ² 6.7462	24 Cr Chromium 51.996 [Ar]3d ⁵ 4s ² 7.4340	25 Mn Manganese 54.938 [Ar]3d ⁶ 4s ² 7.6766	26 Fe Iron 55.845 [Ar]3d ⁶ 4s ² 7.9025	27 Co Cobalt 58.933 [Ar]3d ⁷ 4s ² 7.8810	28 Ni Nickel 65.933 [Ar]3d ⁸ 4s ² 7.6399	29 Cu Copper 63.546 [Ar]3d ¹⁰ 4s ¹ 7.7264	30 Zn Zinc 69.723 [Ar]3d ¹⁰ 4s ² 9.3942	31 P Phosphorus 30.974 [Ne]3s 8.1517	32 Ga Gallium 69.723 [Ar]3d ¹⁰ 4s ² 7.8984	33 Ge Germanium 72.630 [Ar]3d ¹⁰ 4s ² 9.7866	34 As Arsenic 74.922 [Ar]3d ¹⁰ 4s ² 9.7524	35 Se Selenium 78.971 [Ar]3d ¹⁰ 4s ² 11.8138	36 Kr Krypton 83.798 [Ar]3d ¹⁰ 4s ² 13.9996	37 Rb Rubidium 85.468 [Kr]5s 4.1771	38 Sr Strontium 87.62 [Kr]5s 5.6949	39 Y Yttrium 88.906 [Kr]4d ⁵ s ² 6.6341	40 Zr Zirconium 91.224 [Kr]4d ² 5s ² 7.0924	41 Nb Niobium 92.906 [Kr]4d ⁵ s ² 7.1194	42 Mo Molybdenum 95.95 [Kr]4d ⁵ s ² 7.3605	43 Tc Technetium (97) [Kr]4d ⁵ s ²	44 Ru Ruthenium 101.07 [Kr]4d ⁷ s ² 7.4589	45 Rh Rhodium 102.91 [Kr]4d ¹⁰ s ² 8.3369	46 Pd Palladium 104.62 [Kr]4d ¹⁰ s ² 7.5762	47 Ag Silver 107.87 [Kr]4d ¹⁰ s ² 8.9938	48 Cd Cadmium 112.41 [Kr]4d ¹⁰ s ² 9.7864	49 In Indium 114.82 [Kr]4d ¹⁰ s ² 7.3439	50 Sn Tin 118.71 [Kr]4d ¹⁰ s ² 8.6084	51 Sb Antimony 121.76 [Kr]4d ¹⁰ s ² 9.0097	52 Te Tellurium 127.60 [Kr]4d ¹⁰ s ² 10.4513	53 I Iodine 126.90 [Kr]4d ¹⁰ s ² 12.1298	54 Xe Xenon 131.29 [Kr]4d ¹⁰ s ² 12.9893	55 Cs Cesium 132.91 [Xe]6s 3.8939	56 Ba Barium 137.33 [Xe]6s 5.2117	72 Hf Hafnium 178.49 [Xe]4f ¹⁴ 5d ² 6s ² 6.8251	73 Ta Tantalum 180.95 [Xe]4f ¹⁴ 5d ⁶ s ² 7.5496	74 W Tungsten 183.84 [Xe]4f ¹⁴ 5d ⁶ s ² 7.8640	75 Re Rhenium 186.21 [Xe]4f ¹⁴ 5d ⁶ s ² 7.8335	76 Os Osmium 190.23 [Xe]4f ¹⁴ 5d ⁷ 6s ² 8.4382	77 Ir Iridium 192.22 [Xe]4f ¹⁴ 5d ⁷ 6s ² 8.9670	78 Pt Platinum 195.08 [Xe]4f ¹⁴ 5d ⁹ 6s ² 9.2256	79 Au Gold 196.97 [Xe]4f ¹⁴ 5d ¹⁰ 6s ² 10.4375	80 Hg Mercury 204.59 [Xe]4f ¹⁴ 5d ¹⁰ 6s ² 10.6183	81 Tl Thallium 204.38 [Hg]6p 7.4167	82 Pb Lead 207.2 [Hg]6p 7.2855	83 Bi Bismuth 208.98 [Hg]6p 8.414	84 Po Polonium (209) [Hg]6p 9.3175	85 At Astatine (210) [Hg]6p 10.7485	87 Fr Francium (223) [Rn]7s 4.0727	88 Ra Radium (226) [Rn]7s 5.2784	104 Rf Rutherfordium (267) [Rn]5f ¹ 6d ² 7s ² 6.02	105 Db Dubnium (268) [Rn]5f ¹ 6d ³ 7s ² 6.8	106 Sg Seaborgium (269) [Rn]5f ¹ 6d ⁴ 7s ² 7.8	107 Bh Bohrium (270) [Rn]5f ¹ 6d ⁵ 7s ² 7.7	108 Hs Hassium (269) [Rn]5f ¹ 6d ⁶ 7s ² 7.6	109 Mt Meitnerium (278) [Rn]5f ¹ 6d ⁷ 7s ² 7.6	110 Ds Darmstadtium (281) [Rn]5f ¹ 6d ⁸ 7s ²	111 Rg Roentgenium (282) [Rn]5f ¹ 6d ⁹ 7s ²	112 Cn Copernicium (285) [Rn]5f ¹ 6d ¹⁰ 7s ²	113 Nh Nihonium (286) [Rn]5f ¹ 6d ¹¹ 7s ²	114 Fl Flerovium (289) [Rn]5f ¹ 6d ¹² 7s ²	115 Mc Moscovium (289) [Rn]5f ¹ 6d ¹³ 7s ²	116 Lv Livermorium (293) [Rn]5f ¹ 6d ¹⁴ 7s ²	117 Ts Tennessine (294) [Rn]5f ¹ 6d ¹⁵ 7s ²	118 Og Oganesson (294) [Rn]5f ¹ 6d ¹⁶ 7s ² 4.96																																															

Atomic Number
Symbol
Name
Standard Atomic Weight^(u)
Ground-state Configuration
Ionization Energy (eV)

Ground State
Lanthanides
Actinides

57 La Lanthanum 138.91 [Xe]4f ¹ 6s ² 5.5769	58 Ce Cerium 140.12 [Xe]4f ¹ 5d ⁶ s ² 5.5386	59 Pr Praseodymium 140.91 [Xe]4f ¹ 5d ⁶ s ² 5.4702	60 Nd Neodymium 144.24 [Xe]4f ¹ 5d ⁶ s ² 5.5250	61 Pm Promethium (145) [Xe]4f ¹ 5d ⁶ s ² 5.577	62 Sm Samarium 150.36 [Xe]4f ¹ 5d ⁶ s ² 5.6437	63 Eu Europium 151.96 [Xe]4f ¹ 5d ⁶ s ² 5.6704	64 Gd Gadolinium 157.25 [Xe]4f ¹ 5d ⁶ s ² 5.6498	65 Tb Terbium 158.93 [Xe]4f ¹ 5d ⁶ s ² 5.8638	66 Dy Dysprosium 162.50 [Xe]4f ¹ 5d ⁶ s ² 5.9391	67 Ho Holmium 164.93 [Xe]4f ¹ 5d ⁶ s ² 6.0215	68 Er Erbium 167.26 [Xe]4f ¹ 5d ⁶ s ² 6.1077	69 Tm Thulium 168.93 [Xe]4f ¹ 5d ⁶ s ² 6.1843	70 Yb Ytterbium 173.05 [Xe]4f ¹ 5d ⁶ s ² 6.2542	71 Lu Lutetium 174.97 [Xe]4f ¹ 5d ⁶ s ² 5.4259
89 Ac Actinium (227) [Rn]6d ⁷ s ² 5.3802	90 Th Thorium 232.04 [Rn]6d ⁷ s ² 6.3067	91 Pa Protactinium 231.04 [Rn]5f ⁶ d ⁷ s ² 5.89	92 U Uranium 238.03 [Rn]5f ⁶ d ⁷ s ² 6.1941	93 Np Neptunium (237) [Rn]5f ⁶ d ⁷ s ² 6.2655	94 Pu Plutonium (244) [Rn]5f ⁶ d ⁷ s ² 6.0258	95 Am Americium (243) [Rn]5f ⁶ d ⁷ s ² 5.9738	96 Cm Curium (247) [Rn]5f ⁶ d ⁷ s ² 5.9914	97 Bk Berkelium (247) [Rn]5f ⁶ d ⁷ s ² 6.1978	98 Cf Californium (252) [Rn]5f ⁶ d ⁷ s ² 6.2817	99 Es Einsteinium (255) [Rn]5f ⁶ d ⁷ s ² 6.3676	100 Fm Fermium (257) [Rn]5f ⁶ d ⁷ s ² 6.50	101 Md Mendelevium (259) [Rn]5f ⁶ d ⁷ s ² 6.58	102 No Nobelium (266) [Rn]5f ⁶ d ⁷ s ² 6.66	103 Lr Lawrencium (266) [Rn]5f ⁶ d ⁷ s ² 4.96

[†]Based upon ^{12}C . () indicates the mass number of the longest-lived isotope.

For the most precise values and uncertainties visit ciaaw.org and pml.nist.gov/data/.

NISTory of the Periodic Table

Cesium:

The frequency of microwave radiation from this atom in atomic clocks such as the NIST-F2 (2014), is used to define the second.

Image Credit: NIST

Krypton:

Wavelengths of light from this atom, measured by NIST researchers, defined the official meter until 1983.

Image Credit: Neil Tucker/Wikimedia

1931

Deuterium:

This rare heavy isotope of hydrogen was concentrated at NIST and then identified by Columbia University's Harold Urey (Nobel Prize 1934). On the left is a deuterium lamp; the light on the right comes from the NIST SURF III Synchrotron Ultraviolet Radiation Facility.

Image Credit: Uwe Arp/NIST

1960

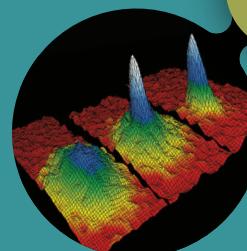
Sodium:

NIST scientists used lasers to cool a gas of these atoms to more than theoretically expected to temperatures even closer to absolute zero.

(Nobel Prize 1997)

Image Credit: H. Mark Helfer/NIST

1967



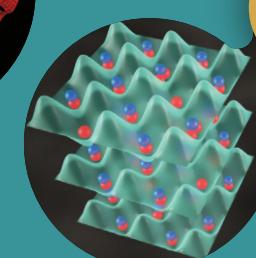
1995

Rubidium:

These atoms were used by researchers at JILA (NIST-CU Boulder) to create the first Bose-Einstein condensate (Nobel Prize 2001).

Image Credit: NIST/JILA/CU-Boulder

2008



2010 /2011

Potassium and Rubidium:

JILA researchers married these elements into an ultracold gas of molecules and demonstrated striking predictions of quantum physics by hitting the atoms with "rulers of light" known as frequency combs (Nobel Prize 2005) and trapping them in webs of light known as optical lattices.

Image Credit: Steven Burrows and Ye/Jin groups/JILA

