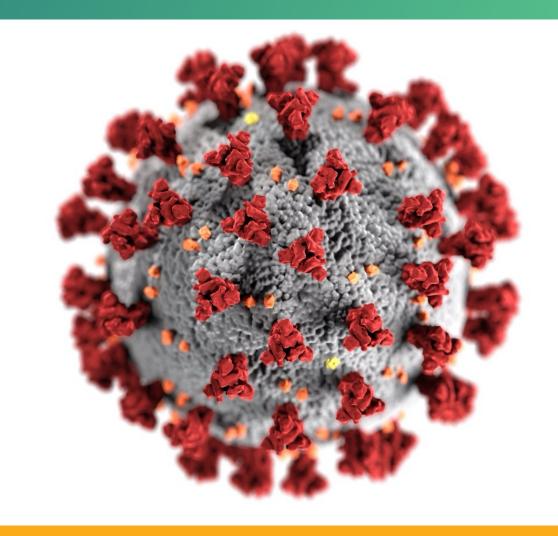


# **Available Data Tools: National Wastewater Surveillance System**

15 June 2021

Waterborne Disease Prevention Branch
Division of Foodborne, Waterborne and Environmental Diseases



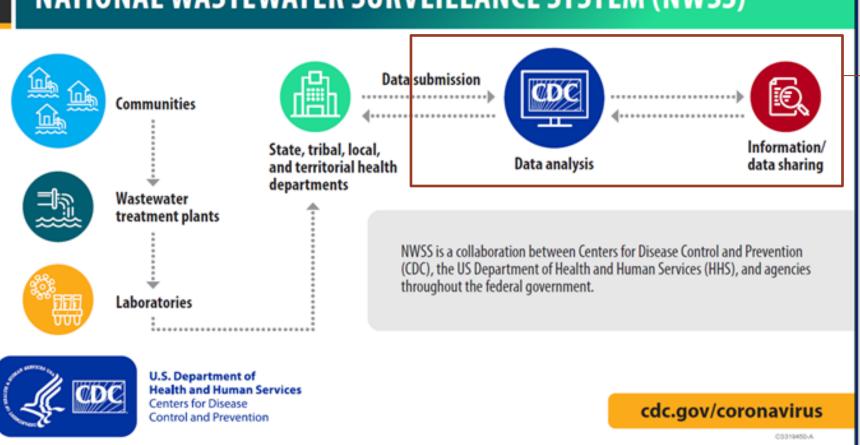


cdc.gov/coronavirus

## **NWSS System overview**



#### NATIONAL WASTEWATER SURVEILLANCE SYSTEM (NWSS)

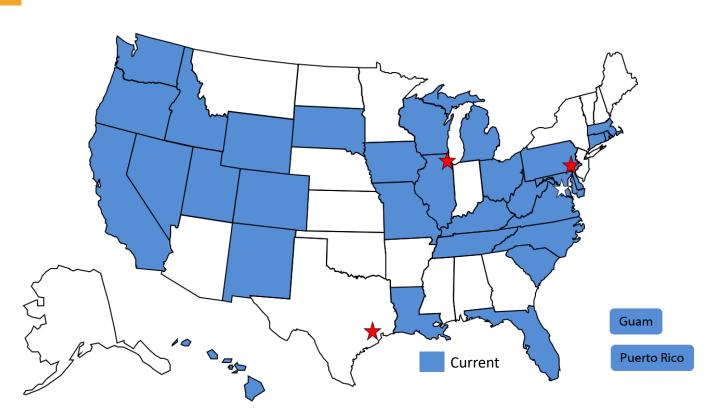


DCIPHER

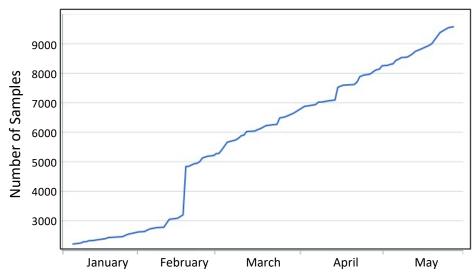


# Participation in NWSS is growing quickly





# Cumulative Samples in DCIPHER Since January 2021

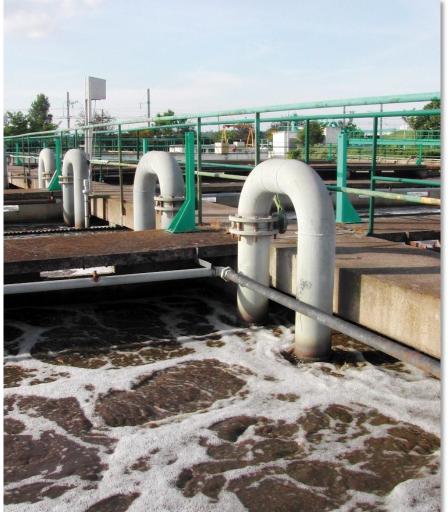


- Currently, 36 ELC-funded jurisdictions totaling
   \$223M for wastewater surveillance activities
- Additional \$34M pending award will increase number of jurisdictions

### **Data elements**

- 1. Wastewater data minimum requirement
  - CSV upload
- 2. Sewershed spatial boundaries
- 3. Sewershed COVID-19 case data
- 4. Laboratory protocols







### **DCIPHER** features

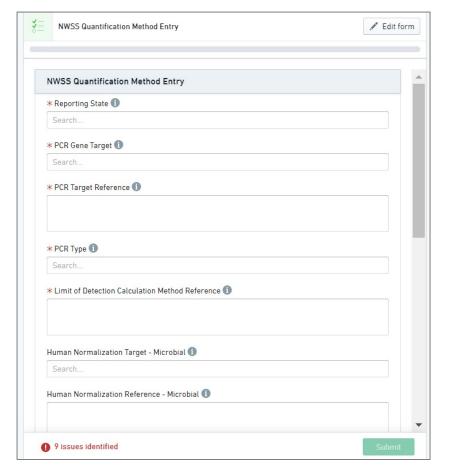


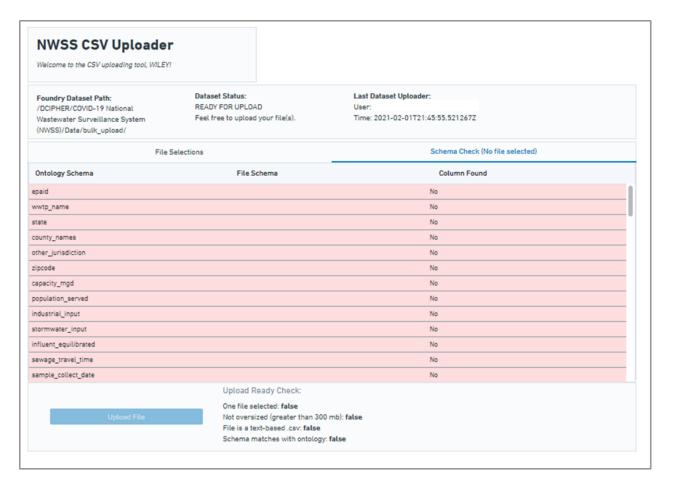
- Data Collation and Integration for Public Health Event Response platform
- Unified system for data submission, management, and analysis
  - Merging of multiple data submission flows
  - Integration of disparate data sources: HHS Protect, other DCIPHER surveillance systems
  - Version control
  - Build scheduling
  - Analysis code
  - Dashboards
  - Document repository
  - User access permissions
  - Built-in tools for quality control
  - Collaboration and communication



# DCIPHER features: receive and merge multiple data streams



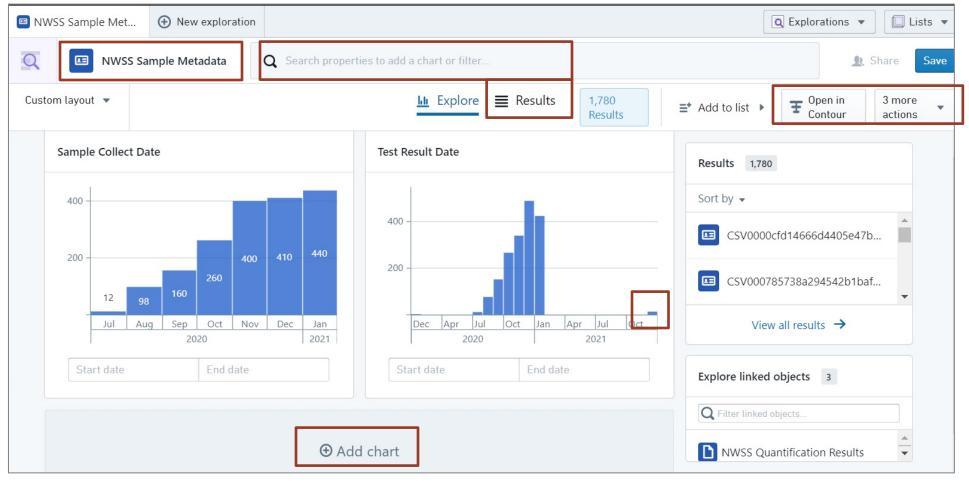






# DCIPHER features: exploration and quality control

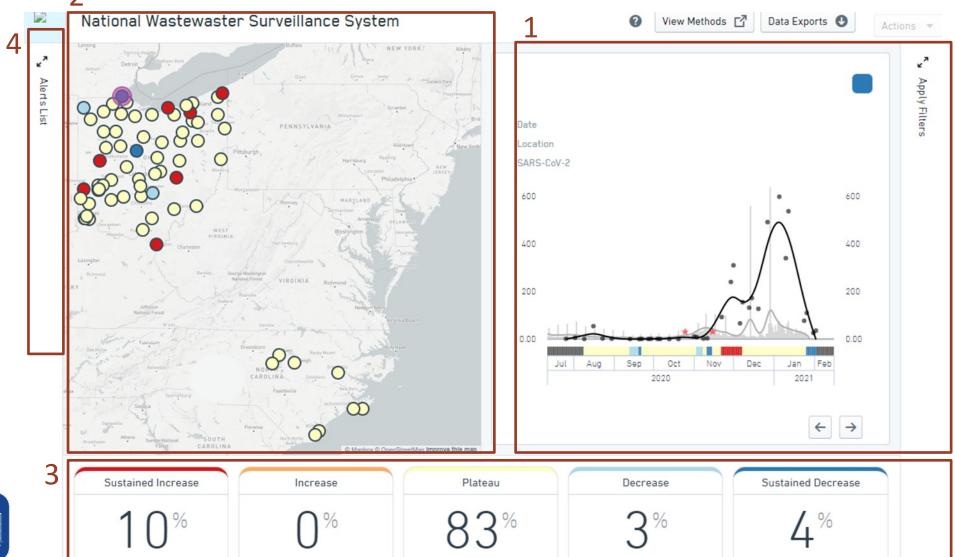






## **DCIPHER features: internal dashboard**







# **Analytics: wastewater normalization**



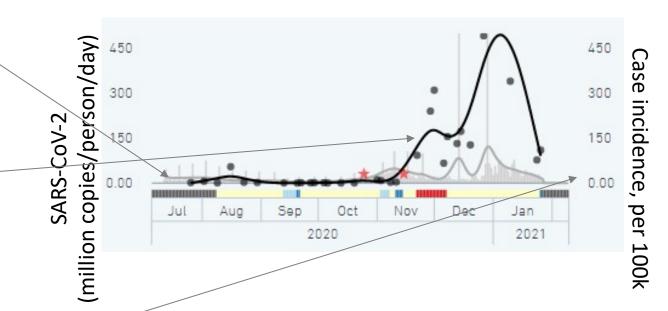
- Current approach
  - Flow and population normalization of SARS-CoV-2 RNA concentrations
  - Adjusted by site-specific median RNA recovery
- Standardization (and inter-laboratory comparison) need:
  - Endogenous control
  - Matrix spike recovery control
  - PCR type (RT-qPCR vs RT-dPCR) with common standards



## Analytics: overlaying wastewater & cases



- Contextualizes wastewater data
- Date considerations
- Smoothing data frequency impacts smoothing approach
- Scaling
- Currently believe shape of curve, not absolute values, is what's reliable
- Additive (not just multiplicative) changes matter

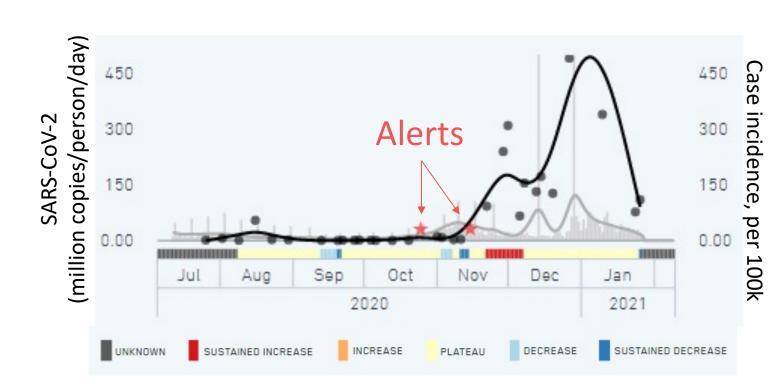




# **Analytics: wastewater trends & alerts**



- Trend analysis
- Sustained trend: 5 measurements
- Trend: 3 measurements
- Linear regression
- Log transform
- Inverse variance weighting
- Significance level: 0.05
- Alerts analysis
- Value higher than expected given 5 previous measurements
- 1-sided prediction interval

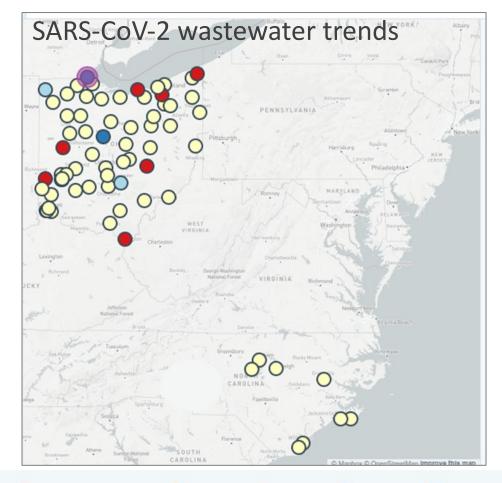




# Analytics: wastewater spatial representation



- Metric must be comparable across sites: trends
- Sewershed boundaries used if available
- Sampling location zip code used if not













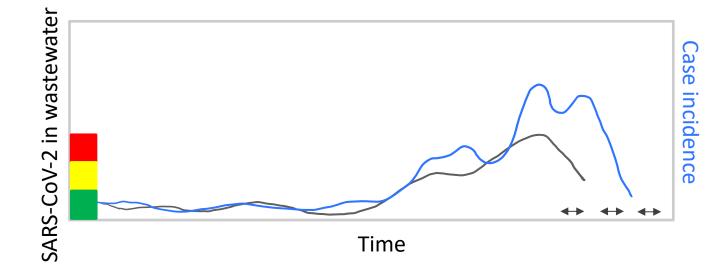




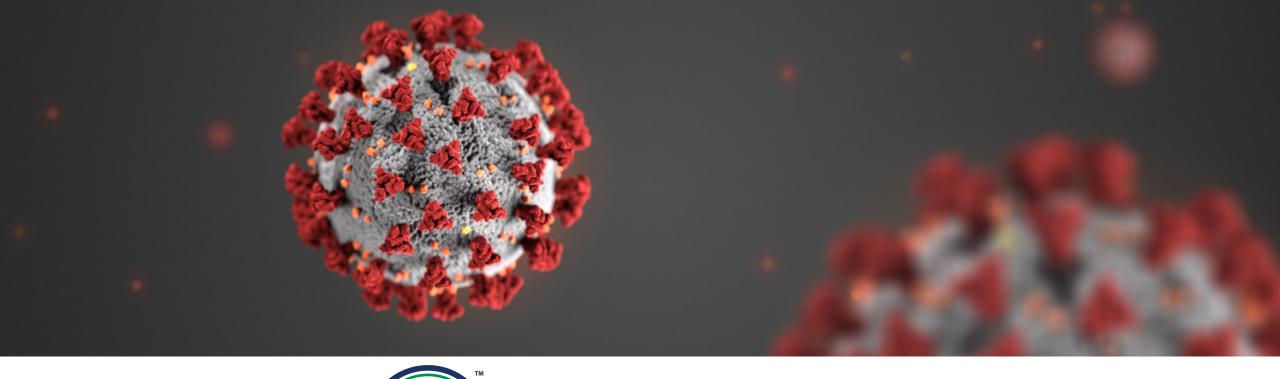
# **Analytics: under consideration**



- Measure of similarity between SARS-CoV-2 wastewater levels and case rates
- Site-specific measure of relative SARS-CoV-2 level







For more information, contact CDC 1-800-CDC-INFO (232-4636)
TTY: 1-888-232-6348 www.cdc.gov



The findings and conclusions in this report are those of the authors and do not necessarily represent the official position of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

