

An Assessment of Selected Programs at the National Institute of Standards and Technology Engineering Laboratory Fiscal Year 2020

E. Sarah Slaughter, Ph.D., *chair* Panel on Review of the Engineering Laboratory June 8, 2021 NIST Visiting Committee on Advanced Technology

Selected Programs Reviewed at NIST Engineering Laboratory

- Community Resilience Program (CRP)
- Structural Performance Under Multi-hazards (SPUMH) Program
- Earthquake Risk Reduction in Buildings and Infrastructure (ERR) Program
- Engineered Materials for Resilient Infrastructure Program
- Fire Research Programs
- Net-Zero Energy High-Performance Buildings Program
- Embedded Intelligence in Buildings (EIB) Program.

Key Conclusions

- EL Programs have contributed major advancements in measurement science, standards, and technology over the past decade; and
- Recent high-hazard events have heightened awareness of an urgent need for NIST EL's work.

2020 Extreme Events

• Pandemic: COVID-19

22 Billion-Dollar Weather and Climate Disasters:

- Western Wildfires
- Atlantic Basin Hurricanes
- Tornadoes and Derechos
- Flooding
- Drought and Heat Waves

2020 US Billion-dollar Weather and Climate Disasters





Source: https://www.climate.gov/news-features/blogs/beyond-data/2020-us-billion-dollar-weather-and-climate-disasters-historical

Common Themes Across EL

Increasing urgency for:

- Strategic planning for national and program priorities, human resources, facilities renewal;
- Multi-disciplinary collaboration and coordination across NIST and with other organizations; and
- Effective dissemination, implementation, and analysis of impacts.

Panel Major Conclusions and Recommendations

- Technical Merit: High research quality and adaptation to evolving needs.
 - Establish formal procedures to ensure interaction with practicing professionals and researchers at other institutions;
 - Develop long-term strategic research plan, developed with input from independent outside advisory panels.
 - Communicate to staff clear goals for the rate of annual publications of various types.
- Portfolio of Expertise: High quality and strong industry reputation.
 - Assess gaps in its expertise and add new competencies as needed, such as social scientists and medical scientists to the technical staff.

Panel Major Conclusions and Recommendations

- Adequacy of Resources: Adequate but stretched thin with emerging demands.
 - Develop succession planning to ensure areas of expertise are not lost within NIST.
 - Ensure adequate resources in the budget, human resources, facilities, and equipment resources for both continuity and growth.
 - Assure appropriate level of diversity of qualified researchers and managers adequate funding of facilities maintenance

Panel Major Conclusions and Recommendations

- Effectiveness of Dissemination: High value of outputs, but need strengthening
 - Develop Stakeholder Engagement and Dissemination Strategic Plan to report and interpret results and solicit diverse user input to improve effectiveness.
 - Provide a primary point of contact for outreach and dissemination to its diverse stakeholders
 - Develop an Enterprise evaluation system that would promote a holistic approach toward product development, implementation, and user feedback
 - Develop programs and tools that are user-driven, not developer-driven.
 - Increase development of partnerships with international organizations.

Examples of Potential NIST EL Collaboration

- Field studies for Community Resilience Program (CRP), Structural Performance Under Multi-hazards (SPUMH) Program, and Earthquake Risk Reduction (ERR) on earthquake, wind, and hurricane damage;
- Public health and social scientists in CRP and Fire Research Programs (FRP) on community response and safety; and
- Fire performance in buildings in FRP and Net-Zero Energy High-Performance Buildings Program.

Panel Members, Virtual Visit 9/29-10/1/2021

E. SARAH SLAUGHTER, NAE, Built Environment Coalition, Chair MARK G. ADAMIAK, NAE, Adamiak Consulting, LLC WILLIAM BAHNFLETH, Pennsylvania State University WILLIAM F. BAKER, NAE, Skidmore, Owings and Merrill, LLP CRAIG L. BEYLER, Hughes Associates and Jensen Hughes THOMAS A. BIRKLAND, North Carolina State University MARK E. EBERHART. Colorado School of Mines GERALD G. FULLER, NAE, Stanford University RONALD O. HAMBURGER, NAE, Simpson, Gumpertz, and Heger, Inc. JULIA W. P. HSU, University of Texas, Dallas JAMES E. HUBBARD, JR., NAE, Texas A&M University HOLLY L. JANOWICZ, J.R. Harris and Company

SRINIVAS KATIPAMULA, Pacific Northwest National Laboratory PHILIP T. KREIN, NAE, University of Illinois, Urbana-Champaign JOHN J. LEWANDOWSKI, Case Western Reserve University MAUREEN Y. LICHTVELD, NAM, University of Pittsburgh RICHARD G. LITTLE, Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute BIRGITTE MESSERSCHMIDT COLLINS, National Fire Protection Association THOMAS D. O'ROURKE, NAE, Cornell University RANDALL W. POSTON, NAE, Pivot Engineers and Purdue University POL D. SPANOS, NAE, Rice University CHARLES K. WESTBROOK, NAE, Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory THERESA A. WESTON, The Holt Weston Consultancy, LLC STEVEN R. WINKEL, The Preview Group, Inc.

Backup Slides

Examples of NIST EL 2020 Responsiveness

- COVID-19 Risk in Buildings: Net Zero Energy High Performance Buildings Program incorporated CONTAMX engine in the FaTIMA tool.
- Wildfire Assessment and Prediction: The Fire Risk Reduction in Communities Program developed and disseminated fire assessment and prediction models.